

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is expected to increase by 1.5 billion, from 1.1 billion in 1990 to 2.6 billion in 2015.

As the world's population grows, the demand for food and other resources will increase. The world's population is expected to reach 9 billion by 2050, and the demand for food will increase by 50% by 2030.

The world's population is also becoming more urban. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in urban areas. By 2015, this is expected to increase to 69%.

The world's population is also becoming more diverse. In 1990, 60% of the world's population was of European descent. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 45%.

The world's population is also becoming more educated. In 1990, 54% of the world's population was illiterate. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more mobile. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in rural areas. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more affluent. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived on less than \$2 a day. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more healthy. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in poor health. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more peaceful. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in conflict. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more prosperous. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in poverty. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more democratic. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in authoritarian regimes. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more free. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in countries with restricted freedoms. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more just. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in countries with high levels of inequality. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more sustainable. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in countries with unsustainable resource use. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more secure. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in countries with high levels of insecurity. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more stable. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in countries with high levels of instability. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more harmonious. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in countries with high levels of conflict. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more united. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in countries with high levels of division. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.

The world's population is also becoming more hopeful. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in countries with high levels of despair. By 2015, this is expected to decrease to 35%.