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| X-Road: Use Case Model for Service Management  Analysis |
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# Introduction

## Purpose

The purpose of this document is to describe the management of services and access rights in X-Road security servers and central server, including:

* the management of the service clients of a security server client,
* the management of the services of a security server client,
* the management of the local groups of a security server client,
* the management of global groups and
* the management of central services.

The use cases include verifications that take place, and the main error conditions that may be encountered during the described process. The general system errors that may be encountered in most of the use cases (e.g., database connection errors or out of memory errors) are not described in this document.

The use cases assume that the X-Road software components involved in the use cases are installed and initialized (see [IG-CS] and [IG-SS]).

The use cases including a human actor (the level of the use case is user task) assume, that the actor is logged in to the system and has the access rights required to carry out the use case.

## Terms and Abbreviations

The definitions for general X-Road terms can be found at <https://confluence.ria.ee/display/XROADDOCS/Terms%2C+definitions+and+abbrevations>.

This section defines the terms that are not defined in the aforementioned document or that have contextual meaning specific to this document in addition to the general definition.

**Service client** is an X-Road member, subsystem, local access rights group or global access rights group that has access rights to one or more services of a security server client.

## References

1. [IG-CS] X-Road 6. Central Server Installation Guide. Document ID: IG-CS.

2. [IG-SS] X-Road 6. Security Server Installation Guide. Document ID: IG-SS.

3. [SPEC-AL] X-Road: Audit Log Events. Document ID: SPEC-AL.

# Overview

There are two possibilities for access rights management in a security server:

* access rights management based on service clients – it is possible to view, add and remove access rights granted for a local access rights group, a global access rights group or a subsystem.
* access rights management based on services – it is possible to view, add and remove access rights granted to a service.

To facilitate the management of service access rights for a group of X-Road subsystems that use the same services, it is possible to create a local access rights group in a security server. The access rights granted for a group apply for all the members of the group.

Similarly, in central server, it is possible to create a global access rights group for a group of X-Road subsystems that use the same services (for example local authorities).

A local group can only be used to manage the service access rights of one security server client in one security server. The global groups can be used by all the security server clients in all the security servers.

Central services are used to ensure that for nationally important services, the process of defining the service and the process of implementing the service are separated. Central services are managed in the central server. A central service defines an alternative identifier that does not depend on the current service provider, for an X-Road service.

# Use Case Model

## Security server

### Actors

The X-Road security server service management use case model includes the following actors:

* **SS administrator** (security server administrator) – a person responsible for managing the security server.

The relationships between the actor, system and use cases are described in Figure 1.

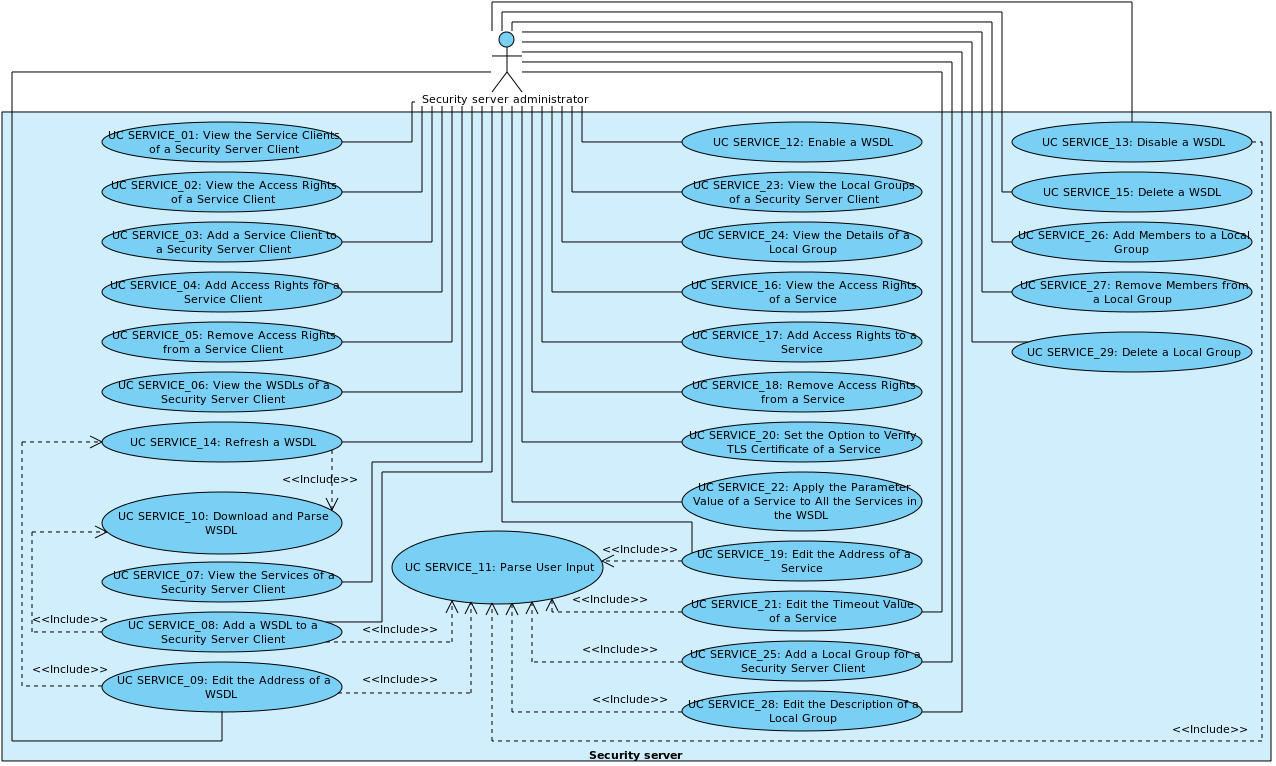


Figure 1. Use case diagram for service and access rights management in the security server

### UC SERVICE\_01: View the Service Clients of a Security Server Client

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator views the service clients of a security server client.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: The list of the security server client's service clients has been displayed to SS administrator.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to view the service clients of a security server client.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to view the service clients of a security server client.
2. System displays the list of service clients. For each service client, the following information is displayed:
   * the name of the X-Road member responsible for the subsystem if the service client is a subsystem, or the description of the group, if the service client is an access rights group;
   * the X-Road identifier of the service client.

The SS administrator has a possibility to choose amongst the following actions:

* + add a service client to the security server client: 3.1.4;
  + view a service client's access rights: 3.1.3.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_02: View the Access Rights of a Service Client

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator views the service access rights of a service client.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: The list of service client's access rights has been displayed to SS administrator.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to view a service client's access rights.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to view the access rights of a service client.
2. System displays the list of security server client's services to which the service client has access rights for. For each service, the following information is displayed:
   * the code of the service;
   * the title of the service and
   * the date of when the access right of this service was granted to the service client.

The SS administrator has a possibility to choose amongst the following actions:

* + add service access rights for the service client: 3.1.5;
  + remove access rights from the service client: 3.1.6.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_03: Add a Service Client to a Security Server Client

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator grants access rights to a security server client's services for a subject (a local access rights group, a global access rights group or an X-Road member's subsystem).

**Preconditions**:

* The subject has been registered in the central server (in case the subject is a global access rights group or an X-Road member's subsystem) or has been created in the security server (in case the subject is a local access rights group).
* The security server client has one or more services.
* The subject is not a service client of this security server client.

**Postconditions**:

* The service client has been added to a security server client and access rights have been granted for the service client.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to grant access rights to a security server client's services for a subject.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to add a service client for a security server client.
2. SS administrator selects the subject and the services to which to grant access rights. SS administrator can only add subsystems, local groups or global groups as a service client.
3. System saves the access right records to the system configuration.
4. System logs the event “Add access rights to subject” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL]

### UC SERVICE\_04: Add Access Rights for a Service Client

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator adds access rights for a service client.

**Preconditions**: The security server client has one or more services whose access rights have not been granted for the service client.

**Postconditions**:

* The access rights to one or more services have been added for the service client.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to add access rights for a service client.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to add access rights for a service client.
2. SS administrator selects the services to which to grant access rights for. SS administrator can only select the services to which the service client does not already have access rights for.
3. System saves the access right records to the system configuration.
4. System logs the event “Add access rights to subject” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL]

### UC SERVICE\_05: Remove Access Rights from a Service Client

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator removes access rights form a service client.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**:

* Access rights to one or more services have been removed from the service client.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to remove access rights form a service client.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to remove service access rights from a service client.
2. SS administrator selects the services to which to remove the access rights.
3. System deletes the access right records from the system configuration.
4. System logs the event “Remove access rights from subject” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_06: View the WSDLs of a Security Server Client

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator views the list of security server client's WSDLs.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: The list of security server client's WSDLs has been displayed to SS administrator.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to view the list of security server client's WSDLs.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to view the list of security server client's WSDLs.
2. System displays the list of WSDLs. For each WSDL, the following information is displayed:
   * the URL of the WSDL;
   * the date of when the WSDL was last refreshed;
   * the status of the WSDL – the inactive WSDLs are marked as “disabled”.

The SS administrator has a possibility to choose amongst the following actions:

* + view the services of the security server client: 3.1.8;
  + add a WSDL to the security server client: 3.1.9;
  + edit the address of a WSDL: 3.1.10;
  + enable a WSDL: 3.1.13;
  + disable a WSDL: 3.1.14;
  + refresh a WSDL: 3.1.15;
  + delete a WSDL: 3.1.16.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_07: View the Services of a Security Server Client

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator views the list of a security server client's services.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: The list of a security server client's services has been displayed to SS administrator.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to view the list of a security server client's services.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to view the list of a security server client's services.
2. System displays the list of services. For each service, the following information is displayed:
   * the code and the version of the service (formatted as 'code.version');
   * the number of subjects that have access rights to the service;
   * the title of the service;
   * the URL of the service;
   * the connection type for accessing the service (http, https or https with no authentication);
   * the service timeout value in seconds;
   * the date of when the WSDL containing the description of the service was last refreshed.

The SS administrator has a possibility to choose amongst the following actions:

* + view the access rights of a service: 3.1.17;
  + edit the timeout value of a service: 3.1.22;
  + edit the address of a service: 3.1.20;
  + set the option to verify internal TLS certificate 3.1.21;
  + apply the parameter value of one service to all the services in the WSDL: 3.1.23.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_08: Add a WSDL to a Security Server Client

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator adds a WSDL to a security server client (it is possible to add a WSDL only to a subsystem). System gets service descriptions from the WSDL.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to add WSDL for a security server client.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to add a WSDL.
2. SS administrator inserts the URL of the WSDL.
3. System parses the user input: 3.1.12.
4. System verifies that the inserted URL does not already exist in the list of WSDL URLs saved in the system configuration for this client.
5. System downloads the WSDL file from the URL and reads service information from the downloaded file: 3.1.11.
6. System verifies that none of the services saved for this security server client in the system configuration have the same service code and service version value combination as any of the services read from the downloaded WSDL file.
7. System saves the WSDL URL and sets the state of the WSDL to “disabled” with the default disable message: “Out of order”.
8. System saves the services read from the WSDL file and sets the following default values for each of the services:
   * service timeout value is set to 60 seconds;
   * if the protocol part of the URL of the service is “https” then the value for TLS certification verification is set to “true”.
9. System logs the event “Add WSDL” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. The process of parsing the user input terminated with an error message.

3a.1. System displays the error message “X” (where “X” is the termination message from the parsing process).

3a.2. System logs the event “Add WSDL failed” to the audit log.

3a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the URL of the WSDL. Use case continues from step 3.

3a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

4a. The inserted URL already exists.

4a.1. System displays the error message “Failed to add WSDL: WSDL address already exists.”.

4a.2. System logs the event “Add WSDL failed” to the audit log.

4a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the URL of the WSDL. Use case continues from step 3.

4a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

5a. The process of downloading and parsing the WSDL file terminated with an error message.

5a.1. System displays the error message “Failed to add WSDL: X” (where “X” is the termination message from the downloading and parsing process).

5a.2. System logs the event “Add WSDL failed” to the audit log.

5a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the URL of the WSDL. Use case continues from step 3.

5a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

6a. A service with the same service code and version values as a service read from the WSDL file was found for this client in the system configuration.

6a.1. System displays the error message "Failed to add WSDL: Duplicate service. Service 'X' already exists in WSDL 'Y'" (where “X” is the code.version of the service and “Y” is the URL of the existing WSDL where the duplicate service was found).

6a.2. System logs the event “Add WSDL failed” to the audit log.

6a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the URL of the WSDL. Use case continues from step 3.

6a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_09: Edit the Address of a WSDL

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator changes the URL of a WSDL.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to change the URL of a WSDL.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to edit the URL of a WSDL.
2. SS administrator inserts the new URL of the WSDL.
3. System parses the user input: 3.1.12.
4. System verifies that the inserted URL does not already exist in the list of WSDL URLs saved in the system configuration for this client.
5. System refreshes the WSDL: steps 2-5 of 3.1.15.
6. System logs the event “Edit WSDL” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. The process of parsing the user input terminated with an error message.

3a.1. System displays the error message “X” (where “X” is the termination message from the parsing process).

3a.2. System logs the event “Edit WSDL failed” to the audit log.

3a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the URL of the WSDL. Use case continues from step 3.

3a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

4a. The inserted URL already exists.

4a.1. System displays the error message “Failed to add WSDL: WSDL address already exists.”.

4a.2. System logs the event “Edit WSDL failed” to the audit log.

4a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the URL of the WSDL. Use case continues from step 3.

4a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

5a. The process of refreshing the WSDL file terminated with an error message.

5a.1. System displays the error message “'X'” (where “X” is the termination message from the refreshing process).

5a.2. System logs the event “Edit WSDL failed” to the audit log.

5a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the URL of the WSDL. Use case continues from step 3.

5a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_10: Download and Parse WSDL

**System**: Security server

**Level**: Subfunction

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: -

**Brief** **Description**: The system downloads the WSDL file from the given URL and reads the service descriptions from the WSDL file.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: -

**Trigger**:

* Step 5 of 3.1.9.
* Step 2 of 3.1.15.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. System verifies that the URL is well-formed.
2. System verifies that the URL points to a valid XML file and downloads the file.
3. System verifies that the downloaded file is a valid WSDL file.
4. System parses the WSDL file for service descriptions. The following information is read for each service that has a port element with SOAP over HTTP binding described:
   * service URL is read from the /definitions/service/port/address/@location attribute;
   * service code is read from the /definitions/binding/operation/@name attribute;
   * service version is read from the /definitions/binding/operation/xrd:version element;
   * service title is read from the /definitions/portType/operation/documentation/xrd:title element.

**Extensions**:

1a. The URL is malformed.

1a.1. Use case terminates with the error message “Malformed URL. WSDL URL must point to a WSDL file.”.

2a. Downloading of the WSDL file failed.

2a.1. Use case terminates with the error message “Downloading WSDL failed. WSDL URL must point to a WSDL file.”.

2b. The URL points to data that is not a valid XML file.

2b.1. Use case terminates with the error message “Incorrect file structure. WSDL URL must point to a WSDL file.”.

3a. The validation of the WSDL failed.

3a.1. Use case terminates with an error message describing the validation exception.

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_11: Parse User Input

**System**: Security server, central server

**Level**: Subfunction

**Component**: Security server, central server

**Actors**: -

**Brief** **Description**: System parses the user input and verifies that the input is well formatted.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: -

**Trigger**:

* Step 3 of 3.1.9.
* Step 3 of 3.1.10.
* Step 4 of 3.1.14.
* Step 3 of 3.1.20.
* Step 3 of 3.1.22.
* Step 3 of 3.1.26.
* Step 3 of 3.1.29.
* Step 3 of 3.2.4.
* Step 3 of 3.2.7.
* Step 3 of 3.2.13.
* Step 3 of 3.2.14.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. System removes leading and trailing whitespaces.
2. System verifies that mandatory fields are filled.
3. System verifies that the user input does not exceed 255 characters.

**Extensions**:

2a. One or more mandatory fields are not filled.

2a.1. Use case terminates with the error message “Missing parameter: 'X'” (where “X” is the name of the missing parameter).

3a. The user input exceeds 255 characters.

3a.1. Use case terminates with the error message "Parameter 'X' input exceeds 255 characters" (where “X” is the name of the parameter).

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_12: Enable a WSDL

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator enables a WSDL. The services included in the WSDL will be available for the service clients.

**Preconditions**: The WSDL is disabled.

**Postconditions**:

* The WSDL has been enabled.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants make the services described in a WSDL available for the service clients.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to enable a WSDL.
2. System activates the WSDL.
3. System logs the event “Enable WSDL” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_13: Disable a WSDL

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator disables a WSDL. The services included in the WSDL will not be available for service clients. Clients who request to use these services will get the notice message inserted by SS administrator as a response.

**Preconditions**: The WSDL is not disabled.

**Postconditions**: -

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants make the services described in the WSDL unavailable for the service clients.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to disable a WSDL.
2. System asks for notice message that will be sent as a response to service clients trying to access services described in the WSDL.
3. SS administrator inserts the message.
4. System parses user input: 3.1.12.
5. System disables the services described in the WSDL. Service clients trying to access the disabled services will get the following error message as response: “Service X is disabled: Y”, where “X” is the X-Road identifier of the service and “Y” is the inserted notice message.
6. System logs the event “Disable WSDL” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. SS administrator terminates the use case.

4a. The process of parsing the user input terminated with an error message.

4a.1. System displays the error message “X” (where “X” is the termination message from the parsing process).

4a.2. System logs the event “Disable WSDL failed” to the audit log.

4a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the message. Use case continues from step 4.

4a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_14: Refresh a WSDL

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator refreshes a WSDL. System reloads the WSDL file from the WSDL address.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: -

**Trigger**:

* SS administrator wants to refresh a WSDL.
* Step 5 of 3.1.10.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to refresh the WSDL.
2. System downloads the WSDL file from the WSDL URL and reads service information from the downloaded file: 3.1.11.
3. System verifies that none of the services described for this security server client in other WSDLs than the one being refreshed have the same service code and service version value combination as any of the services read from the downloaded WSDL file.
4. System verifies that the composition of the services in the downloaded WSDL does not differ from the current version.
5. System updates the list of services saved in the system configuration for this WSDL.
6. System logs the event “Refresh WSDL” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

2a. The process of downloading and parsing the WSDL file terminated with an error message.

2a.1. System displays the error message “X” (where “X” is the termination message from the downloading and parsing process).

2a.2. System logs the event “Refresh WSDL failed” to the audit log.

2a.3. Use case terminates.

3a. A service with the same service code and version values as a service read from the WSDL file is described in another WSDL of the service client.

3a.1. System displays the error message “Duplicate service. Service 'X' already exists in WSDL 'Y'” (where “X” is the code.version of the service and “Y” is the URL of the existing WSDL where the duplicate service was found).

3a.2. System logs the event “Refresh WSDL failed” to the audit log.

3a.3. Use case terminates.

4a. The composition of the services in the downloaded WSDL differ from the current version.

4a.1. System prompts the warning “Adding services: 'X' Deleting services: 'Y'” (where “X” and “Y” is the list of the service codes that have been added to or removed from the WSDL) and asks for confirmation to continue.

4a.2. SS administrator selects to continue with the refreshing process. Use case continues from step 5.

4a.2a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_15: Delete a WSDL

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator deletes a security server client's WSDL.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: -

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to delete a WSDL from the security server client's list of WSDLs.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to delete a WSDL.
2. System prompts for confirmation.
3. SS administrator confirms.
4. System deletes all information about the WSDL, the services described in the WSDL, and the access right records for the services described in the WSDL from the system configuration.
5. System logs the event “Delete WSDL” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. SS administrator terminates the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_16: View the Access Rights of a Service

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator views the access rights of a security server client's service.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: The access rights of the security server client's service have been displayed to SS administrator.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to view the access rights of a security server client's service.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to view the access rights of a security server client's service.
2. System displays the list of service clients that have been given access rights to the service. For each service client, the following information is displayed:
   * the name of the X-Road member responsible for the subsystem if the service client is a subsystem, or the description of the group, if the service client is an access rights group;
   * the X-Road identifier of the service client;
   * the date of when the access right to the service was granted.

The SS administrator has a possibility to choose amongst the following actions:

* + add access rights to the service: 3.1.18;
  + remove subjects from the access rights list of the service: 3.1.19.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_17: Add Access Rights to a Service

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator changes the access rights to a security server client's service by adding subjects to the access rights list. Only X-Road member's subsystems, local groups or global groups can be added to the access rights list.

**Preconditions**: The subjects are not in the access rights list of this service.

**Postconditions**:

* The subjects have been added to the access rights list of the security server client's service.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to change access rights for a security server client's service.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to add subjects to the access rights list of a service.
2. SS administrator selects the subjects to add to the access rights list. Only an X-Road member's subsystem, a local group or a global group can be added to the access rights list.
3. System saves the access right records to the system configuration.
4. System logs the event “Add access rights to service” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_18: Remove Access Rights from a Service

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator removes subjects from the access rights list of a service.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**:

* One or more subjects have been removed from the access rights list of the service.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to remove subjects from the access rights list of a service.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to remove subjects from the access rights list of a service.
2. SS administrator selects the subjects to be removed.
3. System deletes the access right records from the system configuration.
4. System logs the event “Remove access rights from service” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_19: Edit the Address of a Service

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator changes the address of a service.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to change the address of a service.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to edit the address of a service.
2. SS administrator inserts the address.
3. System parses the user input: 3.1.12.
4. System verifies that the inserted URL is valid.
5. System verifies that the protocol part of the URL of the service is “https” and sets the value for TLS certification verification to “true”.
6. System saves the service address to the system configuration.
7. System logs the event “Edit service parameters” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. The process of parsing the user input terminated with an error message.

3a.1. System displays the termination message from the parsing process.

3a.2. System logs the event “Edit service parameters failed” to the audit log.

3a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the URL. Use case continues from step 3.

3a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

4a. SS administrator inserted an invalid URL.

4a.1. System displays the error message “Invalid URL format, must begin with 'http' or 'https'”.

4a.2. System logs the event “Edit service parameters failed” to the audit log.

4a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the URL. Use case continues from step 3.

4a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

5a. The protocol part of the URL is “http”.

5a.1. Use case continues from step 6.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_20: Set the Option to Verify TLS Certificate of a Service

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator changes the TLS certificate verification option of a service.

**Preconditions**: The protocol part of the service address is “https”.

**Postconditions**:

* The SS administrator has changed the TLS certificate verification option.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to change the TLS certificate verification option.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to change the TLS certificate verification option of a service.
2. System saves the change.
3. System logs the event “Edit service parameters” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* If the option to verify the TLS certificate is set to “true”, the system will verify that the certificate that the client information system presented when setting up the TLS connection is previously saved in the system for the security server client providing the service.
* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_21: Edit the Timeout Value of a Service

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator changes the service timeout value.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: -

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to change the service timeout value.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to edit the timeout value of a service.
2. SS administrator inserts the timeout value.
3. System parses the user input: 3.1.12.
4. System verifies that the inserted value is in valid format.
5. System saves the inserted service timeout value to the system configuration.
6. System logs the event “Edit service parameters” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. The process of parsing the user input terminated with an error message.

3a.1. System displays the termination message from the parsing process.

3a.2. System logs the event “Edit service parameters failed” to the audit log.

3a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the timeout value. Use case continues from step 3.

3a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

4a. The inserted timeout value is 0.

4a.1. System displays a warning message “A timeout value of zero is interpreted as an infinite timeout.” and asks for confirmation for continuing.

4a.2. SS administrator selects to reinsert the timeout value. Use case continues from step 3.

4a.2a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

4a.2b. SS administrator chooses to continue.

4a.2b.1. Use case continues from step 5.

4b. The inserted timeout value is not a positive integer.

4b.1. System displays the error message “Timeout value must be a positive integer.”

4b.2. System logs the event “Edit service parameters failed” to the audit log.

4a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the timeout value. Use case continues from step 3.

4a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_22: Apply the Parameter Value of a Service to All the Services in the WSDL

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator applies the value of a service parameter (address, timeout, TLS certificate verification) of one service to all the services in the WSDL where the service is described.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**:

* The value of a service parameter is identical for all the services in a WSDL. The TLS certificate verification option is changed only for the services where the protocol part of the service address is “https”.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to apply the parameter value of one service to all the services in the WSDL where the service is described.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to apply a service parameter value to all the services in the WSDL.
2. System saves the parameter value for every service described in the same WSDL.
3. System logs the event “Edit service parameters” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_23: View the Local Groups of a Security Server Client

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator views the list of local groups of a security server client.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: The list of local groups of a security server client has been displayed to SS administrator.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to view the local groups of a security server client.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to view the local groups of a security server client.
2. System displays the list of local groups. For each local group, the following information is displayed:
   * the code of the local group;
   * the description of the local group;
   * the number of members in the local group;
   * the date of when the local group was last updated.

The SS administrator has a possibility to choose amongst the following actions:

* + view the members of a local group: 3.1.25;
  + add a local group for the security server client: 3.1.26.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_24: View the Details of a Local Group

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator views the details of a local group.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: The details of the local group have been displayed to SS administrator.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to view the details of a local group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to view the details of a local group.
2. System displays the details of the local group, including the description of the group, the number of group members and the list of group members (X‑Road members' subsystems) of the local group. For each member, the following information is displayed:
   * the name of the group member;
   * the X-Road identifier of the group member;
   * the date of when the member was added to the local group.

The SS administrator has a possibility to choose amongst the following actions:

* + add group members to the local group: 3.1.27;
  + remove group members from the local group: 3.1.28;
  + edit the description of the local group: 3.1.29;
  + delete the local group: 3.1.30.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_25: Add a Local Group for a Security Server Client

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator adds a local group to a security server client.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to add a local group to a security server client.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to add a local group to a security server client.
2. SS administrator inserts the code and description for the local group.
3. System parses the user input: 3.1.12.
4. System verifies that a local group with the inserted code does not already exist for this security server client in the system configuration.
5. System saves the information about the local group to the system configuration.
6. System logs the event “Add group” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. The process of parsing the user input terminated with an error message.

3a.1. System displays the termination message of the parsing process.

3a.2. System logs the event “Add group failed” to the audit log.

3a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the group information. Use case continues from step 3.

3a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

4a. SS administrator inserted a group code that already exists.

4a.1. System displays the error message “A group with code 'X' already exists” (where “X” is the group code).

4a.2. System logs the event “Add group failed” to the audit log.

4a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the group code. Use case continues from step 3.

4a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_26: Add Members to a Local Group

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator adds members (X-Road members' subsystems) to a security server client's local group. Added group members will inherit all access rights granted for the group.

**Preconditions**: The subjects to be added are not members of this group.

**Postconditions**:

* Group members have been added to the local group.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to add group members to the local group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to add group members to the local group.
2. SS administrator selects subsystems and adds them to the local group. It is possible to add only X-Road members' subsystems to the group and it is possible to add only those subsystems that are not already members of this group.
3. System adds group members to the local group. Added group members will inherit all access rights granted for the group.
4. System logs the event “Add members to group” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL]

### UC SERVICE\_27: Remove Members from a Local Group

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator removes group members from a local group. The access rights granted for the group will not be available for the removed group members.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**:

* Group members have been removed from the local group.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to remove group members from a local group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to remove subjects from a local group.
2. SS administrator selects group members and removes them from the local group.
3. System removes group members from the local group. The access rights granted for the group will not be available for the removed group members.
4. System logs the event “Remove members from group” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_28: Edit the Description of a Local Group

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator changes the description of a local group.

**Preconditions**: A local group has been created.

**Postconditions**: An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to change the description of a local group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to edit the description of a local group.
2. SS administrator inserts the description.
3. System parses the user input: 3.1.12.
4. System saves the local group description to the system configuration.
5. System logs the event “Edit group description” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. The process of parsing the user input terminated with an error message.

3a.1. System displays the termination message from the parsing process.

3a.2. System logs the event “Edit group description failed” to the audit log.

3a.3. SS administrator selects to reinsert the group description. Use case continues from step 3.

3a.3a. SS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL]

### UC SERVICE\_29: Delete a Local Group

**System**: Security server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Security server

**Actors**: SS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: SS administrator deletes a local group. The access rights that were granted for the group will not be available for the X-Road subsystems that were the members of this group.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: -

**Trigger**: SS administrator wants to delete a local group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. SS administrator selects to delete a local group.
2. System prompts for confirmation to delete the local group.
3. SS administrator confirms.
4. System deletes the local group from the system configuration. The access rights that were granted for the group will not be available for the X-Road subsystems that were the members of this group.
5. System logs the event “Delete group” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. SS administrator terminates the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL]

## Central Server

### Actors

The X-Road central server service management use case model includes the following actor:

* **CS administrator** (central server administrator) – a person responsible for managing the central server.

The relationships between the actor, system and use cases are described in Figure 2.

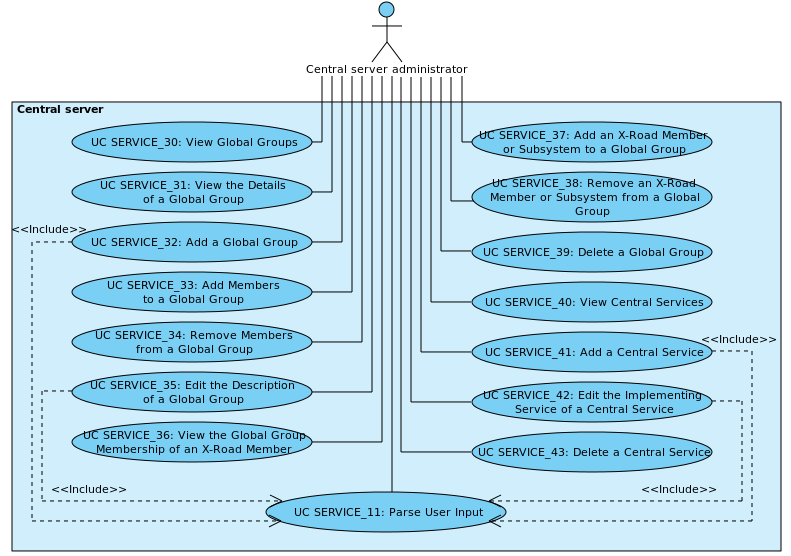


Figure 2. Central server use case diagram for service and access rights management

### UC SERVICE\_30: View Global Groups

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actors**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator views the list of global groups.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: The list of global groups has been displayed to CS administrator.

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to view the list of global groups.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to view the list of global groups.
2. System displays the list of global groups. For each global group, the following information is displayed:
   * the code of the global group;
   * the description of the global group;
   * the number of members in the global group;
   * the date and time of when the global group was last updated.

The CS administrator has a possibility to choose amongst the following actions:

* + view the members of a global group: 3.2.3;
  + add a global group: 3.2.4.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_31: View the Details of a Global Group

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actors**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator views the details of a global group.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: The details of the global group has been displayed to CS administrator.

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to view the details of a global group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to view the details of a global group.
2. System displays the details of the global group, including the description of the group, the number of group members and the list of the members of the group. For each group member, the following information is displayed:
   * the name of the group member;
   * the X-Road identifier of the group member;
   * the date and time of when the member was added to the global group.

The CS administrator has a possibility to choose amongst the following actions:

* + add members to the global group: 3.2.5;
  + remove group members from the global group: 3.2.6;
  + edit the description of the global group: 3.2.7;
  + delete the global group: 3.2.11.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_32: Add a Global Group

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actors**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator adds a global group to the central server.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to add a global group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to add a global group.
2. CS administrator inserts the code and description of the group.
3. System parses the user input: 3.2.12.
4. System verifies that a global group with the inserted code does not already exist in the system configuration.
5. System saves the information about the new global group to the system configuration.
6. System logs the event “Add global group” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. The process of parsing the user input terminated with an error message.

3a.1. System displays the error message “Failed to add global group: 'X'” (where “X” is the termination message from the parsing process).

3a.2. System logs the event “Add global group failed” to the audit log.

3a.3. CS administrator selects to reinsert the group information. Use case continues from step 3.

3a.3a. CS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

4a. CS administrator inserted a group code that already exists.

4a.1. System displays the error message “Failed to add global group: group code 'X' has already been taken” (where “X” is the group code).

4a.2. System logs the event “Add global group failed” to the audit log.

4a.3. CS administrator selects to reinsert the group code. Use case continues from step 3.

4a.3a. CS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL]

### UC SERVICE\_33: Add Members to a Global Group

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actors**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator adds members (X-Road members or subsystems) to the global group. Added group members will inherit all access rights granted for the group.

**Preconditions**: The subjects are not members of this group.

**Postconditions**:

* Group members have been added to the global group.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to add members to the global group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to add group members to the global group.
2. CS administrator selects subjects and adds them to the global group. It is possible to add only those subjects that are not already members of this group.
3. System adds group members to the global group. Added group members will inherit all access rights granted for the group.
4. System logs the event “Add members to global group” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL]

### UC SERVICE\_34: Remove Members from a Global Group

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actors**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator removes members from a global group. The access rights granted for the group will not be available for the removed members.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**:

* The group members have been removed from the global group.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to remove group members from a global group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to remove subjects from global group.
2. CS administrator selects the subjects to be removed from the group.
3. System removes the selected members from the global group. The access rights granted for the group will not be available for the removed members.
4. System logs the event “Remove members from global group” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_35: Edit the Description of a Global Group

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actors**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator changes the description of the global group.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to change the description of a global group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to edit the description of a global group.
2. CS administrator inserts the description.
3. System parses the user input: 3.1.12.
4. System saves the global group description to the system configuration.
5. System logs the event “Edit global group description” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. The process of parsing the user input terminated with an error message.

3a.1. System displays the error message “'X'” (where “X” is the termination message from the parsing process).

3a.2. System logs the event “Edit global group description failed” to the audit log.

3a.3. CS administrator selects to reinsert the group description. Use case continues from step 3.

3a.3a. CS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL]

### UC SERVICE\_36: View the Global Group Membership of an X-Road Member

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actor**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator views the list of global groups to which an X-Road member belongs to (as a member or as a subsystem).

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: The list of global groups the X-Road member belongs to has been displayed to CS administrator.

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to view the global groups an X-Road member belongs to.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to view the list of global groups an X-Road member belongs to (as a member or as a subsystem).
2. System displays the list of groups. For each group, the following information is displayed:
   * the global group code;
   * the date and time of when the member was added to the group;
   * the code of the member's subsystem, if the member has joined the group as a subsystem.

The CS administrator has a possibility to choose amongst the following actions:

* + add the member or member's subsystem to a group: 3.2.9;
  + view the details of the global group the member or member's subsystem belongs to: 3.2.3;
  + remove the member or a member's subsystem from a group: 3.2.10;

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_37: Add an X-Road Member or Subsystem to a Global Group

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actor**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator adds an X-Road member or a member's subsystem to a global group.

**Preconditions**: One or more global groups have been created in the central server.

**Postconditions**:

* The X-Road member or subsystem is a member of a global group and inherits the access rights granted for this group in the security servers.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to add an X-Road member or a member's subsystem to a global group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to add an X-Road member or a member's subsystem to a global group.
2. CS administrator selects whether to add the X-Road member or the subsystem of the member and selects the global group from the list of global groups to which the member or selected subsystem does not already belong to.
3. System adds the member or member's subsystem to the selected global group and displays the message: “Member 'X' successfully added to global group 'Y'”, where “X” is the member code of the X-Road member and “Y” is the global group code.
4. System logs the event “Add member to global group” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

* Related information:
* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_38: Remove an X-Road Member or Subsystem from a Global Group

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actor**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator removes an X-Road member or a member's subsystem from a global group.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**:

* The X-Road member or subsystem is removed from a global group and loses the access rights granted for this group in the security servers.
* An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to remove an X-Road member or a member's subsystem from a global group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to remove an X-Road member or a subsystem from a global group.
2. System removes the member or member's subsystem from the global group and displays the message: “Member 'X' successfully deleted from global group 'Y'”, where “X” is the member code of the X-Road member and “Y” is the global group code.
3. System logs the event “Remove member from global group” to the audit log.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_39: Delete a Global Group

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actors**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator deletes a global group. The access rights that were granted for the group will not be available for the X-Road members and subsystems that were the members of this group.

**Preconditions**: A global group has been created.

**Postconditions**: -

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to delete a global group.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to delete a global group.
2. System prompts for confirmation.
3. CS administrator confirms.
4. System deletes the global group from the system configuration.
5. System logs the event “Delete global group” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. CS administrator terminates the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL].

### UC SERVICE\_40: View Central Services

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actors**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator views the list of central services.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: The list of central services has been displayed to CS administrator.

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to view the list of central services.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to view the list of central services.
2. System displays the list of central services. For each service, the following information is displayed:
   * the code of the central service;
   * the X-Road identifier of the implementing service.

The CS administrator has a possibility to choose amongst the following actions:

* + add a central service: 3.2.13;
  + change the implementing service of a central service: 3.2.14;
  + delete a central service: 3.2.15.

**Extensions**: -

**Related** **information**: -

### UC SERVICE\_41: Add a Central Service

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actors**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator adds a central service to the central server.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: An audit log record for the event is created.

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to add a central service.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to add a central service.
2. CS administrator inserts the following information:
   * the code of the central service;
   * the name of the provider of the implementing service;
   * the X-Road identifier of the implementing service.
3. System parses the user input: 3.1.12.
4. System verifies that a central service with the inserted central service code does not already exist.
5. System verifies that the provider of the implementing service is registered as an X-Road member or subsystem.
6. System saves the information about the added central service to the system configuration.
7. System logs the event “Add central service” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. The process of parsing the user input terminated with an error message.

3a.1. System displays the error message “Failed to save central service: 'X'” (where “X” is the termination message from the parsing process).

3a.2. System logs the event “Add central service failed” to the audit log.

3a.3. CS administrator selects to reinsert the central service information. Use case continues form step 3.

3a.3a. CS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

4a. A central service with the inserted central service code already exists.

4a.1. System displays the error message “Failed to save central service: central service code 'X' has already been taken”, where “X” is the inserted code.

4a.2. System logs the event “Add central service failed” to the audit log.

4a.3. CS administrator selects to reinsert the code of the central service. Use case continues form step 3.

4a.3.a. CS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

5a. The provider of the inserted implementing service is not registered as an X-Road member or subsystem.

5a.1. System displays the error message “Failed to save central service: Provider with ID 'X' not found” (where “X” is the X-Road identifier of the inserted implementing service provider).

5a.2. System logs the event “Add central service failed” to the audit log.

5a.3. CS administrator selects to reinsert the implementing service identifier. Use case continues form step 3.

5a.3a. CS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL]

### UC SERVICE\_42: Edit the Implementing Service of a Central Service

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actors**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator edits the X-Road identifier of the implementing service of a central service.

**Preconditions**: The central service is added to central server.

**Postconditions**: -

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to edit the implementing service of a central service.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to edit the implementing service of a central service.
2. CS administrator inserts the X-Road identifier of the implementing service and the name of the service provider.
3. System parses the user input: 3.1.12.
4. System verifies that the provider of the inserted implementing service is an X-Road member or subsystem.
5. System saves changes to the system configuration.
6. System logs the event “Edit central service” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. The process of parsing the user input terminated with an error message.

3a.1. System displays the error message “Failed to update central service: 'X'” (where “X” is the termination message from the parsing process).

3a.2. System logs the event “Edit central service failed” to the audit log.

3a.3. CS administrator selects to reinsert the X-Road identifier of the implementing service. Use case continues form step 3.

3a.3a. CS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

4a. The provider of the inserted implementing service is not an X-Road member or subsystem.

4a.1. System displays the error message “Failed to update central service: Provider with ID 'X' not found” (where “X” is the X-Road identifier of the inserted implementing service provider).

4a.2. System logs the event “Edit central service failed” to the audit log.

4a.3. CS administrator selects to reinsert the implementing service identifier. Use case continues form step 3.

4a.3a. CS administrator selects to terminate the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL]

### UC SERVICE\_43: Delete a Central Service

**System**: Central server

**Level**: User task

**Component**: Central server

**Actors**: CS administrator

**Brief** **Description**: CS administrator deletes a central service.

**Preconditions**: -

**Postconditions**: -

**Trigger**: CS administrator wants to delete a central service.

**Main** **Success** **Scenario**:

1. CS administrator selects to delete a central service.
2. System prompts for confirmation.
3. CS administrator confirms.
4. System deletes the central service from the system configuration.
5. System logs the event “Delete central service” to the audit log.

**Extensions**:

3a. CS administrator terminates the use case.

**Related** **information**:

* The audit log is located at /var/log/xroad/audit.log. The data set of audit log records is described in the document “X-Road: Audit Log Events” [SPEC-AL]