05a. Naive Bayes Classifier - Titanic Dataset

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In [1]: import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
        from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
        from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
In [2]: # Load the dataset
        df = pd.read_csv("titanic.csv")
        df = df[['Survived', 'Pclass', 'Age', 'SibSp', 'Parch', 'Fare', 'Embarked']]
In [3]: # Handle missing values
        df['Age'].fillna(df['Age'].median(), inplace=True)
        df['Fare'] fillna(df['Fare'] median(), inplace=True)
        df = df.drop(["Embarked"], axis = 1)
        df.head()
Out[3]:
           Survived Pclass Age SibSp Parch
         0
                0
                      3 22.0
                                        7.2500
         1
                1
                      1 38.0
                                1
                                      0 71.2833
         2
                1
                      3 26.0
                                0
                                      0 7.9250
         3
                1
                      1 35.0
                                1
                                     0 53.1000
         4
                0
                      3 35.0
                                0
                                     0 8.0500
In [4]: # Split the data into train and test sets
        X = df.drop('Survived', axis=1)
        y = df['Survived']
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_s
In [5]: # Initialize and fit the Gaussian Naive Bayes classifier
        classifier = GaussianNB()
        classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out [5]:
         ▼ GaussianNB
         GaussianNB()
In [6]: # Make predictions on the test set
        y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
In [7]: # Evaluate the model
        cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
        print("Confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
        accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
        print("Accuracy:", accuracy)
        Confusion Matrix:
         [[88 17]
         [36 38]]
        Accuracy: 0.7039106145251397
```