

06-1 Userspace Initialization - systemd

Chapter 6

Beagle 3.8

```
bone$ cat /etc/init.d/README
```

You are running a systemd-based OS where traditional init scripts have been replaced by native systemd services files. Service files provide very similar functionality to init scripts. To make use of service files simply invoke "systemctl", which will output a list of all currently running services (and other units). Use "systemctl list-unit-files" to get a listing of all known unit files, including stopped, disabled and masked ones. Use "systemctl start foobar.service" and "systemctl stop foobar.service" to start or stop a service, respectively. For further details, please refer to `systemctl(1)`.

Beagle 3.8 (cont)

```
bone$ cat /etc/init.d/README
```

Note that traditional init scripts continue to function on a systemd system. An init script `/etc/init.d/foobar` is implicitly mapped into a service unit `foobar.service` during system initialization.

Thank you!

Further reading:

`man:systemctl(1)`

`man:systemd(1)`

<http://0pointer.de/blog/projects/systemd-for-admins-3.html>

<http://www.freedesktop.org/wiki/Software/systemd/Incompatibilities>

systemd

- init.d is not used on the Bone
- systemd is used for user space initialization
- <http://www.freedesktop.org/wiki/Software/systemd/>
- Faster boot time by allowing initialization in parallel

Major Linux distributions that adopted systemd

Linux distribution	Date added to software repository ^[a]	Enabled by default?	Can run without?	Date released as default
Arch Linux	January 2012 ^[52]	Yes	Multiple inits can be installed, but are unsupported ^[53]	October 2012 ^[54]
CoreOS	July 2013	Yes	?	October 2013 (v94.0.0) ^{[55][56]}
Debian	April 2012 ^[57]	Yes	Yes	April 2015 (v8 aka jessie) ^[58]
Fedora	November 2010 (v14) ^[59]	Yes	No	May 2011 (v15)
Gentoo Linux ^[b]	July 2011 ^{[62][63][60]}	No	Yes	N/A
Mageia	January 2011 (v1.0) ^[64]	Yes	?	May 2012 (v2.0) ^[65]
openSUSE	March 2011 (v11.4) ^[66]	Yes	?	September 2012 (v12.2) ^[67]
Red Hat Enterprise Linux	June 2014 (v7.0) ^[68]	Yes	?	June 2014 (v7.0)
Slackware	N/A (not in repository)	N/A	Yes	N/A
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server	October 2014 (v12)	Yes	?	October 2014 (v12)
Ubuntu	April 2013 (v13.04)	Yes	?	April 2015 (v15.04)
Sabayon Linux	August 2013 (v13.08) ^[69]	Yes	Yes	August 2013 (v13.08)
Ubuntu ^[e]	April 2013 (v13.04) ^[63]	Planned ^[48]	not yet released	

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Systemd>

systemd-Outline

- Being an Admin
 - Monitoring boot up
 - cgroup
 - Stopping, starting, etc.
 - Boot time
- Running your own server

Bootup

- Much scrolls by during boot time

```
Starting kernel ...
```

```
76
```

```
77 Uncompressing Linux... done, booting the kernel.
```

```
78 [ 0.000000] Booting Linux on physical CPU 0x0
```

```
79 [ 0.000000] Initializing cgroup subsys cpu
```

```
80 [ 0.000000] Linux version 3.8.13-bone27 (yoder@ubuntu) (gcc version 4.7.3  
20130328
```

```
(prerelease) (crosstool-NG linaro-1.13.1-4.7-2013.04-20130415 - Linaro GCC  
2013.04) )
```

```
#1 SMP Thu Aug 29 19:57:17 EDT 2013
```

```
81 [ 0.000000] CPU: ARMv7 Processor [413fc082] revision 2 (ARMv7), cr=10c5387d
```

```
82 [ 0.000000] CPU: PIPT / VIPT nonaliasing data cache, VIPT aliasing instruction  
cache
```

```
83 [ 0.000000] Machine: Generic AM33XX (Flattened Device Tree), model: TI AM335x  
BeagleBone
```

- What if you miss something?

systemctl – Seeing what's running

- You can see the status of various processes using systemctl

systemctl

```
beagle $ systemctl
```

UNIT	LOAD	ACTIVE	SUB	DESCRIPTION
proc-sys...t_misc.automount	loaded	active	waiting	Arbitrary Executable File Formats File System Automount Point
sys-devi...tty-ttyO0.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/ocp.2/44e09000.serial/tty/ttyO0
sys-devi...ty-ttyGS0.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/ocp.2/47400000.usb/musb-hdrc.0.auto/gadget/tty/ttyGS0
sys-devi...-net-eth0.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/ocp.2/4a100000.ethernet/net/eth0
sys-devi...blk0boot0.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/ocp.2/mmc.10/mmc_host/mmc1/mmc1:0001/block/mmcblk0/mmc1
sys-devi...blk0boot1.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/ocp.2/mmc.10/mmc_host/mmc1/mmc1:0001/block/mmcblk0/mmc1
sys-devi...mmcblk0p1.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/ocp.2/mmc.10/mmc_host/mmc1/mmc1:0001/block/mmcblk0/mmc1
sys-devi...mmcblk0p2.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/ocp.2/mmc.10/mmc_host/mmc1/mmc1:0001/block/mmcblk0/mmc1
sys-devi...k-mmcblk0.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/ocp.2/mmc.10/mmc_host/mmc1/mmc1:0001/block/mmcblk0
sys-devi...tty-ttyS0.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/platform/serial8250/tty/ttyS0
sys-devi...tty-ttyS1.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/platform/serial8250/tty/ttyS1
sys-devi...tty-ttyS2.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/platform/serial8250/tty/ttyS2
sys-devi...tty-ttyS3.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/devices/platform/serial8250/tty/ttyS3
sys-module-fuse.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/module/fuse
sys-subsystem-net-eth0.device	loaded	active	plugged	/sys/subsystem/net/devices/eth0
-.mount	loaded	active	mounted	/
dev-mqueue.mount	loaded	active	mounted	POSIX Message Queue File System
sys-fs-f...onnections.mount	loaded	active	mounted	FUSE Control File System
sys-kernel-debug.mount	loaded	active	mounted	Debug File System
tmp.mount	loaded	active	mounted	/tmp
systemd-...ord-console.path	loaded	active	waiting	Dispatch Password Requests to Console Directory Watch

systemctl

```
beagle $ systemctl
```

UNIT	LOAD	ACTIVE	SUB	DESCRIPTION
bonescript-autorun.service	loaded	active	running	Bonescript autorun
bonescript.service	loaded	active	running	Bonescript server
cloud9.service	loaded	active	running	Cloud9 IDE
connman.service	loaded	active	running	Connection service
console-...em-start.service	loaded	active	exited	Console System Startup Logging
crond.service	loaded	active	running	Periodic Command Scheduler
dbus.service	loaded	active	running	D-Bus System Message Bus
dropbear....1:42389.service	loaded	active	running	SSH Per-Connection Server
gateone.service	loaded	active	running	GateOne daemon
gdm.service	loaded	active	running	Gnome Display Manager
getty@tty1.service	loaded	active	running	Getty on tty1
leds.service	loaded	active	exited	Angstrom LED config
mpd.service	loaded	failed	failed	Music Player Daemon
ntpd.service	loaded	active	exited	Network Time Service (one-shot ntpdate mode)
serial-getty@ttyGS0.service	loaded	active	running	Serial Getty on ttyGS0
serial-getty@ttyO0.service	loaded	active	running	Serial Getty on ttyO0

Systemctl status

```
bone$ systemctl status mpd.service
```

```
mpd.service - Music Player Daemon
```

```
Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/mpd.service; enabled)
```

```
Active: failed (Result: signal) since Mon 2000-01-03 12:44:01 EST; 13 years 9 months ago
```

```
Process: 125 ExecStart=/usr/bin/mpd --no-daemon (code=killed, signal=ABRT)
```

```
CGroup: name=systemd:/system/mpd.service
```

Systemctl status

```
bone$ systemctl status mpd.service
```

```
...
```

```
Jan 03 12:44:01 yoder-black-bone systemd[1]: mpd.service: main process exited, code=killed, status=6/ABRT
```

```
Jan 03 12:44:01 yoder-black-bone systemd[1]: Unit mpd.service entered failed state
```

```
Jan 03 12:44:10 yoder-black-bone mpd[125]: listen: bind to '0.0.0.0:6600' failed: Address already in use (continuing anyway, because binding to '[:]:6600' succeeded)
```

```
Jan 03 12:44:10 yoder-black-bone mpd[125]: output: No "audio_output" defined in config file
```

```
Jan 03 12:44:10 yoder-black-bone mpd[125]: output: Attempt to detect audio output device
```

```
Jan 03 12:44:10 yoder-black-bone mpd[125]: output: Attempting to detect a alsa audio device
```

```
Jan 03 12:44:10 yoder-black-bone mpd[125]: ALSA lib confmisc.c:768:(parse_card) cannot find card '0'
```

```
pa_threaded_mainloop_get_api(). Aborting.
```

cgroup - Which Service Owns Which Processes?

- One process can start other processes
- It's hard to tell which process runs what
- *Control groups* (cgroups) are groups of processes
- In systemd every process that is spawned is placed in a control group named after its service
- Makes it easier to track down problems

cgroup

```
bone$ systemd-cgls
```

```
└─ system
   └─ 1 /lib/systemd/systemd
      └─ bonescript.service
         └─ 963 /usr/bin/node server.js
            └─ bluetooth.service
               └─ 933 /usr/sbin/bluetoothd -n
                  └─ cloud9.service
                     └─ 918 /usr/bin/node server.js --packed -w /var/lib/cloud9
                        └─ 1009 /usr/bin/nodejs
                           /opt/cloud9/build/standalonebuild/node_modules/v...
                              └─ getty@.service
                                 └─ tty1
                                    └─ 915 /sbin/agetty tty1 38400
                                       └─ ifup@.service
                                          └─ polkitd.service
                                             └─ 680 /usr/lib/policykit-1/polkitd --no-debug
```

cgroup

bone\$ **systemd-cgls**

...

```
| serial-getty@.service
| | ttyGS0
| |   L 1030 /sbin/agetty -s ttyGS0 115200 38400 9600
| |   L ttyO0
| |     L 458 /sbin/agetty -s ttyO0 115200 38400 9600
| rsyslog.service
|   L 434 /usr/sbin/rsyslogd -n -c5
| upower.service
|   L 433 /usr/lib/upower/upowerd
| console-kit-daemon.service
|   L 432 /usr/sbin/console-kit-daemon --no-daemon
| systemd-logind.service
|   L 431 /lib/systemd/systemd-logind
| wpa_supplicant.service
|   L 429 /sbin/wpa_supplicant -u -s -O /var/run/wpa_supplicant
```

cgroup

```
bone$ systemd-cgls
```

```
...
```

```
└─ xrdp.service
   │ └─ 675 /usr/sbin/xrdp
   │   └─ 691 /usr/sbin/xrdp-sesman
   └─ avahi-daemon.service
      │ └─ 415 avahi-daemon: running [yoder-debian-bone.local]
      │   └─ 476 avahi-daemon: chroot helper
      └─ generic-boot-script.service
         │ └─ 835 /usr/sbin/udhcpd -S /etc/udhcpd.conf
         └─ apache2.service
            │ └─ 733 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
            │ └─ 744 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
            │ └─ 750 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
            │   └─ 751 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
            └─ systemd-journald.service
               │ └─ 99 /lib/systemd/systemd-journald
               └─ udev.service
                  │ └─ 118 /sbin/udev
                  │ └─ 970 /sbin/udev
                  └─ 971 /sbin/udev
```

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Managing

```
bone$ systemctl status systemd-journald.service
```

```
systemd-journald.service - Journal Service
```

```
    Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/systemd-journald.service; static)
```

```
    Active: mactive (running) since Mon 2000-01-03 12:43:56 EST; 13 years 9  
months ago
```

```
    Docs: man:systemd-journald.service(8)
```

```
          man:journald.conf(5)
```

```
 Main PID: 84 (systemd-journal)
```

```
    Status: "Processing requests..."
```

```
   CGroup: name=systemd:/system/systemd-journald.service
```

```
           └─84 /lib/systemd/systemd-journald
```

```
Jan 03 12:43:56 yoder-black-bone systemd-journal[84]: Allowing runtime journa...
```

```
Jan 03 12:43:57 yoder-black-bone systemd-journal[84]: Journal started
```

```
Jan 03 12:43:59 yoder-black-bone systemd-journal[84]: Allowing system journal...
```

```
Warning: Journal has been rotated since unit was started. Log output is incomplete  
or unavailable.
```

Managing

- Stop, start, disable, enable

```
bone$ systemctl stop systemd-journald.service
```

```
Warning: Stopping systemd-journald.service but it can still be activated by:  
systemd-journald.socket
```

```
bone$ systemctl start systemd-journald.service
```

```
bone$ systemctl disable systemd-journald.service
```

```
bone$ systemctl enable systemd-journald.service
```

The unit files have no [Install] section. They are not meant to be enabled using systemctl.

Possible reasons for having this kind of units are:

- 1) A unit may be statically enabled by being symlinked from another unit's .wants/ or .requires/ directory.
- 2) A unit's purpose may be to act as a helper for some other unit which has a requirement dependency on it.
- 3) A unit may be started when needed via activation (socket, path, timer, D-Bus, udev, scripted systemctl call, ...).

Won't start at
boot time

Start at boot time

Outline

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Boot performance

```
bone$ systemd-analyze
```

```
Startup finished in 1079ms (kernel) + 14107ms (userspace) = 15186ms
```

```
bone$ systemd-analyze blame
```

9797ms wicd.service	1250ms generic-boot-script.service
4742ms apache2.service	1009ms rc.local.service 950ms keyboard-setup.service
4321ms console-kit-daemon.service	923ms udev-trigger.service
3525ms xrdp.service	833ms udhcpd.service
3479ms bootlogs.service	739ms motd.service
3294ms ssh.service	658ms alsa-utils.service
3037ms cron.service	613ms console-kit-log-system-start.service
2923ms loadcpufreq.service	575ms cpufrequtils.service
2164ms upower.service	562ms udev.service
1816ms avahi-daemon.service	510ms kbd.service
1765ms wpa_supplicant.service	429ms systemd-user-sessions.service
1736ms systemd-logind.service	402ms hostapd.service
1614ms console-setup.service	377ms screen-cleanup.service
1548ms networking.service	330ms saned.service
1348ms lightdm.service	327ms systemd-modules-load.service
1297ms polkitd.service	249ms systemd-tmpfiles-setup.service
1262ms capemgr.service	249ms hdparm.service
	241ms systemd-sysctl.service
	223ms run-lock.mount

Outline

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Autostarting a server

- For an example, let's use the server in

```
bone$ cd exercises/realtime
```

```
bone$ ./boneServer.js
```

```
Listening on 9090
```

```
info - socket.io started
```

- How do you write your own service script?

Find a working script

```
bone$ systemctl | grep bone
```

```
bonescript-autorun.service loaded active running Bonescript autorun
bonescript.service         loaded active running Bonescript server
bonescript.socket          loaded active running bonescript.socket
```

- I see a couple of bonescript servers that look promising.

```
bone$ systemctl status bonescript
```

```
bonescript.service - Bonescript server
```

```
Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/bonescript.service; static)
```

```
Active: active (running) since Sun 2000-01-09 15:07:55 EST; 13 years 9 months ago
```

```
Main PID: 357 (node)
```

```
CGroup: name=systemd:/system/bonescript.service
```

```
    -357 /usr/bin/node server.js
```

```
Jan 09 15:07:55 yoder-black-bone systemd[1]: Starting Bonescript server...
```

```
Jan 09 15:08:04 yoder-black-bone bonescript[357]: [35B blob data]
```

```
Jan 09 15:08:05 yoder-black-bone bonescript[357]: - - - [Sun, 09 Jan 2000 20:...
```

Copy

```
bone$ cp /lib/systemd/system/bonescript.service boneServer.service
```

```
bone$ cat boneServer.service
```

```
[Unit]
```

```
Description=Bonescript server
```

```
[Service]
```

```
WorkingDirectory=/usr/lib/node_modules/bonescript
```

```
ExecStart=/usr/bin/node server.js
```

```
SyslogIdentifier=bonescript
```

```
[Install]
```

```
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```


Environment Variables

- Node.js also needs

```
bone$ echo $NODE_PATH  
usr/lib/node_modules
```

- You get to figure out how to set it

Install

```
bone$ cp boneServer.service /lib/systemd/system
```

- Start the server

```
bone$ systemctl start boneServer
```

- Point your browser to 192.168.7.2:9090 and see if it works.
- To make it work after rebooting

```
bone$ systemctl enable boneServer
```

```
ln -s '/lib/systemd/system/boneServer.service'  
'/etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/boneServer.service'
```

- Reboot and see if it worked