1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53 Sunday is:						
(a) 53/ 366 (b) 1/7 (c) 2/7 (d) 53/365						
2. A bag contains 3 red and 2 blue marbles. A marble is drawn at						
random. The probability of drawing a black ball is :						
(a) 3/5 (b) 2/5 (c) 0/5 (d) 1/5						
3. The probability that it will rain tomorrow is 0.85. What is the						
probability that it will not rain tomorrow						
(a) 0.25 (b) 0.145 (c) 3/20 (d) none of these						
4. What is the probability that a number selected from the numbers						
(1, 2, 3,,15) is a multiple of 4?						
(a) 1/5 (b) 4/5 (c) 2/15 (d) 1/3						
5. What are the total outcomes when we throw three coins?						
(a) 4 (b) 5 (c) 8 (d) 7						
6. The probability that a prime number selected at random from the						
numbers (1,2,3,35) is :						
(a) 12/35 (b) 11/35 (c) 13/35 (d) none of these						
7. The sum of the probability of an event and non event is :						
(a) 2 (b) 1 (c) 0 (d) none of these.						
8. The following probabilities are given; choose the correct answer						
for that which is not possible.						
for that which is not possible. (a) 0.15 (b) 2/7 (c) 7/5 (d) none of these.						
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(a) 0.15 (b) 2/7 (c) 7/5 (d) none of these. 9. If three coins are tossed simultaneously, than the probability of getting at least two heads, is:						
(a) 0.15 (b) $2/7$ (c) $7/5$ (d) none of these. 9. If three coins are tossed simultaneously, than the probability of getting at least two heads, is: (a) $1/4$ (b) $3/8$ (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) $1/8$						
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13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a sum of 9 is:

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/9	(D) 4/	9			
14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number.							
	(B) 27/50	(C) 1/4	(D)	29/100			
•	a blue ball is do	uble that of a		the probability n the number of			
16. A box of 600 bulbs contains 12 defective bulbs. One bulb is taken out at random from this box. Then the probability that it is non-defective bulb is: (A) 143/150 (B) 147/150 (C) 1/25 (D) 1/50							
17. Cards marked with numbers 2 to 101 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn from this box randomly, then the probability that the number on card is a perfect square. (A) 9/100 (B) 1/10 (C) 3/10 (D) 19/100							
18. What is (A) 1/7	the probability (B) 53/366	of getting 53 (C) 2/7	-	• •			
19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit. (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (D) 1/13							
20. A game of chance consists of spinning an arrow which is equally likely to come to rest pointing to one of the number 1,2,312 ,then the probability that it will point to an odd number is: (A) $1/6$ (B) $1/12$ (C) $7/12$ $6/7$ (D) $5/12$							
21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that Aryan will lose the game. (A) 3/4 (B) 1/2 (C) 1 (D) 1/4							

22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same birthday is the same birthday is:							
(A) 364/365	(B) 31/365	(C) 1/365	(D) 1/133225				
23. A number x is chosen at random from the numbers -2, -1, 0, 1, 2. Then the probability that $x^2 < 2$ is? (A) $1/5$ (B) $2/5$ (C) $3/5$ (D) $4/5$							
24. A jar contains 24 marbles. Some are red and others are white. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability that it is red is 2/3, then the number of white marbles in the jar is: (A) 10 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 7							
25. A number is selected at random from first 50 natural numbers. Then the probability that it is a multiple of 3 and 4 is: (A) $7/50$ (B) $4/25$ (C) $1/25$ (D) $2/25$							
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?							
a) $\frac{1}{7}$	b) $\frac{5}{42}$	c) $\frac{1}{21}$	d) $\frac{4}{21}$				
	red by batsman ir ie standard devia	•	nes are 50, 70, 82,				
		c) 25.29	d) 25.69				
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.							
	b) <mark>13, 18</mark>		d) 13, 16				
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is							
a) $^{1}/_{2}$	b) $^{1}/_{3}$		d) $\frac{1}{6}$				
		d 3. The valu<mark>e</mark> of l) 27					
31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5 respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?							

32.Out of the following values, which one is not possible in probability?							
a) $P(x) = 1$ b) $\sum x P(x) = 3$							
c) $P(x) = 0.5$ d) $P(x) = -0.5$							
33.If $E(x) = 2$ and $E(z) = 4$, then $E(z - x) = ?$							
b) 6	c) 0	d) Ins	ufficient data				
ariance of two	independer	nt random variab	le is				
b) 0	c) - 1	d) Un	defined				
$= k^2 - 8$ then	, the value o	f k is?					
b) 1	c) 3		sufficient data				
36.If P(x) = 0.5 and x = 4, then E(x) = ? a) 1 b) 0.5 c) 4 d) 2							
37.In a discrete probability distribution, the sum of all probabilities is always?							
b) infinite	C) I	a) Und	ietinea				
38.If the probability of hitting the target is 0.4, find mean and variance.							
b) 0.6,	0.24	c) 0.4, 0.16	d) 0.6, 0.16				
39.If the probability that a bomb dropped from a place will strike the target is 60% and if 10 bombs are dropped, find mean and variance? a) 0.6 , 0.24 b) 6 , 2.4 c) 0.4 , 0.16 d) 4 , 1.6 40. Find the mean of tossing 8 coins. a) 2 b) 4 c) 8 d) 1 41. What is the mean and variance for standard normal distribution?							
	b) Σ x d) P(= 2 and E(z) = 4 b) 6 variance of two b) 0 1 = k² - 8 then b) 1 • 0.5 and x = 4, b) 0.5 crete probabilit b) Infinite robability of hi b) 0.6, robability that 0% and if 10 bo b) 6, 2.4 e mean of toss b) 4	b) $\sum x P(x) = 3$ d) $P(x) = -0.5$ 2 and $E(z) = 4$, then $E(z - b) 6$ c) 0 2 ariance of two independence b) 0 c) -1 2) = $k^2 - 8$ then, the value of b) 1 c) 3 3 0.5 and $x = 4$, then $E(x) = b$ 0.5 c) 4 2 crete probability distribution b) Infinite c) 1 3 robability of hitting the targetic b) 0.6, 0.24 3 robability that a bomb drop 0 and if 10 bombs are drop 0 and 10 and 1	b) $\sum x P(x) = 3$ d) $P(x) = -0.5$ 2 and $E(z) = 4$, then $E(z - x) = ?$ b) 6 c) 0 d) Instrainance of two independent random variab 3 ariance of two independent random variab 3 b) 0 c) - 1 d) Un 3 e $A = 4$, then $A = 4$				

c) 5

d) <mark>7</mark>

a) 3

b) 4

		and varia and varia		•			
		e of a rand b) E(X			•		d) (E(X))2
43.Mean of a random variable X is given by a) $E(X)$ b) $E(X2)$ c) $E(X2)$ – $(E(X))$ 2 d) $(E(X))$ 2							
44.N a) 0	44.Mean of a constant 'a' is a) 0 b) a c) a/2 d) 1						
	/ariance	of a cons b) a	tant 'a' is	c) a/2		d) 1	
46.Find the mean and variance of X?							
	Х	0	1	2	3	4	
	f(x)	1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9	
a) 2,	4/3	b) 3	, 4/3	Ó	2, 2/3		d) 3, 2/3

47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?

	Х	0	1	2	3	
	f(x)	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6	
a) ().5		b) 1.5		c) 2.5	d) 3.5

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

b) npq

c) np2q

d) npq2

49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use **Binomial Distribution.**

- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx

50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?**

- a) \sqrt{np} b) \sqrt{pq} c) (np)2 d) \sqrt{npq}