

# Assignment 13

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The link to the solution is

<https://github.com/Adarsh1310/EE5609>

**Abstract**—This documents solves a problem based on invertible matrix.

## 1 PROBLEM

Suppose  $\mathbf{A}$  is a  $2 \times 1$  matrix and  $\mathbf{B}$  is  $1 \times 2$  matrix. Prove that  $\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{AB}$  is non invertible.

## 2 SOLUTION

Let's take,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} c & d \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.2)$$

assuming  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$  to be non zero vectors. Let  $\mathbf{x}'$  be the nullspace of  $\mathbf{B}$ ,

$$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{x}' = 0 \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c & d \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}' = 0 \quad (2.0.4)$$

From above we can see that,

$$\mathbf{x} = k \begin{pmatrix} -d \\ c \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.5)$$

where  $k$  is a scalar constant. Now, we know that for  $\mathbf{C}$  to be non invertible  $\mathbf{C}\mathbf{x} = 0$  should have a non trivial solution. So,

$$\mathbf{C}\mathbf{x} = 0 \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$\implies \mathbf{AB}\mathbf{x} = 0 \quad (2.0.7)$$

We know that the nullspace of  $\mathbf{B}$  will be a subset of the nullspace of  $\mathbf{AB}$ . Substituting (2.0.3)

$$\mathbf{AB}\mathbf{x} = 0 \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$\implies \mathbf{AB}\mathbf{x}' = 0 \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$k\mathbf{AB} \begin{pmatrix} -d \\ c \end{pmatrix} = 0 \quad (2.0.10)$$

From (2.0.3) we can see that (2.0.7) has a non trivial solution and hence is invertible.