# Tech Stack Recommendations for Finance-Plan

This document will be populated with the findings from my research.

# 1. Backend Technologies

#### Programming Languages:

 Python: Highly recommended for its extensive ecosystem of libraries for data analysis, machine learning, and scientific computing. Its simple syntax and large community make it ideal for the complex data processing and analysis required in the Finance-Plan project.

#### · Frameworks:

• **FastAPI:** A modern, high-performance web framework for building APIs with Python. Its asynchronous nature makes it suitable for real-time data applications, and its automatic documentation generation is a significant advantage. The OpenBB project's use of FastAPI is a strong endorsement.

### Data Processing Libraries:

- Pandas: The cornerstone of data manipulation and analysis in Python.
   Essential for handling time-series data, financial data, and performing complex data transformations.
- NumPy: The fundamental package for numerical computation in Python. It provides efficient array objects and a wide range of mathematical functions, which are crucial for financial calculations.
- **yfinance:** A popular library for downloading historical market data from Yahoo Finance. A great starting point for data collection in Phase 1.
- TA-Lib: A widely used library for technical analysis of financial data. It provides a broad range of technical indicators that will be valuable for Phases 1 and 2.

# 2. Frontend Technologies

#### · Frameworks:

- React: The most popular frontend library, with a vast ecosystem of tools and libraries. Its component-based architecture is well-suited for building complex and interactive financial dashboards. Its large community and extensive documentation make it a safe and reliable choice, especially for projects that need to be developed quickly.
- Angular: A full-fledged framework backed by Google, Angular is an
  excellent choice for large-scale, enterprise-level applications. It provides a
  more structured and opinionated approach to building applications, which
  can be beneficial for long-term maintainability and scalability. For a project
  of the scope of Finance-Plan, Angular's robust features and comprehensive
  nature make it a strong contender.
- Recommendation: While both React and Angular are excellent choices, the final decision will depend on the development team's expertise and preferences. If the team has strong JavaScript skills and prefers a more flexible and unopinionated framework, React is a great choice. If the team prefers a more structured and comprehensive framework, and is comfortable with TypeScript, Angular is the recommended option for a project of this scale.

#### · Charting Libraries:

- react-financial-charts: A specialized library built for financial data visualization in React. It provides a range of charts and tools specifically designed for financial applications, such as candlestick charts and technical analysis overlays.
- Plotly: A versatile and interactive charting library that can be used to create a wide variety of visualizations. Its interactivity is a major plus for financial dashboards, allowing users to explore the data in detail.
- TradingView Lightweight Charts: A high-performance, open-source charting library specifically designed for financial data. It's a great option if performance is a top priority.

## 3. Data Science Stack

#### ML/Al Libraries:

- Scikit-learn: The most popular machine learning library in Python. It provides a wide range of supervised and unsupervised learning algorithms, as well as tools for model selection, evaluation, and preprocessing.
   Essential for building the prediction models in Phases 2 and 3.
- TensorFlow & Keras: Deep learning frameworks that are ideal for building complex neural networks for stock prediction and other advanced financial modeling tasks. Keras provides a high-level API that makes it easy to build and train deep learning models, while TensorFlow provides the low-level infrastructure for high-performance computation.
- PyTorch: Another popular deep learning framework that is known for its flexibility and dynamic computation graph. It is a great choice for researchers and developers who need to build custom models and experiment with new ideas.

#### · Financial Analysis Tools:

- QuantLib: A comprehensive, open-source library for quantitative finance. It provides tools for pricing, risk management, and modeling of a wide range of financial instruments. A powerful tool for the advanced analysis required in Phases 2 and 3.
- Zipline: A Pythonic algorithmic trading library. It is an event-driven system
  that supports both backtesting and live trading. A great choice for
  developing and testing the trading strategies in Phase 2.
- Backtrader: A feature-rich Python framework for backtesting and trading. It is known for its ease of use and extensive documentation. Another excellent option for backtesting in Phase 2.
- Pyfolio: A Python library for performance and risk analysis of financial portfolios. It works well with Zipline and provides a variety of performance metrics and visualizations.

#### Prediction Models:

- ARIMA/SARIMA: Time-series models that are well-suited for forecasting stock prices and other financial data. They are relatively simple to implement and can provide a good baseline for more complex models.
- LSTM (Long Short-Term Memory) Networks: A type of recurrent neural network (RNN) that is particularly effective for learning from sequential data like time-series. LSTMs are a popular choice for stock prediction models.
- **Prophet:** A forecasting tool developed by Facebook that is designed to be easy to use and to produce high-quality forecasts for time-series data. It is particularly good at handling data with seasonal effects and missing data.

## 4. Database Solutions

#### · Time-series Databases:

- TimescaleDB: An open-source time-series database built as an extension of PostgreSQL. It combines the reliability and rich feature set of PostgreSQL with the performance and scalability of a purpose-built time-series database. Its SQL interface makes it easy to learn and use for developers who are already familiar with relational databases. A strong choice for the Finance-Plan project.
- InfluxDB: A popular open-source time-series database written in Go. It is known for its high performance and efficient data compression. It has its own SQL-like query language (InfluxQL) and is a good choice for applications that require high write and query throughput.
- ClickHouse: An open-source, column-oriented database management system that is designed for online analytical processing (OLAP). It is known for its high performance and scalability, and it is a good choice for applications that require real-time analysis of large datasets.
- Recommendation: For the Finance-Plan project, TimescaleDB is the
  recommended choice. Its foundation on PostgreSQL provides a mature and
  reliable platform, and its SQL interface makes it easy to integrate with the
  Python-based backend. Its performance and scalability are well-suited for
  the demands of financial data, and its rich ecosystem of tools and
  extensions is a major plus.

#### Data Warehousing:

 For large-scale data warehousing, solutions like Amazon Redshift, Google BigQuery, or Snowflake can be considered. These platforms are designed to handle massive datasets and complex queries, and they can be used to store and analyze historical data for backtesting and model training.

## 5. APIs & Data Sources

#### · Financial Data APIs:

- Finnhub: A powerful and comprehensive API that provides a wide range of financial data, including real-time stock prices, historical data, fundamental data, and alternative data. Its free tier is generous, and its paid plans are reasonably priced. A strong contender for the primary data source for the Finance-Plan project.
- Alpha Vantage: Another popular API with a generous free tier. It provides a
  wide range of data, including stocks, forex, and cryptocurrencies. Its
  documentation is excellent, and it is easy to use.
- Polygon.io: A high-performance API that provides real-time and historical stock market data. It is known for its speed and reliability, and it is a good choice for applications that require low-latency data.
- IEX Cloud: A popular API that provides a wide range of financial data, including stocks, options, and news. It is known for its high-quality data and its ease of use.

#### Real-time Market Data Providers:

- Most of the APIs listed above provide real-time or near-real-time data. For true real-time data, a WebSocket API is recommended. **Finnhub** and **Polygon.io** both offer WebSocket APIs that provide low-latency data streams.
- Recommendation: For the Finance-Plan project, a combination of APIs is recommended. Finnhub is a great choice for the primary data source, as it provides a wide range of data at a reasonable price. Alpha Vantage is a good backup option, and its free tier is a great way to get started. For real-time data, the Finnhub or Polygon.io WebSocket APIs are recommended.

## 6. Visualization

#### Charting Libraries:

- TradingView Lightweight Charts: A high-performance, open-source charting library specifically designed for financial data. It's a great option if performance is a top priority.
- Plotly: A versatile and interactive charting library that can be used to create a wide variety of visualizations. Its interactivity is a major plus for financial dashboards, allowing users to explore the data in detail.
- react-financial-charts: A specialized library built for financial data visualization in React. It provides a range of charts and tools specifically designed for financial applications, such as candlestick charts and technical analysis overlays.

#### Financial Data Visualization Tools:

- Tableau: A powerful and popular data visualization tool that can be used to create a wide variety of interactive dashboards and reports. It has a steep learning curve, but it is a very powerful tool for data exploration and analysis.
- Power BI: A business intelligence platform from Microsoft that is known for its ease of use and its tight integration with other Microsoft products. It is a good choice for businesses that are already using the Microsoft ecosystem.
- Looker: A data visualization tool that is known for its powerful data modeling capabilities. It is a good choice for businesses that need to create complex and customized visualizations.

# 7. Open Source Projects

#### Financial Analysis Platforms:

- OpenBB Terminal: A comprehensive, open-source investment research
  platform that provides a wide range of financial data and analysis tools. It is
  a great example of a well-designed financial analysis platform, and its
  source code can be a valuable learning resource.
- FinanceToolkit: An open-source toolkit for financial analysis that provides a wide range of financial ratios, indicators, and performance measurements.

#### Quantitative Finance Tools:

- awesome-quant: A curated list of quantitative finance libraries, tools, and resources. An excellent starting point for exploring the world of quantitative finance.
- **Zipline:** A Pythonic algorithmic trading library that is used by Quantopian.
- Backtrader: A feature-rich Python framework for backtesting and trading.

## 8. Pre-trained Models

#### Financial Sentiment Analysis:

• FinBERT: A pre-trained language model based on BERT, specifically trained for financial sentiment analysis. It has been shown to achieve state-of-the-art results on financial sentiment analysis tasks, even with limited labeled data. This would be a valuable asset for Phase 2 and 3 of the Finance-Plan project, allowing for the analysis of news articles, social media, and other text-based data to gauge market sentiment.

#### Stock Prediction:

 While there are many pre-trained models available for stock prediction, it is generally recommended to train your own models on your own data. This is because the stock market is constantly changing, and pre-trained models can quickly become outdated.

#### · Company Valuation:

 Similar to stock prediction, it is recommended to build your own company valuation models. This will allow you to tailor the models to your specific needs and to incorporate your own assumptions and insights.

## 9. Datasets

#### · Financial Datasets:

- Quandl: A popular source for financial, economic, and alternative datasets.
   It provides a wide range of free and premium datasets.
- Kaggle: A popular platform for data science competitions that also has a large collection of financial datasets.
- Data.gov: The US government's open data portal, which provides a wide range of financial and economic datasets.

## Company Fundamentals:

• **EDGAR (Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis, and Retrieval) system:** The SEC's database of financial statements and other company filings.

#### · Market Data:

 The financial data APIs listed in section 5 are the best source for market data.

# 10. DevOps & Security

#### Deployment Options:

- AWS (Amazon Web Services): The leading cloud platform, with a wide range of services for deploying and managing applications. It is a good choice for businesses that need a scalable and reliable platform.
- GCP (Google Cloud Platform): A popular cloud platform that is known for its strong data analytics and machine learning capabilities. It is a good choice for businesses that need to build data-intensive applications.
- Recommendation: For the Finance-Plan project, either AWS or GCP would be a good choice. The final decision will depend on the development team's expertise and preferences. AWS has a more mature and comprehensive set of services, while GCP has a stronger focus on data and machine learning.

#### Security Frameworks:

 OWASP (Open Web Application Security Project): A non-profit organization that provides a wealth of resources for web application security. The OWASP Top 10 is a list of the most critical web application security risks, and it is an essential resource for any developer who is building a web application.

# 11. Security Considerations

#### · Best Practices:

- Encrypt data at rest and in transit: All sensitive financial data should be encrypted, both when it is stored in the database and when it is transmitted over the network.
- Implement strong access controls: Access to sensitive financial data should be restricted to authorized users only. The principle of least privilege should be applied, meaning that users should only have access to the data that they need to do their jobs.
- Use a web application firewall (WAF): A WAF can help to protect the application from common web application attacks, such as SQL injection and cross-site scripting.
- Regularly scan for vulnerabilities: The application should be regularly scanned for security vulnerabilities. This can be done using a variety of open-source and commercial tools.
- Keep software up to date: All software, including the operating system, web server, and application framework, should be kept up to date with the latest security patches.