实验4——消息队列进程间通信实验

1.实验内容

编写程序,让父进程创建两个子进程P1和P2,并使子进程P1和P2通过消息队列相互通信,发送消息(512字节),基于示例代码进行修改完成需求。

2.实验示例代码

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2 #include <stdlib.h>
 3 #include <sys/types.h>
 4 #include <sys/stat.h>
 5 #include <fcntl.h>
 6 #include <unistd.h>
 7 #include <errno.h>
   #include <stropts.h>
9 #include <time.h>
10 | #include <strings.h>
11 | #include <string.h>
    #include <sys/ipc.h>
12
#include <sys/msg.h>
14
15 | struct msg {
16
       long msg_types;
17
        char msg_buf[511];
18
    };
19
20
   int main (void) {
21
       int qid, pid, len;
22
       struct msg pmsg;
23
        sprintf(pmsg.msg_buf, "hello! this is :%d\n\0", getpid());
24
        len = strlen(pmsg.msg_buf);
25
        if ((qid = msgget(IPC_PRIVATE, IPC_CREAT | 0666)) < 0 ) {</pre>
26
            perror("msgget");
27
            exit (1);
28
        }
29
        if ((msgsnd(qid, &pmsg, len, 0)) < 0) {
30
            perror("msgsnd");
31
            exit(1);
32
        printf("successfully send a message to the queue: %d\n", qid);
33
34
        exit(1);
35 }
```

3.实验结果示例

```
wys@wys-VirtualBox:~/桌面/lab07$ ./msg
successfully send a message to the p2, destination qid:1
receive from p1: hello!this is :22583
successfully send a message to the p1, destination qid:1
----- 消息队列 ----
                 拥有者 权限 已用字节数 消息
        msqid
                 wys 666
0x00000023 1
                                     512
p1 receiving message
receive from p2: hello!this is :22584
------ 消息队列 ------
                 拥有者 权限 已用字节数 消息
        msqid
0x00000023 1
                            666
                  wys
                                     0
                                                0
```

示例

linux下消息队列的查看与删除 (ipcs&ipcrm的使用)