

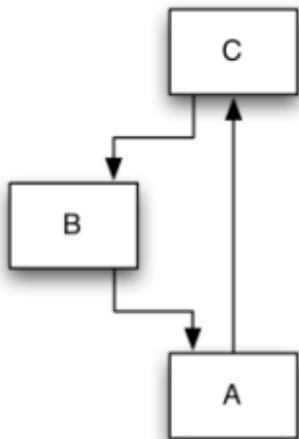
Identifying logical dependencies from co-changing classes

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Dependencies



A dependency is a relationship that shows that an element, or set of elements, requires other elements for their specification or implementation. [UML Specification]

Figure 1: Dependencies in a project

Structural dependencies

Definition

Structural dependencies are the result of *source code analysis* and can be extracted from : *members, call parameters, local variables.*

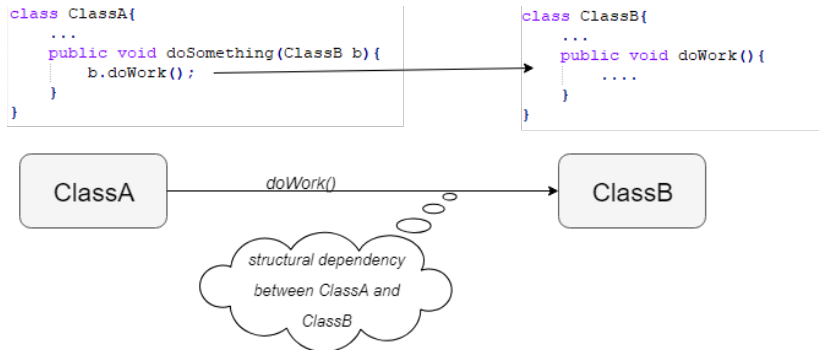


Figure 2: Example of structural dependency between two classes

Logical dependencies

Definition

Logical dependencies are the result of software history analysis and can reveal relationships that are not present in the source code (structural dependencies).

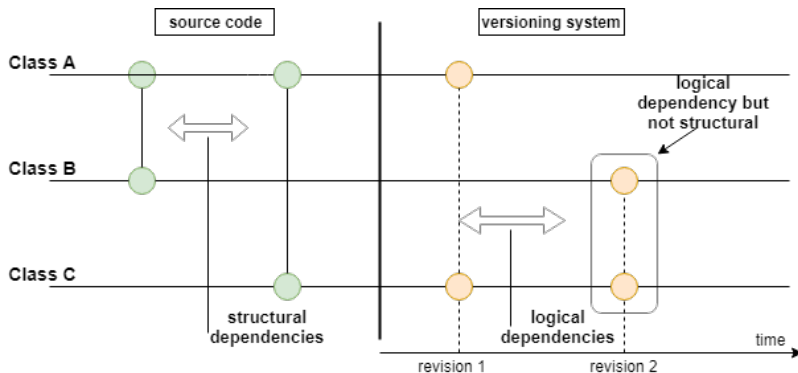


Figure 3: Example of logical and structural dependencies

Logical dependencies

Research questions

We build logical dependencies based on the following questions :

Question 1: *Which is the most frequent size for a commit transaction ?*

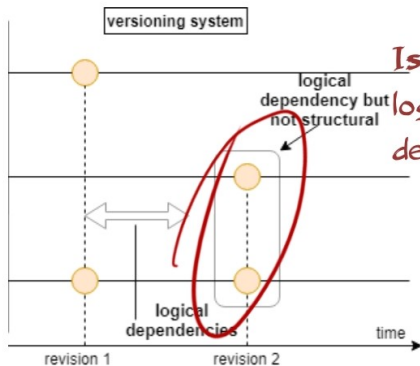
Question 2: *Is it necessary to set a threshold on the size of commit transactions which are considered to generate valid logical dependencies ?*

Question 3: *Considering changes which are only in comments as valid can lead to additional logical dependencies ?*

Question 4: *How many occurrences of a logical dependency are needed to consider it a valid logical dependency ?*

Question 5: *How does filtering affect the overlap between structural and logical dependencies ?*

Logical dependencies



Is this a
logical
dependency??

co-changes can
happen from various
reasons, not all
software related

Co-changing classes



Biggest number of commits from
our studied systems

10 000 commits

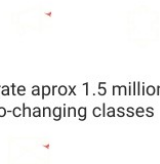
304 000 pairs of co-changing
classes



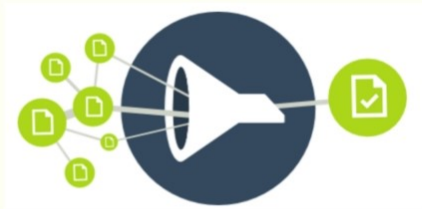
Biggest number of commits from
Github

54 000 commits

can generate aprox 1.5 million
pairs of co-changing classes



Filter co-changing classes, how?



commit size

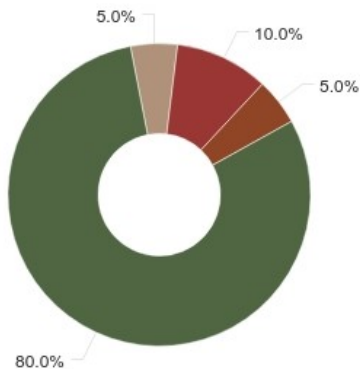


code/comment change



number of co-change
occurrence

Commit transaction size



Conclusions

- ▶ Large number of structural dependencies are not doubled by logical → systems partially stable
- ▶ + -3% for comments as a change
- ▶ The number of changed files taken into consideration influence the results
 - ▶ big threshold → not so relevant logical dependencies
 - ▶ small threshold (5 10) → more accurate results
- ▶ Filtering the logical dependencies after occurrences is good only for projects with a significant number of commits.

Future work

Investigate the cause for the large number of logical dependencies which are not overlapping with structural dependencies.