

PARTECH SOLUTIONS Technology Beyond the Dreams

BRAIN CONTROLLED ROBOT DESIGN

Organized by Pantech Solutions

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National Institute of Technology Karnataka, Surathkal [STEP]



All Participants, Please fill the Attendance form, Link will be given in the description after 11:10 A.M

ABOUT NITK

01

PROFILE

Founded in 1960 | Well known as Karnataka Regional Engineering College (KREC)

02

VISION

To facilitate transformation of students into good human beings, responsible citizens & competent professionals, focusing on the assimilation, generation and dissemination of knowledge.

ABOUT PANTECH

01

PROFILE
Founded in 2004 | 7 Branches |
100+ Team

03

R & D

Manufacturer of Lab equipment's & Development

boards | Industrial &Funded projects | Online retail store of engineering products and projects

02

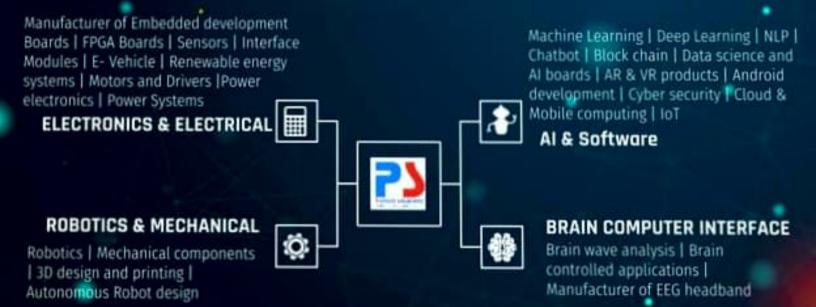
OUR SERVICES

Lab equipment, Engineering Kits, Components, Sensors and All level Projects 04

TRAINING

1500+ Workshops | 250+ FDP | 100+ Seminars

PANTECH TECHNOLOGY



AGENDA J BRAIN COMPUTER INTERFACE[BCI]

- Overview on Brain computer Interface
- Live Demo on BCI using EEG Headband I Brainsense
- Robot Design Arduino I Motor Driver
- Bluetooth Configuration
- Assembly and Connections
- Working principle
- Video Demo on BCI Application using Matlab I Arduino I Raspberry Pi & OpenBCI

BCI (Brain Computer Interface)

Communication using Thoughts of
Brain (EEG) without using any
Muscle control, Especially for
Severely Paralyzed people

BRAIN COMPUTER INTERFACE

OVERVIEW





BRAINSENSE FEATURES

Specification

- > Direct connect to dry electrode
- One EEG channel + Reference + Ground
- RAW EEG at 512Hz
- Operating voltage 2.97 -3.63V
- 3-100Hz frequency range

Data Outputs

RAW EEG Signal | Attention | Meditation Delta, Theta, alpha, beta and gamma waves



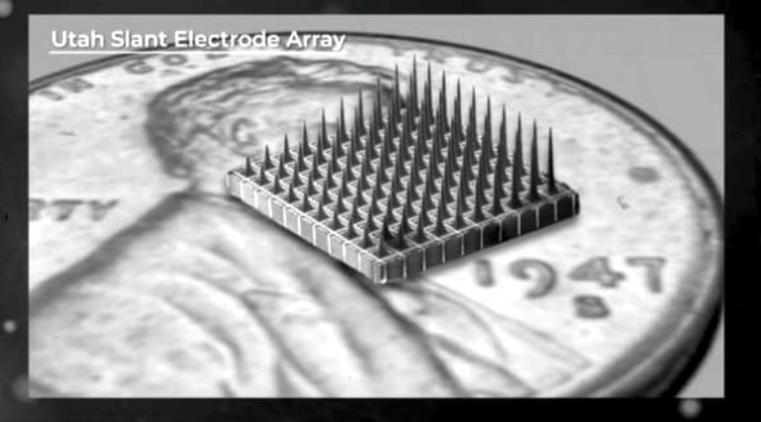
THINKGEAR MODULE

- TGAM MODULE offers e-Sense technology
- Outputs Attention, Meditation and Physical eye blinks from raw EEG data
- 2.79cm x 1.52cm x 0.25cm, weighs 130mg
- Communicates through UART interface at Baudrate 1200, 9600 or 57600



```
STI DAMA
          r/ (FLEMITH) (payload length) of 12 bytes
          // I FOOR HIGHAL! Comisty
          // No poor signal detected (0/200)
          // (3/3) End Deita Dyles
          // (1/3) Begin Thata bytes
          77 12/31
          77 (3/3) End Theta bytes
          // 11/31 Regin Low-alpha bytes
          // (3/3) End low-alpha bytes
          // (1/3) Begin High-wiphs bytes
          // (1/3) Begin High-Sets bytes
          // 13/3) Brit Low-games bythe
          //: (3/3) End Mid-dame Dytes
```

TGAM PACKET FORMAT



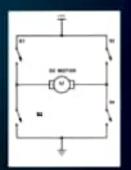
ARDUINO UNO

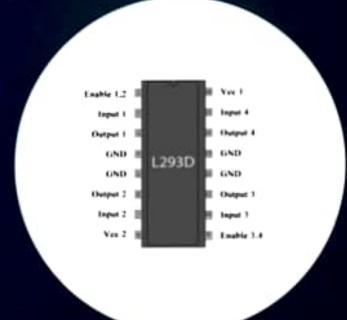
- Power: Vin, 3.3V, 5V, GND
- Analog Pins: A0 A5
- IO Pins: D0 D13
- Serial 0 (Rx) & 1 (Tx)
- External Interrupt: 2 & 3
- PWM: 3, 5, 6, 9 & 11
- Inbuilt LED: D13



MOTOR DRIER - L293D

- Voltage Range: 4.5 to 36 V
- Separate Input-Logic Supply
- Output Current 1A per channel
- > H- Bridge





BLUETOOTH CONFIGURATION

- Finding Serial Unique number of Brainsense
- Connection using Arduino/NodeMCU
- Set Bluetooth in Configurable Mode
- Configure AT Commands using Terminal software.
- While configuring each AT commands verify is it returning OK.



BLUETOOTH CONFIGURATION

AT Commands

- **-AT+NAME="PANTECH"
- **-AT+UART="57600,0,0"
- #F.AT+ROLE="1"
- # AT+PSWD="1234"
- **:AT+CMODE**0*
- AT+BIND="XXXX,YY,ZZZZZZ"(Brainsense UniqueNumber)
- ** AT+IAC="9E8B33"
- # AT+CLASS="0"
- # AT+INQM="1,9,48"

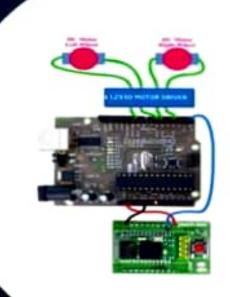


ASSEMBLY & CONNECTION

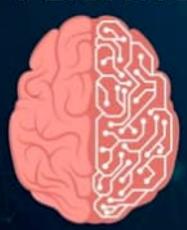
Connection

- Then Arduino data line (GPIO) is given to motor driver (L2930) and then it is given to pins of motor driver. After that output of driver is given to input of the motor
- The Transmitter and Receiver of the Arduino is connected to Bluetooth Receiver and Transmitter





WORKING OF BCI APPLICATION



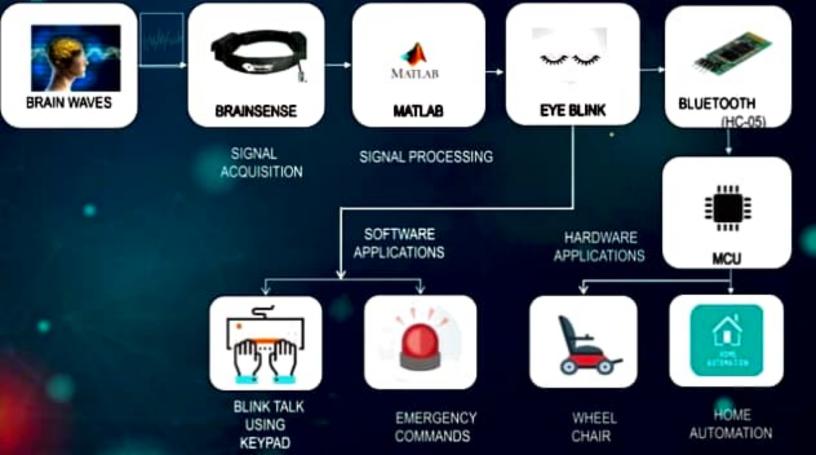
ARDUINO I BRAINSENSE



WORKING OF BCI APPLICATION



MATLAB | BRAINSENSE | ARDUINO



APPLICATIONS OF



BRAIN COMPUTER INTERFACE