
Variational Inference

David S. Hippocampus*
Department of Computer Science
Cranberry-Lemon University
Pittsburgh, PA 15213
hippo@cs.cranberry-lemon.edu

Abstract

VI, VB, EM Summary

1 Summary

Given θ as parameter, x observed, z latent variables, we have

$$l(\theta; D) = \sum_z \log p(z|\theta)p(x|z, \theta) \quad (1)$$

According to Jensen's Inequality (log is concave), we have

$$l(\theta; D) = \log \sum_z q(z|x) \frac{p(x|\theta)}{q(z|x)} \quad (2)$$

$$\geq \sum_z q(z|x) \log \frac{p(x|\theta)}{q(z|x)} \quad (3)$$

The lower-bound is called free energy. The equality satisfies when $q(z|x) = p(z|x, \theta)$

1.1 Application 1: GMM

$$\log p(\theta; D) \geq \sum_z q(z|x) \log \frac{p(x|\theta)}{q(z|x)} \quad (4)$$

E-step:

$$q^{t+1} = \arg \max_q F(q, \theta^t) \quad (5)$$

M-step:

$$\theta^{t+1} = \arg \max_{\theta} F(q^{t+1}, \theta) \quad (6)$$

1.2 Application 2: VAE

Encoder: $z = q(\phi, x)$, decoder: $x = p(\theta, z)$. We have MLE:

$$KL(q(z|x), p(z|x)) = E_{q(z|x)} \log q(z|x) - E_{q(z|x)} (\log P(x|z) + \log p(z) - \log p(x)) \quad (7)$$

$$E_{q(z|x)} \log p(x) = E_q \log p(x|z) - KL(q(z|x), p(z)) + KL(q(z|x), p(z|x)) \quad (8)$$

$$= ELBO + KL(q(z|x), p(z|x)) \quad (9)$$

and loss to optimize is:

$$l(\phi, \theta) = -E_{x \sim q(z|x)} \log p(x|z) + KL(q(z|x), p(z|x)) \quad (10)$$

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2 Fisher Information Matrix, Natural Gradient

KL-Divergence:

$$\begin{aligned}
& KL(p_w(x), p_{w+\Delta w}(x)) \\
= & E_{x \sim p_w(x)} \log p_w(x) - \log p_{w+\Delta w}(x) \\
= & E_{x \sim p_w(x)} \{ \log p_w(x) - [\log p_w(x) + \nabla_w \log p_w(x) \Delta w + \frac{1}{2} \Delta w^T \nabla_w^2 \log p_w(x) \Delta w] \} \\
= & [E_{x \sim p_w(x)} \nabla_w \log p_w(x)] \Delta w - \frac{1}{2} \Delta w^T [E_{x \sim p_w(x)} \nabla_w^2 \log p_w(x)] \Delta w \\
= & \frac{1}{2} \Delta w [E_{x \sim p_w(x)} \nabla_w \log p_w(x) \nabla_w \log p_w(x)^T] \Delta w^T
\end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
\nabla_w^2 \log p_w(x) &= \frac{\nabla_w^2 p_w(x)}{p_w(x)} - \frac{\nabla_w p_w(x) \nabla_w p_w(x)^T}{p_w^2(x)} \\
&= \frac{\nabla_w^2 p_w(x)}{p_w(x)} - \nabla_w \log p_w(x) \nabla_w \log p_w(x)^T
\end{aligned}$$