Assignment 15

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The link to the solution is

https://github.com/Adarsh1310/EE5609

Abstract—This documents solves a problem based on vector subspaces.

1 Problem

Let **W** be the set of all $(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)$ in \mathbb{R}^5 which satisfy

$$2x_1 - x_2 + \frac{4}{3}x_3 - x_4 = 0$$

$$x_1 + \frac{2}{3}x_3 - x_5 = 0$$

$$9x_1 - 3x_2 + 6x_3 - 3x_4 - 3x_5 = 0$$

Find a finite set of vectors which spans **W**.

2 Solution

The above vectors can be written as,

$$\alpha_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ \frac{4}{3} \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\alpha_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$\alpha_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -3 \\ 6 \\ -3 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.3}$$

Vector is in the subspace **W** of \mathbb{R}^5 spanned by α_1 , α_2 and α_3 if and only if there exist scalars c_1, c_2 as real

numbers. We can see that α_3 is a linear combination of α_1 and α_2 .

$$\alpha = 3 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ \frac{4}{3} \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.4)

So,

$$\alpha = c_1 \alpha_1 + c_2 \alpha_2 \tag{2.0.5}$$

W consists all vector of the form,

$$\alpha = \begin{pmatrix} 2c_1 + c_2 \\ -1c_1 \\ \frac{4}{3}c_1 + \frac{2}{3}c_2 \\ -1c_1 \\ -c_2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.6)

where c_1,c_2 are scalar constant. Alternatively,

$$2x_1 - x_2 + \frac{4}{3}x_3 - x_4 = 0 (2.0.7)$$

$$x_1 + \frac{2}{3}x_3 - x_5 = 0 (2.0.8)$$

which can be written as,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & \frac{4}{3} & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0$$
 (2.0.9)

Now, the augmented matrix,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & \frac{4}{3} & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$\stackrel{R_2 = R_2 - \frac{1}{2}R_1}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & \frac{4}{3} & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$\stackrel{R_2 = 2R_2}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & \frac{4}{3} & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.12)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_2 = R_2 - \frac{1}{2}R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & \frac{4}{3} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} (2.0.11)$$

$$\stackrel{R_2=2R_2}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & \frac{4}{3} & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.12)

$$\stackrel{R_1=R_1+R_2}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & \frac{4}{3} & 0 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.13)

So,

$$2x_1 + \frac{4}{3}x_3 - 2x_5 = 0 (2.0.14)$$

$$x_2 + x_4 - 2x_5 = 0 (2.0.15)$$

Solving the equations we get,

$$x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}x_3 + x_5 \tag{2.0.16}$$

$$x_2 = -x_4 + 2x_5 \tag{2.0.17}$$

which can be written as,

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.18)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{2}{3}x_3 + x_5 \\ -x_4 + 2x_5 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.19)

$$= x_3 \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{2}{3} \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + x_4 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + x_5 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.20)

where x_3, x_4 and $x_5 \in \mathbb{R}$. Hence, the vectors

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{2}{3} \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ will span } \mathbf{W}$$