

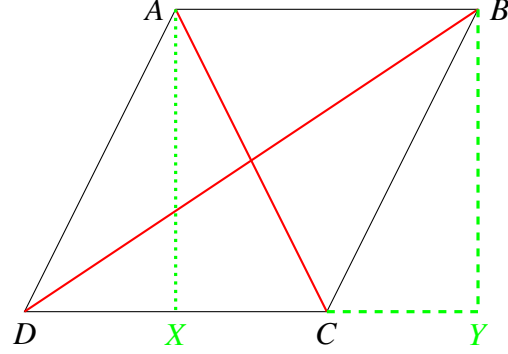
Assignment 3

Addagalla Satyanarayana

Abstract—This document uses the properties of a parallelogram to prove a statement

Download latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/AddagallaSatyanarayana/AI5006/tree/master/Assignment3/assignment3.tex>

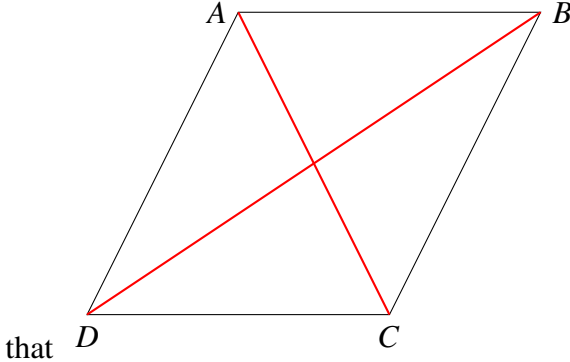


1 PROBLEM

Prove that the sum of the squares of the diagonals of parallelogram is equal to the sum of the squares of its sides.

2 EXPLANATION

Given a parallelogram ABCD we have to prove



that

$$\begin{aligned} \|A - C\|^2 + \|B - D\|^2 = \\ \|A - B\|^2 + \|B - C\|^2 + \|D - C\|^2 + \|A - D\|^2 \end{aligned} \quad (2.0.1)$$

In the parallelogram ABCD

$$\|A - B\| = \|D - C\| \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\|A - D\| = \|B - C\| \quad (2.0.3)$$

Draw perpendiculars from A to $\|D - C\|$ and B to $\|D - C\|$ extended as shown

3 SOLUTION

From $\triangle AXD$ and $\triangle BYD$

$$\|A - C\|^2 = \|A - X\|^2 + \|C - X\|^2 \quad (3.0.1)$$

$$\|B - D\|^2 = \|B - Y\|^2 + \|D - Y\|^2 \quad (3.0.2)$$

From equation (3.0.1)

$$\|A - C\|^2 = \|A - X\|^2 + (\|D - C\| - \|D - X\|)^2 \quad (3.0.3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|A - C\|^2 = \|A - X\|^2 + \|D - C\|^2 + \|D - X\|^2 - \\ 2\|D - C\| \cdot \|D - X\| \end{aligned} \quad (3.0.4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|A - C\|^2 = (\|A - X\|^2 + \|D - X\|^2) + \|D - C\|^2 \\ - 2\|D - C\| \cdot \|D - X\| \end{aligned} \quad (3.0.5)$$

$$\|A - C\|^2 = \|A - D\|^2 + \|C - D\|^2 - 2\|D - C\| \cdot \|D - X\| \quad (3.0.6)$$

From equation (3.0.2)

$$\|B - D\|^2 = \|B - Y\|^2 + (\|D - C\| + \|C - Y\|)^2 \quad (3.0.7)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|B - D\|^2 = \|B - Y\|^2 + \|D - C\|^2 + \|C - Y\|^2 + \\ 2\|D - C\| \cdot \|C - Y\| \end{aligned} \quad (3.0.8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 = & (\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{Y}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{Y}\|^2) + \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + \\ & + 2\|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\| \cdot \|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{Y}\| \quad (3.0.9) \end{aligned}$$

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + 2\|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\| \cdot \|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{Y}\| \quad (3.0.10)$$

In $\triangle AXD$ and $\triangle BYC$

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{X}\| = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{Y}\| \quad (3.0.11)$$

$$\angle AXD = \angle BYC \quad (3.0.12)$$

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\| = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| \quad (3.0.13)$$

Therefore by RHS Congruency

$$\|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{X}\| = \|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{Y}\| \quad (3.0.14)$$

Substituting the value of DX from (3.0.14) to equation (3.0.6)

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 - 2\|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\| \cdot \|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{Y}\| \quad (3.0.15)$$

Combining equation (3.0.15) and (3.0.10) and simplifying

$$\begin{aligned} \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 = & \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + \\ & \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 \quad (3.0.16) \end{aligned}$$

From equation (2.0.2) $\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| = \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\|$

$$\begin{aligned} \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 = & \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 \\ & (3.0.17) \end{aligned}$$