# 02-3 Development Tools

Chapters 13 and 15

gdb and friends

## gdb

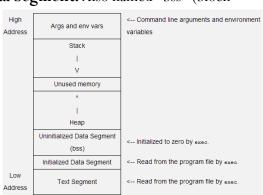
- gdb allows you to see what is going on 'inside' a program while it executes
- gdb can do four main kinds of things:
  - Start your program
  - Make your program stop on specified conditions.
  - Examine what has happened
  - Change things in your program
- The program being debugged can be written in Ada, C, C++, Objective-C, Pascal (and many other languages)
- Those programs might be executing on the same machine as GDB (native) or on another machine (remote)

# Exercise 16- gdb

- In Exercise 16 we'll try the following commands in gdb
  - help, break, run, continue, list, step, next, backtrace
- We'll also try remote debugging later.
- Remote debugging is used when your target can't run gdb
- Go do
- <a href="http://elinux.org/EBC">http://elinux.org/EBC</a> Exercise 14 gdb Debugging

## Memory Layout

- Text Segment:
- Initialized Data Segment:
- The stack:
- The heap:



## **Tutorial Example**

#### beagle\$ size hello\_world-1 hello\_world-1.o

hex filename	dec	bss	data	text
492 hello_world-1	1170	4	284	882
2c hello_world-1.c	44	0	0	44

hi

### binutils

- Section 13.5 on page 355 gives a nice summary of many handy binary utilities
  - readelf
  - objdump
  - strip
  - strings
  - ldd
  - nm
- Check them out

## Tutorial

beagle\$ objdump -h hello\_world-1.o

hello\_world-1.o: file format elf32-littlearm

3 .rodata 0000000c 00000000 00000000 00000054 2\*\*2
CONTENTS, ALLOC, LOAD, READONLY, DATA

4 .comment 0000003e 00000000 00000000 00000060 2\*\*0
CONTENTS, READONLY

5 .note.GNU-stack 00000000 00000000 00000000 0000009e 2\*\*0
CONTENTS, READONLY

6 .ARM.attributes 00000033 00000000 00000000 0000009e 2\*\*0
CONTENTS, READONLY

#### Quiz

- In one week
- Segment Names
  - T ext, data, bss, stack, heap
- gcc flags
  - -g
  - -ggdb3
- gdb commands
  - list
  - print
  - breakpoints
  - step
  - run
  - continue