Disease Detection and Diagnosis with ML

ter.ps/389iweek3

GOOGLE'S AI EYE DOCTOR GETS READY TO GO TO WORK IN INDIA

Al can spot signs of Alzheimer's before your family does

Chinese startup Infervision emerges from stealth with an Al tool for diagnosing lung cancer

AI defeats elite doctors in diagnosis competition

What is early detection?

Diagnosing disease before symptoms appear

Early detection → **early intervention**

- Better patient outcomes
 - survival, ability to treat and reverse disease, ...
- Saves doctors valuable time
 - "We simply do not have the number of qualified doctors,"

https://techcrunch.com/2017/05/08/chinese-startup-infervision-emerges-from-stealth-with-an-ai-tool-for-diagnosing-lung-cancer/

Preparation

Lower costs

Common Diseases

- Cancer
- Diabetes
- Dementia
- Heart Disease
- Stroke

Machine learning

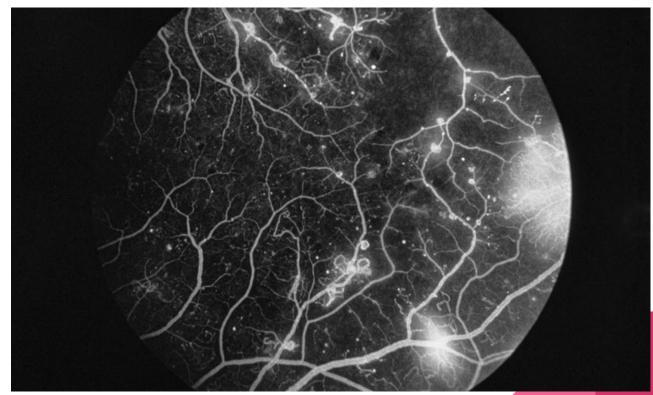
- Feed in samples
- Learn which samples are disease vs. non-disease
- Goal: automatic and accurate diagnosis of disease

Data Types

Image data

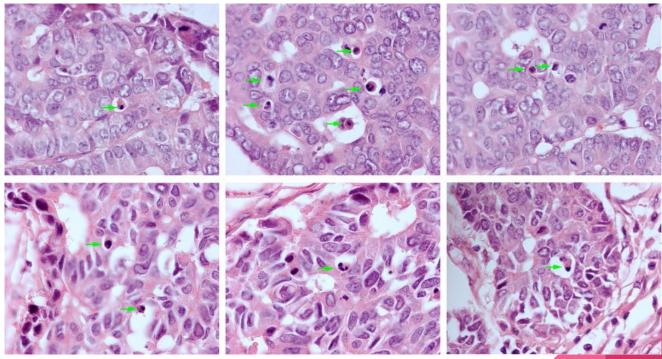
- Data points extracted from images
- Various methods, e.g., biopsies, ultrasounds, x-rays

Images: retinal images



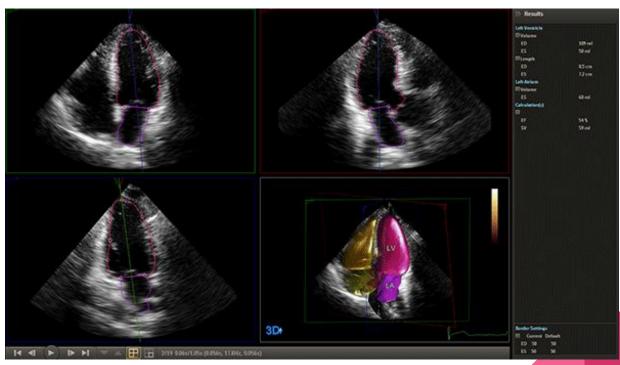
https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-018-03067-x

Images: biopsies



https://www.extremetech.com/extreme/233746-ai-beats-doctors-at-visual-diagnosis-observerer-signals

Images: ultrasound



https://www.medgadget.com/2015/06/philips-heartmodel-brings-anatomical-intelligence-generation-anatomical-intelligence-ge

rasound-video

Images: radiography



aorta_thoracic / tortuous / mild

aorta_thoracic / tortuous



opacity / lung / middle_lobe / right /aorta_thoracic / tortuous

opacity / lung / base / left



calcified_granuloma / lung / middle_lobe / right / multiple

calcified_granuloma / lung / hilum / right

Other data types

Genomic data

- Liquid biopsy
 - Detect cfDNA and ctDNA / tumor mutations in blood!
- Wearable device data (e.g., Apple watch)
 - Movement: accelerometer, gyroscope
 - Heart measurements: EKG's

Challenges

- Scarcity of data
- Batch effects

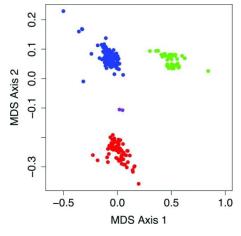
Measurement error

Amount of Data

- Few but large samples
 - genomics, liquid biopsies
- Tons of noise, difficult to separate from signal
- Acquiring new samples can be expensive

Batch effects

- Datasets from different sources can't just be lumped together
- Differences in data collection methods must be accounted for

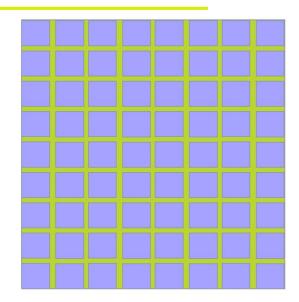


https://openi.nlm.nih etailedresult.php? C4081054_gkv=4

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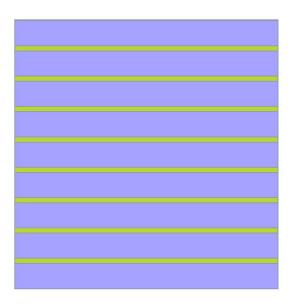
Measurement error

- Biological measurement devices are not perfect
- Sample-, source-, and batch-specific errors
- This makes machine learning hard



Traditional ML

- Many, small samples (kB-MB)
- Cheap(ish) to acquire new instances (~\$0.01)
- Easy(ish) to sample over measurement error



Biological ML

- Few, large samples (GB)
- Expensive to acquire new samples (\$1000)
- Pervasive measurement error

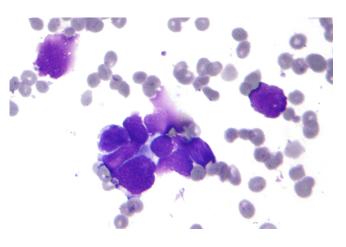
Ethics - key considerations:

What if the condition is untreatable?

- Mis-diagnosis
 - Unnecessary surgeries?
- Complement, not replace, physician
 - o diagnose vs. classify

Wisconsin Breast Cancer Dataset

Digitized Fine Needle Aspirate (FNA) images



- Features: cell nuclei characteristics
 - radius, texture, perimeter, area, smoothness, compactness, concavity, concave points, symmetry, fractal dimension

Further Reading

- https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-018-03067-x
- https://www.wired.com/2017/06/googles-ai-eye-doctor-gets-ready-go-work-india/
- https://techcrunch.com/2017/05/08/chinese-startup-infervision-emerges-from-stea
 lth-with-an-ai-tool-for-diagnosing-lung-cancer/
- https://www.technologyreview.com/s/609236/ai-can-spot-signs-of-alzheimers-before-your-family-does/