

PART A

5. Write a C program to implement the following contiguous memory allocation techniques :

a) Worst-fit

b) Best-fit

c) First-fit

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int processMemory[100],tempMemory[100],memory[100];

int noMemoryBlock,noProcesses;

void fnFirstFit(int memory[])

{
    int i,j;

    printf("\nFirstFit\nProcess\t\tMemoryBlock");

    for(i=0;i<noProcesses;i++)
    {
        int flag=0;

        for(j=0;j<noMemoryBlock;j++)
        {
            if(processMemory[i]<=memory[j])
            {
                flag=1;

                memory[j]-=processMemory[i];

                printf("\n%d\t\t%d",i+1,j+1);

                break;
            }
        }

        if(flag==0)

            return;
    }
}

void fnWorstFit(int memory[100])

{
    int i,j;

    printf("\nWorstFit\nProcess\t\tMemoryBlock");
```

```

for(i=0;i<noProcesses;i++)
{
    int high=-1;
    for(j=0;j<noMemoryBlock;j++)
    {
        if(processMemory[i]<=memory[j])
        {
            if(memory[high]<memory[j] || high==-1)
                high=j;
        }
    }
    if(high!=-1)
    {
        memory[high]-=processMemory[i];
        printf("\n%d\t\t%d",i+1,high+1);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Cant allocate further");
        return;
    }
}
}

```

```

void fnBestFit(int memory[100])
{
    int i,j;
    printf("\nBestFit\nProcess\t\tMemoryBlock");
    for(i=0;i<noProcesses;i++)
    {
        int low=-1;
        for(j=0;j<noMemoryBlock;j++)
        {
            if(processMemory[i]<=memory[j])
            {
                if(memory[low]>memory[j] || low==-1)

```

```

                                low=j;
                                }
                                }
                                if(low!=-1)
                                {
                                    memory[low]-=processMemory[i];
                                    printf("\n%d\t\t%d",i+1,low+1);
                                }
                                else
                                {
                                    printf("Cant allocate further");
                                    return;
                                }
                            }
                        }
                    }

```

```

void restore()
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<noMemoryBlock;i++)
        memory[i]=tempMemory[i];
}

```

```

int main()
{
    int i,choice;

    printf("\nEnter the total number of memory blocks and number of requested processes: ");
    scanf("%d%d",&noMemoryBlock,&noProcesses);

    printf("\nEnter the size of memory block: \n");
    for(i=0;i<noMemoryBlock;i++)
        scanf("%d",&tempMemory[i]);

    printf("\nEnter the size of memory requested by process: \n");
    for(i=0;i<noProcesses;i++)
        scanf("%d",&processMemory[i]);

    while(1)
    {

```

```
printf("\n\n1.FirstFit\n2.BestFit\n3.WorstFit\n4.Exit\nEnter your choice: ");
scanf("%d",&choice);
restore();
switch(choice)
{
    case 1: fnFirstFit(memory);
            break;

    case 2: fnBestFit(memory);
            break;

    case 3: fnWorstFit(memory);
            break;

    case 4: exit(0);
}
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the total number of memory blocks and number of requested processes: 5 5

Enter the size of memory block:

200 300 400 500 600

Enter the size of memory requested by process:

400 300 120 80 212

1.FirstFit

2.BestFit

3.WorstFit

4.Exit

Enter your choice: 1

FirstFit

Process	MemoryBlock
---------	-------------

1	3
---	---

2	2
---	---

3	1
---	---

4	1
---	---

5	4
---	---

1.FirstFit

2.BestFit

3.WorstFit

4.Exit

Enter your choice: 2

BestFit

Process	MemoryBlock
---------	-------------

1	3
---	---

2	2
---	---

3	1
---	---

4	1
---	---

5	4
---	---

1.FirstFit

2.BestFit

3.WorstFit

4.Exit

Enter your choice: 3

WorstFit

Process	MemoryBlock
---------	-------------

1	5
---	---

2	4
---	---

3	3
---	---

4	2
---	---

5	3
---	---

1.FirstFit

2.BestFit

3.WorstFit

4.Exit

Enter your choice: 4

6. Write a C program to implement the following page replacement algorithms:

a) FIFO

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int i,j,n,a[50],frame[10],no,k,avail,count=0;

    printf("\nEnter the no.of pages:\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("\nEnter the page number:\n");
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);

    printf("\nEnter the no.of frames:\n");
    scanf("%d",&no);
    for(i=0;i<no;i++)
        frame[i]= -1;

    j=0;
    printf("Ref String\t\t Page Frames\n");
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t\t",a[i]);

        avail=0;
        for(k=0;k<no;k++)
            if(frame[k]==a[i])
                avail=1;

        if(avail==0)
        {
            frame[j]=a[i];
            j=(j+1)%no;
            count++;
            for(k=0;k<no;k++)
                printf("%d\t",frame[k]);

        }

        printf("\n");
    }

    printf("\nPage Fault is %d\n",count);
}
```

```

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

Enter the no.of pages:
22
Enter the page number:
1 2 3 4 5 3 4 1 6 7 8 7 8 9 7 8 9 5 4 5 4 2
Enter the no.of frames:
4

```

Ref	String	Page	Frames	
1	1	-1	-1	-1
2	1	2	-1	-1
3	1	2	3	-1
4	1	2	3	4
5	5	2	3	4
3				
4				
1	5	1	3	4
6	5	1	6	4
7	5	1	6	7
8	8	1	6	7
7				
8				
9	8	9	6	7
7				
8				
9				
5	8	9	5	7
4	8	9	5	4
5				
4				
2	2	9	5	4

Page Fault is 13

b) LRU

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int findLRU(int time[],int n)
```

```

{
    int i,minimum=time[0],pos=0;
    for(i=1;i<n;++i)
    {
        if(time[i]<minimum)
        {
            minimum=time[i];
            pos=i;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }

    return pos;
}

int main()
{
    int no_of_frames,no_of_pages,frames[10],pages[30],counter=0,time[10],flag1,flag2,i,j,pos,faults=0;

    printf("Enter number of frames: ");
    scanf("%d",&no_of_frames);
    printf("Enter number of pages: ");
    scanf("%d",&no_of_pages);
    printf("Enter reference string: ");
    for(i=0;i<no_of_pages;++i)
    {
        scanf("%d",&pages[i]);
    }
    for(i=0;i<no_of_frames;++i)
    {
        frames[i]=-1;
    }
    for(i=0;i<no_of_pages;++i)
    {
        flag1=flag2=0;
        for(j=0;j<no_of_frames;++j)
        {
            if(frames[j]==pages[i])
            {
                counter++;
                time[j]=counter;
                flag1=flag2=1;
                break;
            }
        }
        if(flag1==0)
        {
            for(j=0;j<no_of_frames;++j)

```



```

        {
            if(frames[j]==-1)
            {
                counter++;
                faults++;
                frames[j]=pages[i];
                time[j]=counter;
                flag2=1;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
    if(flag2==0)
    {
        pos=findLRU(time,no_of_frames);
        counter++;
        faults++;
        frames[pos]=pages[i];
        time[pos]=counter;
    }
    printf("\n");
    for(j=0;j<no_of_frames;++j)
    {
        printf("%d\t",frames[j]);
    }
}
printf("\n\nTotal Page Faults = %d\n",faults);
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

Enter number of frames: 3
Enter number of pages: 20
Enter reference string: 7 0 1 2 0 3 0 4 2 3 0 3 2 1 2 0 1 7 0 1

7      -1      -1
7       0      -1
7       0       1
2       0       1
2       0       1
2       0       3
2       0       3
4       0       3
4       0       2
4       3       2
0       3       2
0       3       2
0       3       2
1       3       2
1       3       2
1       0       2
1       0       2
1       0       7
1       0       7
1       0       7

Total Page Faults = 12

```

c) LFU

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int total_frames,total_pages,hit=0;
```

```
    int pages[25],frame[10],arr[25],time[25];
```

```
    int m,n,page,flag,k,minimum_time,temp;
```

```
    printf("Enter Total Number of Pages: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d",&total_pages);
```

```
    printf("Enter Total Number of Frames: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d",&total_frames);
```

```
    for(m=0;m<total_frames;m++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        frame[m]=-1;
```

```
    }
```

```

for(m=0;m<25;m++)
{
    arr[m]=0;
}
printf("Enter Values of Reference String: \n");
for(m=0;m<total_pages;m++)
{
    printf("Enter Value No.[%d]: ",m+1);
    scanf("%d",&pages[m]);
}
printf("\n");
for(m=0;m<total_pages;m++)
{
    arr[pages[m]]++;
    time[pages[m]]=m;
    flag=1;
    k=frame[0];
    for(n=0;n<total_frames;n++)
    {
        if(frame[n]==-1 || frame[n]==pages[m])
        {
            if(frame[n]!=-1)
            {
                hit++;
            }
            flag=0;
            frame[n]=pages[m];
            break;
        }
        if(arr[k]>arr[frame[n]])
        {
            k=frame[n];
        }
    }
    if(flag)
    {

```

```

        minimum_time=25;
        for(n=0;n<total_frames;n++)
        {
            if(arr[frame[n]]==arr[k] && time[frame[n]]<minimum_time)
            {
                temp=n;
                minimum_time=time[frame[n]];
            }
        }
        arr[frame[temp]]=0;
        frame[temp]=pages[m];
    }
    for(n=0;n<total_frames;n++)
    {
        printf("%d\t",frame[n]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
printf("Page Hit: %d\n",hit);
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

Enter Total Number of Pages:    20
Enter Total Number of Frames:    3
Enter Values of Reference String
Enter Value No.[1]:            7
Enter Value No.[2]:            0
Enter Value No.[3]:            1
Enter Value No.[4]:            2
Enter Value No.[5]:            0
Enter Value No.[6]:            3
Enter Value No.[7]:            0
Enter Value No.[8]:            4
Enter Value No.[9]:            2
Enter Value No.[10]:           3
Enter Value No.[11]:           0
Enter Value No.[12]:           3
Enter Value No.[13]:           2
Enter Value No.[14]:           1
Enter Value No.[15]:           2
Enter Value No.[16]:           0
Enter Value No.[17]:           1
Enter Value No.[18]:           7
Enter Value No.[19]:           0
Enter Value No.[20]:           1

```

```

7          -1          -1
7          0          -1
7          0          1
2          0          1
2          0          1
2          0          3
2          0          3
4          0          3
4          0          2
3          0          2
3          0          2
3          0          2
3          0          2
1          0          2
1          0          2
1          0          2
1          0          2
7          0          2
7          0          2
1          0          2
Page Hit:          9

```

PART B

9. Write a C program to compute FIRST of all Non Terminals of a given grammar.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <math.h>

#include <string.h>

#include <ctype.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int n,m=0,p,i=0,j=0;

char a[10][10],f[10];

void first(char c);

int main()

{

    int i,z;

    char c,ch;

    printf("Enter the no of productions:\n");

    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("Enter the productions:\n");

    for(i=0;i<n;i++)

        scanf("%s%c",a[i],&ch);

    do

    {

        m=0;

        printf("Enter the element whose first is to be found: ");

        scanf("%c",&c);

        first(c);

        printf("First(%c)={",c);

        for(i=0;i<m;i++)

            printf("%c",f[i]);

        printf("}\n");

        strcpy(f," ");

        printf("Continue(0/1)?\n");

        scanf("%d%c",&z,&ch);

    }while(z==1);

    return(0);
```

```
}
```

```
void first(char c)
```

```
{
```

```
    int k;
```

```
    if(!isupper(c))
```

```
        f[m++]=c;
```

```
    for(k=0;k<n;k++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if(a[k][0]==c)
```

```
        {
```

```
            if(islower(a[k][2]))
```

```
                f[m++]=a[k][2];
```

```
            else
```

```
                first(a[k][2]);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the no of productions:
8
Enter the productions:
E=TD
D=+TD
D=#
T=FS
S=*FS
S=#
F=(E)
F=a
Enter the element whose first is to be found: E
First(E)={ (a}
Continue(0/1)?
1
Enter the element whose first is to be found: T
First(T)={ (a}
Continue(0/1)?
1
Enter the element whose first is to be found: D
First(D)={ +#}
Continue(0/1)?
1
Enter the element whose first is to be found: F
First(F)={ (a}
Continue(0/1)?
1
Enter the element whose first is to be found: S
First(S)={ *#}
Continue(0/1)?
0
```

10. Write a C program to construct predictive parsing table for the given grammar.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <ctype.h>

#include <string.h>

void addtonont(char);

void addtoter(char);

int nop,ppt[10][10];

char productions[10][10],ter[10],nont[10],first[10][10],follow[10][10];

int main()

{

    int i,j,k,m,pos=0;

    for(i=0;i<10;i++)

        for(j=0;j<10;j++)

            ppt[i][j]=-1;

    printf("Enter the number of productions:");

    scanf("%d",&nop);

    printf("\nEnter productions in the form like E->E+T (Enter # for epsilon): \n");

    for(i=0;i<nop;i++)

    {

        printf("Enter production number %d:",i+1);

        scanf("%s",productions[i]);

    }

    for(i=0;i<nop;i++)

        addtonont(productions[i][0]);

    for(i=0;i<nop;i++)

        for(j=3;productions[i][j]!='\0';j++)

            if(islower(productions[i][j]) || (!isalpha(productions[i][j])))

                addtoter(productions[i][j]);

    for(j=0;ter[j]!='\0';j++);

    ter[j]='$';

    ter[++j]='\0';

    printf("\nEnter first of all non terminals without any space b/w the symbols like abc# (#for epsilon): \n" );

    for(i=0;i<nop;i++)
```



```

{
    printf("Enter first of:");
    for(k=3;k<productions[i][k]!='\0';k++)
        printf("%c",productions[i][k]);
    printf("=");
    scanf("%s",first[i]);
    for(j=strlen(first[i]);j>=0;j--)
        first[i][j+1]=first[i][j];
    first[i][0]=productions[i][0];
}

printf("\nEnter follow of all non terminals without any space b/w symbols like abc# (# for epsilon): \n");
for(i=0;nont[i]!='\0';i++)
{
    printf("Enter follow of %c=",nont[i]);
    scanf("%s",follow[i]);
    for(j=strlen(follow[i]);j>=0;j--)
        follow[i][j+1]=follow[i][j];
    follow[i][0]=nont[i];
}

for(i=0;i<nop;i++)
{
    for(m=0;follow[m][0]!=first[i][0];m++);
    for(j=1;first[i][j]!='\0';j++)
    {
        if(first[i][j]!='#')
        {
            for(k=0;ter[k]!='\0';k++)
                if(ter[k]==first[i][j])
                    break;
            ppt[m][k]=i;
        }
        else
        {
            for(m=0;follow[m][0]!=first[i][0];m++);
            for(j=1;follow[m][j]!='\0';j++)
            {

```

```

        for(k=0;ter[k]!='\0';k++)
            if(ter[k]==follow[m][j])
                break;

        ppt[m][k]=i;
    }
}

first[i][0]='\0';
}

printf("\n\nPredictive parsing table\n");
printf(".....Terminals.....\n");
printf("Non Terminals |\t\t");
for(i=0;ter[i]!='\0';i++)
    printf("%c\t",ter[i]);
printf("\n");
for(i=0;follow[i][0]!='\0';i++)
{
    m=0;
    printf("%c\t\t",nont[i]);
    for(j=0;ter[j]!='\0';j++)
    {
        pos=ppt[i][j];
        for(;m<=j;m++)
            printf("\t");
        if(pos!=-1)
            printf("%s",productions[pos]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}

```

```

void addtonont(char c)

```

```

{
    int j;
    for(j=0;nont[j]!='\0';j++)

```

```
        if(nont[j]==c)
            return;

    nont[j]=c;
    nont[j+1]='\0';
}
```

```
void addtoter(char c)
{
    int j;
    for(j=0;ter[j]!='\0';j++)
        if(ter[j]==c)
            return;

    if(c!='#')
    {
        ter[j]=c;
        ter[j+1]='\0';
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the number of productions:8

Enter productions in the form like E->E+T (Enter # for epsilon):

Enter production number 1:E->TX

Enter production number 2:X->+TX

Enter production number 3:X->#

Enter production number 4:T->FY

Enter production number 5:Y->*FY

Enter production number 6:Y->#

Enter production number 7:F->i

Enter production number 8:F->(E)

Enter first of all non terminals without any space b/w the symbols like abc# (#for epsilon):

Enter first of:TX=+(

Enter first of:+TX=+

Enter first of:#=#

Enter first of:FY=i(

Enter first of:*FY=*

Enter first of:#=#

Enter first of:i=i

Enter first of:(E)=(

Enter follow of all non terminals without any space b/w symbols like abc# (# for epsilon):

Enter follow of E=)\$

Enter follow of X=)\$

Enter follow of T=+)\$

Enter follow of Y=+)\$

Enter follow of F=+)\$*

Predictive parsing table

.....Terminals.....						
Non Terminals	+	*	i	()	\$
E	E->TX			E->TX		
X	X->+TX				X->#	X->#
T			T->FY	T->FY		
Y	Y->#	Y->*FY			Y->#	Y->#
F			F->i	F->(E)		

11. Write a C program to implement recursive descent parsing for the given grammar.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <ctype.h>

#include <string.h>

void nonterminal(char);

int noofproduction,k,temp;

char productionset[20][20];

char str[20];

int result;

int main()

{

    int i,ch;

    printf("\nEnter the no of productions: \n");

    scanf("%d",&noofproduction);

    printf("\nEnter the productions in form like E->E+T (Enter # for the epsilon): \n");

    for(i=0;i<noofproduction;i++)

    {

        printf("Enter the production number %d:",i+1);

        scanf("%s",productionset[i]);

    }

    do

    {

        k=0;

        printf("\nEnter the string\n");

        scanf("%s",str);

        nonterminal(productionset[0][0]);

        if(k==strlen(str))

            printf("\nInput string is valid.\n");

        else

            printf("\nInput string is invalid.\n");

        printf("\nDo you want to continue(0/1)?\n");

        scanf("%d",&ch);

    }while(ch==1);

}
```

```

        return 0;
    }

void nonterminal(char p)
{
    int i,j,found=0;
    for(i=0;i<noofproduction;i++)
    {
        temp=k;
        if(productionset[i][0]==p)
        {
            for(j=3;productionset[i][j]!='\0';j++)
            {
                if(isupper(productionset[i][j]))
                {
                    found=1;
                    nonterminal(productionset[i][j]);
                }
                else if(productionset[i][j]==str[k])
                {
                    k++;
                    found=1;
                }
                else if(productionset[i][j]=='#')
                {
                    found=1;
                    return;
                }
                else
                {
                    k=temp;
                    break;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        if(i>=noofproduction && found==0 && k!=strlen(str))
        {
            printf("Invalid Input.\n");
            exit(0);
        }
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

Enter the no of productions:
3

Enter the productions in form like E->E+T (Enter # for the epsilon):
Enter the production number 1:S->cAd
Enter the production number 2:A->ab
Enter the production number 3:A->a

Enter the string
cad

Input string is valid.

Do you want to continue(0/1)?
1

Enter the string
cabd

Input string is valid.

Do you want to continue(0/1)?
1

Enter the string
abcd
Invalid Input.

```

12. Write a C program to construct the closure of an LR(0) item with respect to the given grammar.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <string.h>

#include <ctype.h>

void closure(char[]);

char citem[10][10], gram[10][10];

int nop, noi;

int main()

{

    int i, ch;

    char agram[10][10], item[10];

    printf("how many no of production:\n");

    scanf("%d", &nop);

    printf("\nenter production like this eg: E->E+T enter # for epsilon\n");

    for(i=0; i<nop; i++)

    {

        printf("enter production no %d:", i+1);

        scanf("%s", gram[i]);

    }

    agram[0][0] = gram[0][0];

    agram[0][1] = '!';

    agram[0][2] = '-';

    agram[0][3] = '>';

    agram[0][4] = gram[0][0];

    agram[0][5] = '\0';

    for(i=1; i<=nop; i++)

        strcpy(agram[i], gram[i-1]);

    printf("\naugmented is:\n");

    for(i=0; i<=nop; i++)

        printf("%s", agram[i]);

    do

    {

        printf("\nenter the item to find the closure\n");

        scanf("%s", item);

        printf("closure of %s={", item);
```



```

    closure(item);

    for(i=0;i<noi;i++)

    printf("%s",citem[i]);

    printf("}\n");

    printf("\nenter 1:to continue 2.stop\n");

    scanf("%d",&ch);

}while(ch==1);

return 0;

}

void closure(char it[20])

{

    int i,j,k=0,found;

    char temp[10];

    noi=0;

    strcpy(citem[k],it);

    noi++;

    while(k<noi)

    {

        i=0;

        while(it[i]!='\0'&&it[i]!='.')

            i++;

        if(i<(strlen(it)-1))

        {

            for(j=0;j<noi;j++)

            {

                found=0;

                if(it[i+1]==gram[j][0]&&isupper(it[i+1]))

                {

                    strcpy(temp,gram[j]);

                    for(i=strlen(temp);i>=3;i--)

                        temp[i+1]=temp[i];

                    temp[i+1]='.';

                    for(i=0;i<noi;i++)

                        if(strcmp(citem[i],temp)==0)

                            found=1;

                    if(found==0)

```

```
        {
            strcpy(citem[i],temp);
            noi++;
        }
    }
}

else
{
    printf("%s }",it);
    exit(0);
}

k++;
strcpy(it,citem[k]);
}

return;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the no.of productions:

3

Enter production in the form of $E \rightarrow E+T$ (Enter # for epsilon):

Enter production no 1: $S \rightarrow AA$

Enter production no 2:

$A \rightarrow aA$

Enter production no 3: $A \rightarrow b$

Augmented grammar is:

$S! \rightarrow S$ $S \rightarrow AA$ $A \rightarrow aA$ $A \rightarrow b$

Enter the item to find the closure:

$S \rightarrow .S$

closure of $S \rightarrow .S = \{ S \rightarrow .S \quad S \rightarrow .AA \quad A \rightarrow .aA \}$

Enter 1 to continue and 2 to stop:

1

Enter the item to find the closure:

$S \rightarrow .AA$

closure of $S \rightarrow .AA = \{ S \rightarrow .AA \quad A \rightarrow .aA \}$

Enter 1 to continue and 2 to stop:

2
