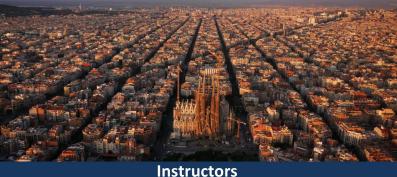
DEEP LEARNING FOR COMPUTER VISION

Summer Seminar UPC TelecomBCN, 4 - 8 July 2016





Giró-i-Nieto











McGuinness

Organizers















Day 3 Lecture 4

Object Detection

+ info: TelecomBCN.DeepLearning.Barcelona

Deep ConvNets for Recognition for...



Objects (local)

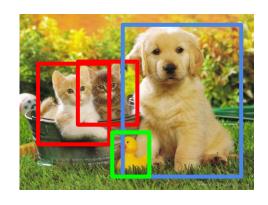
Video (2D+T)





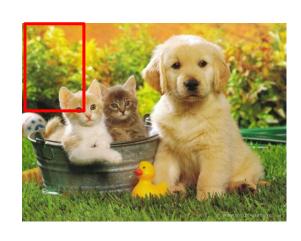


Object Detection



CAT, DOG, DUCK

The task of assigning a **label** and a **bounding box** to all objects in the image



Classes = [cat, dog, duck]

Cat? NO

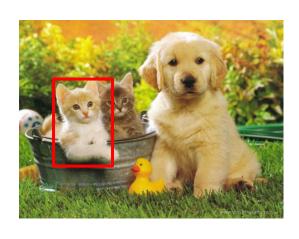
Dog?NO



Classes = [cat, dog, duck]

Cat? NO

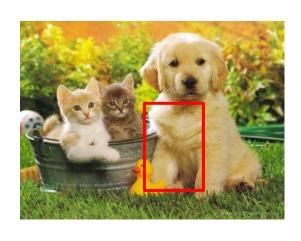
Dog?NO



Classes = [cat, dog, duck]

Cat?YES

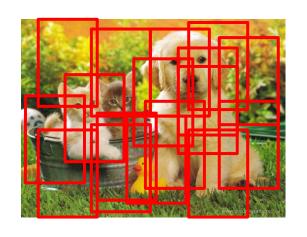
Dog?NO



Classes = [cat, dog, duck]

Cat? NO

Dog?NO

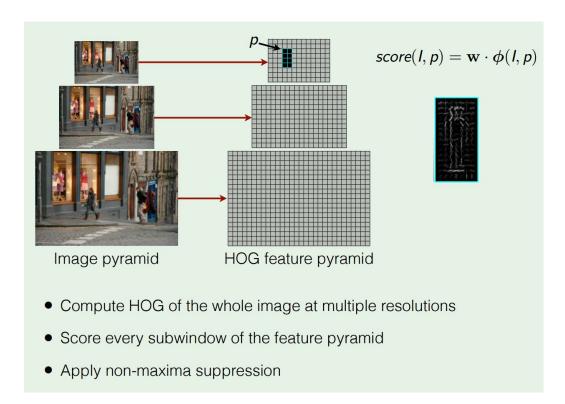


Problem:

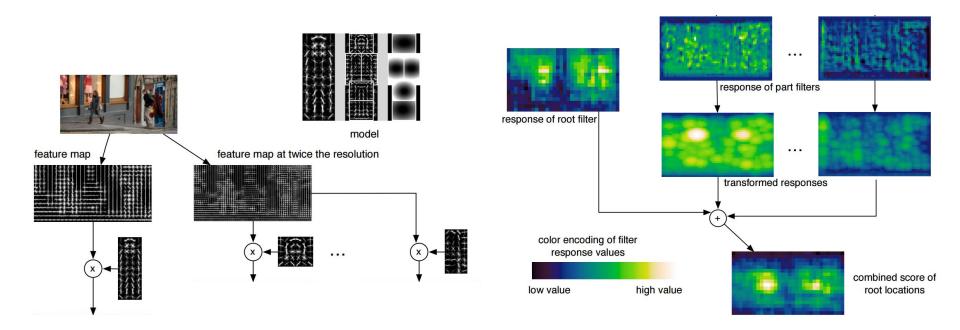
Too many positions & scales to test

Solution: If your classifier is fast enough, go for it

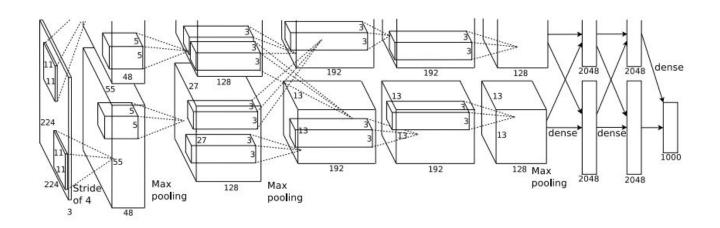
HOG



Deformable Part Model



Object Detection with CNNs?

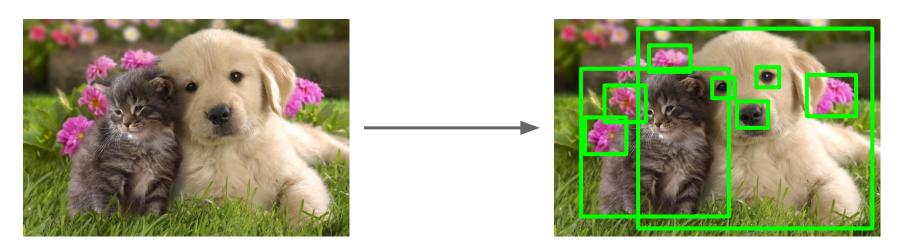


CNN classifiers are computationally demanding. We can't test all positions & scales!

Solution: Look at a tiny subset of positions. Choose them wisely:)

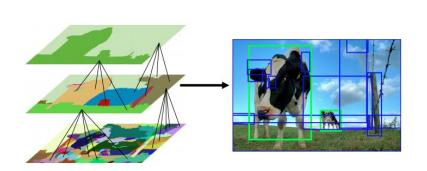
Region Proposals

- Find "blobby" image regions that are likely to contain objects
- "Class-agnostic" object detector
- Look for "blob-like" regions

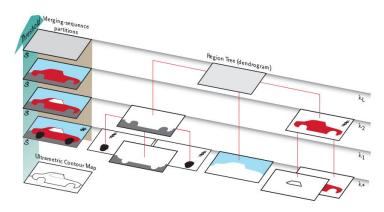


Slide Credit: CS231n

Region Proposals



Selective Search (SS)



Multiscale Combinatorial Grouping (MCG)

[SS] Uijlings et al. Selective search for object recognition. IJCV 2013

[MCG] Arbeláez, Pont-Tuset et al. Multiscale combinatorial grouping. CVPR 2014

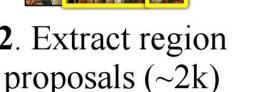
Object Detection with CNNs: R-CNN



1. Input image







warped region





aeroplane? no.

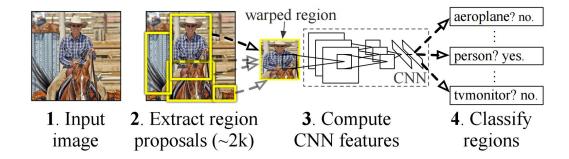
person? yes.

tvmonitor? no.

Girshick et al. Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation. CVPR 2014

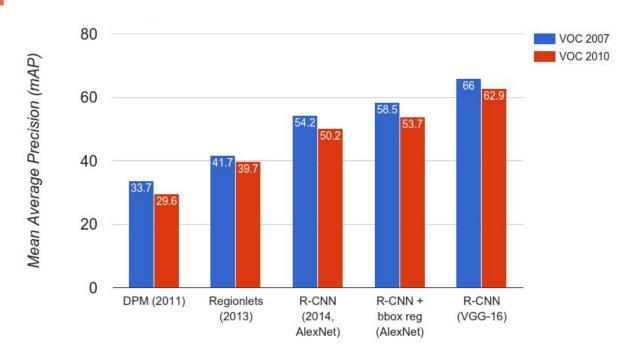
R-CNN

1. Train network on proposals



2. Post-hoc training of SVMs & Box regressors on fc7 features

R-CNN



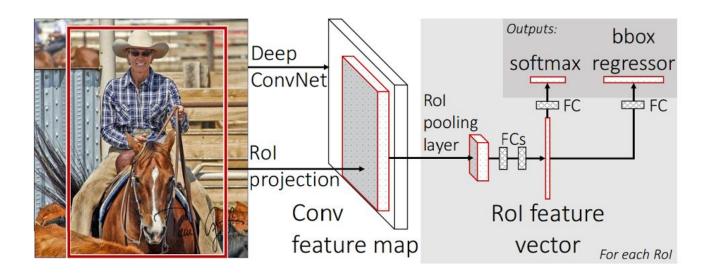
Girshick et al. Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation. CVPR 2014

R-CNN: Problems

- Slow at test-time: need to run full forward pass of CNN for each region proposal
- 2. SVMs and regressors are post-hoc: CNN features not updated in response to SVMs and regressors
- 3. Complex multistage training pipeline

Slide Credit: CS231n

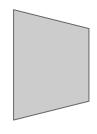
R-CNN Problem #1: Slow at test-time: need to run full forward pass of CNN for each region proposal

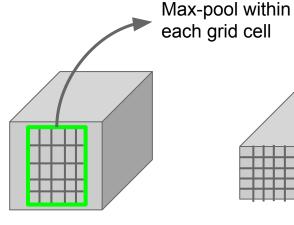


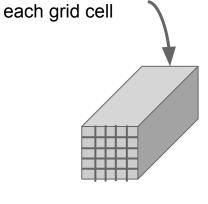
Solution: Share computation of convolutional layers between region proposals for an image

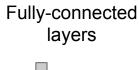
Convolution and Pooling

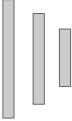












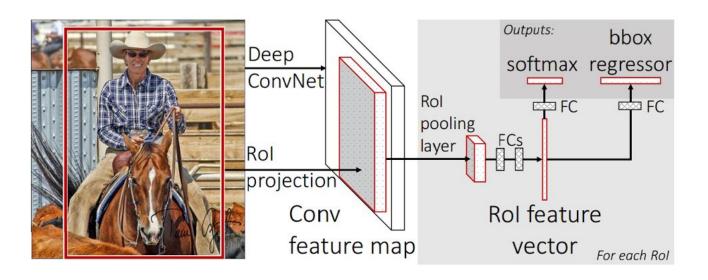
Hi-res input image: 3 x 800 x 600 with region proposal

Hi-res conv features: CxHxWwith region proposal

Rol conv features: Cxhxwfor region proposal

Fully-connected layers expect low-res conv features: Cxhxw

R-CNN Problem #2&3: SVMs and regressors are post-hoc. Complex training.



Solution: Train it all at together E2E

		R-CNN	Fast R-CNN
Faster!	Training Time:	84 hours	9.5 hours
	(Speedup)	1x	8.8x
FASTER!	Test time per image	47 seconds	0.32 seconds
	(Speedup)	1x	146x
Better!	mAP (VOC 2007)	66.0	66.9

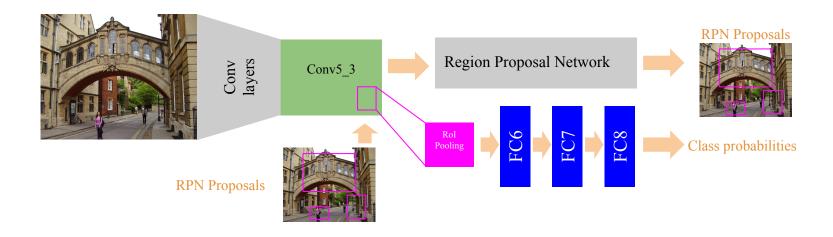
Using VGG-16 CNN on Pascal VOC 2007 dataset

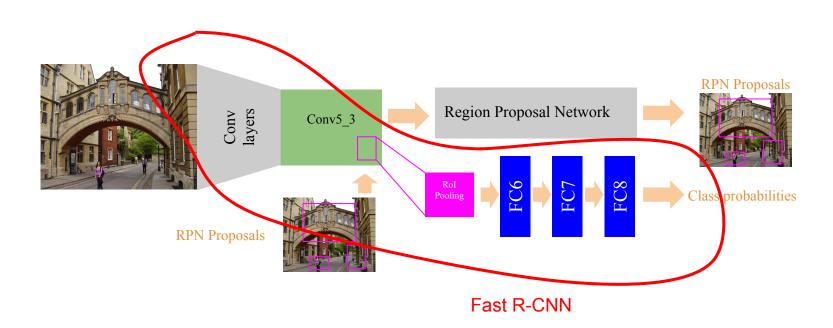
Fast R-CNN: Problem

Test-time speeds don't include region proposals

	R-CNN	Fast R-CNN	
Test time per image	47 seconds	0.32 seconds	
(Speedup)	1x	146x	
Test time per image with Selective Search	50 seconds	2 seconds	
(Speedup)	1x	25x	

Slide Credit: CS231n





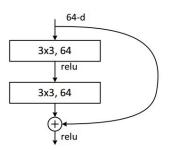
Region Proposal Network

Bounding Box Regression Objectness scores k anchor boxes 2k scores 4k coordinates (object/no object) cls layer reg layer 256-d intermediate layer sliding window conv feature map

In practice, k = 9 (3 different scales and 3 aspect ratios)

	R-CNN	Fast R-CNN	Faster R-CNN
Test time per image (with proposals)	50 seconds	2 seconds	0.2 seconds
(Speedup)	1x	25x	250x
mAP (VOC 2007)	66.0	66.9	66.9

 Faster R-CNN is the basis of the winners of COCO and ILSVRC 2015 object detection competitions.



He et al. <u>Deep residual learning for image recognition</u>. arXiv 2015

YOLO: You Only Look Once

Divide image into S x S grid

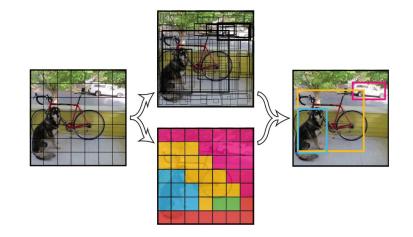
Within each grid cell predict:

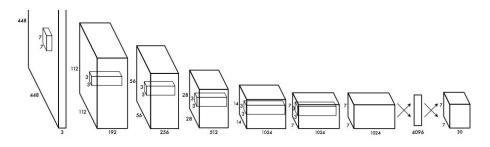
B Boxes: 4 coordinates + confidence

Class scores: C numbers

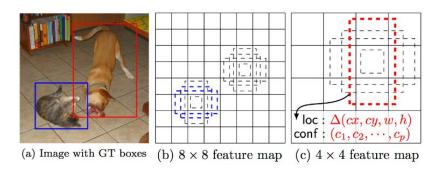
Regression from image to $7 \times 7 \times (5 * B + C)$ tensor

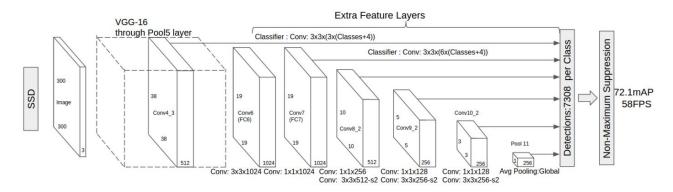
Direct prediction using a CNN





SSD: Single Shot MultiBox Detector





SSD: Single Shot MultiBox Detector

System	VOC2007 test mAP	FPS (Titan X)	Number of Boxes
Faster R-CNN (VGG16)	73.2	7	300
Faster R-CNN (ZF)	62.1	17	300
YOLO	63.4	45	98
Fast YOLO	52.7	155	98
SSD300 (VGG)	72.1	58	7308
SSD300 (VGG, cuDNN v5)	72.1	72	7308
SSD500 (VGG16)	75.1	23	20097

Training with Pascal VOC 07+12

Resources

- Related Lecture from CS231n @ Stanford [slides][video]
- Caffe Code for:
 - o R-CNN
 - o Fast R-CNN
 - Faster R-CNN [<u>matlab</u>][<u>python</u>]
- YOLO
 - Original (Darknet)
 - Tensorflow
 - o <u>Keras</u>
- SSD (Caffe)