

Assignment 17

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The link to the solution is

<https://github.com/Adarsh1310/EE5609>

Abstract—This documents solves a problem based on coordinates.

1 PROBLEM

Let V be the real vector space of all polynomial functions from \mathbb{R} to \mathbb{R} of degree 2 or less, i.e, the space of all functions f of the form,

$$f(x) = c_0 + c_1x + c_2x^2$$

Let t be a fixed real number and define

$$g_1(x) = 1, g_2(x) = x + t, g_3(x) = (x + t)^2$$

Prove that $\beta = \{g_1, g_2, g_3\}$ is a basis for V . If

$$f(x) = c_0 + c_1x + c_2x^2$$

what are the coordinates of f in the ordered basis β

2 SOLUTION

. Assuming $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \\ x^2 \end{pmatrix}$ to be independent. Let's start by proving that $\{g_1, g_2, g_3\}$ are linearly independent,

$$\mathbf{v}^T \begin{pmatrix} g_1 \\ g_2 \\ g_3 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \quad (2.0.1) \quad \beta,$$

$$\mathbf{v}^T \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ t & 1 & 0 \\ t^2 & 2t & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \\ x^2 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \quad (2.0.2)$$

Since $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \\ x^2 \end{pmatrix}$ is linearly independent so,

$$\mathbf{v}^T \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ t & 1 & 0 \\ t^2 & 2t & 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \quad (2.0.3)$$

Now, since the 3×3 matrix is linearly independent we can say that \mathbf{v} is zero and hence $\{g_1, g_2, g_3\}$ will be linearly independent. Now, to find the coordinates,

$$f(x) = ag_1 + bg_2 + cg_3 \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_0 & c_1 & c_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \\ x^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \\ x^2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} bt & b & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \\ x^2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} ct^2 & 2ct & c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \\ x^2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_0 & c_1 & c_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \\ x^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a + bt + ct^2 & b + 2ct & c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \\ x^2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.6)$$

From above we can see that,

$$c_2 = c \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$c_1 = b + 2ct \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$c_0 = a + bt + ct^2 \quad (2.0.9)$$

Solving the above equation we get,

$$c = c_2 \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$b = c_1 - 2c_2t \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$a = c_0 - c_1t + c_2t^2 \quad (2.0.12)$$

So, finally the coordinates of f in ordered basis of β ,

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_0 - c_1t + c_2t^2 \\ c_1 - 2c_2t \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.13)$$