Introduction to OpenID Connect

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Outline

- OAuth2 and authentication
- OpenID Connect
- Flows

OAuth2 & Authentication

- OAuth2 is for (delegated) authorization
 - authentication is a pre-requisite for that
 - access token is for some back-end service
- Sometimes you "just" need authentication
 - (at least to begin with)
 - identify user in an application
 - control access to application features
- OAuth2 is regularly "abused" for that



OAuth2 for Authentication: Request

UserInfo RS





Authorization Server

GET /authorize?
 client_id=nativeapp&
 redirect_uri=http://localhost/cb&
 scope=signin&
 response_type=token&
 state=123





Facebook Login

Log in to use your Facebook account with ACS Integration (IdSrv).

Email or Phone:

Password:

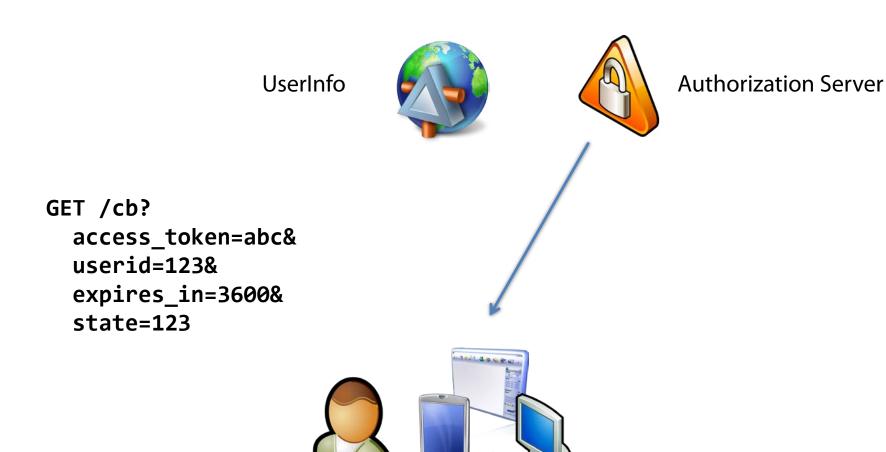
Keep me logged in

Log in or Sign up for Facebook

Forgotten your password?

Resource Owner

OAuth2 for Authentication: Response



Resource Owner

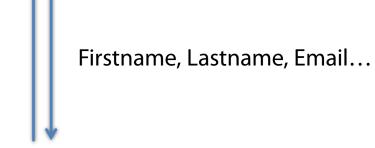
OAuth2 for Authentication: Accessing User Data

UserInfo RS



GET /userinfo

Authorization:
Bearer access_token





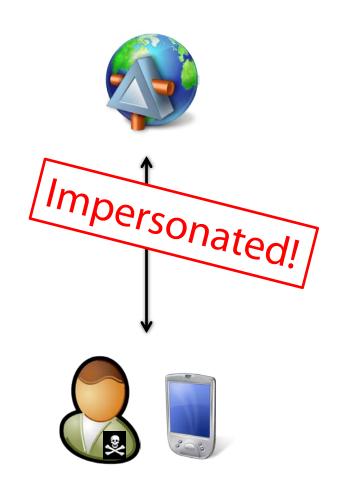


Resource Owner

The Problem



1. User logs into malicious app (app steals token)

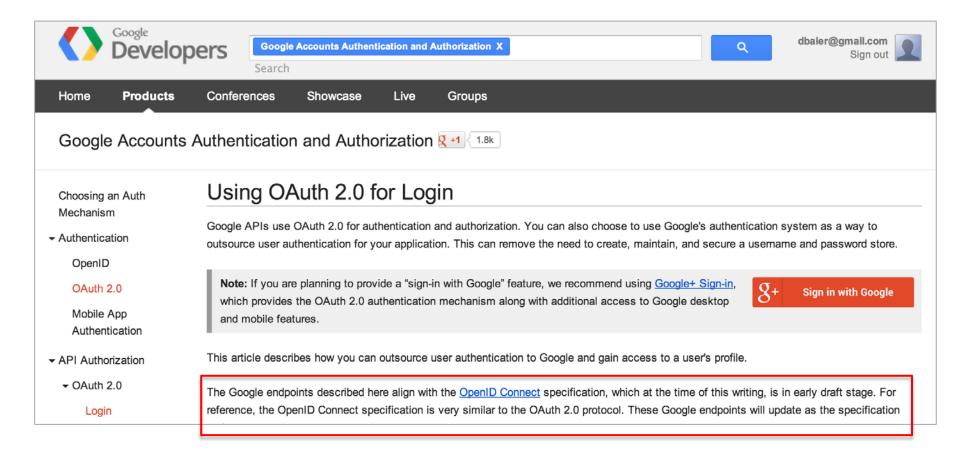


2. Malicious developer uses stolen access token in legitimate app

The Solution?







OpenID Connect Flows

- OpenID Connect builds on top of OAuth2
 - Authorization Code Flow
 - Implicit Flow
- Adds some new concepts
 - □ ID Token
 - UserInfo endpoint
- ..and some additional protocols, e.g.
 - discovery & dynamic registration
 - session management

http://openid.net/connect/

OpenID Connect: The Players

Identity Provider

Authorization Endpoint

Token Endpoint

UserInfo Endpoint



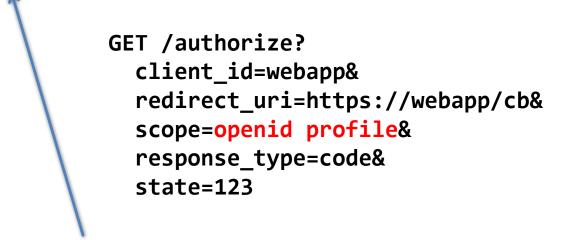
Step 1a: Authorization Request

Identity Provider

Authorization Endpoint

Token Endpoint

UserInfo Endpoint







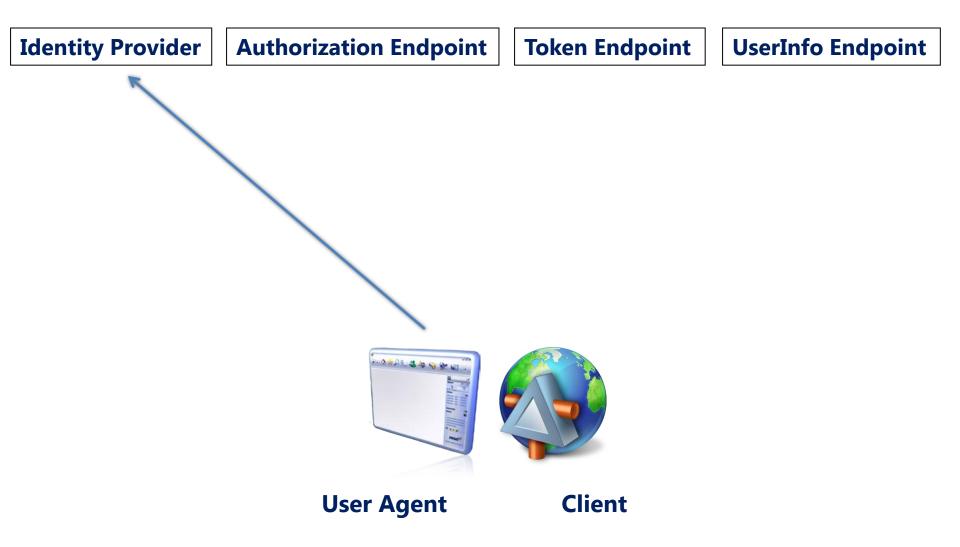
User Agent

Scopes & Claims

OpenID defines a set of standard scopes and claims

Scope	Claims
profile	name, family_name, given_name, middle_name, nickname, preferred_username, profile, picture, website, gender, birthdate, zoneinfo, locale, and updated_at.
email	email, email_verified
address	address
phone	phone_number, phone_number_verified
offline_access	requests refresh token

Step 1b: Authentication



Step 1c: Consent

Identity Provider

Authorization Endpoint

Token Endpoint

UserInfo Endpoint

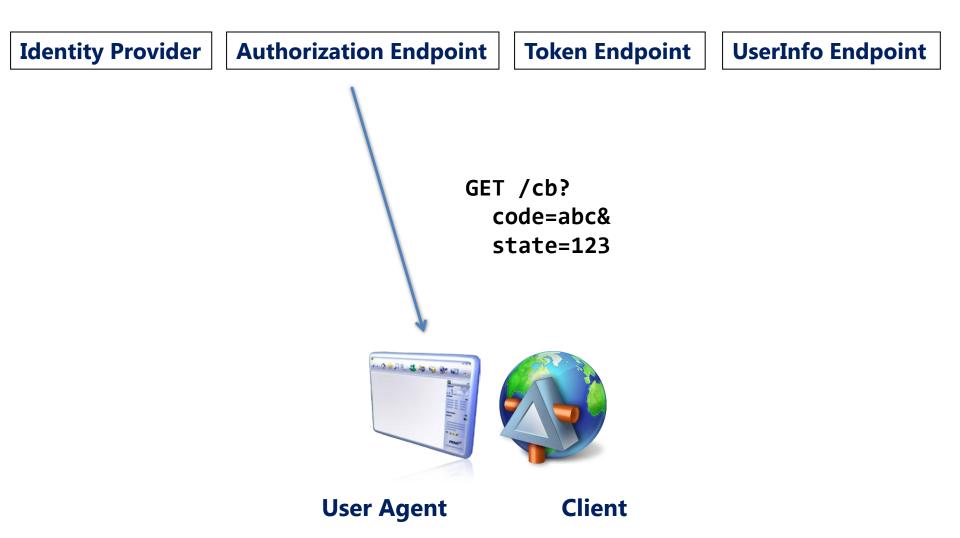


Application **WebApp** asks for permission to access your profile



User Agent

Step 1d: Authorization Response



Step 2a: Token Request

Identity Provider

Authorization Endpoint

Token Endpoint

UserInfo Endpoint

POST /token
Authorization: Basic (client_id:secret)

grant_type=authorization_code&
authorization_code=abc&
redirect_uri=https://webapp/cb







Client

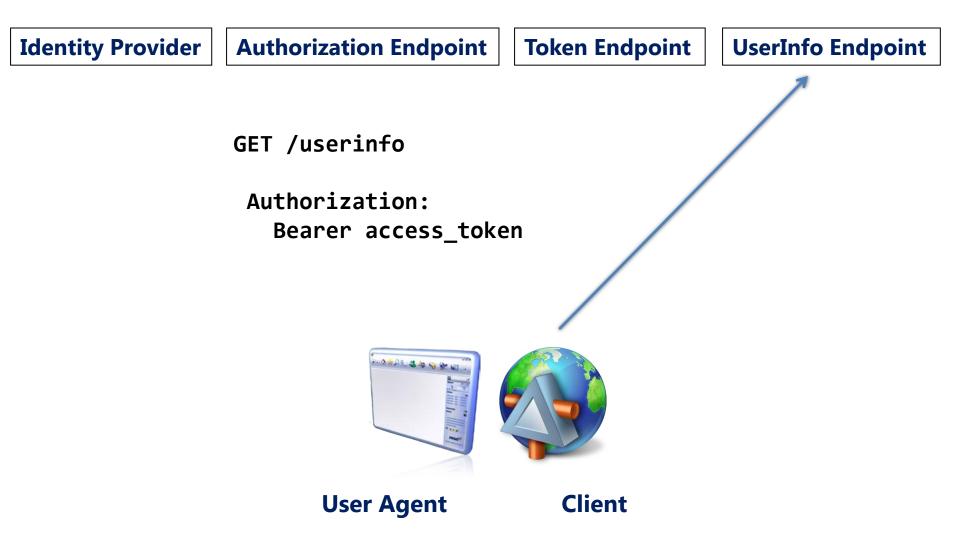
Step 2b: Token Response

Identity Provider Authorization Endpoint Token Endpoint UserInfo Endpoint "access_token" : "abc", "id_token": "uvw", "expires_in" : "3600", "token_type" : "Bearer", "refresh_token" : "xyz" Client **User Agent**

ID Token

- JWT that contains claims about the authentication event
 - Issuer (iss)
 - Subject (sub)
 - Audience (aud)
 - Expiration (exp)
- Client must validate the ID token at this point

Step 3a: UserInfo Request



Step 3b: UserInfo Response

Token Endpoint Identity Provider Authorization Endpoint UserInfo Endpoint "sub": "248289761001", "name": "Jane Doe", "email": "janedoe@example.com" **User Agent** Client

Summary

- OpenID Connect standardizes how authentication with OAuth2 works
 - standard scopes and claims
 - token type is JWT
 - □ ID token
 - UserInfo endpoint
- Goal is to allow a client to use an arbitrary OpenID Connect provider without code modifications
 - as opposed to how it works with homegrown OAuth2 authentication today
- Not done yet, but "basic profile" pretty stable
- Additional specs are under development