

# CIVILITY: Cloud based Interactive Visualization of Tractography Brain Connectome

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## ABSTRACT

We propose a new tool named Cloud based Interactive Visualization of Tractography Brain Connectome (CIVILITY) which is an interactive visualization tool of brain connectome in the web. CIVILITY is a web application and has mainly 2 components.

- CIVILITY-visualization ; front end of the application. This is a circle plot of the brain connectivity using the method of visualization : Hierarchical Edge Bundling. The graphic visualization of the brain connectivity is generated using Data Driven Documents (D3.js) \*.

- CIVILITY-tractography ; analysis pipeline. The analysis of the brain connectome is computed with a probabilistic tractography method (FSL tools : `betpostx` and `probtrackx2`) using surfaces as seeds. Seeds surfaces are created with the `ExtractLabelSurfaces`<sup>†</sup>.

CIVILITY performs the brain connectivity analysis in remote computing grids where the CIVILITY-tractography pipeline is deployed. CIVILITY uses `clusterpost`<sup>‡</sup> to submit the jobs to the computing grid. Clusterpost is a server application providing a REST api to submit jobs in remote computing grids using. Data transfer, job execution and monitoring are all handled by clusterpost. The front end of CIVILITY submits tasks to clusterpost and retrieves results when they are finished. This work is motivated by medical applications in which brain connectivities need to be computed automatically and analyzed easily.

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**Keywords:** Tractography, connectivity, diffusion tensor imaging, atlas, visualization, brain connectome, open source software, cloud

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Tractography has found many applications over the past decade. Some applications include neurosurgical planning; assessment and study of neurological diseases such as multiple sclerosis or schizophrenia; and post-surgical validation. However the analyze of the connectivity matrix is not intuitive and easy to interpret. That's why this application offers to researchers an interactive web interface to show the connectivity clearly according to some parameters.

In this paper, we present CIVILITY, an open source web application hosted in a cloud. This tool offer to researchers the possibility to launch an unique tractography script and the visualize the brain connectome interactively. Each user is identifying by an user account associated with privileges and can access to his results from anywhere in the cloud. The tractography pipeline uses the probabilistic method of tractography<sup>§</sup> using surfaces as seeds (FSL tools : `betpostx` and `probtrackx`). The tractography pipeline is executed on the

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\*<https://github.com/d3/d3>

<sup>†</sup><https://github.com/NIRALUser/ExtractLabelSurfaces>

<sup>‡</sup><https://github.com/NIRALUser/clusterpost>

<sup>§</sup>describe all possible trajectories

computing grid and once is finished results are retrieved and brain connectome visualization is available. The graphic visualization of the brain connectome is generated using Data Driven Documents (D3.js) and more precisely the method Hierarchical Edge Bundling. This is a circle plotting representing the brain connectivity. All links can be threshold between two values, their shape can also be modified for an easier visualization. This tool is submitted at the SPIE Medical Imaging 2016 conference in the category Image processing and we seek to enable further clinical and research applications of tractography.

In summary, CIVILITY performs tractography by sending jobs in remote computing grid using the tool clusterpost. Once the tractography is finished, results are retrieved and the brain connectome is visualized interactively. Results and visualization are accessible from any system in the cloud. In order to validate this pipeline, we applied the tractography pipeline to a dataset and retrieves results for analyzing the brain connectome through the visualization tool.

The following section explains in detail the methods used in CIVILITY.

## 2. METHODS

This section explains in details the two components of CIVILITY : tractography and visualization.

### 2.1 Tractography

The tractography is the computation of the brain connectivity. First, the form to complete for launch a tractography job will be describe. Then, the tractography pipeline is explained in details.

#### 2.1.1 Tractography form

First, a tractography form is used to upload data and set tractography parameters. All data required for the tractography must be already been registered in the same space : DWI space (or Diffusion space). The images to provide are : Diffusion weighted imaging (DWI), T1 reference image, brainmask and must be in the NRRD format. The tractography pipeline uses the probabilistic method of tractography using surfaces as seeds. Thus a brain surface representing the white matter must be upload. The surface to provide must be a VTK file and must contain label information ( and must be also in DWI space). If there isn't label information, another VTK surface, with the same mesh and containing labels, must be upload. The name of the labelset in the VTK file must be known and specified in the tractography form. All labels are identified by an ID, it is possible to ignore a ROI in the tractography by setting the label ID in the form. In addition, a JSON file must be upload. This file describe the parcellation table: seeds names, labels id, matrix order, etc.). As explained before, the tractography uses FSL tools : bedpostx and probtrackx. The number of tensors in the voxel fitting is set to 2 by default, but can be modified by the user.

#### 2.1.2 Tractography pipeline

In this section the pipeline is describe.

First, The tool DWIConvert<sup>¶</sup> is used to convert nrrd to nifti images, this last format is required to use FSL tools in tractography. Then, bedpostx tool is used to build default distributions of diffusion parameters at each voxel(2 tensors in the voxel fitting). This method of tractography is using surfaces as seeds. These surfaces (ASCII format) are created with the C++ tool : ExtractLabelSurfaces apply on the White Matter surface (VTK file) containing labels. Probtrackx2 is the probabilistic tractography, it run on the output of bedpostX and according to a seed list. The seed list is created according to the atlas describe in the json file. Each seeds are label surfaces. The label extraction can used overlapping or not between each ROIs. The tractography results is a connectivity matrix. Once the tractography done, CIVILITY allow users to visualize easily the connectivity matrix like explained in the following section.

The entire pipeline is available in the github project repository.

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<sup>¶</sup><https://github.com/BRAINSia/BRAINSTools/tree/master/DWIConvert>

## 2.2 Visualization

CIVILITY-visualization is the front end of the application. The brain connectome can be visualized using results from the tractography computed in the computing grind. Tractography results are shown in a summary jobs table. For each jobs, the job status is print and when a job is done, an interactive plotting is available. The interactive visualization is also usable by uploading files from user sytem. Files required are : the connectivity matrix (outpout of probtrackx2 : `fdt_network_matrix`) and the parcellation table description (JSON file).

### 2.2.1 Matrix Computation

The matrix is first normalized by the number of fibers per rows. The circle plot shows a triangular matrix computed by the maximum, minimum or average between upper and lower triangles matrices according to the user selection in the web interface. Finally, each value in the triangular matrix represents the connectivity value between 2 ROIs. The connectivity value is representing in percentage, the value is pourcentage of probability that streamlines from a specific seed go to another one.

### 2.2.2 Visualization parameters

The brain connectome is plotting as circle plot, generated using Data Driven Documents (D3.js) and more precisely the method Hierarchical Edge Bundling. Another, connectivity visualization is available : brain connectivity on brain templates<sup>||</sup>. As explained before, the user selects the way how to compute the triangular matrix : average, maximum or munimum between lower and upper triangles of the matrix. A tension value can be set to change the shape of the links, also the diameter of the circle is adjustable. For an easier visualization, the connectivity visualized is threshold between 2 values set : the maximum upper value and the threshold value. Users can change these values to print the brain connectome as precisely as they want. Links under the threshold value are not print and links above the maximum upper value are print in red. Links colors indicate the connectivity value according to the colorbar corresponding. The thickness of links is proportional to the connectivity value.

The following section describe materials used in CIVILITY.

## 3. MATERIALS

We apply our tractography pipeline to 19 infants (scanned at 1 year and 2 years approximately). All data had previously been Quality Control (QC) and registered in the same space : DWI space. The surface is containing labels information according to the brain atlas AAL90. The following section shows the results of this pipeline.

## 4. RESULTS

We compute the brain connectome of these 19 infants at two ages : 1 year and 2 years. The tractography computed with FSL tools is using 2 tensors in the voxel fitting. The method of computation we have choosen is using surfaces as seeds. Each surfaces corresponds to a brain region in the atlas Automated Anatomical Labeling (AAL). All ROIs surfaces overlap on each others. The cerebellum regions is ignored in the brain connectome computation. The number of samples is set to 3000 (number of streamlines per voxel) with a step length of 0.75mm and a seed sphere sampling of 0.5.

The first observation we can do is : an higher time of computation for 2 year old subjects compare to 1 year old subjects. This time difference is explained by the size of the brain of the infant, more the brain is big, more the time of computation is high.

We make some statistics on this dataset presented in the next section.

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<sup>||</sup><https://www.nitrc.org/projects/bnv>



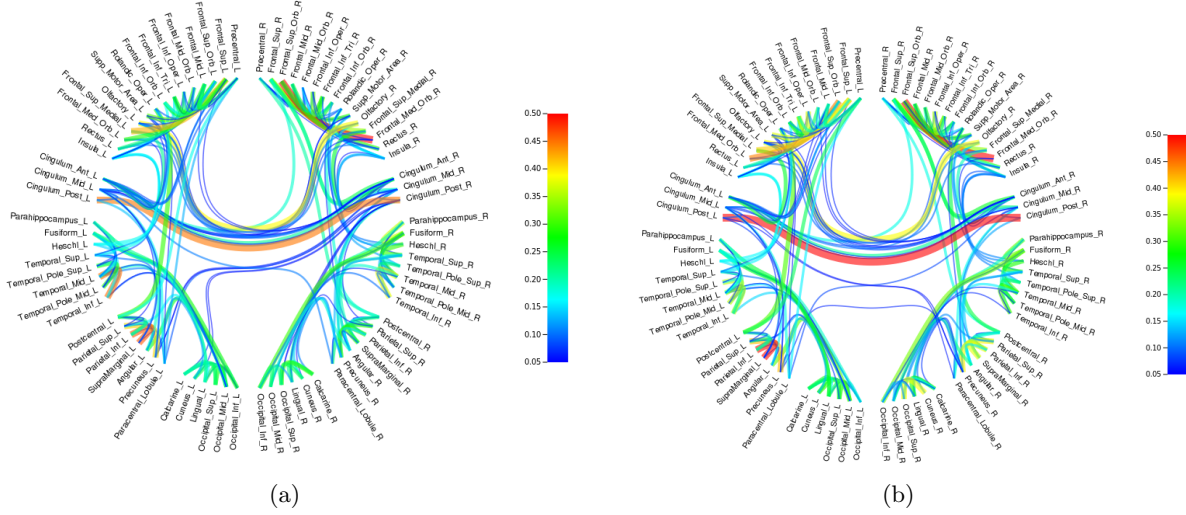


Figure 3. Variability brain connectome at 1 and 2 year old using the circle plotting. Threshold : 0.05 - 0.5

First, we visualized that the shape of the connectivity is very similar at both ages. However some links are missing in the brain connectome for 1 year old subjects. Moreover, the connectivity is lower for 1 year old children compare to 2 year children.

## 4.2 Variability and deviation of the brain connectome

We compute the unbiased sample variance (equation 2) to show the variability of the brain connectome in a dataset.

$$V_{i,j} = \frac{1}{n-1} * \sum_{i=0}^n (M_{i,j} - A_{i,j})^2 \quad (2)$$

We also compute the standard deviation of this dataset at 1 and 2 year old (equation 3).

$$D_{i,j} = \sqrt{V_{i,j}} \quad (3)$$

The connectivity visualized in both figures is computed with the average value between the lower and upper triangles of the connectivity matrix.

Figure 3 is showing the variability of the brain connectome at both ages. We threshold the plotting between 0.05 and 0.5 for a better visualization. These results show a variability pretty constant between 1 and 2 year old, but a little bit higher at 2 years old.

Figure 4 shows the deviation if the brain connectome. We threshold the plotting between 0.05 and 0.2 for a better visualization. The circle plotting of the deviation of 1 year old infants shows a high deviation. The deviation of 2 year old infants dataset is much lower. This observation disclose brains connectome of 1 years infants are much different between them compare to the set of 2 years infants which are much similar between them.

## 5. CONCLUSIONS

We presented CIVILITY, Cloub based Interactive Visualization of Tractography Brain Connectome which is a web tool in the cloud. The application is running a tractography pipeline and had visualization components.

The tractography is using a probabilistic method (FSL tools) using surfaces as seeds. The visualization is showing the brain connectome by plotting the matrix in an interactive circle.

