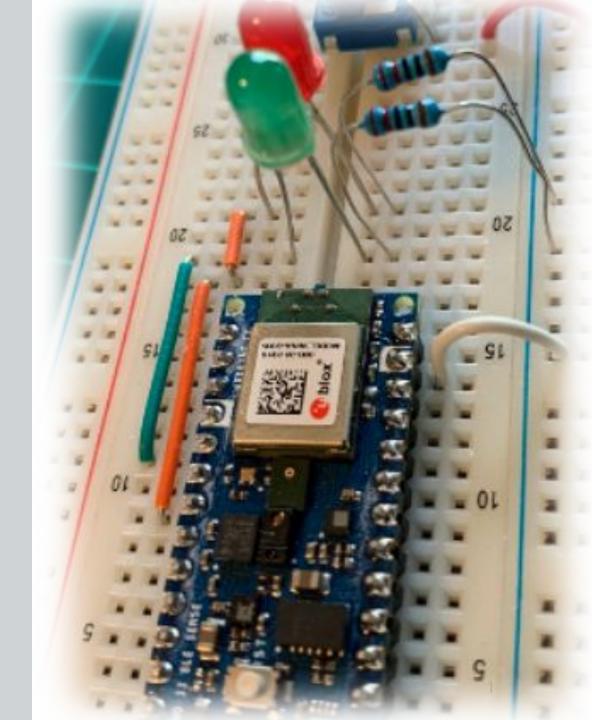
IESTI01 - TinyML

Embedded Machine Learning

Machine Learning Regression with DNN



Prof. Marcelo Rovai
UNIFEI



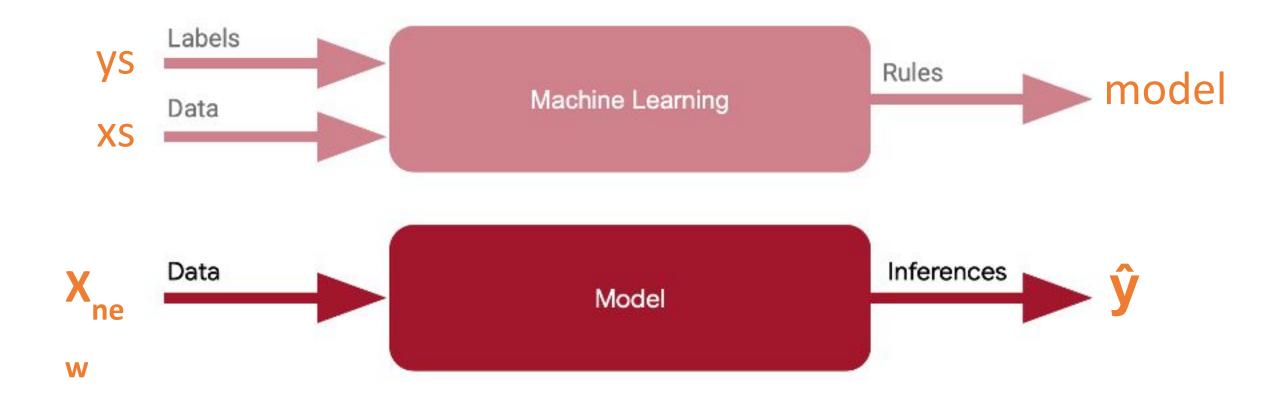
First Neural Network

Putting it all together

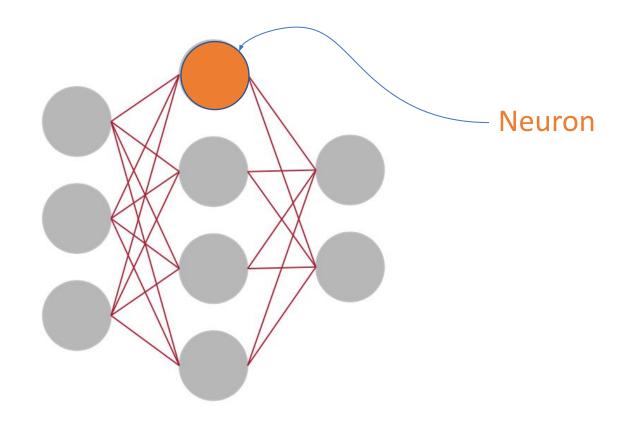
 $X \longrightarrow -1$, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 $Y \longrightarrow -3$, -1, 1, 3, 5, 7



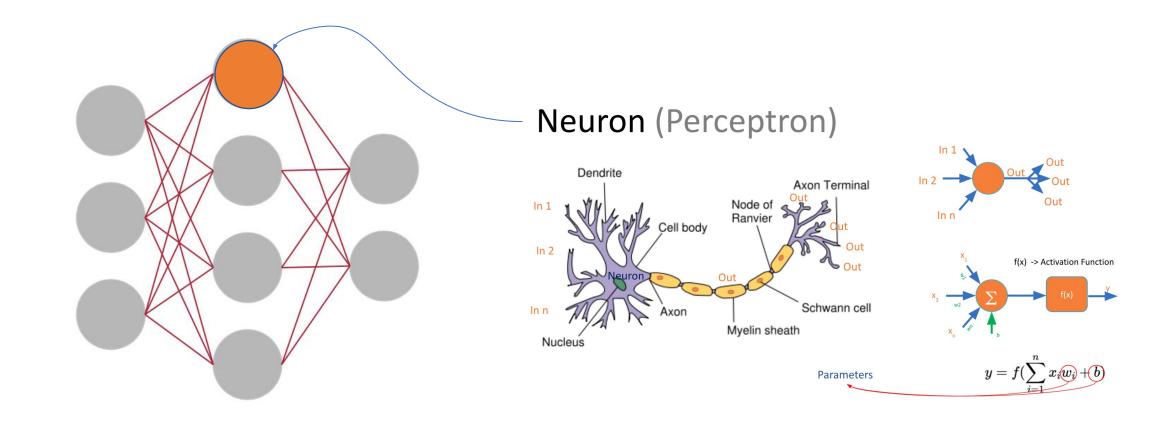
Inference -> predict output (\hat{y}) for new input (X_{new})



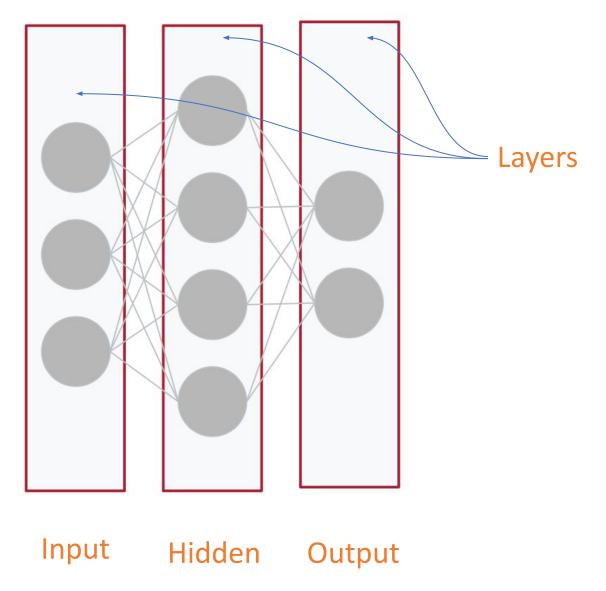
```
model = keras.Sequential([keras.layers.Dense(units=1, input_shape=[1])])
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='mean_squared_error')
xs = np.array([-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0], dtype=float)
ys = np.array([-3.0, -1.0, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0], dtype=float)
model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)
print(model.predict([10.0]))
```



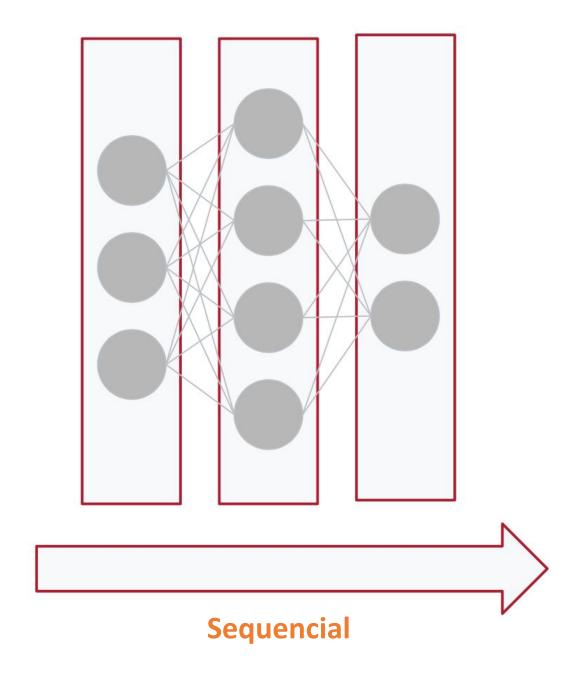
Dense Neural Network (DNN)



Dense Neural Network (DNN)



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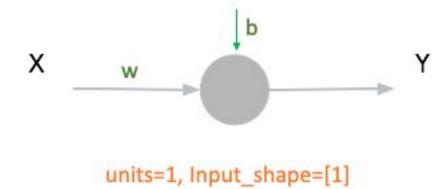


```
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xs = np.array([-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0], dtype=float)
ys = np.array([-3.0, -1.0, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0], dtype=float)
model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)
print(model.predict([10.0]))
```

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model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)
print(model.predict([10.0]))
```

```
1 Neuron
model = keras.Sequential([keras.layers.Dense(units=1, input_shape=[1])])
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='mean_squared_error')
                                                                         1 Input
xs = np.array([-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0], dtype=float)
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print(model.predict([10.0]))
```



```
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```

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xs = np.array([-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0], dtype=float)
ys = np.array([-3.0, -1.0, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0], dtype=float)
model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)
print(model.predict([10.0]))
```



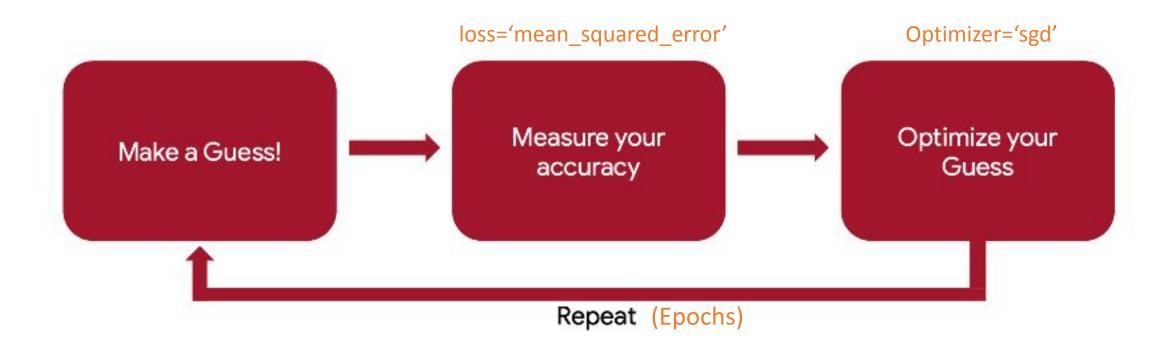
```
model = keras.Sequential([keras.layers.Dense(units=1, input_shape=[1])])
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='mean_squared_error')

xs = np.array([-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0], dtype=float)
ys = np.array([-3.0, -1.0, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0], dtype=float)
```

```
print(model.predict([10.0]))
```

model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)

Training -> model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)



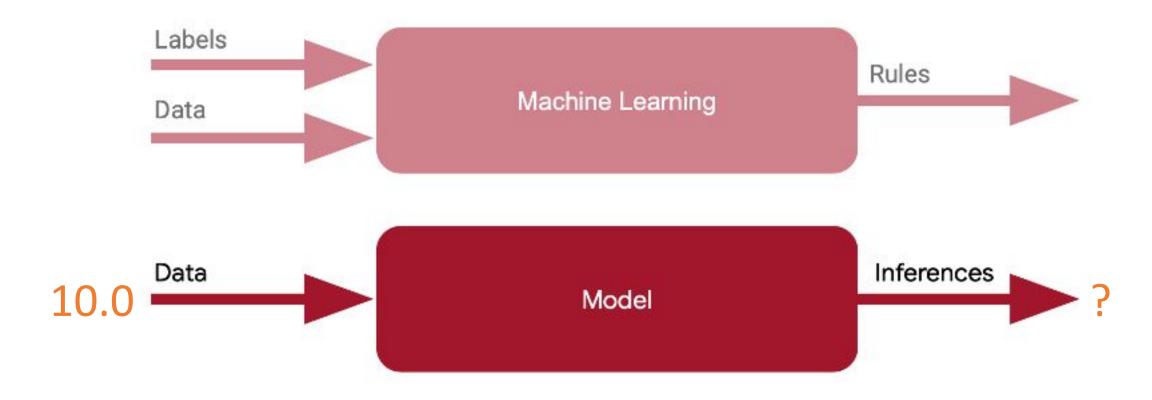
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model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='mean_squared_error')

xs = np.array([-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0], dtype=float)
ys = np.array([-3.0, -1.0, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0], dtype=float)

model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)
```

print(model.predict([10.0]))

Inference -> model.predict([10.0])



First Neural Network with TF2

Code Time!



Reading Material

Main references

- Harvard School of Engineering and Applied Sciences CS249r: Tiny Machine Learning
- <u>Professional Certificate in Tiny Machine Learning (TinyML) edX/Harvard</u>
- Introduction to Embedded Machine Learning (Coursera)
- <u>Text Book: "TinyML" by Pete Warden, Daniel Situnayake</u>

I want to thank <u>Shawn Hymel</u> and Edge Impulse, <u>Pete Warden</u> and <u>Laurence</u> <u>Moroney</u> from Google, and especially Harvard professor <u>Vijay Janapa Reddi</u>, Ph.D. student <u>Brian Plancher</u> and their staff for preparing the excellent material on TinyML that is the basis of this course at UNIFEI.

The IESTI01 course is part of the <u>TinyML4D</u>, an initiative to make TinyML education available to everyone globally.

Thanks And stay safe!

