# **CS23336-Introduction to Python Programming**

Started on Wednesday, 6 November 2024, 2:12 PM

State Finished

Completed on Monday, 11 November 2024, 10:40 AM

 Time taken
 4 days 20 hours

 Marks
 10.00/10.00

**Grade** 100.00 out of 100.00

#### Question 1

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Flag question

#### **Question text**

Two string values S1, S2 are passed as the input. The program must print first N characters present in S1 which are also present in S2.

# **Input Format:**

The first line contains S1. The second line contains S2. The third line contains N.

# **Output Format:**

The first line contains the N characters present in S1 which are also present in S2.

#### **Boundary Conditions:**

```
2 <= N <= 10
2 <= Length of S1, S2 <= 1000
```

# **Example Input/Output 1:**

Input:

abcbde cdefghbb 3

Output:

bcd

# Note:

b occurs twice in common but must be printed only once.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

#### Feedback

# Input Expected Got

abcbde cdefghbb bcd bcc 3

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 2**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# **Question text**

String should contain only the words are not palindrome.

# Sample Input 1

Malayalam is my mother tongue

# Sample Output 1

is my mother tongue

# Feedback

Input Expected Got

 $\label{thm:malayalam} \mbox{Malayalam is my mother tongue is my mother tongue} \mbox{ is my mother tongue} \mbox$ 

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 3**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# **Question text**

Given an array of integers nums which is sorted in ascending order, and an integer target, write a function to search target in nums. If target exists,

then return its index. Otherwise, return  $\mbox{-1}$ .

You must write an algorithm with O(log n) runtime complexity.

# Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [-1,0,3,5,9,12], target = 9
Output: 4
Explanation: 9 exists in nums and its index is 4

Example 2:
Input: nums = [-1,0,3,5,9,12], target = 2
Output: -1
Explanation: 2 does not exist in nums so return -1
```

#### **Constraints:**

- 1 <= nums.length <=  $10^4$
- $-10^4$  < nums[i], target <  $10^4$
- All the integers in nums are **unique**.
- nums is sorted in ascending order.

For example:

Test Result

print(search([-1,0,3,5,9,12],9)) 4

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

#### Reset answer

# Feedback

# Test Expected Got print(search([-1,0,3,5,9,12],9)) 4 4 print(search([-1,0,3,5,9,12],2)) -1 -1

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

#### **Question 4**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# **Question text**

You are given an m  $\, x\,$  n integer matrix matrix with the following two properties:

- Each row is sorted in non-decreasing order.
- The first integer of each row is greater than the last integer of the previous row.

Given an integer target, return True if target  $is\ in\ {\it matrix}\ or\ {\it False}\ otherwise.$ 

You must write a solution in O(log(m \* n)) time complexity.

# Example 1:



Input: matrix = [[1,3,5,7],[10,11,16,20],[23,30,34,60]], target = 3 Output: True

#### Example 2:



Input: matrix = [[1,3,5,7],[10,11,16,20],[23,30,34,60]], target = 13 Output: False

For example:

Test Result

print(searchMatrix([[1,3,5,7],[10,11,16,20],[23,30,34,60]], 13)) False

print(searchMatrix([[1,3,5,7],[10,11,16,20],[23,30,34,60]], 3)) True

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 def searchMatrix(m,t):
2 if not m or not m[0]:
3 return False
4 r,c=len(m),len(m[0])
5 l,r=0,r*c-1
6 while l<=r:
7 mid=(l+r)//2
8 midl=m[mid/c][mid%c]
9 if midl==t:
10 return True
11 elif midl<t:
12 l=mid+1
13 else:
14 r=mid-1
15 return False
```

#### Feedback

Test

**Expected Got** 

print(searchMatrix([[1,3,5,7],[10,11,16,20],[23,30,34,60]], 13)) False
print(searchMatrix([[1,3,5,7],[10,11,16,20],[23,30,34,60]], 3)) True
True

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 5**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

#### **Question text**

Given an array nums containing n distinct numbers in the range [0, n], return the only number in the range that is missing from the array.

# Example 1:

**Input:** nums = [3,0,1]

Output: 2

Explanation: n = 3 since there are 3 numbers, so all numbers are in the range [0,3]. 2 is the missing number in the range since it does not appear in nums.

# Example 2:

Input: nums = [0,1]

Output: 2

Explanation: n = 2 since there are 2 numbers, so all numbers are in the range [0,2]. 2 is the missing number in the range since it does not appear in nums.

#### Example 3:

**Input:** nums = [9,6,4,2,3,5,7,0,1]

Output: 8

Explanation: n = 9 since there are 9 numbers, so all numbers are in the range [0,9]. 8 is the missing number in the range since it does not appear in nums.

For example:

#### Test Result

print(missingNumber([3,0,1])) 2

print(missingNumber([0,1])) 2

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

# Reset answer

# Feedback

Test	Expected	l Got
<pre>print(missingNumber([3,0,1]))</pre>	2	2
<pre>print(missingNumber([0,1]))</pre>	2	2
print(missingNumber([9,6,4,2,3,5,7,0,1]))	8	8

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 6**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# **Question text**

Write a Python program for binary search.

For example:

# Input Result

```
1,2,3,5,8 False
6 False
3,5,9,45,42 True
```

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

# Input **Expected Got** 1,2,3,5,8 False 3,5,9,45,42 42 True 52,45,89,43,11 True True

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 7**

Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 Flag question

#### **Question text**

Given two Strings s1 and s2, remove all the characters from s1 which is present in s2.

# Constraints

```
1<= string length <= 200
```

# Sample Input 1

experience

enc

# **Sample Output 1**

xpri

```
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

1- def remove(s1,s2):
2     res=''.join([char for char in s1 if char not in s2])
3     return res
     5 s2=input()
6 print(remove(s1,s2))
```

#### Feedback

# Input Expected Got

```
experience xpri
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 8**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

# Flag question

# **Question text**

An list contains N numbers and you want to determine whether two of the numbers sum to a given number K. For example, if the input is 8, 4, 1, 6 and K is 10, the answer is yes (4 and 6). A number may be used twice.

# **Input Format**

The first line contains a single integer  $\boldsymbol{n}$  , the length of list

The second line contains n space-separated integers, list[i].

The third line contains integer k.

# **Output Format**

Print Yes or No.

# **Sample Input**

7

0124653

1

# **Sample Output**

Yes

# For example:

Input				Result	
5 8 9 11	12	15	3		Yes
6 2 9 4	21	32	43	43	1 No

```
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
```

#### Feedback

# Input Expected Got 5 8 9 12 15 3 Yes Yes 6 9 21 32 43 43 1 No No No 6 13 42 31 4 8 9 Yes Yes

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

#### **Question 9**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# **Question text**

Given an list, find peak element in it. A peak element is an element that is greater than its neighbors.

An element a[i] is a peak element if

 $A[i-1] \le A[i] \ge a[i+1]$  for middle elements.  $[0 \le i \le n-1]$ 

 $A[i-1] \le A[i]$  for last element [i=n-1]

A[i] >= A[i+1] for first element [i=0]

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains a single integer n, the length of A. The second line contains n space-separated integers, A[i].

# **Output Format**

Print peak numbers separated by space.

#### **Sample Input**

5

8 9 10 2 6

#### **Sample Output**

10 6

For example:

# Input Result

4 12 3 6 8 12 8

```
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
```

#### Feedback

# Input Expected Got

```
7
15 7 10 8 9 4 6 <sup>15</sup> 10 9 6 15 10 9 6
4
12 3 6 8
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 10**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

```
Flag question
```

# **Question text**

Balanced strings are those that have an equal quantity of 'L' and 'R' characters.

Given a balanced string s, split it in the maximum amount of balanced strings.

Return the maximum amount of split balanced strings.

Example 1:

Input:

RLRRLLRLRL

Output:

1

 $Explanation: s \ can \ be \ split \ into \ "RL", \ "RRLL", \ "RL", \ each \ substring \ contains \ same \ number \ of \ 'L' \ and \ 'R'.$ 

Example 2:

Input:

RLLLLRRRLR

Output:

3

Explanation: s can be split into "RL", "LLLRRR", "LR", each substring contains same number of 'L' and 'R'.

Example 3:

Input:

LLLLRRRR

Output:

1

Explanation: s can be split into "LLLLRRRRR".

Constraints:

1 <= s.length <= 1000

s[i] is either 'L' or 'R'.

s is a balanced string.

For example:

Test

Result

print(BalancedStrings('RLRRLLRLRL')) 4

print(BalancedStrings('RLLLLRRRLR')) 3

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

# Feedback

print(BalancedStrings('RLLLLRRRLR')) 3

.

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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