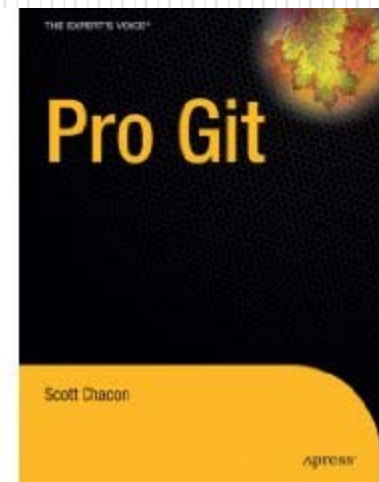


01-2 – git – Local Repositories

Much of this is taken from...

Pro Git
professional version control

<http://progit.org/book>



What is git?

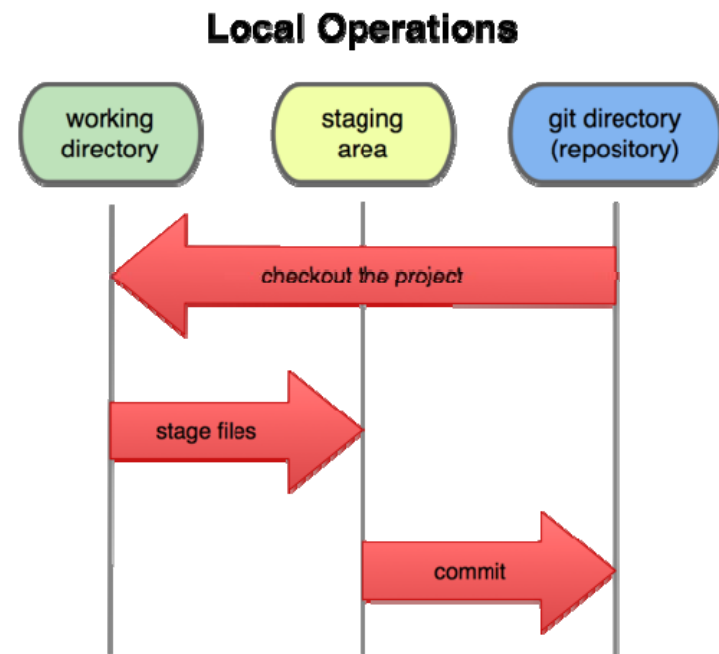
- A distributed revision control system with an emphasis on being fast
- Initially designed and developed by Linus Torvalds for Linux kernel development
- Every Git working directory is
 - a full-fledged repository
 - with complete history and
 - full revision tracking capabilities,
 - not dependent on network access or a central server

Directory Details

- The Git directory (**.git**) is where Git stores the metadata and object database for your project
- This is the most important part of Git
- It is what is copied when you **clone** a repository from another computer

Git workflow

- Modify files in your working directory
- Stage the files, **adding** snapshots of them to staging area
- **Commit**, takes the files as they are in the staging area and stores that snapshot permanently to your Git directory



Configuration Files

- **/etc/gitconfig** : values for every user on the system
- **~/.gitconfig** file: Specific to you.
- **.git/config** : config file for current repository
 - Specific to that single repository
 - Each level overrides values in the previous level

```
$ cat ~/.gitconfig
```

```
[user]
```

```
    name = Mark A. Yoder
```

```
    email = Mark.A.Yoder@Rose-Hulman.edu
```

```
[github]
```

```
    user = MarkAYoder
```

```
    token = a8836c841ce558a8f52af0a7bd1dbe79
```

.git/config

```
$ cat .git/config
```

```
[core]
```

```
    repositoryformatversion = 0
```

```
    filemode = true
```

```
    bare = false
```

```
    logallrefupdates = true
```

```
[remote "origin"]
```

```
    fetch = +refs/heads/*:refs/remotes/origin/*
```

```
    url = git@github.com:MarkAYoder/gitLearn.git
```

```
[branch "master"]
```

```
    remote = origin
```

```
    merge = refs/heads/master
```

Things to configure

```
$ git config --global user.name "Mark A. Yoder"
```

```
$ git config --global user.email Mark.A.Yoder@Rose-Hulman.edu
```

```
$ git config --global core.editor vi
```

```
$ git config user.name
```

```
Mark A. Yoder
```

```
$ git help
```

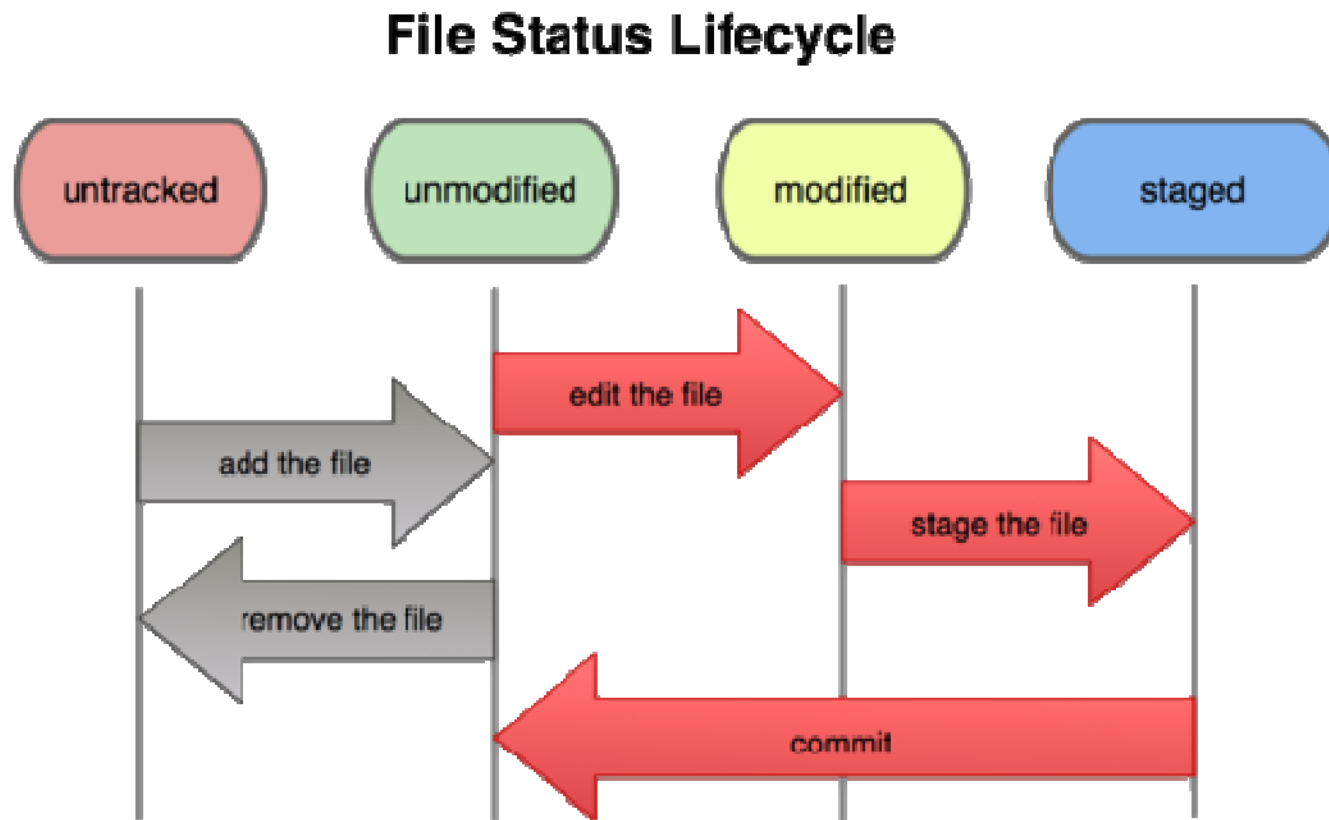
```
$ git help config
```

The *git lab* leads you to **github** which will lead you through these commands.

File Status Lifecycle

See *git lab* for more details

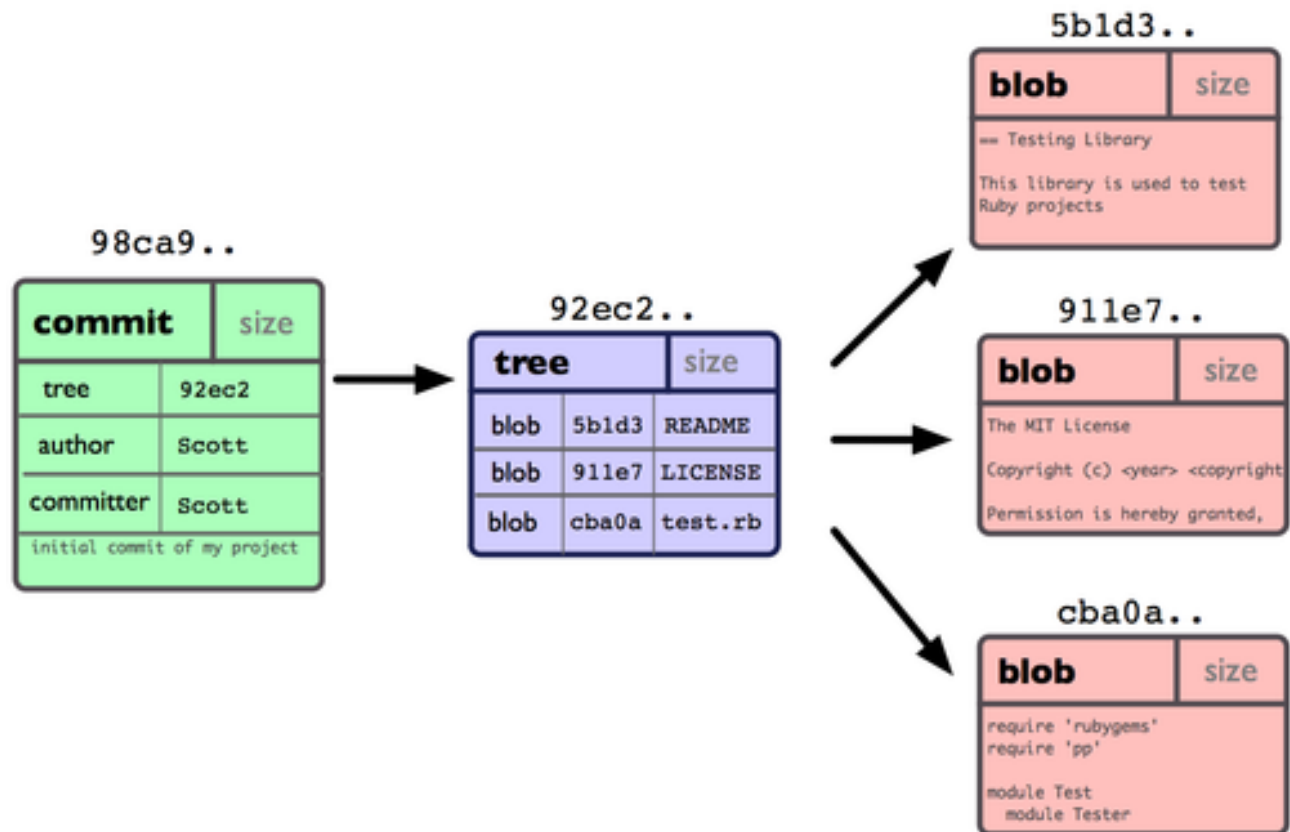
- See: <http://progit.org/book/ch2-2.html>



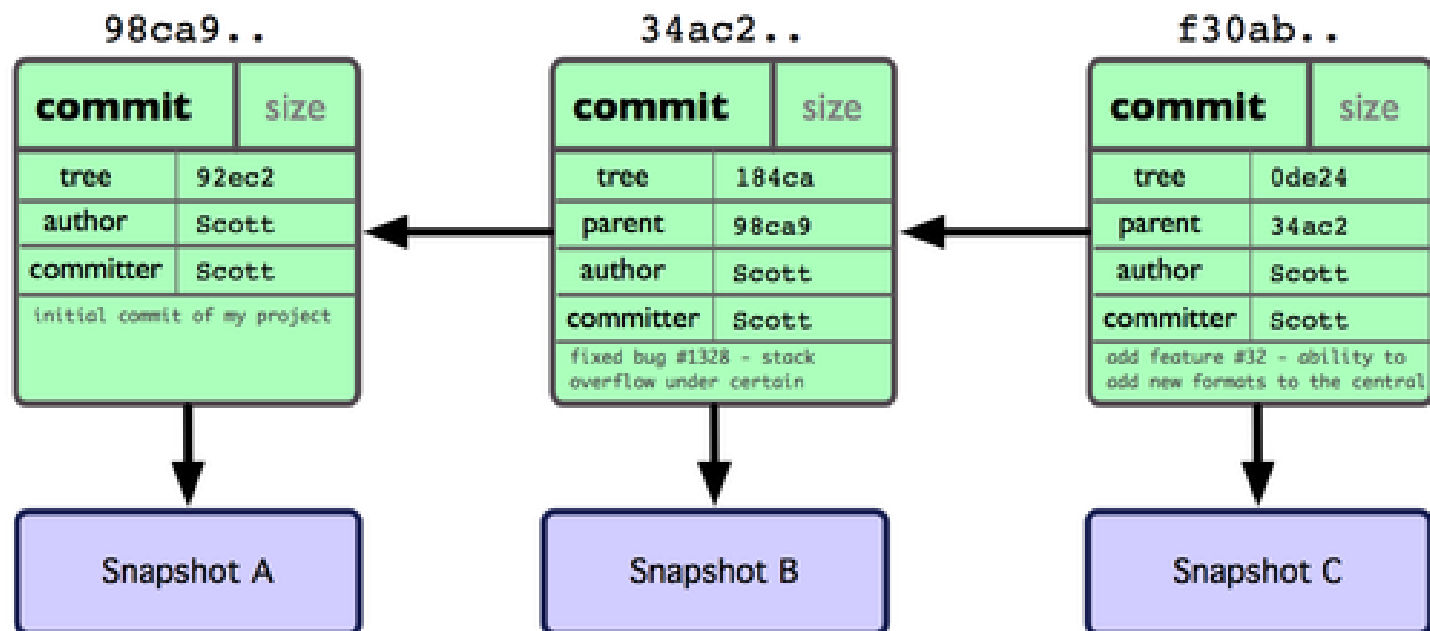
Branching

```
$ git add README test.rb LICENSE
```

```
$ git commit -m "initial commit of my project"
```

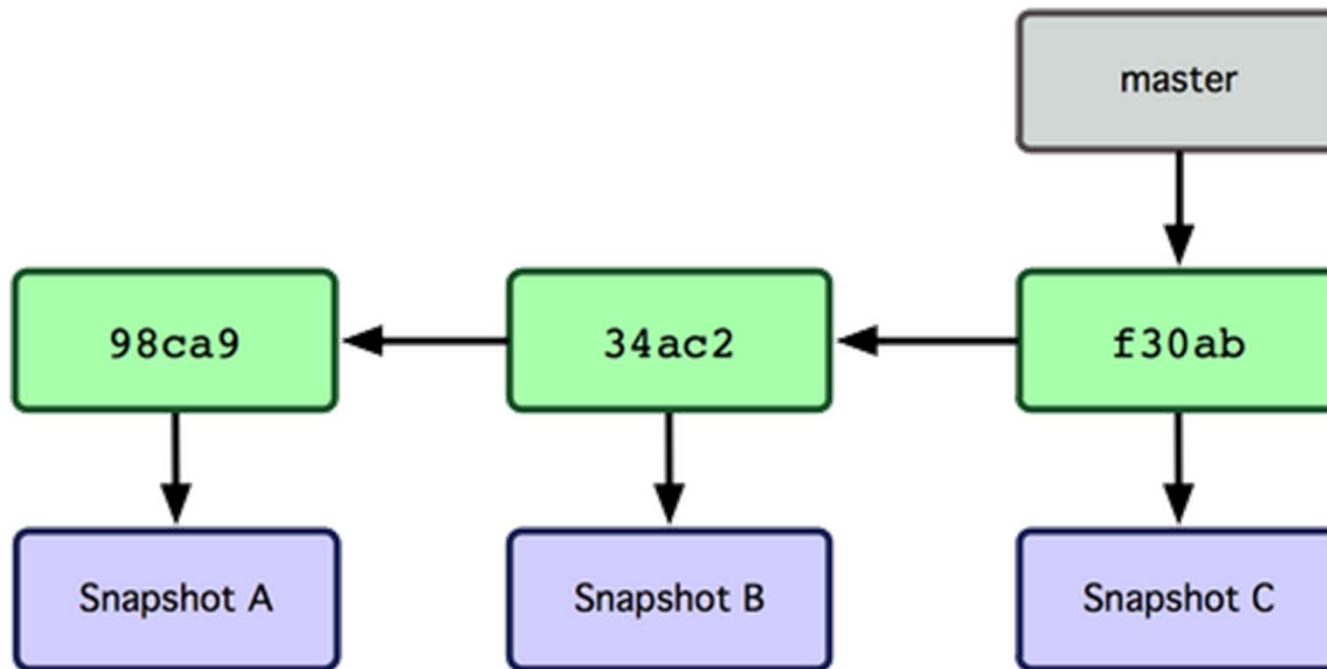


After 2 more commits



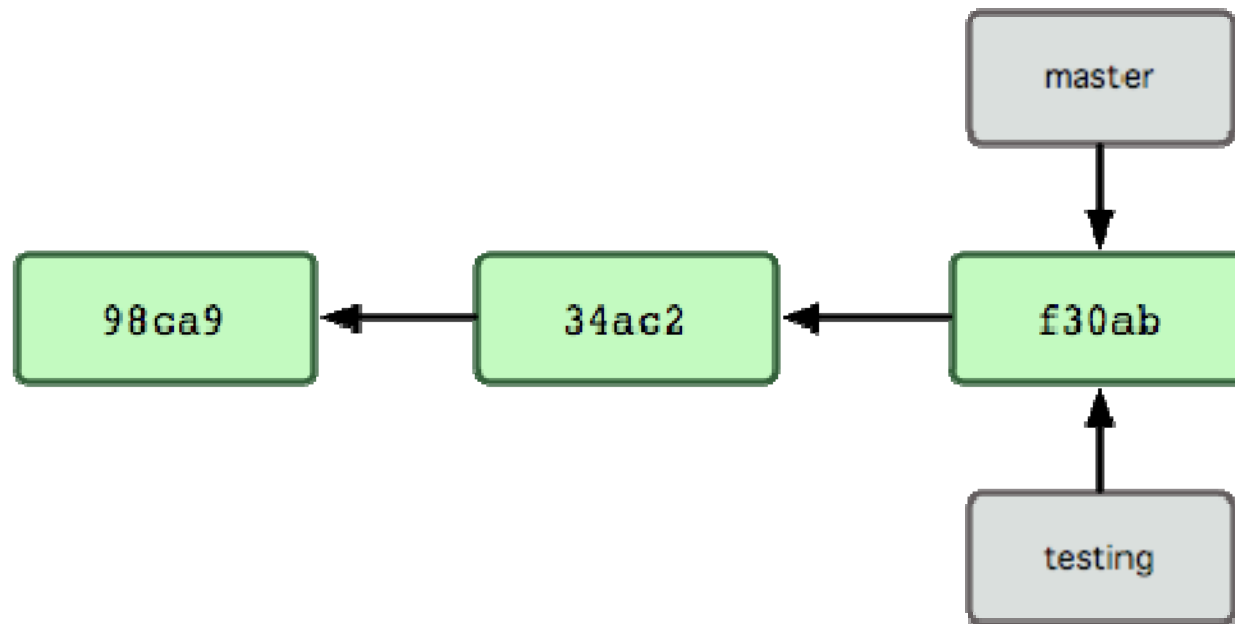
master

- A branch is a lightweight movable pointer to a commit
- Default: **master**



New branch

```
$ git branch testing
```

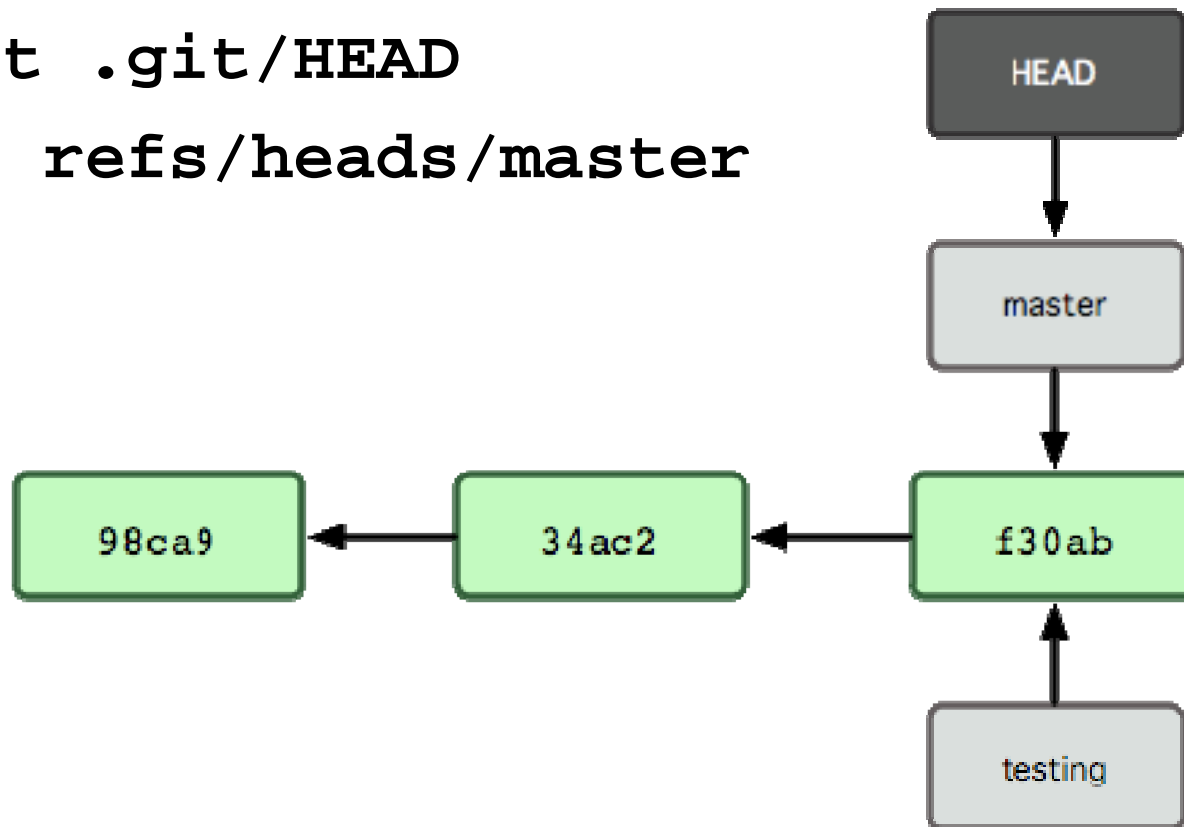


What's the current branch?

- HEAD

```
$ cat .git/HEAD
```

```
ref: refs/heads/master
```

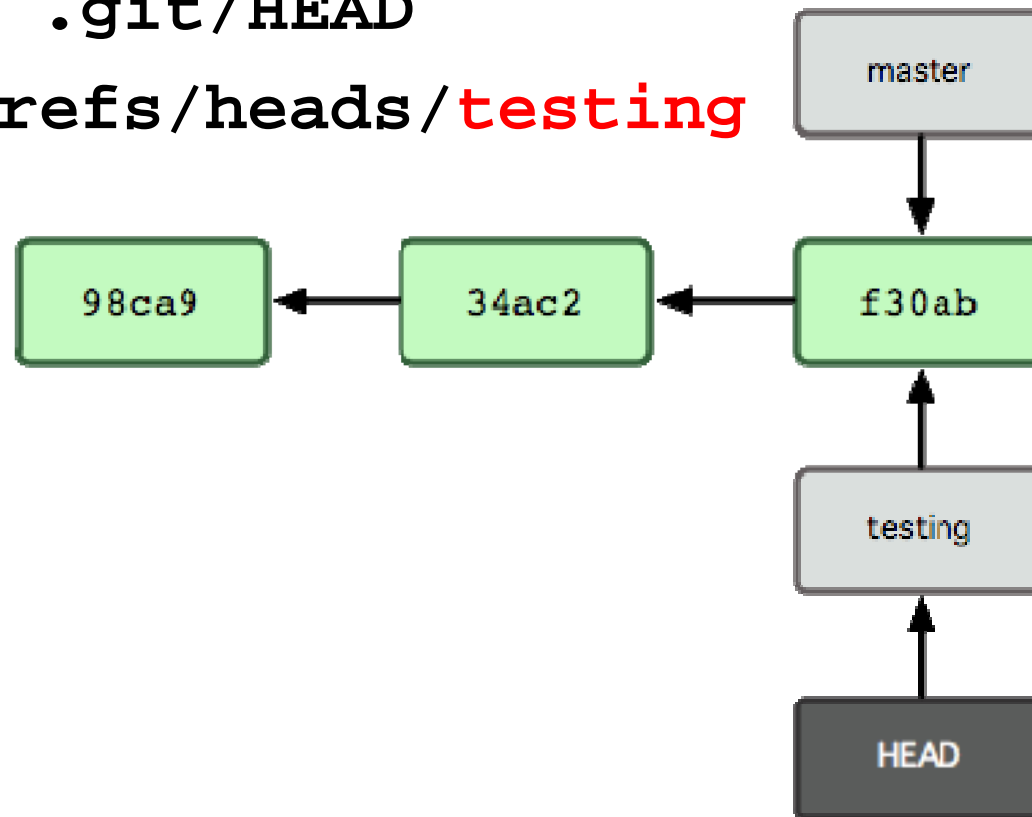


Switch branches

```
$ git checkout testing
```

```
$ cat .git/HEAD
```

```
ref: refs/heads/testing
```

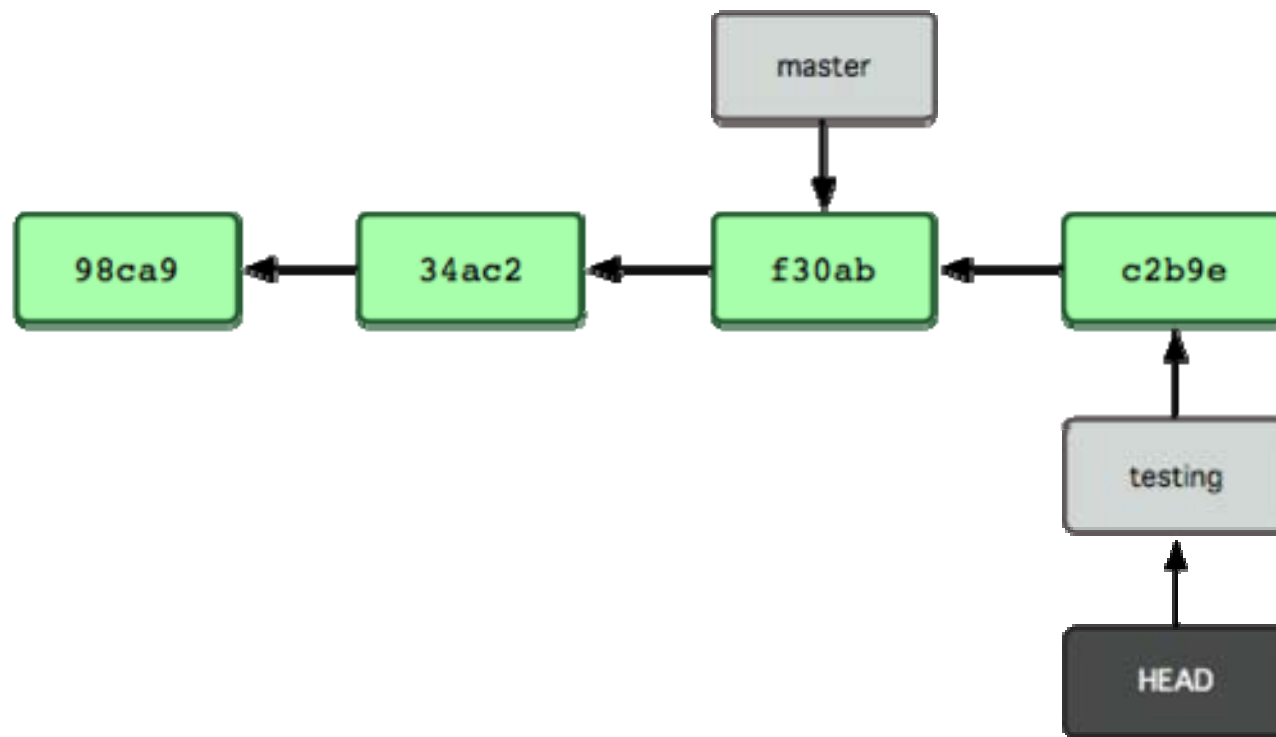


Another commit

```
$ vittest.rb
```

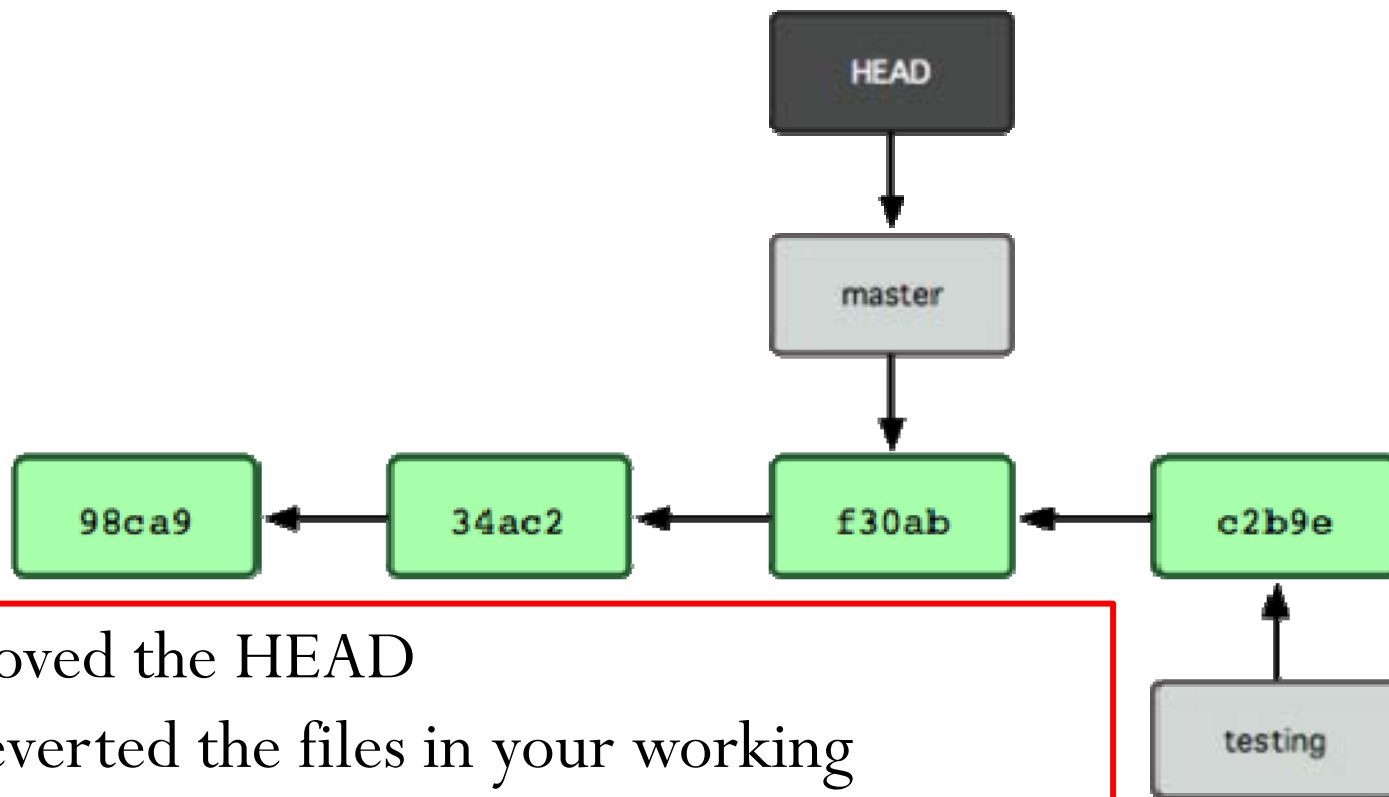
```
$ git add test.rb
```

```
$ git commit -m 'made a change'
```



What does this do?

```
$ git checkout master
```



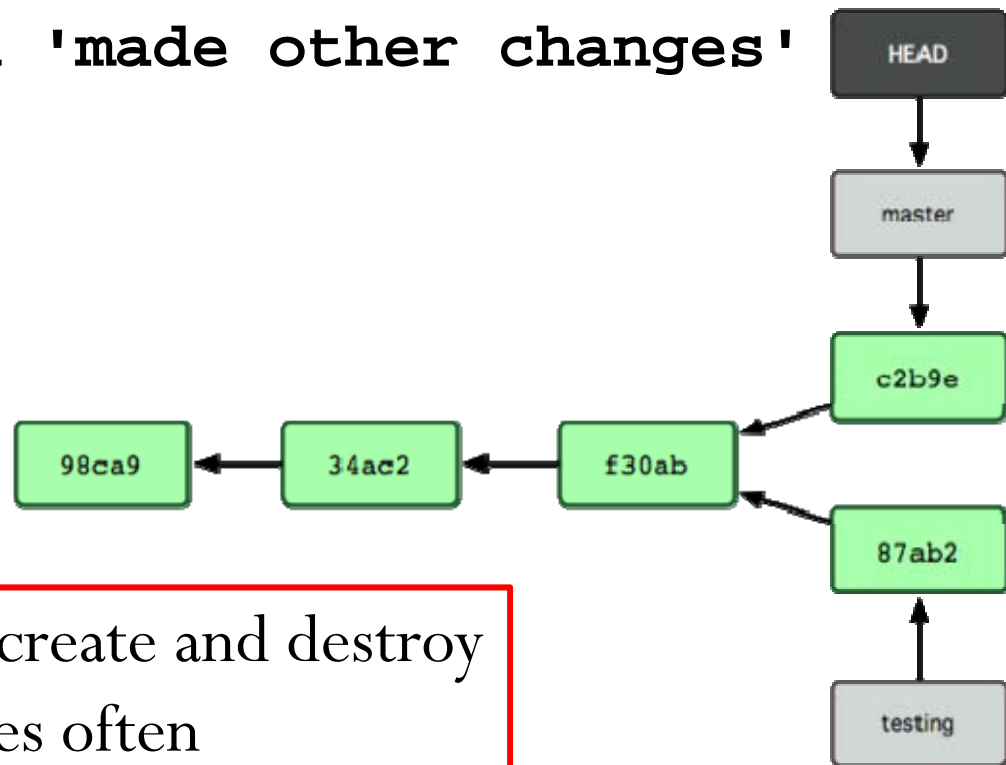
- Moved the HEAD
- Reverted the files in your working directory back to the snapshot that master points to.

More changes

```
$ vi test.rb
```

```
$ git add test.rb
```

```
$ git commit -m 'made other changes'
```



- Branches are cheap to create and destroy
- Create and use branches often

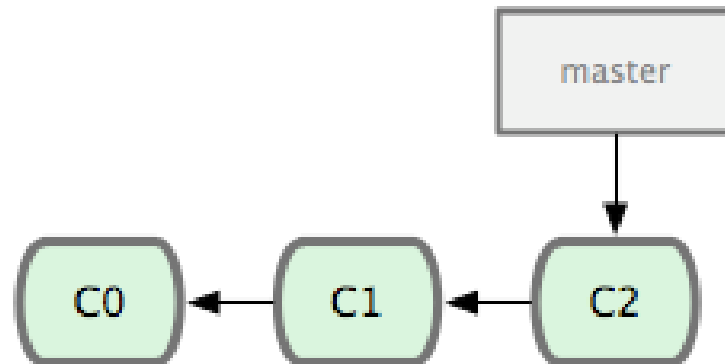
Merge

- See: <http://git-scm.com/book/en/Git-Branching-Basic-Branching-and-Merging> for a merge example

You'll do this in the *git lab*

Basic Branching and Merging

- You are working on a project and have a couple of commits



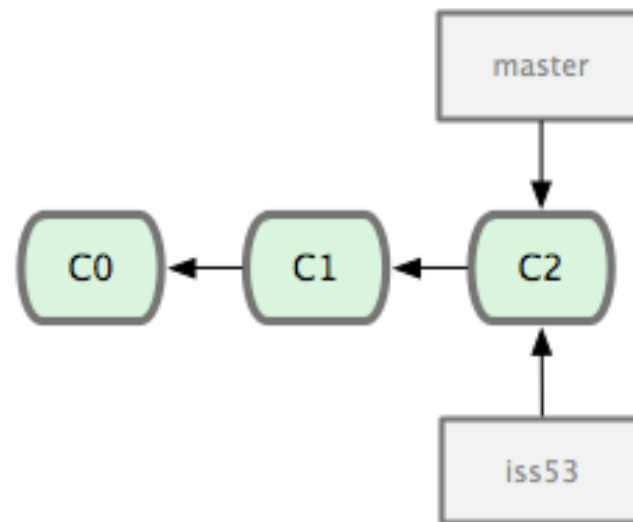
Issue #53

- You get a call and need to work on issue #53

```
$ git checkout -b iss53
```

Switched to a new branch "iss53"

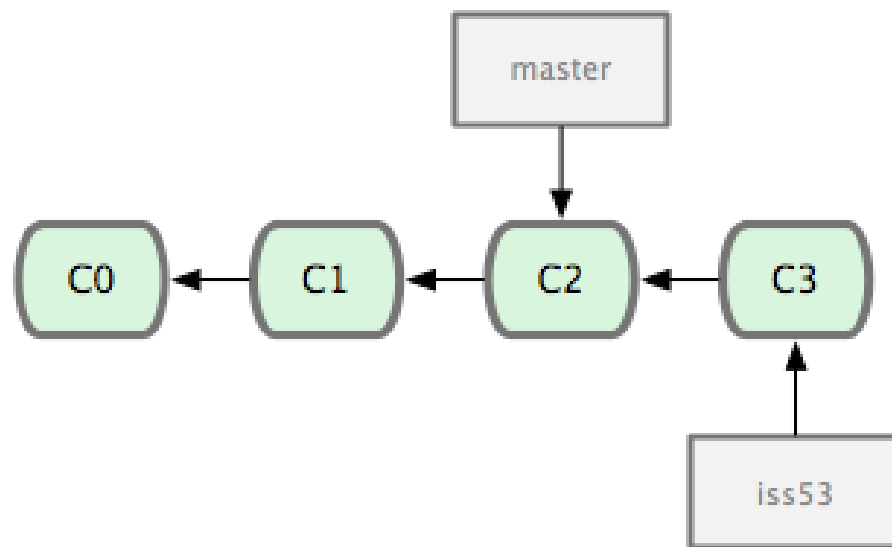
- Hi



... after some work...

```
$ vim index.html
```

```
$ git commit -a -m 'added a new footer  
[issue 53]'
```

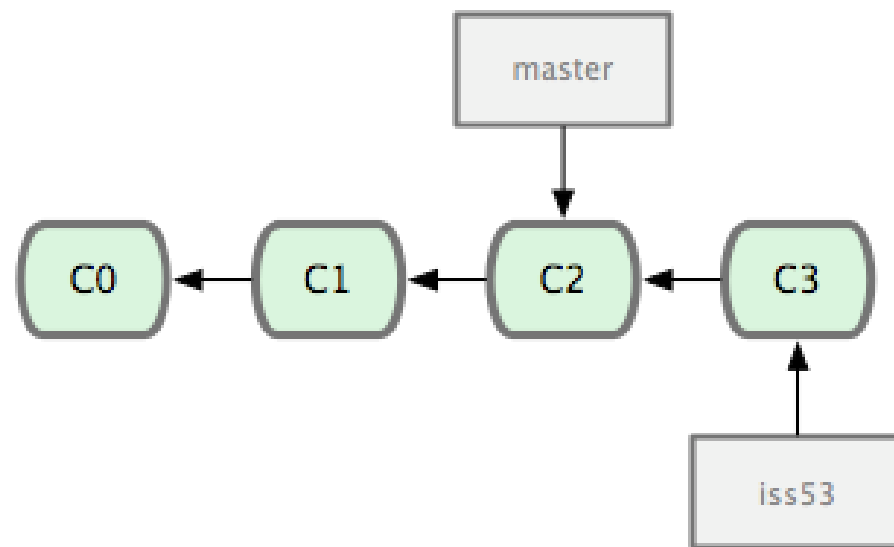


Another call...

- There's a problem with the web site and you need to fix it

\$ git checkout master

Switched to branch "master"



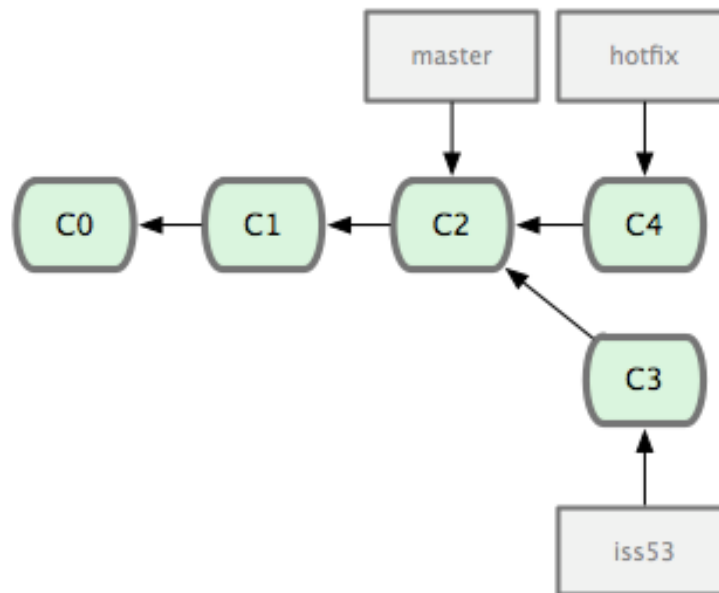
Work in the web site

```
$ git checkout -b 'hotfix'
```

Switched to a new branch "hotfix"

```
$ vim index.html
```

```
$ git commit -a -m 'fixed the broken  
email address'
```



Run Tests and Merge

After testing hotfix, merge it back to master

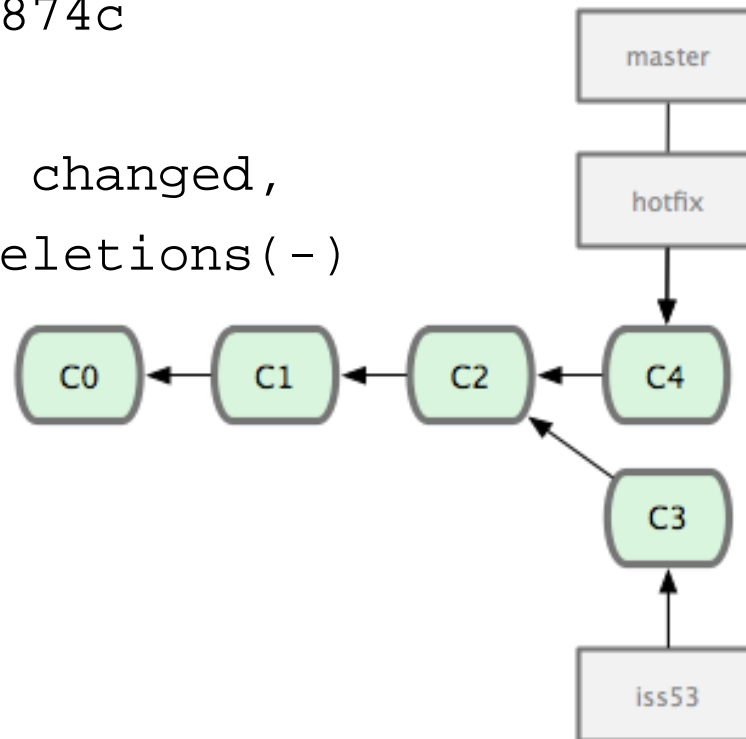
```
$ git checkout master
```

```
$ git merge hotfix
```

Updating f42c576..3a0874c

Fast forward

```
README | 1 - 1 files changed,  
0 insertions(+), 1 deletions(-)
```



Back to issue #53

```
$ git branch -d hotfix
```

```
Deleted branch hotfix (3a0874c).
```

```
$ git checkout iss53
```

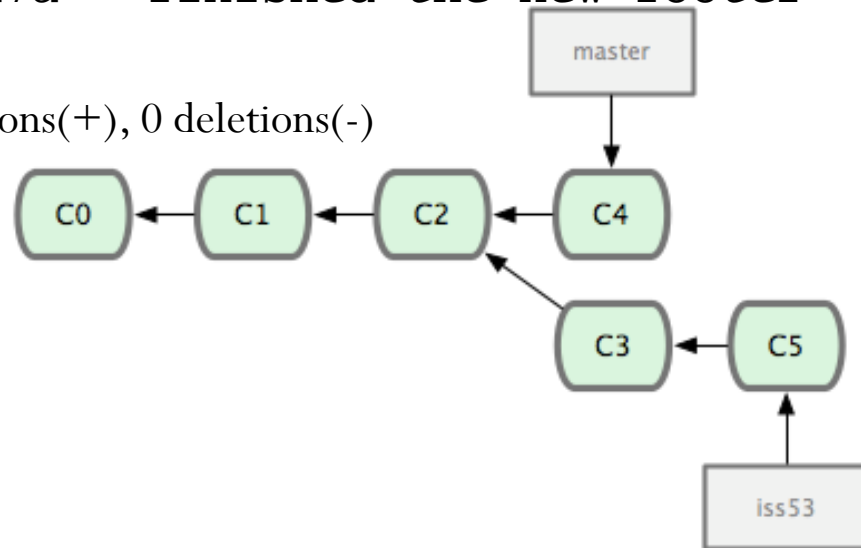
```
Switched to branch "iss53"
```

```
$ vim index.html
```

```
$ git commit -a -m 'finished the new footer [issue 53]'
```

```
[iss53]: created ad82d7a: "finished the new footer  
[issue 53]"
```

```
1 files changed, 1 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
```



Basic Merging

```
$ git checkout master
```

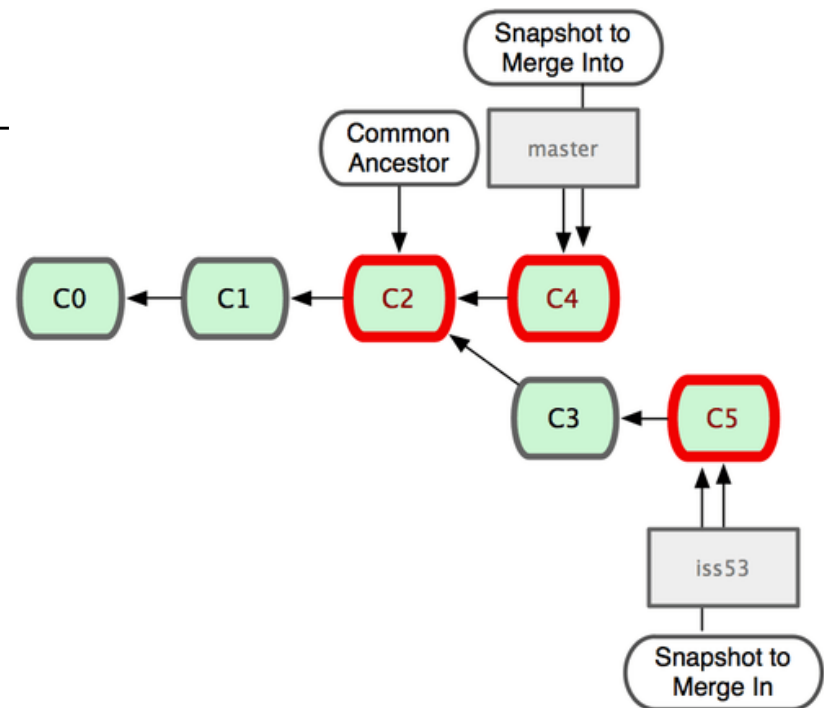
```
$ git merge iss53
```

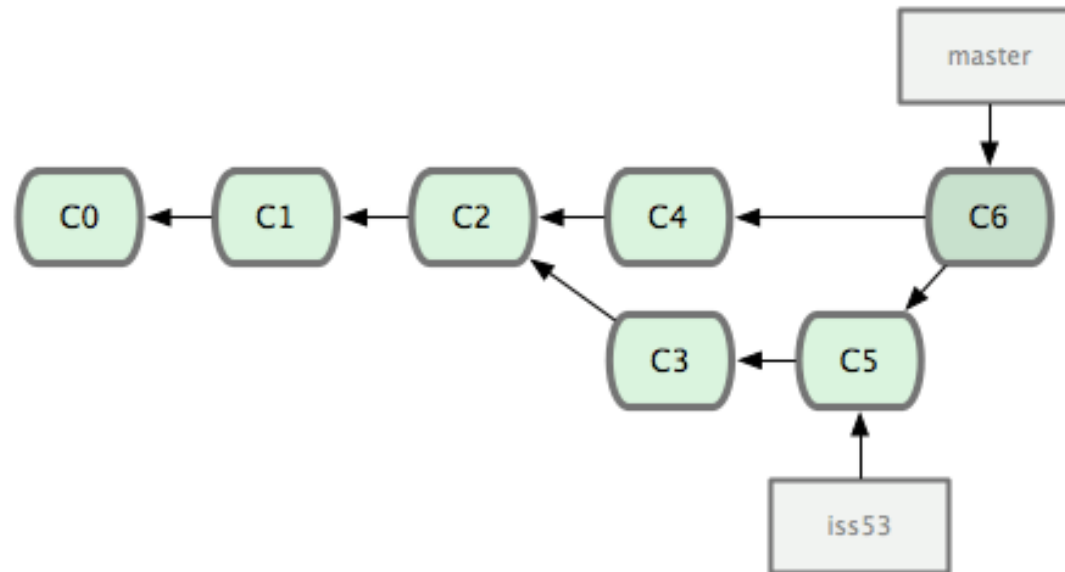
Auto-merging README

Merge made by the 'recursive' strategy.

README | 1 +

1 file changed, 1 inserti





Basic Merge Conflicts

- Hands on

Merging master and iss53

- See <http://git-scm.com/book/en/Git-Branching-Basic-Branching-and-Merging> for example of merging **master** and **iss53**.