

1) Which of the following information is stored in the process table or process control block? (*select all correct answers*)

- a) handles for open files
- b) process ID
- c) process state
- d) program code (binary)
- e) program data
- f) stack address

☐

2) A modern OS allows a process to access the entire address space?

- a) only when the CPU is running in user mode
- b) only when the CPU is running in kernel mode
- c) any time, memory access does not depend on CPU Processor Mode
- d) never, there is no processor mode that allows access to the entire address space

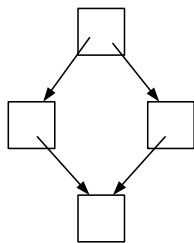
☐


figure 1

3) A file system typically allows a file to be referenced from multiple directories, as shown in figure 1?

- a) True
- b) False

☐

Justification: \_\_\_\_\_

*Note: provide a short justification for your answer only if you answer 'false'.*

4) Which of the following devices are accessed through a block special file on a Unix system? (*select all correct answers*)

- a) cpu
- b) disk drive
- c) laser printer
- d) lcd monitor
- e) tape drive

☐

5) A trap table contains (*select one answer*):

- a) Addresses of programs that make use of privileged instructions
- b) Flags to indicate if a process is running in user mode or supervisor mode
- c) Trusted code that is only executed in supervisor mode
- d) All of the above
- e) None of the above

☐

- 6) Arrange the following steps in the order that they occur when an application program makes a **read(device,buffer,nbytes)** system call. Write your answer (eg: d c b a e) in the answer box.

- a) a device driver reads data from the input device
- b) the processor is switched from user mode to supervisor mode
- c) the Processor Mode bit is reset to indicate user mode
- d) the trusted system call code is dispatched via the trap table
- e) the user library code executes the TRAP instruction

- 7) Which of the following Operating System design strategies organizes the operating system into a hierarchy of layers?

- a) client-server model
- b) exokernels
- c) layered systems
- d) microkernels
- e) monolithic systems
- f) virtual machines

- 8) Consider the code shown below. How many times is the message "I am a child" printed when this code is executed?

```
main {
    int i;
    int pid;
    for (i=0; i<2; i++) {
        pid = fork();
        if(pid == 0)
            printf("I am a child. \n", pid);
        else
            printf("I am process %d\n", pid);
    }
}
```

- 9) Which one of the following Unix system calls is roughly equivalent to the Win32 call SetFilePointer?

- a) stat
- b) sfptr
- c) lseek
- d) fork

- 10) Consider the command: **grep main \*.c | sort | wc -l**

When this command is executed from a Linux command line, three processes are created. The processes utilise inter-process communication (IPC) to share information with each other.

- a) True
- b) False

Justification: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

*Note: provide a short justification for your answer only if you answer 'false'.*