1

Assignment 5

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The link to the solution is

https://github.com/Adarsh1310/EE5609

Abstract—This documents solves a problem based on circles.

1 Problem

Find the area of the region bounded by the circle $\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x} = 2$ and $\left\| \mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\| = 2$.

2 Solution

$$[\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{x} - 2(O)^T\mathbf{x} + ||\mathbf{O}||^2 - \mathbf{r}^2 = 0$$

So from above equation we can say that

Circle 1:

radius=2 point of origin as (0,0)

Circle 2: radius=2 point of origin as (2,0)

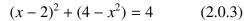
Now finding points of intersection:

Equation in general form is as follows:

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4 (2.0.1)$$

$$(x-2)^2 + y^2 = 4 (2.0.2)$$

Now Comparing equation 2.0.1 and 2.0.2:



$$x^2 + 4 - 2x + 4 - x^2 = 4 (2.0.4)$$

x comes out to be 1

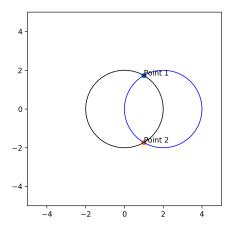


Fig. 0: Figure depicting intersection points of circle

Now, Substituting the value of x in equation 2.0.1:

y comes out to be $\sqrt{3}$ and $-\sqrt{3}$

Now to find the area inclosed between these circles we have to find the integral of these point w.r.t the circles.

$$Area = 2 \int_{1}^{2} \sqrt{4 - x^{2}}$$
$$= 2\left[\frac{x}{2}\sqrt{4 - x^{2}} + 2\frac{x}{2}\right]_{1}^{2}$$
$$= 4\pi$$

$$=-\sqrt{3}+\frac{4\pi}{3}$$