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Assignment 6

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Abstract—This document uses the properties of a tangent to a circle

Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/AddagallaSatyanarayana/AI5106/tree/master/Assignment6/Assignment6.tex

1 Problem

Find the length of the tangent from the point $\binom{7}{4}$ to the circle

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x} - (46)\mathbf{x} + 12 = 0 \tag{1.0.1}$$

2 EXPLANATION

The general equation of a second degree can be expressed as :

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{2.0.1}$$

Let the equation of the tangent be

$$(-m\ 1)\mathbf{x} = c$$
 (2.0.2)

3 Solution

We know that, for a circle,

$$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{I} \tag{3.0.1}$$

$$\mathbf{c} = -\mathbf{u} \tag{3.0.2}$$

Comparing the equation (1.0.1) and (2.0.1) we get

$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, f = 12$$
 (3.0.3)

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.0.4}$$

The normal vector to the line is obtained as

$$\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{q} + \mathbf{u} \tag{3.0.5}$$

$$\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{n} - \mathbf{u} \tag{3.0.6}$$

Comparing the equation (2.0.2)

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} -m \ 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \tag{3.0.7}$$

Given

$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.0.8}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} -m+2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.0.9}$$

The point q also satisfies the equation of the circle at (1.0.1)

$$\mathbf{q}^T \mathbf{q} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{q} + f = 0$$
(3.0.10)

$$(\mathbf{n} - \mathbf{u})^T (\mathbf{n} - \mathbf{u}) + 2\mathbf{u}^T (\mathbf{n} - \mathbf{u}) + f = 0$$
(3.0.11)

$$\|\mathbf{n}\|^2 - \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{n} + \|\mathbf{u}\|^2 + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{n} - 2\|\mathbf{u}\|^2 + f = 0$$
(3.0.12)

$$\|\mathbf{n}\|^2 - \|\mathbf{u}\|^2 + f = 0$$
(3.0.13)

$$m^2 + 1 - 13 + 12 = 0$$

$$m^2 = 0$$

$$m = 0$$

Simplying (3.0.16) and (3.0.9) we get

$$\mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.0.17}$$

Let $\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ The length of tangent is

$$||p-q|| = \sqrt{(7-2)^2 + (4-4)^2}$$
 (3.0.18)

$$= \sqrt{25}$$
 (3.0.19)

$$= 5$$
 (3.0.20)

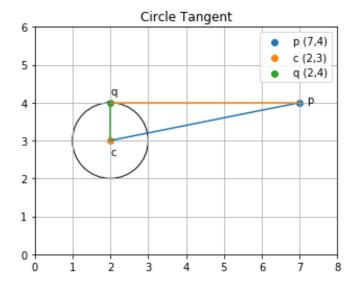


Fig. 0: Perpendicular Line