## 20MCA241 DATA SCIENCE LAB

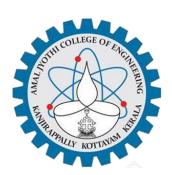
Lab Report SubmittedBy

#### **ADARSH S**

**Reg. No.: AJC20MCA-2003** 

*In Partial fulfillment for the Award of the Degree Of* 

# MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS (2 Year) (MCA) APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY



# AMAL JYOTHI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING KANJIRAPPALLY

[Affiliated to APJ Abdul Kalam Technological University, Kerala. Approved by AICTE, Accredited by NAAC with 'A' grade. Koovappally, Kanjirappally, Kottayam, Kerala – 686518]

2020-2022

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

# AMAL JYOTHI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING KANJIRAPPALLY



#### **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Lab report, "20MCA241 DATA SCIENCE LAB" is the bonafide work of ADARSH S (Reg.No:AJC20MCA-2003) in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the Degree of Master of Computer Applications under APJ Abdul Kalam Technological University during the year 2021-22.

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Date:24/11/2021

#### PROGRAM NO:01

AIM: Perform all matrix operation using python.

```
import numpy as np
import random
def PrintMatrix(matrix_in):
  for x in range(0, matrix_in.shape[0]):
     for y in range(0, matrix_in.shape[1]):
       print("%d \t" % (matrix_in[x][y]), end=")
       if (y \% 3 > 1):
          print("\n")
def FillMatrix(matrix_in):
  for x in range(0, matrix_in.shape[0]):
     for y in range(0, matrix_in.shape[1]):
       matrix in[x][y] = random.randrange(2, 10) + 2
matrix1 = np.ndarray((3,3))
matrix2 = np.ndarray((3,3))
FillMatrix(matrix1)
FillMatrix(matrix2)
add_results = np.add(matrix1,matrix2)
sub_results=np.subtract(matrix1,matrix2)
mult_results=np.multiply(matrix1,matrix2)
div_results=np.divide(matrix1,matrix2)
dot_results=np.dot(matrix1,matrix2)
sqrt1_results=np.sqrt(matrix1)
sqrt2_results=np.sqrt(matrix2)
trans_results=add_results.T
print("Matrix1:")
PrintMatrix(matrix1)
print("Matrix2:")
PrintMatrix(matrix2)
print("Adding")
```

PrintMatrix(add\_results)

print("Subtraction")

PrintMatrix(sub\_results)

print("Multiplication")

PrintMatrix(mult\_results)

print("Dot Operation")

PrintMatrix(dot\_results)

print("squareroot Operation")

print("matrix 1")

PrintMatrix(sqrt1\_results)

print("matrix 2")

PrintMatrix(sqrt2\_results)

print("Transpose")

PrintMatrix(trans\_results)

#### **OUTPUT**

#### Matrix1:

4 4 11

6 4 6

9 11 5

#### Matrix2:

8 10 10

11 9 8

8 11 10

#### Adding

12 14 21

17 13 14

17 22 15

#### Subtraction

-4 -6 1

-5 -5 -2

1 0 -5

#### Multiplication

32 40 110

66 36 48

72 121 50

**Dot Operation** 

164 197 182

140 162 152

233 244 228

#### Squareroot Operation matrix 1

2 2 3

2 2 2

3 3 2

matrix 2

2 3 3

3 3 2 2 3 3

Transpose

12 17 17

14 13 22

21 14 15

Process finished with exit code 0

Date: 20/12/2021

#### PROGRAM NO: 02

AIM: Program to perform SVD (Singular value Decomposition) using Python.

#### **PROGRAM CODE**

```
from scipy. linalg import svd
from numpy import array
A = ([[1,2,5], [2,0,1], [1,4,4]])
print(A)
X, B, T = svd(A)
print("decomposition")
print(X)
print("inverse")
print(B)
print("transpose")
print(T)
```

```
[[1, 2, 5], [2, 0, 1], [1, 4, 4]]
decomposition
[[-0.68168247 -0.26872313 -0.68051223]
[-0.15885378 -0.85356116  0.49618427]
[-0.71419499  0.44634205  0.53916999]]
inverse
[7.87492  2.01650097  1.38540929]
transpose
[[-0.21760031 -0.53589686 -0.81576017]
[-0.75849376  0.61885512 -0.20421939]
[ 0.61427789  0.5743108 -0.54113749]]
Process finished with exit code 0
```

PROGRAM NO: 03 Date: 20/12/2021

AIM :Program to implement k-NN Classification using any standard dataset available in the public domain and find the accuracy of the algorithm using in build function.

#### **PROGRAM CODE**

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
iris = load_iris()
x=iris.data
y=iris.target
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=42)
knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=7)
knn.fit(x_train,y_train)
print(knn.predict(x_test))
V=knn.predict(x_test)
result=accuracy_score (y_test, V)
print ("accuracy:", result)
```

#### **OUTPUT**

 $[1\ 0\ 2\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 2\ 2\ 1\ 2\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 2\ 1\ 1\ 2\ 0\ 2\ 0\ 2\ 2\ 2\ 2\ 2\ 0\ 0]$ 

accuracy: 0.9666666666666667

Process finished with exit code 0

Date: 20/12/2021

#### PROGRAM NO: 03

AIM: Program to implement k-NN Classification using any random dataset without using inbuild functions.

```
from math import sqrt
def euclidean distance(row1, row2):
  distance = 0.0
  for i in range(len(row1) - 1):
     distance += (row1[i] - row2[i]) ** 2
  return sqrt(distance)
# Locate the most similar neighbors
def get_neighbors(train, test_row, num_neighbors):
  distances = list()
  for train_row in train:
     dist = euclidean_distance(test_row, train_row)
     distances.append((train_row, dist))
  distances.sort(key=lambda tup: tup[1])
  neighbors = list()
  for i in range(num_neighbors):
     neighbors.append(distances[i][0])
  return neighbors
# Make a classification prediction with neighbors
def predict_classification(train, test_row, num_neighbors):
  neighbors = get_neighbors(train, test_row, num_neighbors)
  output_values = [row[-1] for row in neighbors]
  prediction = max(set(output_values), key=output_values.count)
  return prediction
# Test distance function
dataset = [[2.781, 2.550, 0],
      [1.465, 2.326,3],
       [3.398, 4.429,5],
```

```
[1.388, 1.857,11],
[3.064, 3.393,3],
[7.624, 2.235,4],
[5.338, 2.775,8]]

prediction = predict_classification(dataset, dataset[0], 3)

print('Expected %d, Got %d.' % (dataset[0][-1], prediction))
```

Expected 2, Got 3.

Process finished with exit code 0

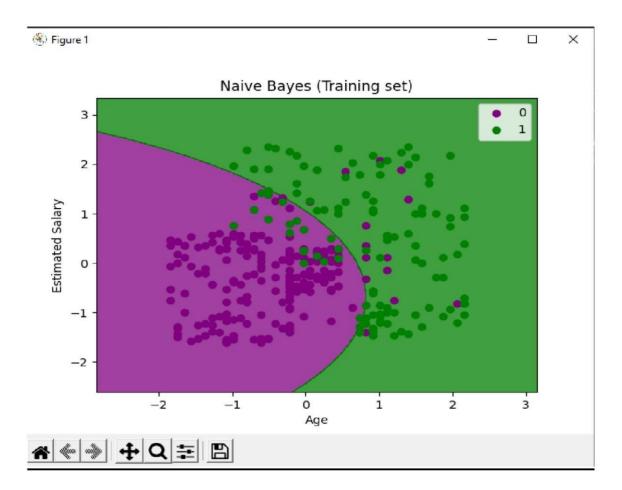
Date:08/12/2021

#### PROGRAM NO: 05

AIM: Program to implement Naïve Bayes Algorithm using any standard dataset available in the public domain and find the accuracy of the algorithm.

```
import pandas as pd
dataset = pd.read_csv('Social_Network_Ads.csv')
x = dataset.iloc[:, [2,3]].values
y = dataset.iloc[:,-1].values
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=10)
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
x train = sc.fit transform(x train)
x_{test} = sc.transform(x_{test})
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(x_train, y_train)
y_pred = gnb.predict(x_test)
print(y_pred)
from sklearn import metrics
print("Accuracy", metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred) * 100)
import numpy as nm
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
x_set, y_set = x_train, y_train
X1, X2 = nm.meshgrid(nm.arange(start = x_set[:, 0].min() - 1, stop = x_set[:, 0].max() + 1, step =
0.01),
 nm.arange(start = x_set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = x_set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
mtp.contourf(X1, X2, gnb.predict(nm.array([X1.ravel(), X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape),
alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('purple', 'green')))
mtp.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
mtp.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
```

```
for i, j in enumerate(nm.unique(y_set)):
 mtp.scatter(x_set[y_set == j, 0], x_set[y_set == j, 1],
c = ListedColormap(('purple', 'green'))(i), label = j)
mtp.title('Naive Bayes (Training set)')
mtp.xlabel('Age')
mtp.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
mtp.legend()
mtp.show()
x_set, y_set = x_test, y_test
X1, X2 = nm.meshgrid(nm.arange(start = x_set[:, 0].min() - 1, stop = x_set[:, 0].max() + 1, step =
0.01),
nm.arange(start = x_set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = x_set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
mtp.contourf(X1, X2, gnb.predict(nm.array([X1.ravel(), X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape),
alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('purple', 'green')))
mtp.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
mtp.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
for i, j in enumerate(nm.unique(y_set)):
mtp.scatter(x_set[y_set == j, 0], x_set[y_set == j, 1],
c = ListedColormap(('purple', 'green'))(i), label = j)
mtp.title('Naive Bayes (test set)')
mtp.xlabel('Age')
mtp.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
mtp.legend()
mtp.show()
```



Accuracy 91.25

Date:15/01/2021

#### **PROGRAM NO: 06**

AIM: Program to implement linear and multiple regression techniques using any standard dataset available in the public domain.

#### **PROGRAM CODE**

```
import numpy as np
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
x = np.array([2,6,7,8]).reshape((-1,1))
y = np.array([16,7,8,9])
model = LinearRegression()
model.fit(x,y)
r_sq = model.score(x,y)
print("Score: ",r_sq)
print("Intercept: ",model.intercept_)
print("Slope: ",model.coef_)
y_pred = model.predict(x)
print("Y-prediction : ",y_pred)
```

#### **OUTPUT**

Score: 0.7556626506024098

Intercept: 17.759036144578314

Slope: [-1.34939759]

Y-prediction: [15.06024096 9.6626506 8.31325301 6.96385542]

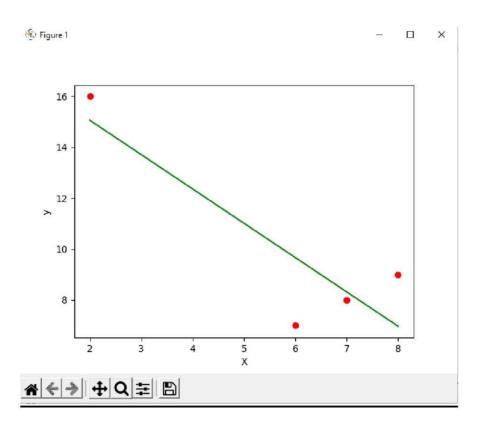
Process finished with exit code 0

Date :15/01/2021

#### **PROGRAM NO: 06**

AIM: Program to implement Linear and Multiple regression techniques using any standard dataset available in public domain and evaluate its performance.

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = np.array([2,6,7,8])
y = np.array([16,7,8,9])
n = np.size(x)
n_x = np.mean(x)
n_y = np.mean(y)
SS_xy = np.sum(y*x)-n* n_y*n_x
SS_x = np.sum(x*x)-n*n_x*n_x
b_1 = SS xy/SS xx
b_0 = n_y - b_1 * n_x
y_pred = b_1 * x + b_0
print(y_pred)
plt.scatter(x, y, color='red')
plt.plot(x, y_pred, color='green')
plt.xlabel('X')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.show()
```



 $[15.06024096 \ 9.6626506 \ 8.31325301 \ 6.96385542]$ 

Date:15/01/2021

#### PROGRAM NO: 08

AIM: Program to implement Linear and Multiple regression techniques using cars dataset available in public domain and evaluate its performance

#### **PROGRAM CODE**

```
import pandas
from sklearn import linear_model

df = pandas.read_csv("cars.csv")

X = df[['Weight', 'Volume']]

y = df['CO2']

regr = linear_model.LinearRegression()

regr.fit(X, y)

#predict the CO2

predictedCO2 = regr.predict([[2300, 1300]])

print(predictedCO2)
```

#### **OUTPUT**

[107.2087328]

Process finished with exit code 0

Date :15/01/2021

#### PROGRAM NO: 09

AIM: Program to implement multiple linear regression techniques using Boston dataset available in the public domain and evaluate its performance and plotting graph.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from sklearn import datasets, linear_model, metrics
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
boston = datasets.load_boston(return_X_y=False)
X = boston.data
y = boston.target
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.4,random_state=1)
reg = linear_model.LinearRegression()
reg.fit(X_train, y_train)
V=reg.predict(X_test)
result=r2_score(y_test, V)
print("accuracy :", result)
print('Coefficients: ', reg.coef_)
print('Variance score:{}'.format(reg.score(X_test, y_test)))
```

accuracy: 0.7209056672661767

Coefficients: [-8.95714048e-02 6.73132853e-02 5.04649248e-02 2.18579583e+00

 $-1.72053975e+01\ 3.63606995e+00\ 2.05579939e-03\ -1.36602886e+00$ 

2.89576718e-01 -1.22700072e-02 -8.34881849e-01 9.40360790e-03

-5.04008320e-01]

Variance score: 0.720905667266176

Process finished with exit code 0

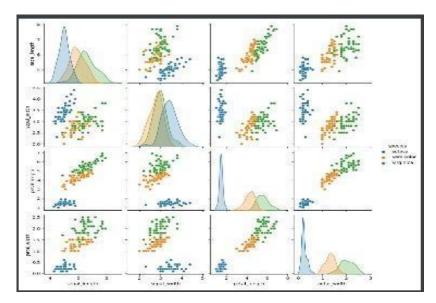
Date:15/01/2021

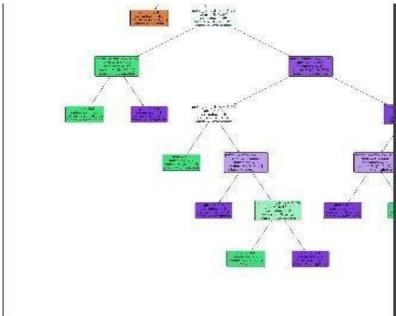
#### PROGRAM NO: 10

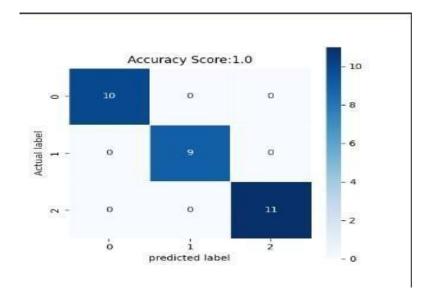
AIM: Program to implement decision tree using any standard dataset available in the public domain and find the accuracy of the algorithm

```
Import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
df=sns.load_dataset('iris')
print(df.head())
print(df.info())
df.isnull().any()
print(df.shape)
sns.pairplot(data=df, hue ='species')
plt.savefig("pne.png")
sns.heatmap(df.corr())
plt.savefig("next.png")
target =df['species']
df1 = df.copy()
df1 = df1.drop('species', axis=1)
print(df1.shape)
print(df1.head())
x=df1
print(target)
le = LabelEncoder()
target = le.fit_transform(target)
```

```
print(target)
y= target
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state= 42)
print("training split input" , x_train.shape)
print("test split input",x_test.shape)
dtree=DecisionTreeClassifier()
dtree.fit(x_train, y_train)
print("decision tree classifer created")
y_pred = dtree.predict(x_test)
print("classification report-\n",classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
sns.heatmap(data=cm,linewidths=.5,annot=True,square=True,cmap='Blues')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.xlabel('predicted label')
all_sample_title = 'Accuracy Score: {0}'.format(dtree.score(x_test,y_test))
plt.title(all_sample_title,size=12)
plt.savefig("two.png")
plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
dec_tree=plot_tree(decision_tree=dtree,feature_names=df1.columns,class_names=["setosa","vercic
olor", "verginica"], filled=True, precision=4, rounded=True)
plt.savefig("three.png")
```







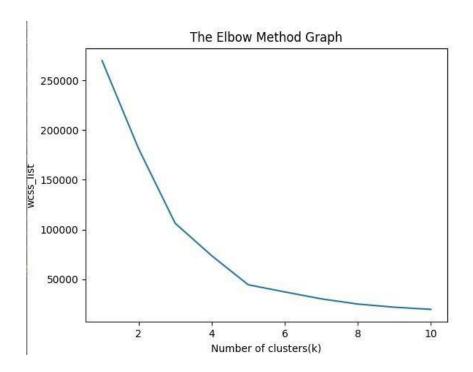
Date:05/01/2022

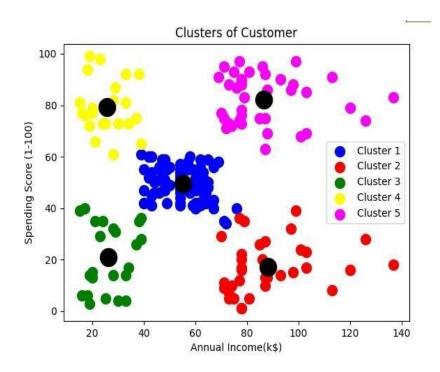
#### PROGRAM NO: 11

AIM: Program to implement K-Means clustering technique using any standard dataset available in the public domain

```
import numpy as nm
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp
import pandas as pd
dataset=pd.read_csv('Mall_Customers.csv')
x=dataset.iloc[:,[3,4]].values
print(x)
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss_list=[]
for i in range(1,11):
  kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=i,init='k-means++',random_state=42)
  kmeans.fit(x)
  wcss_list.append(kmeans.inertia_)
mtp.plot(range(1,11), wcss_list)
mtp.title('The Elbow Method Graph')
mtp.xlabel('Number of clusters(k)')
mtp.ylabel('wcss_list')
mtp.show()
```

```
kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=5,init='k-means++',random_state=42)
y_predict=kmeans.fit_predict(x)
print('predict=',y_predict)
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict==0,0],x[y_predict==0,1],s=100,c='blue',label='Cluster 1')
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict==1,0],x[y_predict==1,1],s=100,c='red',label='Cluster 2')
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict==2,0],x[y_predict==2,1],s=100,c='green',label='Cluster 3')
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict==3,0],x[y_predict==3,1],s=100,c='yellow',label='Cluster 4')
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict==4,0],x[y_predict==4,1],s=100,c='magenta',label='Cluster 5')
mtp.scatter(kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,0],kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,1],s=300,c='black')
mtp.title('Clusters of Customer')
mtp.xlabel('Annual Income(k$)')
mtp.ylabel('Spending Score (1-100)')
mtp.legend();
mtp.show()
```





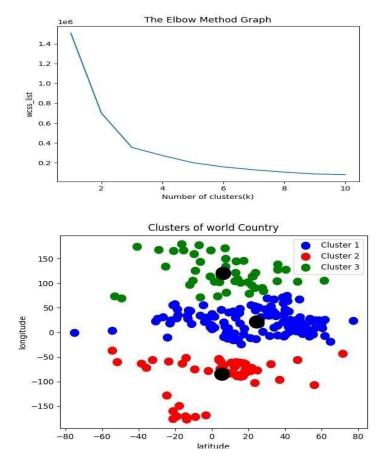
Date:05/01/2022

#### PROGRAM NO:12

AIM: Program to implement K-Means clustering technique using any standard dataset available in the public domain.

```
import numpy as nm
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp
import pandas as pd
dataset=pd.read_csv('world_country_and_usa_states_latitude_and_longitude_values.csv')
x=dataset.iloc[:,[1,2]].values
print(x)
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss_list=[]
for i in range(1,11):
  kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=i,init='k-means++',random_state=42)
  kmeans.fit(x)
  wcss_list.append(kmeans.inertia_)
mtp.plot(range(1,11), wcss_list)
mtp.title('The Elbow Method Graph')
mtp.xlabel('Number of clusters(k)')
mtp.ylabel('wcss_list')
mtp.show()
kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=3,init='k-means++',random_state=42)
y_predict=kmeans.fit_predict(x)
print('predict=',y_predict)
```

mtp.scatter(x[y\_predict==0,0],x[y\_predict==0,1],s=100,c='blue',label='Cluster 1')
mtp.scatter(x[y\_predict==1,0],x[y\_predict==1,1],s=100,c='red',label='Cluster 2')
mtp.scatter(x[y\_predict==2,0],x[y\_predict==2,1],s=100,c='green',label='Cluster 3')
mtp.scatter(kmeans.cluster\_centers\_[:,0],kmeans.cluster\_centers\_[:,1],s=300,c='black')
mtp.title('Clusters of world Country')
mtp.xlabel('latitude')
mtp.ylabel('longitude')
mtp.legend();
mtp.show()



Date:05/02/2022

#### PROGRAM NO: 13

AIM: Programs on convolutional neural network to classify images from any standard dataset in the public domain.

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
np.random.seed(42)
# tf.set.random. seed(42)
fashion_mnist = keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
(X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = fashion_mnist.load_data()
print(X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
X_{train} = X_{train} / 255.0
X_{test} = X_{test} / 255.0
plt.imshow(X_train[1], cmap='binary')
plt.show()
np.unique(y_test)
class_names = ['T-Shirt/Top', 'Trouser', 'Pullover', 'Dress', 'Coat', 'Sandal', 'Shirt', 'Sneaker',
'8ag', 'Ankle Boot']
n_rows = 5
n_{cols} = 10
plt.figure(figsize=(n_cols * 1.4, n_rows * 1.6))
```

```
for row in range(n_rows):
  for col in range(n_cols):
    index = n_cols * row + col
    plt.subplot(n_rows, n_cols, index + 1)
    plt.imshow(X_train[index], cmap='binary', interpolation='nearest')
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.title(class_names[y_train[index]])
plt.show()
model_CNN = keras.models.Sequential()
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=7, padding='same',
activation='relu', input_shape=[28, 28, 1]))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, padding='same',
activation='relu'))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, padding='same',
activation='relu'))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2))
model_CNN.summary()
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Flatten())
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=128, activation='relu'))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=10, activation='softmax'))
model_CNN.summary()
```

```
model_CNN.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])

X_train = X_train[..., np.newaxis]

X_test = X_test[..., np.newaxis]

history_CNN = model_CNN.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=2, validation_split=0.1)

pd.DataFrame(history_CNN.history).plot()

plt.grid(True)

plt.xlabel('epochs')

plt.ylabel('loss/accuracy')

plt.title('Training and validation plot')

plt.show()

test_loss, test_accuracy = model_CNN.evaluate(X_test, y_test)

print(' Test Loss :{}, Test Accuracy : {}'.format(test_loss, test_accuracy))
```

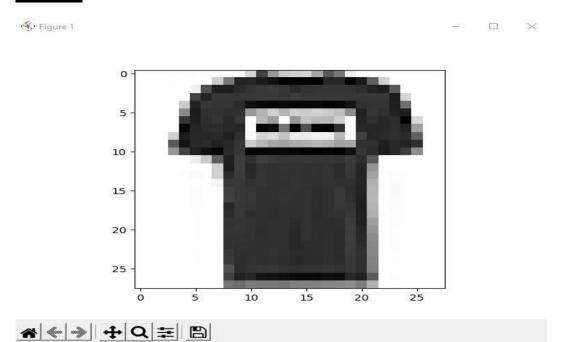
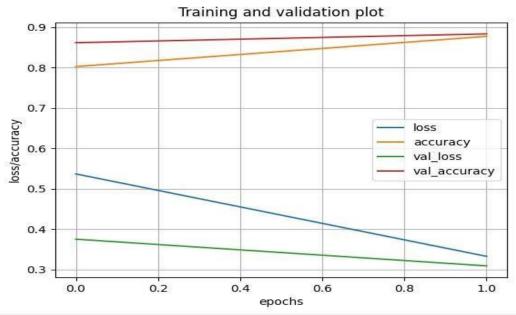


Figure 1 — 🗆 X







### # ← → 4 Q = B

#### PROGRAM NO: 14

AIM: Program to implement a simple web crawler using python.

```
import requests
import lxml
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
#import beautifulsoup4
url = "https://www.rottentomatoes.com/top/bestofrt/"
headers = { 'User-Agents' : 'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36
(KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/63.0.3239.132 Safari/537.36 QIHU 36OSE'}
f = requests.get(url, headers = headers)
movies_list = []
soup = BeautifulSoup(f.content, 'html.parser')
movies = soup.find('table', {'class' : 'table'}) .find_all('a')
print(movies)
num = 0
for anchor in movies:
       urls = 'https://www.rottentomatoes.com' + anchor['href']
  movies_list.append(urls)
print(movies_list)
num +=1
movie_url=urls
#movie_url=movies_lst
movie_f=requests.get(movie_url,headers=headers)
```

```
movie_soup=BeautifulSoup(movie_f.content,'lxml')
movie_content=movie_soup.find('div',{
    'class':'movie_synopsis clamp clamp-6 js-clamp'
})
print(num,urls,'\n','Movie:' + anchor.string.strip())
print('Movie info:' + movie_content.string.strip())
```

#### PROGRAM NO: 15

AIM: Program to implement a simple web crawler using python.

#### **PROGRAM CODE**

```
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import requests
pages_crawled =[]
def crawler(url):
        page =requests.get(url)
  soup=BeautifulSoup(page.text,'html.parser')
  links=soup.find_all('a')
        for link in links:
        if 'href' in link.attrs:
        if link['href'].startswith('/wiki') and ':' not in link['href']:
        if link['href'] not in pages_crawled:
             new_link = f"https://en.wikipedia.org{link['href']}"
             pages_crawled.append(link['href'])
             try:
               with open('data.csv','a') as file:
                     file.write(f'{soup.title.text}:{link["href"]}\n')
                  crawler(new link)
             except:
               continue
```

crawler('https://en.wikipedia.org')

```
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia |
                                      Mane; /wiki/Wikipedia
                                                                                                   Reader Mode
                                        me: /wiki/Free_cantent
                                         o; /wiki/Encyclopedia
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia
                                       Page; /wiki/English_language
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia: Ha
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; Main
                                       Page: /wiki/SS_Choctam
                                       Page; /wiki/Cargo_ship
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; H
                                      Page; /wiki/Great_Lakes
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; Hair
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia: Ha
                                        ade; /wiki/Lake_freighter
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; Hmin
                                      Puge; /wiki/Alexander_McDougall_(ship_designer)
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; Wein Page; /wiki/American_Ship_Building_Company
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; Hear
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; )
                                         www./wiki/Michigan
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia: !
                                        wiki/Detroit
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                          /wiki/Escanaba,_Michigan
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; Main
                                          /wiki/Harquette,_Michigan
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; |
                                         wiki/Glossary_of_nautical_terms#upbound
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; Main
                                          e; /wiki/Iron_ore
                                         on; /wiki/Lake_Huron
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; |
                                      Page; /wiki/New_Presque_Isle_Light
                                         um: /wiki/Glossarv_of_nautical_terms#canaller
Nikipedia, the free encyclopedia: |
```

#### PROGRAM NO: 16

AIM: Program to implement scrap of any website.

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import csv
URL = "http://www.values.com/inspirational-quotes"
r = requests.get(URL)
print(r.content)
soup = BeautifulSoup(r.content, 'lxml')
print(soup.prettify())
quotes = []
table = soup.find('div', attrs={'id': 'all_quotes'})
for row in table.findAll('div',
                attrs={'class': 'col-6 col-lg-3 text-center margin-30px-bottom sm-margin-30px-
top'}):
       quote = {}
       quote['theme'] = row.h5.text
       quote['url'] = row.a['href']
       quote['img'] = row.img['src']
       quote['lines'] = row.img['alt'].split(" #")[0]
       quote['author'] = row.img['alt'].split(" #")[1]
       quotes.append(quote)
```

```
filename = 'inspirational_quotes.csv'

with open(filename, 'w', newline=") as f:

w = csv.DictWriter(f, ['theme', 'url', 'img', 'lines', 'author'])

w.writeheader()

for quote in quotes:

w.writerow(quote)
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemce\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\pythonProject\py
```

#### PROGRAM NO: 17

AIM: Program for Natural Language Processing which performs n-grams.

#### **PROGRAM CODE**

```
def generate_ngrams(text, WordsToCombine):
    words = text.split()
    output = []
    for i in range(len(words) - WordsToCombine + 1):
        output.append(words[i:i+1 + WordsToCombine])
        return output

x=generate_ngrams(text='understanding is an art, not everyone is an artist',
WordsToCombine=3)

print(x)
```

```
C:\Users\mca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\mca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject1/ngram.py
[['understanding', 'is', 'an', 'art,']]

Process finished with exit code 0
```

#### PROGRAM NO: 18

AIM: Program for Natural Language Processing which performs n-grams (Using in built functions).

#### **PROGRAM CODE**

```
import nltk
nltk.download('punkt')
from nltk.util import ngrams
sampleText='this is a very good book to study'
NGRAMS=ngrams(sequence=nltk.word_tokenize(sampleText),n=2)
for grams in NGRAMS:
    print(grams)
```

```
prgram1 x

C:\Users\mca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\mca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject1/ngram1.py
showing info https://raw.githubusercontent.com/nltk/nltk_data/qh-pages/index.xml

('this', 'is')

('is', 'a')

('a', 'very')

('very', 'good')

('good', 'book')

('book', 'to')

('to', 'read')

Process finished with exit code 0

|
```

#### PROGRAM NO:19

AIM: Program for Natural Language Processing which performs speech tagging.

```
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize, sent_tokenize
stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
txt = "Sukanya, Rajib and Naba are my good friends." \
    "Sukanya is getting married next year. "\
    "Marriage is a big step in one's life." \
    "It is both exciting and frightening. "\
    "But friendship is a sacred bond between people." \
    "It is a special kind of love between us. " \
    "Many of you must have tried searching for a friend "\
    "but never found the right one."
tokenized = sent_tokenize(txt)
for i in tokenized:
  wordsList = nltk.word_tokenize(i)
  wordsList = [w for w in wordsList if not w in stop_words]
  tagged = nltk.pos_tag(wordsList)
  print(tagged)
```

```
C:\Users\mca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:/Users/mca/PycharmProjects/pythonProject1/nlp.py

[('Sukanya', 'NNP'), (',', ','), ('Rajib', 'NNP'), ('NNP'), ('good', 'JJ'), ('friends', 'NNS'), ('.', '.')]

[('Sukanya', 'NNP'), ('getting', 'VBG'), ('married', 'VBN'), ('next', 'JJ'), ('year', 'NN'), ('.', '.')]

[('Marriage', 'NN'), ('big', 'JJ'), ('step', 'NN'), ('one', 'CD'), (''', 'NN'), ('life.It', 'NN'), ('exciting', 'VBG'), ('frightening', 'NN'), ('.', '.')]

[('But', 'CC'), ('friendship', 'NN'), ('sacred', 'VBD'), ('bond', 'NN'), ('people.It', 'NN'), ('special', 'JJ'), ('kind', 'NN'), ('love', 'VB'), ('us', 'PI'), ('Many', 'JJ'), ('must', 'MD'), ('tried', 'VB'), ('searching', 'VBG'), ('friend', 'NN'), ('never', 'RB'), ('found', 'VBD'), ('right', 'JJ'), ('one', 'CD')

Process finished with exit code 0
```

#### PROGRAM NO : 20 Date :23/02/2022

# AIM : Python program which performs Natural language processing which perform Chunking.

#### **PROGRAM CODE**

```
import nltk

new="The big cat ate the little mouse who was after the fresh cheese"

new_tokens=nltk.word_tokenize(new)

print(new_tokens)

new_tag=nltk.pos_tag(new_tokens)

print(new_tag)

grammer=r"NP: {<DT>?<JJ>*<NN>}"

chunkParser=nltk.RegexpParser(grammer)

chunked=chunkParser.parse(new_tag)

print(chunked)

chunked.draw()
```

```
C:\Users\mca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\mca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject1/chunking.py

['The', 'big', 'cat', 'ate', 'the', 'little', 'mouse', 'who', 'was', 'after', 'the', 'fresh', 'cheese']

[('The', 'DT'), ('big', 'JJ'), ('cat', 'NN'), ('ate', 'VBD'), ('the', 'DT'), ('little', 'JJ'), ('mouse', 'NN'), ('who', 'WP'), ('was', 'VBD'), ('after', 'I (S))

((NP The/DT big/JJ cat/NN)

ate/VBD

((NP the/DT little/JJ mouse/NN)

who/WP

was/VBD

after/IN

((NP the/DT fresh/JJ cheese/NN))
```



Date:23/02/2022

#### PROGRAMNO:21

**AIM**: Python program which performs Natural language processing which perform Chunking.

#### **PROGRAM CODE**

```
import nltk

sample_text="""

Rama killed Ravana to save Sita from Lanka. The Legend of Ramayana is the most popular indian epic. A lot movies

and serials have alredy been shot in several languages here in India based on Ramayana."""

tokenized=nltk.sent_tokenize(sample_text)

for i in tokenized:

words=nltk.wordpunct_tokenize(i)

tagged_words=nltk.pos_tag(words)

chunkGram=r""VB: {}"""

chunkParser=nltk.RegexpParser(chunkGram)

chunked=chunkParser.parse(tagged_words)

print(chunked)

chunked.draw()
```

```
C:\Users\Adarsh\PycharmProjects\MyProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:/Users/Adarsh/PycharmProjects/MyProject/Datascience/chunking.py
(S
Rama/NNP
killed/VBD
Ravana/NNP
to/T0
save/VB
Sita/NNP
from/IN
Lanka/NNP
./
The/DT
Legend/NNP
of/IN
Ramayana/NNP
is/VBZ
the/DT
most/RBS
popular/JJ
indian/JJ
epic/NN
./.
A/DT
lot/NN
movies/NNS
ana/CC
```

