Paradigma Modelelor de Proiectare

Cursul nr. 8 Mihai Zaharia

Design Pattern - Definiții

- Conform dicţionarului Merriam-Webster termenul de pattern înseamnă:
 - 1. o formă sau model propus pentru imitare
 - 2. ceva proiectat sau folosit ca model pentru a face lucruri (calapodul croitorului)
 - 3. o formă sau un proiect
 - 4. o configurație de evenimente
 - 5. ruta prestabilită a unui avion
 - 6. model comportamental
- Are ca sinonim indicat termenul de model

Cum a apărut termenul?

Au preluat anagajatorii din IT modelul de interviu prezentat mai jos

Istoria evoluției conceptului în IT

- 1987 Cunningham şi Beck limbaj
- 1990 "Gaşca celor patru" G4 catalog
- 1995 GoF carte

Apoi...

• Riehle şi Zullighoven menţionează trei tipuri de modele software

Model conceptual

Model de proiectare

Model de programare

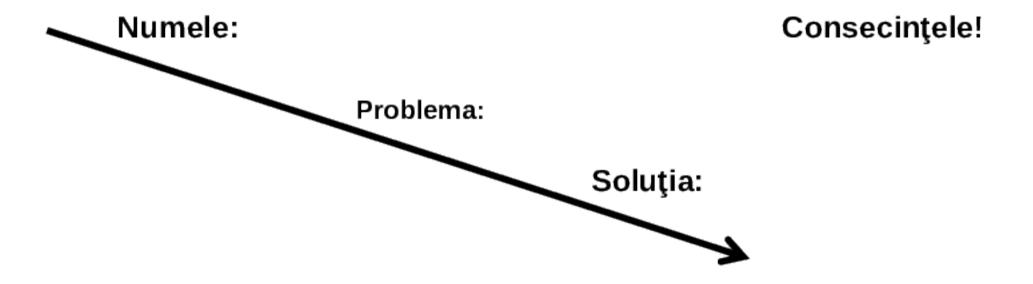
Unde sunt utile?

OOP+ADT

modelul aplicației

GoF

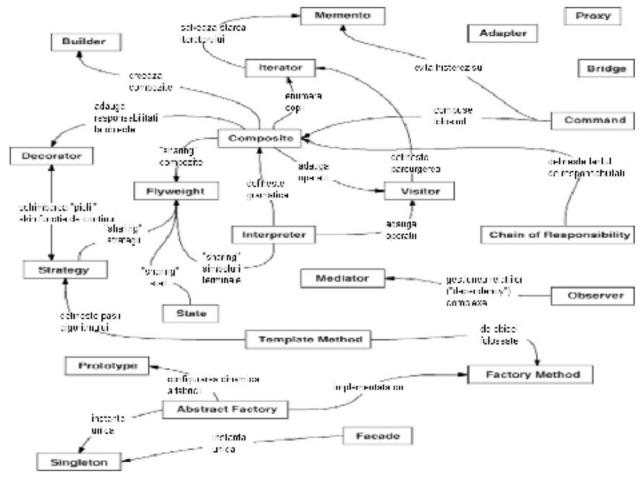
Elementele unui model



G4

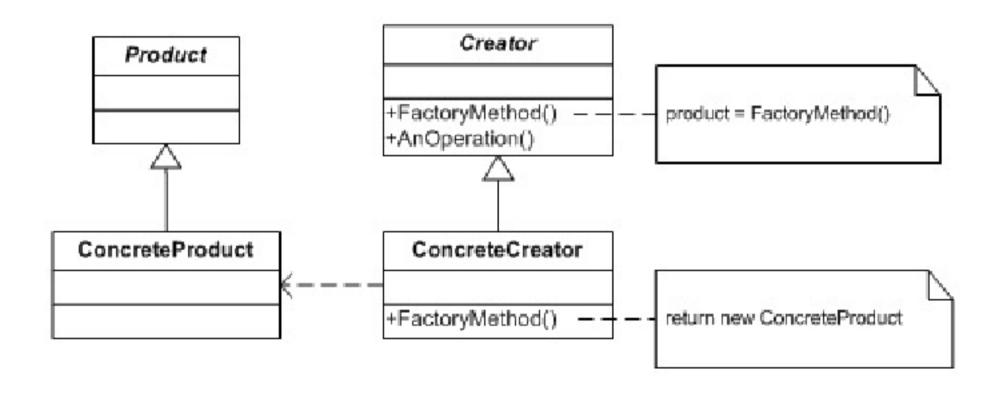
		Scop		
		Creațional	Structural	Comportamental
Domeniu	Clasă	Fabric Method	Adapter (clasă)	Interpreter Template Method
	Obiect	Abstract Fabrica Builder Prototype Singleton	Adapter (obiect) Bridge Composite Decorator Facade Flyweight Proxy	Chain of Responsibility Command Iterator Mediator Memento Observer State Strategy Visitor

Relații între modelele GoF

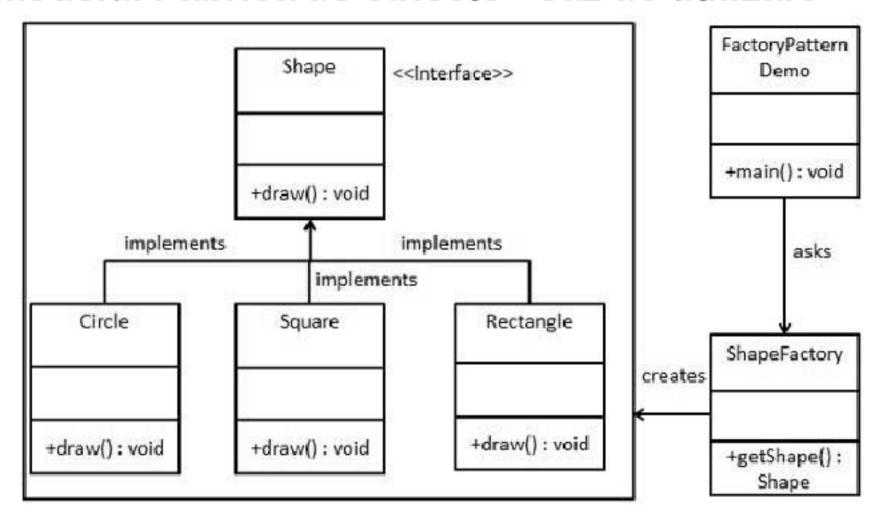


Modele creaționale

Modelul Fabrică de obiecte



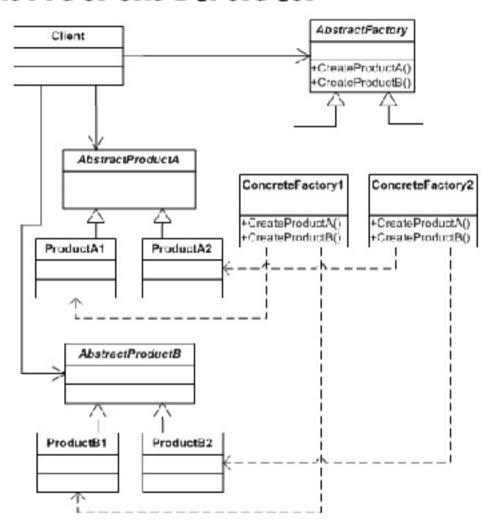
Modelul Fabrică de obiecte - caz de utilizare



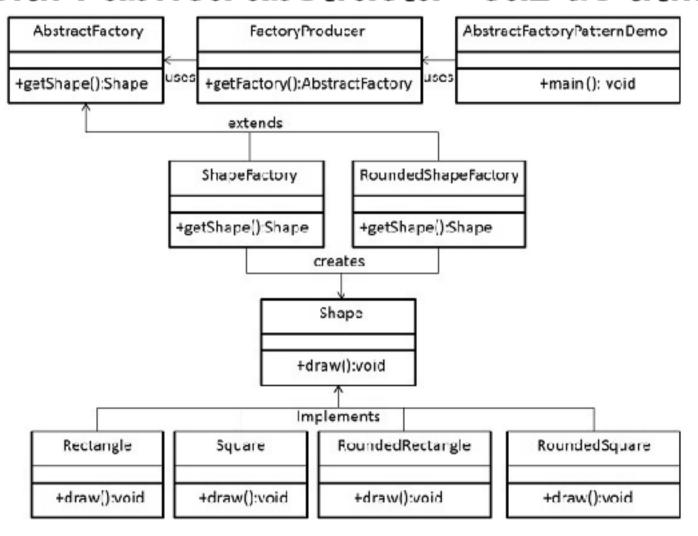
Modelul Fabrică de obiecte - caz de utilizare - implementare

```
interface Shape
                                                   class Circle: Shape
{ fun draw() }
class ShapeFactory {
                                                      override fun draw()
fun getShape(shapeType: String?): Shape?
 if (shapeType.equals("CIRCLE", true))
                                                      { println("Inside Circle::draw() method.") }
    return Circle()
 if (shapeType.equals("RECTANGLE", true))
    return Rectangle()
                                                   class Rectangle: Shape
 if (shapeType.equals("SQUARE", true))
    return Square()
 return null }
                                                      override fun draw()
                                                      { println("Inside Rectangle::draw() method.") }
fun main(args: Array<String>)
                                                   class Square : Shape
  val shapeFactory = ShapeFactory()
                                                      override fun draw()
  shapeFactory.getShape("CIRCLE")?.draw()
  shapeFactory.getShape("RECTANGLE")?.draw()
                                                      { println("Inside Square::draw() method.") }
  shapeFactory.getShape("SQUARE")?.draw()
```

Model Fabrica abstractă



Modelul Fabrica abstractă - caz de utilizare



Modelul Fabrica abstractă - implementare

```
interface Shape
{ fun draw() }
interface Color
{ fun fill() }
abstract class AbstractFactory {
  abstract fun getColor(color: String): Color?
  abstract fun getShape(shape: String); Shape? }
class Shape Factory: AbstractFactory() {
  override fun getShape(shape: String); Shape?
    { if (shape.equals("CIRCLE", true)) return Circle()
     if (shape.equals("RECTANGLE", true)) return Rectangle()
     if (shape.equals("SQUARE", true)) return Square()
     return null }
  override fun getColor(color: String): Color? = null }
class ColorFactory : AbstractFactory() {
  override fun getShape(shape: String): Shape? = null
  override fun getColor(color: String): Color?
    { if (color.equals("RED", true)) return Red()
     if (color.equals("GREEN", true)) return Green()
     if (color.equals("BLUE", true)) return Blue()
     return null } }
object Factory Producer {
  fun getFactory(choice: String): AbstractFactory?
    { if (choice.equals("SHAPE", true)) return ShapeFactory()
     if (choice.equals("COLOR", true)) return ColorFactory()
     return null } }
```

```
class Circle : Shape {
  override fun draw()
    println("Inside Circle::draw() method.") } }
class Square : Shape (
  override fun draw()
  { println("Inside Square::draw() method.") } }
class Rectangle : Shape {
  override fun draw()
  { println("Inside Rectangle::draw() method:") } }
class Red : Color (
  override fun fill()
  { println("Inside Red::fill() method.") } }
class Green: Color (
  override fun fill()
    println("Inside Green::fill() method.") } }
class Blue : Color (
  override fun fill()
 { println("Inside Blue::fill() method.") }}
fun main(args: Array<String>)
{ val shapeFactory = FactoryProducer.getFactory("SHAPE").
  shapeFactory?.getShape('CIRCLE')?.draw()
  shapeFactory?.getShape("RECTANGLE")?.draw()
  shapeFactory?.getShape('SQUARE')?.draw()
  val colorFactory = FactoryProducer.getFactory('COLOR')
  color Factory?.getColor ("RED")?.fill()
  colorFactory?.getColor('GREEN")?.fill()
  colorFactory?.getColor("BLUE")?.fill() }
```

Modelul burlacului

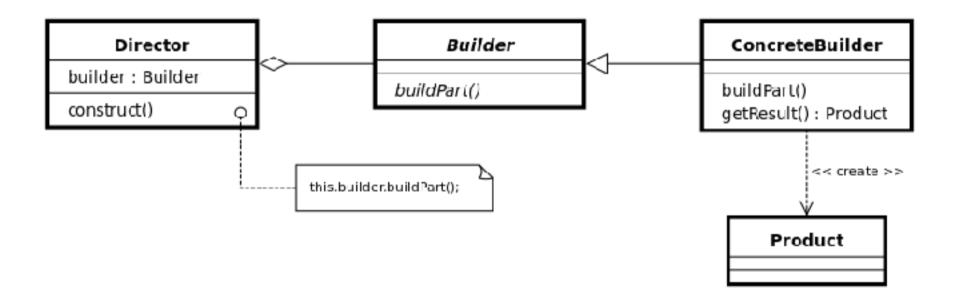
object burlac

```
cak Single on Implementation-IIIV Choos diagram /
Singleton
-instance Singleton
-Singleton();
+get histance():Singleton
```

```
object Payroll
{
val allEmployees = arrayListOf<Person>()
fun calculateSalary()
{
for (person in allEmployees)
{
...
}
}
}
```

Modelul constructor

Modelul constructor



Model constructor - implementare concretă

```
data class Mail(val to: String,
  val title: String = "",
  val message: String = "",
  val cc: List<String> = listOf(),
  val bcc: List<String> = listOf(),
  val attachments: List<java.io.File> = listOf())
class MailBuilder(val to: String)
  private var mail: Mail = Mail(to)
  fun title(title: String): MailBuilder
     mail.title = title
     return this
  // acesta se repeta pentru alte variatii
  fun build(): Mail
  { return mail }
```

și utilizare imediată:

```
val mail = Mail("one@recepient.org",
"Hi", "How are you")
```

 sau utilizare de obiect construit particularizat:

val email = MailBuilder("hello@hello.com").title
("What's up?").build()

Modelul prototip

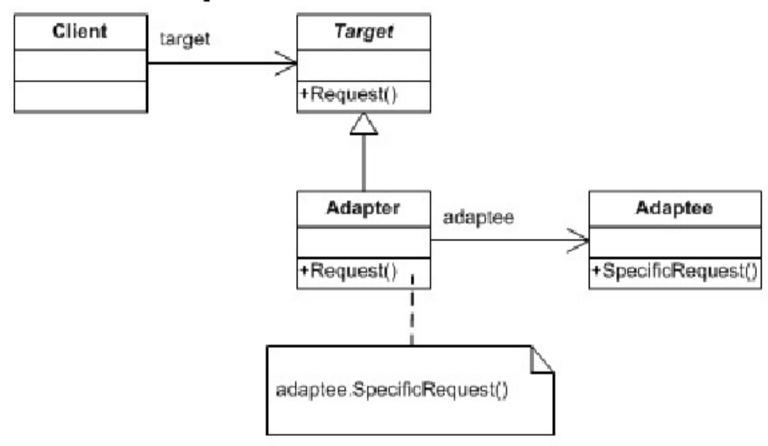
Model protitip - implemntare de caz

```
open class Bike: Cloneable
  private var gears: Int = 0
  private var bikeType: String? = null
  var model: String? = null
     private set
  init
     bikeType = "Standard"
     model = "Carpati"
     qears = 4
  public override fun clone(): Bike {
     retum Bike()
```

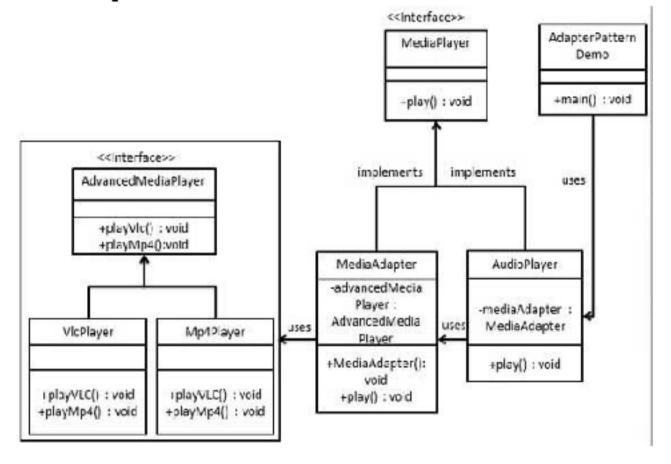
```
fun makeAdvanced()
    bikeType = "Advanced"
    model = "Jaguar"
    gears = 6
fun makeJaguar(basicBike: Bike): Bike
  basicBike.makeAdvanced()
  return basicBike
fun main(args: Array<String>)
  val bike = Bike()
  val basicBike = bike.clone()
  val advancedBike = makeJaguar(basicBike)
  println("Bicicleta mai buna: " + advancedBike.model!!)
```

Modele structurale

Modelul Adaptor



Model Adaptor - caz de utilizare

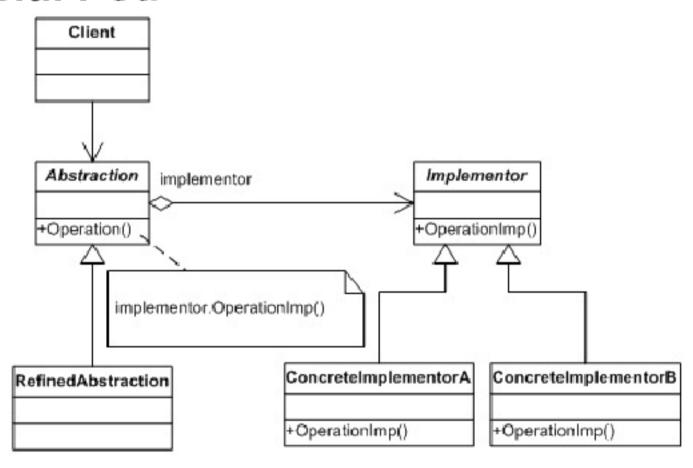


Model Adaptor - implementare

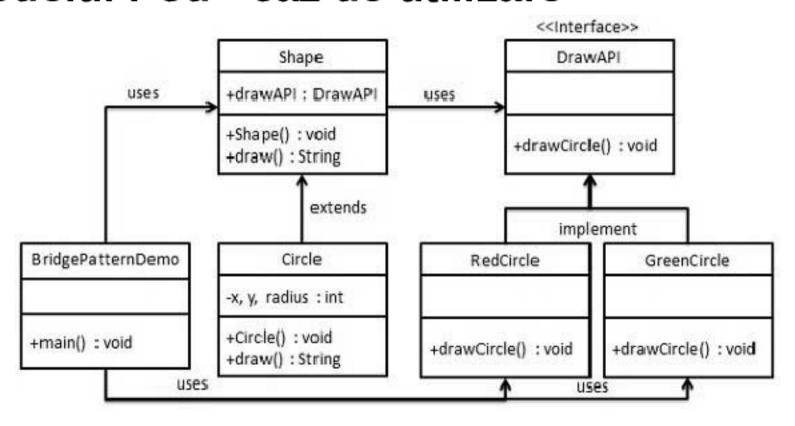
```
interface AdvanceMediaPlayer
 (fun playVlqfileName: String)
  fun playMp4(fileName: String) }
interface MediaPlayer
 { fun play(audioType: String, fileName: String) }
open class MediaAdapter : MediaPlayer
 { private var advancedMusicPlayer: AdvanceMediaPlayer? = null
  override fun play(audioType: String, fileName: String)
  { if (audioType.equals("vlc", true))
      {if (advancedMusicPlayer == null)
          { advancedMusicPlayer = VlcPlayer() }
          advancedMusicPlayer?.playVlc(fileName) }
    else if (audioType.equals("mp4", true))
     \{if(advancedMusicPlayer = null\}\}
         { advancedMusicPlayer = Mp4Player() }
          advancedMusicPlayer?.playMp4(fileName) } }
class Audio Player : Media Adapter()
   override fun play(audioType: String, fileName: String)
  { if (audioType.equals("mp3", true))
            { println("Playing mp3 file. Name: $fileName ") }
    else if (audioType.equals("vlc", true) | audioType.equals("mp4", true))
            { MediaAdapter().play(audioType, fileName) }
         else { println("Invalid media. $audioType format not supported") } }
```

```
class Mp4Player: AdvanceMediaPlayer {
  override fun playMp4(fileName: String) {
     println("Playing mp4 file. Name: $fileName")
  override fun playVlc(fileName: String) {
     println("Only support mp4 type")
class VIcPlayer: AdvanceMediaPlayer {
  override fun playMp4(fileName: String) {
     println("Only support vic type")
  override fun playVlc(fileName: String) {
    println("Playing vlc file. Name: $fileName")
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
  val audioPlayer = AudioPlayer()
  audioPlayer.play("mp3", "beyond the horizon.mp3")
  audioPlayer.play("mp4", "alone.mp4")
  audioPlayer.play("vlc", "far far away.vlc")
  audioPlayer.play("avi", "mind me.avi")
```

Modelul Pod



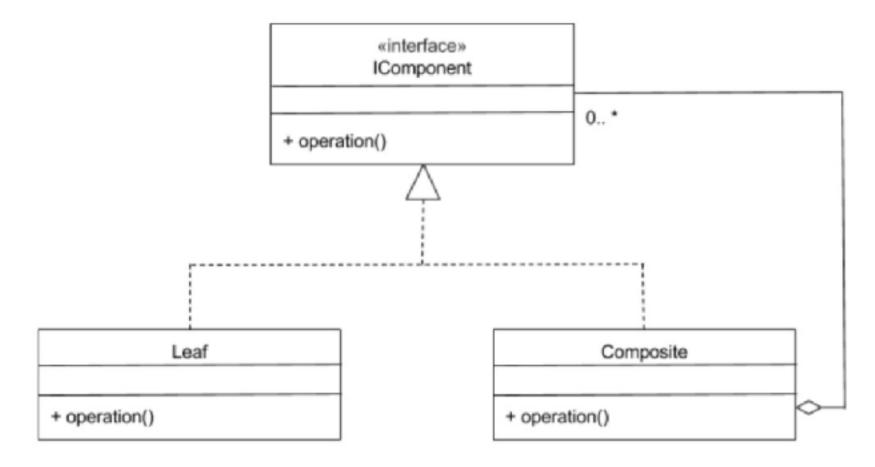
Modelul Pod - caz de utilizare



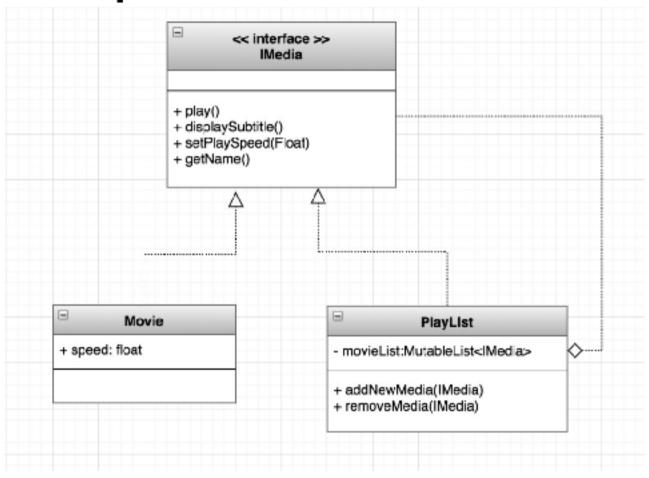
Modelul Pod - implementare

```
interface DrawAPI
{ fun drawCircle(radius: Int, x: Int, y: Int); }
abstract class Shape(protected val drawAPI: DrawAPI)
{ abstract fun draw() }
class Circle(val x: Int, val y: Int, val radius: Int, drawAPI: DrawAPI) : Shape(drawAPI)
{ override fun draw()
  { drawAPI.drawCircle(radius, x, y) }
class GreenCircle: DrawAPI
{ override fun drawCircle(radius: Int, x: Int, y: Int)
  { println("Drawing Circle[ color: green, radius: $radius, x: $x, y: $y]") }
class RedCircle : DrawAPI
{ override fun drawCircle(radius: Int, x: Int, y: Int)
  { println("Drawing Circle[ color: red, radius: $radius, x: $x, y: $y]") }
fun main(args: Array<String>)
 val redCircle = Circle(100, 100, 10, RedCircle())
  val greenCircle = Circle(100, 100, 10, GreenCircle())
  redCircle.draw()
  greenCircle.draw()
```

Model Compus - forma generală



Model Compus - caz de utilizare

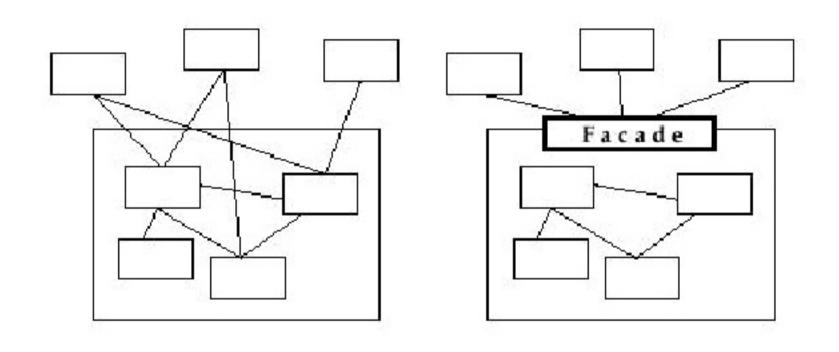


Compus - caz de utilizare - implementare

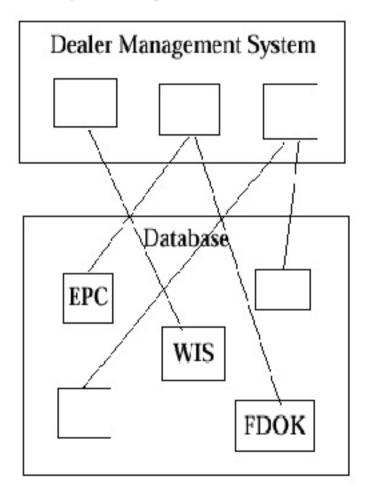
```
interface IMedia.
 { fun play()
  fun displaySubtitle()
  fun setPlaySpeed (speed:Float).
  fun getName():String }
class Movie (val title: String): I Media.
 private var speed = 1f
  override fun play()
  { println("Now playing: ${title}...") }
  override fun displaySubtitle ()
  { println ("display subtitle") }
  override fun setPlaySpeed(speed:Float)
  { this.speed = speed
     println("current play speed set to: $speed") }
  override fun aetName(): Strina
    return title }
class PlayList(val title:String):IMedia
 {var movieList:MutableList<IMedia> = mutableListOf()
  fun add New Media (media: I Media) = movie List.add (media).
  fun removeMedia(media: IMedia)
  { movieList = movieList.filter{ it.getName() != :
                  media.getName() } toMutableList() }
  override fun play()
  { movieList.forEach { it.play() }.
  override fun displaySubtitle ()
  { println("display certain subtitle") }
  override fun setPlaySpeed(speed: Float)
  { movieList.forEach { it.setPlaySpeed(speed) } }
  override fun getName(): String
  { return title }
```

```
fun main(args:Array<String>)
  val actionMoviePlavList:PlavList = PlavList("Action Movies")
  val movieB: IMedia = Movie ('The Dark Knight')
  val movie C: [Media = Movie ("Inception")]
  val movieD: IMedia = Movie ("The Matrix")
  actionMoviePlayList.apply
    addNewMedia(movieB)
    addNewMedia(movieC)
    addNewMedia(movieD)
  val dramaPlayList:PlayList = PlayList("Drama Play List")
  val movie1: IMedia = Movie ("The Godfather")
  val movie 2: IMedia = Movie ("The Shawshank Redemption")
  dramaPlayList.apply
    { addNewMedia(movie1);
     add NewMedia (movie 2) }
  val myPlayList:PlayList = PlayList("My Play List")
  myPlayList.apply
    { add New Media (action Movie PlayList)
     addNewMedia(dramaPlavList) }
  myPlayList.play()
```

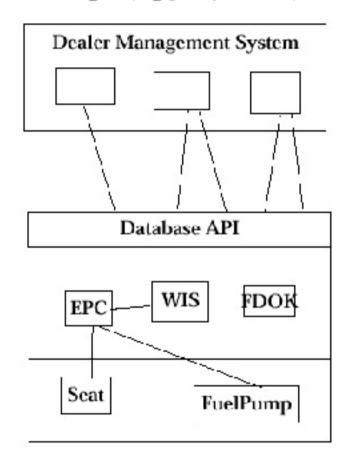
Model Fațadă

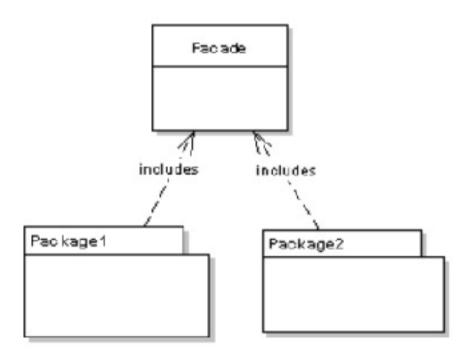


Arhitectură deschisă



Arhitectură închisă



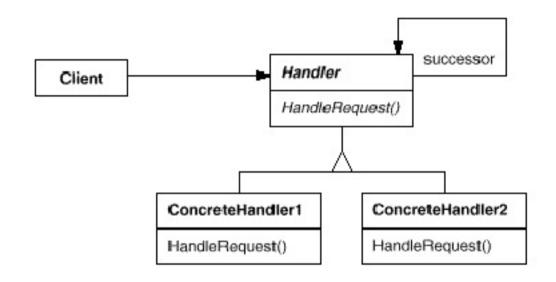


Model Fațadă - implementare

```
class CPU
{ fun freeze() = println("Freezing.")
  fun jump(position: Long) = println("Jump to $position.")
  fun execute() = println("Executing.") }
class HardDrive
 fun read(lba: Long, size: Int): ByteArray = byteArrayOf() }
class Memory
{ fun load(position: Long, data: ByteArray) = println("Loading from memory position: $position") }
/* Fatada */
class Computer(val processor: CPU = CPU(), val ram: Memory = Memory(), val hd: HardDrive = HardDrive())
{ companion object
  { val BOOT_ADDRESS = 0L
    val BOOT SECTOR = 0L
    val SECTOR SIZE = 0 }
  fun start()
  { processor.freeze()
    ram.load(BOOT_ADDRESS, hd.read(BOOT_SECTOR, SECTOR_SIZE))
    processor.jump(BOOT_ADDRESS)
    processor.execute() }
fun main(args: Array<String>)
{ val computer = Computer()
  computer.start() }
```

Modele comportamentale

Modelul lanț de responsabilități



Unde o structură tipică de înlănțuire de obiecte ar fi

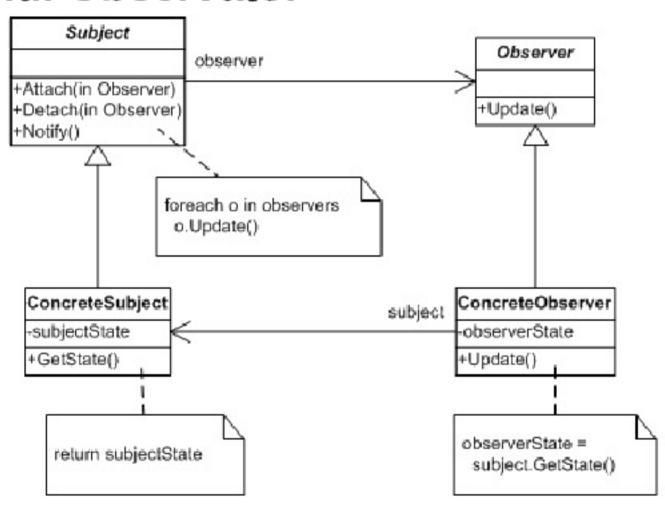


Modelul lanț de responsabilități - implementare

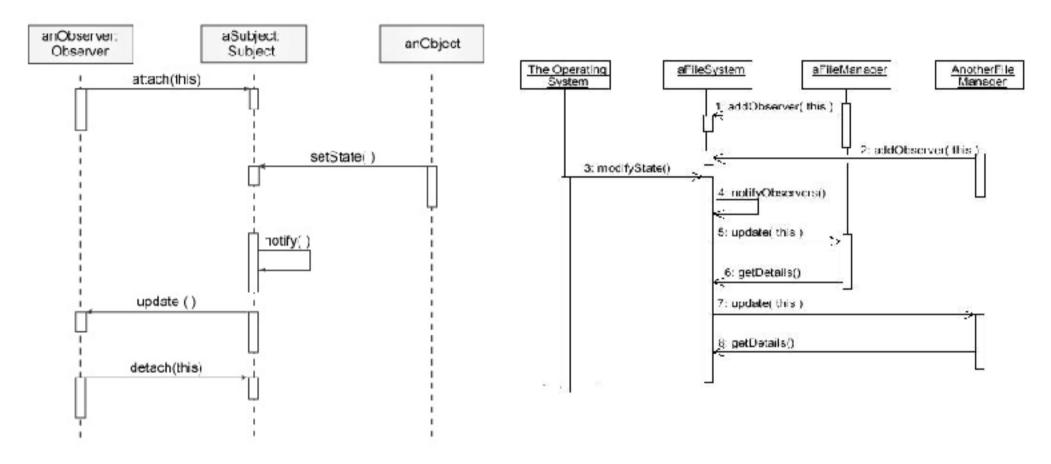
```
import org.assertj.core.api.Assertions.assertThat
                                                                           //se construieste lantul
                                                                           authenticationHeader.next = contentTypeHeader
import.org.junit.jupiter.api.Test
interface HeadersChain
                                                                           contentTypeHeader.next = messageBody
{ fun addHeader(inputHeader: String): String }
                                                                           //se executa lantul
classAuthenticationHeader(val token: String?, var next: HeadersChain? =
                                                                           val messageWithAuthentication =
null): HeadersChain
                                                                              authenticationHeader, addHeader("Headers with Authentication:\n")
{ override fun addHeader(inputHeader: String): String
                                                                           println(messageWithAuthentication)
   { token ?: throw Illegal State Exception ("Token should be not null")
                                                                           val messageWithoutAuth =
    return inputHeader + "Authorization: Bearer $token\n"
                                                                              contentTypeHeader.addHeader("Headers:\n")
       .let{ next?.addHeader(it) ?: it } } }
                                                                           println(messageWithoutAuth)
class ContentTypeHeader(val contentType: String, var next: HeadersChain?
                                                                           assertThat(messageWithAuthentication).isEqualTo
= nulf) : HeadersChain
{ override fun addHeader(inputHeader: String): String =
                                                                                 Headers with Authentication:
    inputHeader + "ContentType: $contentType\n"
       .let{ next?.addHeader(it) ?: it } }
                                                                                Authorization: Bearer 123456
class BodyPayload(val body: String, var next: HeadersChain? = null) :
                                                                                 ContentType: json
HeadersChain
                                                                                 Body:
{ override fun addHeader(inputHeader: String): String =
                                                                                 { "username"="boniovi2987" }
    inputHeader + "$body"
                                                                                 """.trimIndent() )
       .let{ next?.addHeader(it) ?: it } }
                                                                           assertThat(messageWithoutAuth).isEgualTo
class ChainOfResponsibilityTest
{ @∂Test
                                                                                 Headers:
  fun 'Chain Of Responsibility'()
                                                                                 ContentType: ison
   { //crearea elemnteloru lantuli
                                                                                 Body:
    val authenticationHeader = AuthenticationHeader ("123456")
                                                                                { "username"="dbacinski" }
    val contentTypeHeader = ContentTypeHeader("json")
                                                                              """.trimIndent() )
    val messageBody =
BodyPayload("Body:\n(\n\"username\"=\"dbacinski\"\n)")
```

Modelul Observator

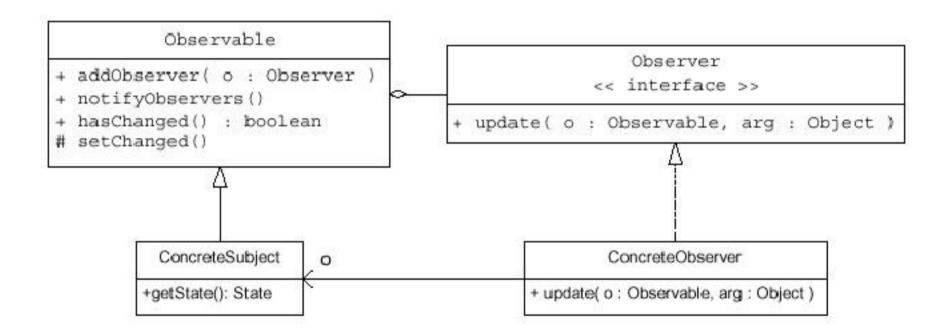
Modelul Observator



Model Observator - Secvențiere temporală



Suportul apelat din spate de la Java



```
interface ValueChangeListener {
    fun onValueChanged(newValue:String)
class PrintingTextChangedListener : ValueChangeListener {
    override fun onValueChanged(newValue: String) =
            println("Text is changed to: $newValue")
class ObservableObject(listener:ValueChangeListener) {
    var text: String by Delegates.observable(
            initialValue = "",
            onChange = {
                prop, old, new ->
                listener.onValueChanged(new)
            1)
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
    val observableObject = ObservableObject(PrintingTextChangedListener())
   observableObject.text = "Hello"
   observableObject.text = "There"
```

Model Observator - Caz de utilizare

```
dass Observer: PropertyObserver
import kotlin.properties.ObservableProperty
                                                                        override fun willChange(propertyName: String, newPropertyValue: Any?)
//wrapper peste suportul - Java Observer
                                                                         { if (newPropertyValue is String && newPropertyValue = "test")
import kotlin.properties.ReadWriteProperty
                                                                             { println("Okay. Look. .......") }
import kotlin.reflect.KProperty
                                                                       override fun didChange(propertyName: String, oldPropertyValue: Any?)
inline fun <T> observable(initialValue: T,
                                                                      { if (oldPropertyValue is String && oldPropertyValue == "<no name>")
crossinline beforeChange:
                                                                          { println("Sorry about the mess..") }
      (property: KProperty<*>, oldValue: T, newValue: T) -> Boolean.
crossinline afterChange:
      (property: KProperty<*>, oldValue: T, newValue: T) ->Unit):
                                                                       dass User(val propertyObserver: PropertyObserver?)
           ReadWriteProperty<Any?, T> = object:
                                                                         var name: String by observable("<no name>",
 ObservableProperty<T>(initialValue)
                                                                          { prop. old, new ->
  { override fun afterChange(property: KProperty<*>, oldValue: T,
                                                                           println("Before change: $old -> $new")
newValue: T) = afterChange(property, oldValue, newValue)
                                                                           propertyObserver?.willChange(name, new)
                                                                           return@observable true}.
    override fun beforeChange(property: KProperty<*>, oldValue: T.
                                                                          { prop, old, new->
newValue: T) = beforeChange(property, oldValue, newValue)
                                                                           propertyObserver?.didChange(name, old)
                                                                           println("After change: $old -> $new")
interface PropertyObserver
  fun willChange(propertyName: String, newPropertyValue: Any?)
  fun didChange(propertyName: String, oldPropertyValue: Any?)
                                                                       fun main(args: Array<String>)
                                                                         val observer = Observer()
                                                                         val user = User(observer)
                                                                         user.name = "test" }
```

Modelul automatului finit State ????

Modelul automatului finit - caz de utilizare

```
class Coffee Machine
{ var state: Coffee Machine State
  val MAX BEANS QUANTITY = 100
  val MAX_WATER QUANTITY = 100
  var beans Quantity = 0
  var waterQuantity = 0
  val offState = Off(this)
  val not naredients = Not naredients (this)
  val ready = Ready(this)
  init { state = offState }
  fun turnOn() = state.turnOn()
  fun fillinBeans (quantity: Int) = state.fillinBeans(quantity)
  fun fillinWater(quantity: Int) = state.fillinWater(quantity)
  fun makeCoffee() = state.makeCoffee()
  fun turnOff() = state.turnOff()
  override fun toString(): String
  { return ""COFFEE MACHINE → ${s tate: c lass s imple Name}.
       water quantity: $waterQuantity.
       beans quantity: $beansQuantity
     f"".trimMargin() } }
abstract class Coffee Machine State (val coffee Machine: Coffee Machine)
  open fun makeCoffee(): Unit = throw UnsupportedOperationException("Op. not supported")
  open fun fillinBeans(guantity: Int): Unit = throw UnsupportedOperationException("Operation
not supported")
  open fun fillinWater(quantity: Int): Unit = throw UnsupportedOperationException("Operation
not supported")
  open fun turnOn(): Unit = throw UnsupportedOperationException("Operation not supported")
  fun turnOff(): Unit
  { coffee Machine state = coffee Machine offState } }
class Off(coffee Mac hine: Coffee Mac hine) : Coffee Machine State (coffee Mac hine)
  override fun turnOn()
  { coffee Machine.state = coffee Machine.no ingredients
    println("Coffee machine turned on") } }
```

```
class No Ingredients (coffee Machine: Coffee Machine): Coffee Machine State (coffee Machine)

    override fun fillinBeans(quantity: Inf)

   { if ((coffee Machine.beansQuantity + quantity) <=</p>
coffee Machine, MAX_BEANS_QUANTITY)
        coffee Machine beans Quantity += quantity
         printin("Beans filled in")
         if (coffee Machine.waterQuantity > 0)
          { coffee Machine state = coffee Machine ready } } }
  override fun fillinWater(quantity: Int)
   { if ((coffee Machine.waterQuantity + quantity) <=</p>
coffee Machine, MAX_WATER_QUANTITY)
      { coffee Machine.waterQuantity += quantity
        println("Water filled in")
        if (coffee Machine, beansQuantity > 0)
           coffee Machine.state = coffee Machine.ready } } } }
class Ready (coffee Machine: Coffee Machine): Coffee Machine State (coffee Machine)
  override fun makeCoffee()
   { coffee Machine.beansQuantity--
     coffee Machine.waterOuantity--
     println("Making coffee ... DONE")
     if (coffee Machine, beansQuantity == 0 || coffee Machine, waterQuantity == 0)
          coffee Machine state = coffee Machine .no Ingredients } } }
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
  val coffee Machine = CoffeeMachine()
  coffee Machine.turnOn()
  printin(coffee Machine)
  coffee Machine, fillinBeans (2)
  printin(coffee Machine)
  coffee Machine, fill rlWater(2).
  printin(coffee Machine)
  coffee Machine.makeCoffee()
  printin(coffee Machine)
  coffee Machine.makeCoffee()
  printin(coffee Machine)
  coffee Machine.turnOff()
  printin(coffee Machine)
```

Modelul Vizitator? pa...pa...

Exemplu de tratare

```
abstract class ResultOrErrorVisitor<T>
abstract T visit(Result<T> result);
abstract T visit(Error<T> error);
interface ResultOrError<T>
{ T accept(ResultOrErrorVisitor<T> visitor); }
class Result<T> implements ResultOrError<T>
                                               În Kotlin
                                                sealed class ResultOrError<out T>
 public final T result;
 Result(T result)
                                                 data class Result<out T>(val result: T) : ResultOrError<T>()
    { this.result = result; }
                                                 data class Error<out T>(val error: Throwable) : ResultOrError<T>()
 @ Override
 public T accept(ResultOrErrorVisitor<T> visitor) )
    { return visitor.visit(this); } }
class Error<T> implements ResultOrError<T>
 public final Throwable error;
 Error(Throwable error) { this.error = error; }
 @ Override
 public T accept(ResultOrErrorVisitor<T> visitor)
   return visitor.visit(this); }
```

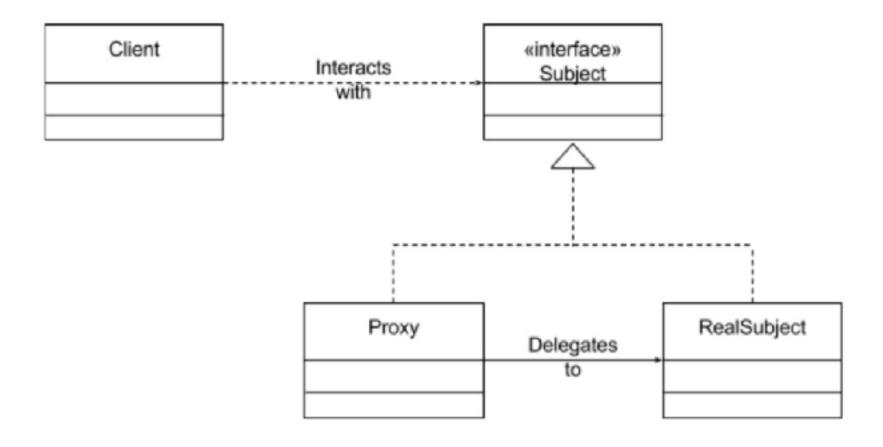
Modelul comandă

```
class EditUser: Command
data class User(val name: String) {
                                                        override fun execute(user: User)
                                                        { println("Editing user with name: "+user.name) }
interface Command
  fun execute(user: User)
                                                      fun main(args: Array<String>)
                                                        var user = User("Kotlin")
class AddUser: Command
                                                        var add = AddUser()
  override fun execute(user: User)
                                                        add.execute(user)
  { println("Adding a new user with name: "+
user.name) }
                                                        var edit = EditUser();
                                                        edit.execute(user)
class DeleteUser: Command
                                                        var delete = DeleteUser()
                                                        delete.execute(user)
  override fun execute(user: User)
 { println("Deleting user with name: "+user.name) }
```

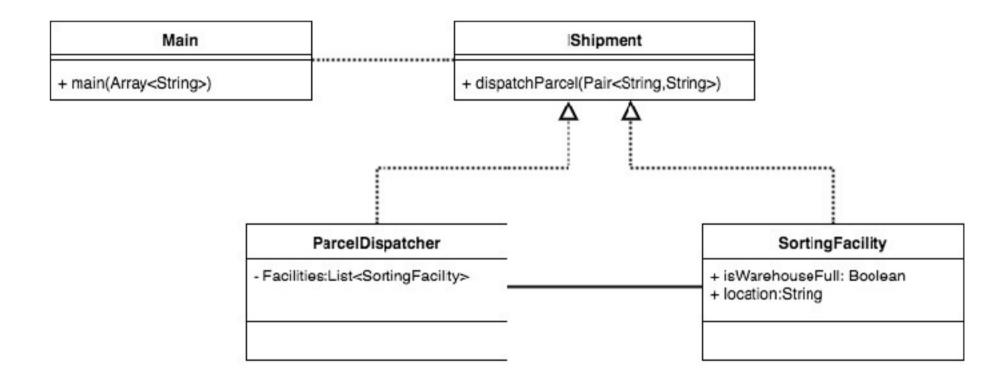
modelul restaurare/reamintire (latină: memento)

```
import kotlin.collections.ArrayList
                                                         fun main(args: Array<String>)
data class Memento(val state: String)
                                                         { val originator = Originator()
                                                           originator.state = "Ironman"
class Originator
{ //acest String este doar pentru exemplu in realitate
                                                           var memento = originator.createMemento()
//acesta ar fi inlocuit de objectul al carui stare
                                                           val caretaker = Caretaker()
                                                           caretaker.addMemento(memento)
//trebuie salvata si apoi restaurata
  var state: String? = null
                                                           originator.state = "Captain America"
  fun createMemento(): Memento
                                                           originator.state = "Hulk"
  { return Memento(state!!) }
                                                           memento = originator.createMemento()
  fun setMemento(memento: Memento)
                                                           caretaker.addMemento(memento)
                                                           originator.state = "Thor"
  { state = memento.state }
                                                           println("Stare curenta Origine:" + originator.state!!)
                                                           println("Restaurare Origine...")
class Caretaker
                                                           memento = caretaker.getMemento(1)
                                                           originator.setMemento(memento)
{ private val statesList = ArrayList<Memento>()
                                                           println("Stare curenta Origine: " + originator.state!!)
  fun addMemento(m: Memento)
  { statesList.add(m) }
                                                           println("Din nou Restaurare...")
  fun getMemento(index: Int): Memento
                                                           memento = caretaker.getMemento(0)
  { return statesList.get(index) }
                                                           originator.setMemento(memento)
                                                           println("Stare curenta Origine:" + originator.state!!)
```

Intermediar - forma generală



Intermediar - caz de utilizare



Intermediar - caz de utilizare - implementare

```
interface IShipment
                                                                       override fun dispatchParcel(parcel: Pair<String, String>)
{ // pachetul este reprezentat de o pereche
  // unde primul String - continutul pachetului iar al doilea locatia
                                                                          val facilityNearTpParcelLocation = facility.filter
  // (continut to locatie )
                                                                                         { it.location.contains(parcel.second,true)
  fun dispatchParcel(parcel:Pair<String,String>)
                                                                                                    &&!it.isWarehouseFull }.first()
                                                                          facilityNearTpParcelLocation.dispatchParcel(parcel)
class SortingFacility(val location:String,var
isWarehouseFull:Boolean): IShipment
  {override fun dispatchParcel(parcel: Pair<String, String>)
    { println("${location} facility doing dispatching business...") }
                                                                    fun main(args:Array<String>)
class ParcelDispatcher: IShipment
                                                                       var pachet = "SmartPhone" to "Nord"
{ // locația a fost aleasă ca string din motive academice!
                                                                       var parcelDispatcher = ParcelDispatcher()
  private var facility = listOf<SortingFacility>
                                                                       parcelDispatcher.dispatchParcel(pachet)
       SortingFacility("North",true),
       SortingFacility("North West",false),
       SortingFacility("South",false),
       SortingFacility("West",true),
       SortingFacility("East",false)
```

Modelul iterator

```
class Schita(val name: String)
class Schite(val Schite: MutableList<Schita> = mutableListOf()): Iterable<Schita>
  override fun iterator(): Iterator<Schita> = SchiteIterator(Schite)
class SchiteIterator(val Schite: MutableList<Schita> = mutableListOf(), var current: Int = 0):
Iterator<Schita>
  override fun hasNext(): Boolean = Schite.size > current
  override fun next(): Schita
       val Schita = Schite[current]
      current++
       return Schita
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
  val Schite = Schite(mutableListOf(Schita("Test1"), Schita("Test2")))
  Schite.forEach { println(it.name) }
```

Modelul Strategie

```
interface BookingStrategy
  val fare: Double
class CarBookingStrategy : BookingStrategy
  override val fare: Double = 12.5
  override fun toString(): String
    { return "CarBookingStrategy" }
class TrainBookingStrategy: BookingStrategy
  override val fare: Double = 8.5
  override fun toString(): String
    { return "TrainBookingStrategy" }
```

```
class Customer(var bookingStrategy; BookingStrategy)
  fun calculateFare(numOfPassangeres: Int): Double
     val fare = numOfPassangeres *
bookingStrategy.fare
     println("Calculating fares using " +
bookingStrategy)
     return fare
fun main(args: Array<String>)
  //strategia de rezolvare a rezervarii pentru o masina
  val cust = Customer(CarBookingStrategy())
  var fare = cust.calculateFare(5)
  println(fare)
   //strategia de rezolvare a rezervarii pentru tren
  cust.bookingStrategy = TrainBookingStrategy()
  fare = cust.calculateFare(5)
  println(fare)
```

Modelul Mediator

•

Model Mediator - caz de utilizare

```
class ATCMediator : IATCMediator
interface Command
                                                                  private var flight: Flight? = null
 { fun land() }
class Flight(private val atcMediator: IATCMediator): Command
                                                                  private var runway: Runway? = null
   override fun land()
                                                                  override var isLandingOk: Boolean = false
     { if (atcMediator.isLandingOk)
                                                                  override fun registerRunway(runway: Runway)
          { println("Landing done....")
                                                                     { this.runway = runway }
       atcMediator.setLandingStatus(true)
                                                                  override fun registerFlight(flight: Flight)
                                                                     { this.flight = flight }
     } else
       println("Will wait to land....") }
                                                                  override fun setLandingStatus(status: Boolean)
  fun getReady()
                                                                     { isLandingOk = status }
   { println("Getting ready...") } }
                                                                }
class Runway(private val atcMediator: IATCMediator):
Command
                                                                fun main(args: Array<String>)
{ init { atcMediator.setLandingStatus(true) }
   override fun land()
                                                                 val atcMediator = ATCMediator()
     { println("Landing permission granted...")
                                                                  val sparrow101 = Flight(atcMediator)
       atcMediator.setLandingStatus(true) } }
                                                                  val mainRunway = Runway(atcMediator)
interface IATCMediator
                                                                  atcMediator.registerFlight(sparrow101)
 { val isLandingOk: Boolean
                                                                  atcMediator.registerRunway(mainRunway)
                                                                  sparrow101.getReady()
   fun registerRunway(runway: Runway)
   fun registerFlight(flight: Flight)
                                                                  mainRunway.land()
   fun setLandingStatus(status: Boolean) }
                                                                  sparrow101.land()
```