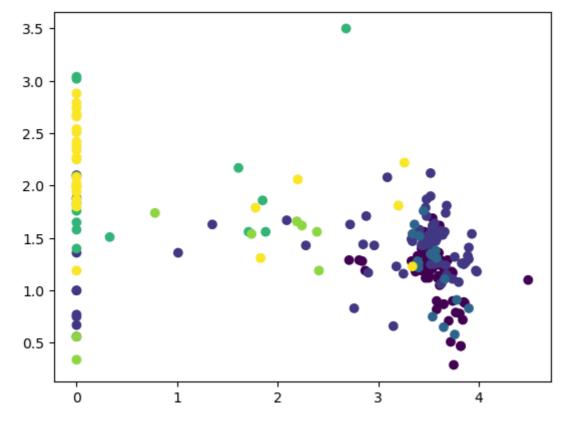
KNN with Glass Dataset

predictions=clf.predict(X_test)

```
In [1]:
        import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv("./glass.csv")
        df.head()
               RI
                               ΑI
                                     Si
Out[2]:
                    Na
                         Mg
                                          K
                                              Ca
                                                 Ba
                                                      Fe Type
         0 1.52101 13.64 4.49 1.10 71.78 0.06 8.75 0.0
                                                      0.0
                                                             1
         1 1.51761 13.89 3.60 1.36
                                  72.73 0.48
                                             7.83 0.0
                                                      0.0
                                                             1
         2 1.51618 13.53 3.55 1.54 72.99 0.39 7.78 0.0
                                                      0.0
                                                             1
         3 1.51766 13.21 3.69 1.29
                                 72.61 0.57 8.22 0.0
                                                      0.0
                                                             1
        4 1.51742 13.27 3.62 1.24 73.08 0.55 8.07 0.0 0.0
                                                             1
        #Euclidean Distance
In [3]:
        def ec(x1,x2):
             return np.sqrt(np.sum((x1-x2)**2))
        from collections import Counter
In [4]:
         class KNN:
             def __init__(self,k=3):
                 self.k=k
             def fit(self,X,y):
                 self.X_train=X
                 self.y_train=y
             def predict(self,X):
                 predictions=[self._predict(x) for x in X]
                 return predictions
             def _predict(self,x):
                 #Compute distance from one given point to all the points in X_train
                 distances=[ec(x1=x,x2=x_train) for x_train in self.X_train]
                 #Get k closest indices and labels
                 k_indices=np.argsort(distances)[:self.k]
                 k_labels=[self.y_train[i] for i in k_indices]
                 #Get most common class label
                 co=Counter(k_labels).most_common()
                 return co[0][0]
In [5]:
        #Split Data
        X=df.drop("Type",axis=1).values
        y=df['Type'].values
        X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test=train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=40)
In [6]: #Fit Model
         clf=KNN(k=3)
         clf.fit(X_train,Y_train)
```

```
print(predictions)
plt.scatter(X[:,2],X[:,3],c=y)
plt.show()
```

[2, 1, 6, 5, 5, 3, 2, 2, 7, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 7, 3, 1, 1, 1, 2, 5, 6, 1, 2, 1, 5, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 6, 2, 1, 1, 2, 3, 2, 2, 6, 3, 2, 7, 1, 1, 3, 1, 2, 2, 1, 3, 7, 2, 1, 3, 1, 7, 1, 2, 2]



In [7]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
 print(accuracy_score(y_pred=predictions,y_true=Y_test))

0.6307692307692307