

For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.

Candidate Elimination Algorithm

The Candidate Elimination algorithm is a concept learning algorithm used for inductive learning. Its purpose is to generate a hypothesis of a concept based on a set of training examples. The algorithm maintains two hypotheses: the most specific hypothesis (S) and the most general hypothesis (G). Initially, S is set to the most specific hypothesis, and G is set to the most general hypothesis.

Algorithm Overview

1. Initialization:

- S is initialized as the most specific hypothesis with all attributes set to "null" or "?".
- G is initialized as the most general hypothesis with all attributes set to a wildcard "*" (indicating a match with any value).

2. Iterative Process:

- The algorithm processes each training example one by one.
- For each positive example, S is updated to make it more general to match the positive example.
- For each negative example, G is updated to make it more specific to ensure it doesn't match the negative example.

3. Final Hypotheses:

- After processing all training examples, S represents the most specific concept covering all positive examples, and G represents the most general concept not matching any negative examples.

4. Output:

- The algorithm outputs the final S and G, which can be used for predictions or classification of new examples.

Explanation of the Code

The provided code is an implementation of the Candidate Elimination algorithm for concept learning. Let's break down the code step by step:

Data Import and Preprocessing

The code uses Pandas to read training data from a CSV file and select specific columns for training.

Initialization

- `specific_h` is initialized as the most specific hypothesis with attribute values from the first instance.
- `general_h` is initialized as the most general hypothesis with wildcard values for attributes.

Learning Loop

The code enters a loop to process each instance in the training data.

Positive and Negative Instance Handling

- For each instance, the code checks the target value to determine if it's positive or negative.
- If positive, `specific_h` is updated to be more general, and `general_h` becomes more specific to match the positive instance.
- If negative, `general_h` is updated to avoid matching the negative instance.

Print Hypotheses

The code prints the specific and general hypotheses after processing each instance to visualize hypothesis generation.

Final Hypotheses

After processing all instances, the code refines the general hypothesis by removing unnecessary '?' values.

Output

The final specific and general hypotheses are printed, representing the learned concept boundaries from the training examples.

This code provides a simple implementation of the Candidate Elimination algorithm, showing how hypotheses are updated based on training examples. It's a fundamental concept in machine learning and concept learning.

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

data = pd.read_csv('enjoysport.csv', delimiter=',', usecols=[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6])

print(data)
concepts = np.array(data.iloc[:, 0:-1])
print("\nInstances are:\n", concepts)
target = np.array(data.iloc[:, -1])
print("\nTarget Values are: ", target)

def learn(concepts, target):
    specific_h = concepts[0].copy()
    print("\nInitialization of specific_h and general_h")
    print("\nSpecific Boundary: ", specific_h)
    general_h = [["?" for i in range(len(specific_h))] for i in range(len(specific_h))]
    print("\nGeneric Boundary: ", general_h)

    for i, h in enumerate(concepts):
        print("\nStep", i + 1, ": ", h)
        if target[i] == "Yes":
            print("Instance is Positive ")
            for x in range(len(specific_h)):
                if h[x] != specific_h[x]:
                    specific_h[x] = h[x]
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        specific_h[x] = '?'
        general_h[x][x] = '?'

    if target[i] == "No":
        print("Instance is Negative ")
        for x in range(len(specific_h)):
            if h[x] != specific_h[x]:
                general_h[x][x] = specific_h[x]
            else:
                general_h[x][x] = '?'

        print("Specific Boundary ", specific_h)
        print("Generic Boundary", general_h)
        print("\n")
        indices = [i for i, val in enumerate(general_h) if val == ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
        for i in indices:
            general_h.remove(['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'])
        return specific_h, general_h

s_final, g_final = learn(concepts, target)
print("Final Specific_h: ", s_final, sep="\n")
print("Final General_h: ", g_final, sep="\n")

```

	sky	airtemp	humidity	wind	water	forecast	enjoysport
0	Sunny	Warm	Normal	Strong	Warm	Same	Yes
1	Sunny	Warm	High	Strong	Warm	Same	Yes
2	Rainy	Cold	High	Strong	Warm	Change	No
3	Sunny	Warm	High	Strong	Cool	Change	Yes

Instances are:

```

[['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
['Rainy' 'Cold' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Change']
['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Cool' 'Change']]

```

Target Values are: ['Yes' 'Yes' 'No' 'Yes']

Initialization of specific_h and general_h

Specific Boundary: ['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

Generic Boundary: [['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]

Step 1 : ['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

Instance is Positive

Specific Boundary ['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

Generic Boundary [['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]

```
'?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
```

Step 2 : ['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

Instance is Positive

Specific Boundary ['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

Generic Boundary [['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'],
['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?',
'?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]

Step 3 : ['Rainy' 'Cold' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Change']

Instance is Negative

Specific Boundary ['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

Generic Boundary [['Sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'Warm', '?', '?', '?',
'?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?',
'?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', 'Same']]

Step 4 : ['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Cool' 'Change']

Instance is Positive

Specific Boundary ['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' 'Strong' '?' '?']

Generic Boundary [['Sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'Warm', '?', '?', '?',
'?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?',
'?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]

Final Specific_h:

['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' 'Strong' '?' '?']

Final General_h:

[['Sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'Warm', '?', '?', '?', '?']]