

QUIZ2

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Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/Adarsh541/EE3900/blob/main/quiz2/codes/quiz2.py>

Download latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/Adarsh541/EE3900/blob/main/quiz2/quiz2.tex>

1 PROBLEM(Q3.16(A,B))

When the input to an LTI system is

$$x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n] + (2)^n u[-n-1], \quad (1.0.1)$$

the corresponding output is

$$y[n] = s\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n] - 5\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n u[n]. \quad (1.0.2)$$

- 1) Find the system function $H(z)$ of the system. Plot the pole(s) and zero(s) of $H(z)$ and indicate the region of convergence.
- 2) Find the impulse response $h[n]$ of the system.

2 SOLUTION

Lemma 2.1.

$$a^n u[n] \xLeftrightarrow{z} \frac{z}{z-a}, \quad ROC: |z| > |a| \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$-a^n u[-n-1] \xLeftrightarrow{z} \frac{z}{z-a}, \quad ROC: |z| < |a| \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\delta[n] \xLeftrightarrow{z} 1, \quad ROC: Allz \quad (2.0.3)$$

Lemma 2.2.

$$x[n-n_0] \xLeftrightarrow{z} z^{-n_0} X(z) \quad (2.0.4)$$

- 1) Since Z-transform obeys linearity and from Lemma-2.1

$$X(z) = \frac{z}{z-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{z}{z-2}, \quad ROC1: \frac{1}{3} < |z| < 2 \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$Y(z) = 5\left(\frac{z}{z-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{z}{z-\frac{2}{3}}\right), \quad ROC2: |z| > \frac{2}{3} \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$= \frac{z-2}{z-\frac{2}{3}} \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$= 1 - \frac{4}{3}z^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{z-\frac{2}{3}}\right) \quad (2.0.9)$$

From (2.0.8)

$$Zero : z = 2 \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$Pole : z = \frac{2}{3} \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$ROC : ROC1 \cap ROC2 \quad (2.0.12)$$

$$: \frac{2}{3} < |z| < 2 \quad (2.0.13)$$

- 2) From Lemma-2.1, 2.2 and (2.0.9)

$$h[n] = \delta[n] - \frac{4}{3}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n-1} u[n-1] \quad (2.0.14)$$

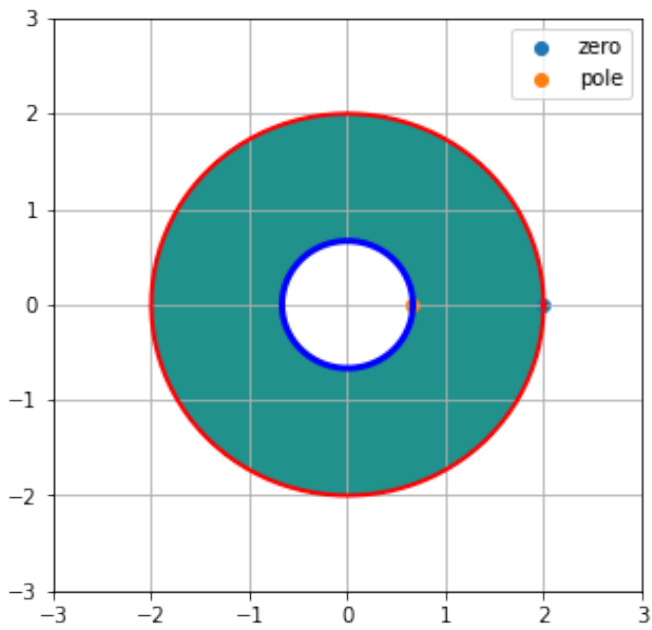


Fig. 1: Green region is the ROC.