

## 08-1 Talking to the PRU

ARM to PRU communication via mmap()

### Overview

- Review PRU code
- Modify to read from PRU0 Data RAM
- Use mmap() to modify values

### Programming the PRU - c

- You can use either C or assembly, Let's do both

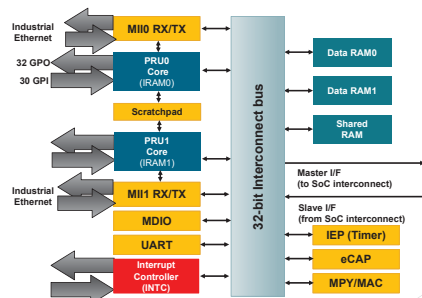
```
void main(void){  
    ...  
    while(!(__R31&(1<<3))) {  
        __R30 |= 1<<5;  
        __delay_cycles(TIME);  
        __R30 &= ~(1<<5);  
        __delay_cycles(TIME);  
    }  
    __delay_cycles(TIME); // Give some time for press to release  
    // Call assembly language  
    start(TIME);  
    __halt();  
}
```

P9_27	105	0x9a4/1a4	115	GPIO3_19	gpio3[19]	pr1_pru0_pru_r31_5	pr1_pru0_pru_r30_5
P9_28	103	0x99c/19c	113	SPI1_CS0	gpio3[17]	pr1_pru0_pru_r31_3	pr1_pru0_pru_r30_3

### Programming the PRU - assembly

```
start:  
    set    r30, r30.t5    ; turn on the output pin (LED on)  
    mov    r0, r14        ; store the length of the delay in REG0  
delayon:  
    sub    r0, r0, 1      ; Decrement REG0 by 1  
    qbmedelayon, r0, 0    ; Loop to DELAYON, unless REG0=0  
ledoff:  
    clr    r30, r30.t5    ; clear the output bin (LED off)  
    mov    r0, r14        ; Reset REG0 to the length of the delay  
delayoff:  
    sub    r0, r0, 1      ; decrement REG0 by 1  
    qbmedelayoff, r0, 0   ; Loop to DELAYOFF, unless REG0=0  
    qbbcstart, r31, 3     ; is the button pressed? If not, loop  
end:  
    jmp    r3             ; r3 contains the return address
```

### Data RAM (8KB)



### Data RAM address

- From: AM335x PRU-ICSS Reference Guide

Table 5. Local Data Memory Map

Start Address	PRU0	PRU1
0x0000_0000	Data 8KB RAM 0 <sup>(1)</sup>	Data 8KB RAM 1 <sup>(1)</sup>
0x0000_2000	Data 8KB RAM 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Data 8KB RAM 0 <sup>(1)</sup>
0x0001_0000	Data 12KB RAM2 (Shared)	Data 12KB RAM2 (Shared)
0x0002_0000	INTC	INTC
0x0002_2000	PRU0 Control Registers	PRU0 Control Registers
0x0002_2400	Reserved	Reserved
0x0002_4000	PRU1 Control	PRU1 Control

## Data RAM address, free

► In the Makefile you find:

```
LINKER_COMMAND_FILE=./AM335x_PRU.cmd
LIBS=-l-rpmc-lib
INCLUDE=-include $(PRU_SUPPORT)/include -
include_path=$(PRU_SUPPORT)/include/am335x
```

```
STACK_SIZE=0x100
HEAP_SIZE=0x100
```

► The compiler uses the first 0x200 bytes of RAM

```
bone$ ./Setup.sh
bone$ source setup.sh
```

Set in install.sh

## Changes

Load Byte Burst, Offset

Number of bytes

```
start: (Old)
    set    r30, r30.t5      ; turn on the output pin (LED on)
    mov    r0, r1          ; store the length of the delay in REG0
delayon:
    sub    r0, r0, 1        ; Decrement REG0 by 1
    qbne   delayon, r0, 0   ; Loop to DELAYON, unless REG0=0

start: (New)
    ldi    r1, 0x200        ; This is the sum of STACK_SIZE and HEAP_SIZE in Makefile
    lbbo   &r0, r1, 0, 4    ; Load the length of the delay in r0
    set    r30, r30.t5      ; turn on the output pin (LED on)

delayon:
    sub    r0, r0, 1        ; Decrement REG0 by 1
    qbne   delayon, r0, 0   ; Loop to DELAYON, unless REG0=0
```

## Changes 2

Offset

```
ledoff: (Old)
    clr    r30, r30.t5      ; clear the output bin (LED off)
    mov    r0, r14          ; set REG0 to the length of the delay
delayoff:
    sub    r0, r0, 1        ; decrement REG0 by 1
    qbne   delayoff, r0, 0   ; Loop to DELAYOFF, unless REG0=0
    qbbc   start, r31, 3     ; is the button pressed? If not, loop

ledoff: (New)
    clr    r30, r30.t5      ; clear the output bin (LED off)
    lbbo   &r0, r1, 4, 4     ; Load the length of the delay in r0

delayoff:
    sub    r0, r0, 1        ; decrement REG0 by 1
    qbne   delayoff, r0, 0   ; Loop to DELAYOFF, unless REG0=0

    qbbc   start, r31, 3     ; is the button pressed? If not, loop
```

## On the ARM side

- Memory is shared between the PRU and the ARM
- From: AM335x Sitara™ Processors Technical Reference Manual

Device Name	Start Address (Hex)	End Address (Hex)	Size	Description
CPSW_ALE	0x4A10_0000	0x4A10_007F		Ethernet Address Lookup Engine
CPSW_SL1	0x4A10_0080	0x4A10_00FF		Ethernet Silver for Port 1
CPSW_SL2	0x4A10_00C0	0x4A10_00FF		Ethernet Silver for Port 2
Reserved	0x4A10_00E0	0x4A10_00FF		Reserved
MDIO	0x4A10_1000	0x4A10_10FF		Ethernet MDIO Controller
Reserved	0x4A10_1100	0x4A10_11FF		Reserved
CPSW_WRR	0x4A10_1200	0x4A10_1FFF		Ethernet Subsystem

RESERVED	0x4A30_0000	0x4A30_0000	128B	Reserved
PRU_ICSS	0x4A30_0000	0x4A37_FFFF	512KB	PRU-ICSS Instruction/Data/Control Space
Reserved	0x4A38_0000	0x4A38_0000	4KB	Reserved
Reserved	0x4A38_1000	0x4A3F_FFFF	508KB	Reserved
Reserved	0x4A40_0000	0x4A4F_FFFF	128MB	Reserved

## On the ARM side

```
#define PRU_ADDR      0x4A300000    // Start of PRU memory Page 184 am335x TRM
#define PRU_LEN       0x80000       // Length of PRU memory
#define PRU0_DRAM     0x00000       // Offset to DRAM
#define PRU1_DRAM     0x02000       // Offset to DRAM
#define PRU_SHARED_MEM 0x10000      // Offset to shared memory

unsigned int *pru0DRAM_32int_ptr;    // Points to the start of local DRAM
unsigned int *pru1DRAM_32int_ptr;    // Points to the start of local DRAM
unsigned int *prusharedMem_32int_ptr; // Points to the start of the shared memory
```

## Data RAM address

Table 5. Local Data Memory Map

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0x0001_0000	Data 12KB RAM2 (Shared)	Data 12KB RAM2 (Shared)
0x0002_0000	INTC	INTC
0x0002_2000	PRU0 Control Registers	PRU0 Control Registers
0x0002_2400	Reserved	Reserved
0x0002_4000	PRU1 Control	PRU1 Control

## mmap()

```
fd = open ("/dev/mem", O_RDWR | O_SYNC);
if (fd == -1) {
    printf ("ERROR: could not open /dev/mem.\n\n");
    return 1;
}
pru = mmap (0, PRU_LEN, PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, fd, PRU_ADDR);
if (pru == MAP_FAILED) {
    printf ("ERROR: could not map memory.\n\n");
    return 1;
}
close(fd);
printf ("Using /dev/mem.\n");

pru0DRAM_32int_ptr =   pru + PRU0_DRAM/4 + 0x200/4; // Points to 0x200 of PRU0 memory
pru1DRAM_32int_ptr =   pru + PRU1_DRAM/4 + 0x200/4; // Points to 0x200 of PRU1 memory
prusharedram_32int_ptr = pru + PRU_SHARED_MEM/4;    // Points to start of Shared memory
```

word address

Convert byte address to  
word address

HEAP + STACK

## mmap()

```
int ch =0;    // We only have channel 0
pru0DRAM_32int_ptr[2*(ch)+0] = onCount;    // On time
pru0DRAM_32int_ptr[2*(ch)+1] = offCount;    // Off time
```

```
if(munmap(pru, PRU_LEN)) {
    printf("munmap failed\n");
} else {
    printf("munmap succeeded\n");
}
```

## Running it

► Setup PRU: [http://elinux.org/EBC\\_Exercise\\_30\\_PRU\\_via\\_remoteproc\\_and\\_RPMsg](http://elinux.org/EBC_Exercise_30_PRU_via_remoteproc_and_RPMsg)

```
bone$ cd exercises/pru/examples/pwml
bone$ git pull
bone$ ./install.sh
bone$ source setup.sh
bone$ make && make install
bone$ ./pwm-test onCount offCount
```