1

Assignment 6

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Abstract—This document solves a question based on triangle.

All the codes for the figure in this document can be found at

https://github.com/Adarsh1310/EE5609/tree/ master/Assignment 6

1 Problem

 $\triangle ABC$ is an isosceles triangle in which altitudes BE and CF are drawn to equal sides AC and AB respectively. Show that these altitudes are equal.

2 Solution

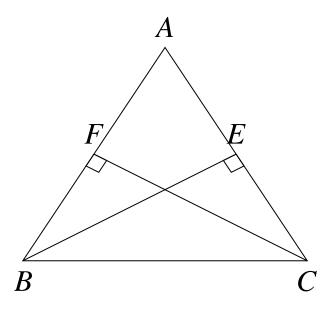


Fig. 1: Isosceles Triangle with altitudes drawn to equal sides

Let \mathbf{m}_{AC} and \mathbf{m}_{BE} be direction vector of side AC and altitude BE respectively.

$$\mathbf{m}_{AC} = \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\mathbf{m}_{BE} = \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E} \tag{2.0.2}$$

Here, BE \perp AC because BE is the altitude to side AC.So,

$$\mathbf{m}_{AC}^T \mathbf{m}_{BE} = 0 \qquad (2.0.3)$$

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}) = 0 \qquad (2.0.4)$$

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E} + \mathbf{E} - \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^{T}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}) = 0 \qquad (2.0.5)$$

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E})^{T}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}) + \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}\|^{2} +$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^{T}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}) = 0$$
(2.0.6)

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 + (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}) = 0$$
 (2.0.7)

Let \mathbf{m}_{AB} and \mathbf{m}_{CF} be direction vector of side AB and altitude CF respectively.

$$\mathbf{m}_{AB} = \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B} \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$\mathbf{m}_{CF} = \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F} \tag{2.0.9}$$

Here, $CF \perp AB$ because CF is the altitude to side AB.So,

$$\mathbf{m}_{AB}^T \mathbf{m}_{CF} = 0 \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}) = 0 \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{F} + \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})^{T} (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}) = 0 \quad (2.0.12)$$

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{F})^{T}(\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}) + \|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}\|^{2} + (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})^{T}(\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}) = 0$$
(2.0.13)

$$\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}\|^2 + (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}) = 0$$
 (2.0.14)

Comparing equation (2.0.7) and (2.0.14)

$$\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}\|^2 + (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}) =$$

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 + (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}) \quad (2.0.15)$$

$$\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}\|^2 + (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{F}) =$$

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 + (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E}) \quad (2.0.16)$$

$$\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}\|^2 + (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}) + (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{F}) =$$

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 + (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) + (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E})$$
(2.0.17)

$$\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}\|^2 + 2(\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}) =$$

 $\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 + 2(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})$ (2.0.18)

$$\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}\|^2 + 2(\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B}\| \|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}\|) \cos \theta =$$

 $\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 + 2(\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\|) \cos \theta$ (2.0.19)

$$\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}\|^2$$
 (2.0.20)

$$\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{F}\| = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{E}\| \tag{2.0.21}$$

Hence, the altitudes drawn to equal sides of isosceles triangle is equal.