

```
In [8]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
In [4]: df=pd.read_csv('hotel_booking.csv')
```

# Exploratory Data Analysis and Data Cleaning

```
In [23]: df.head()
```

Out[23]:

	hotel	is_canceled	lead_time	arrival_date_year	arrival_date_month	arrival_date_week_number	arrival_date
0	Resort Hotel	0	342	2015	July	27	
1	Resort Hotel	0	737	2015	July	27	
2	Resort Hotel	0	7	2015	July	27	
3	Resort Hotel	0	13	2015	July	27	
4	Resort Hotel	0	14	2015	July	27	

5 rows × 32 columns

```
In [9]: df.shape
```

Out[9]: (119390, 36)

```
In [10]: #df.drop(['name', 'email', 'phone-number', 'credit_card'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [12]: df.columns
```

Out[12]: Index(['hotel', 'is\_canceled', 'lead\_time', 'arrival\_date\_year', 'arrival\_date\_month', 'arrival\_date\_week\_number', 'arrival\_date\_day\_of\_month', 'stays\_in\_weekend\_nights', 'stays\_in\_week\_nights', 'adults', 'children', 'babies', 'meal', 'country', 'market\_segment', 'distribution\_channel', 'is\_repeated\_guest', 'previous\_cancellations', 'previous\_bookings\_not\_canceled', 'reserved\_room\_type', 'assigned\_room\_type', 'booking\_changes', 'deposit\_type', 'agent', 'company', 'days\_in\_waiting\_list', 'customer\_type', 'adr', 'required\_car\_parking\_spaces', 'total\_of\_special\_requests', 'reservation\_status', 'reservation\_status\_date'], dtype='object')

```
In [13]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 119390 entries, 0 to 119389
Data columns (total 32 columns):
#   Column                                          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   hotel                                          119390 non-null  object
1   is_canceled                                  119390 non-null  int64
2   lead_time                                     119390 non-null  int64
3   arrival_date_year                            119390 non-null  int64
4   arrival_date_month                           119390 non-null  object
5   arrival_date_week_number                    119390 non-null  int64
6   arrival_date_day_of_month                   119390 non-null  int64
7   stays_in_weekend_nights                     119390 non-null  int64
8   stays_in_week_nights                       119390 non-null  int64
9   adults                                       119390 non-null  int64
10  children                                    119386 non-null  float64
11  babies                                       119390 non-null  int64
12  meal                                         119390 non-null  object
13  country                                     118902 non-null  object
14  market_segment                             119390 non-null  object
15  distribution_channel                       119390 non-null  object
16  is_repeated_guest                         119390 non-null  int64
17  previous_cancellations                    119390 non-null  int64
18  previous_bookings_not_canceled            119390 non-null  int64
19  reserved_room_type                        119390 non-null  object
20  assigned_room_type                        119390 non-null  object
21  booking_changes                           119390 non-null  int64
22  deposit_type                              119390 non-null  object
23  agent                                       103050 non-null  float64
24  company                                    6797 non-null   float64
25  days_in_waiting_list                     119390 non-null  int64
26  customer_type                             119390 non-null  object
27  adr                                         119390 non-null  float64
28  required_car_parking_spaces               119390 non-null  int64
29  total_of_special_requests                 119390 non-null  int64
30  reservation_status                        119390 non-null  object
31  reservation_status_date                   119390 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(4), int64(16), object(12)
memory usage: 29.1+ MB
```

```
In [14]: df['reservation_status_date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['reservation_status_date'])
```

In [16]:

df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 119390 entries, 0 to 119389
Data columns (total 32 columns):
#   Column                                     Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   hotel                                     119390 non-null  object
1   is_canceled                             119390 non-null  int64
2   lead_time                               119390 non-null  int64
3   arrival_date_year                       119390 non-null  int64
4   arrival_date_month                     119390 non-null  object
5   arrival_date_week_number               119390 non-null  int64
6   arrival_date_day_of_month              119390 non-null  int64
7   stays_in_weekend_nights                119390 non-null  int64
8   stays_in_week_nights                   119390 non-null  int64
9   adults                                  119390 non-null  int64
10  children                                119386 non-null  float64
11  babies                                  119390 non-null  int64
12  meal                                    119390 non-null  object
13  country                                118902 non-null  object
14  market_segment                         119390 non-null  object
15  distribution_channel                   119390 non-null  object
16  is_repeated_guest                      119390 non-null  int64
17  previous_cancellations                  119390 non-null  int64
18  previous_bookings_not_canceled          119390 non-null  int64
19  reserved_room_type                     119390 non-null  object
20  assigned_room_type                     119390 non-null  object
21  booking_changes                         119390 non-null  int64
22  deposit_type                           119390 non-null  object
23  agent                                   103050 non-null  float64
24  company                                 6797 non-null   float64
25  days_in_waiting_list                   119390 non-null  int64
26  customer_type                           119390 non-null  object
27  adr                                     119390 non-null  float64
28  required_car_parking_spaces             119390 non-null  int64
29  total_of_special_requests               119390 non-null  int64
30  reservation_status                     119390 non-null  object
31  reservation_status_date                 119390 non-null  datetime64[ns]
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(4), int64(16), object(11)
memory usage: 29.1+ MB
```

In [18]:

df.describe(include='object')

Out[18]:

	hotel	arrival_date_month	meal	country	market_segment	distribution_channel	reserved_room_ty
count	119390	119390	119390	118902	119390	119390	119390
unique	2	12	5	177	8	5	119390
top	City Hotel	August	BB	PRT	Online TA	TA/TO	119390
freq	79330	13877	92310	48590	56477	97870	85930

```
In [20]: for i in df.describe(include='object').columns:
          print(i)
          print(df[i].unique())
          print('-'*50)
```

hotel

['Resort Hotel' 'City Hotel']

-----

arrival\_date\_month

['July' 'August' 'September' 'October' 'November' 'December' 'January'  
'February' 'March' 'April' 'May' 'June']

-----

meal

['BB' 'FB' 'HB' 'SC' 'Undefined']

-----

country

['PRT' 'GBR' 'USA' 'ESP' 'IRL' 'FRA' nan 'ROU' 'NOR' 'OMN' 'ARG' 'POL'  
'DEU' 'BEL' 'CHE' 'CN' 'GRC' 'ITA' 'NLD' 'DNK' 'RUS' 'SWE' 'AUS' 'EST'  
'CZE' 'BRA' 'FIN' 'MOZ' 'BWA' 'LUX' 'SVN' 'ALB' 'IND' 'CHN' 'MEX' 'MAR'  
'UKR' 'SMR' 'LVA' 'PRI' 'SRB' 'CHL' 'AUT' 'BLR' 'LTU' 'TUR' 'ZAF' 'AGO'  
'ISR' 'CYM' 'ZMB' 'CPV' 'ZWE' 'DZA' 'KOR' 'CRI' 'HUN' 'ARE' 'TUN' 'JAM'  
'HRV' 'HKG' 'IRN' 'GEO' 'AND' 'GIB' 'URY' 'JEY' 'CAF' 'CYP' 'COL' 'GGY'  
'KWT' 'NGA' 'MDV' 'VEN' 'SVK' 'FJI' 'KAZ' 'PAK' 'IDN' 'LBN' 'PHL' 'SEN'  
'SYC' 'AZE' 'BHR' 'NZL' 'THA' 'DOM' 'MKD' 'MYS' 'ARM' 'JPN' 'LKA' 'CUB'  
'CMR' 'BIH' 'MUS' 'COM' 'SUR' 'UGA' 'BGR' 'CIV' 'JOR' 'SYR' 'SGP' 'BDI'  
'SAU' 'VNM' 'PLW' 'QAT' 'EGY' 'PER' 'MLT' 'MWI' 'ECU' 'MDG' 'ISL' 'UZB'  
'NPL' 'BHS' 'MAC' 'TGO' 'TWN' 'DJI' 'STP' 'KNA' 'ETH' 'IRQ' 'HND' 'RWA'  
'KHM' 'MCO' 'BGD' 'IMN' 'TJK' 'NIC' 'BEN' 'VGB' 'TZA' 'GAB' 'GHA' 'TMP'  
'GLP' 'KEN' 'LIE' 'GNB' 'MNE' 'UMI' 'MYT' 'FRO' 'MMR' 'PAN' 'BFA' 'LBY'  
'MLI' 'NAM' 'BOL' 'PRY' 'BRB' 'ABW' 'AIA' 'SLV' 'DMA' 'PYF' 'GUY' 'LCA'  
'ATA' 'GTM' 'ASM' 'MRT' 'NCL' 'KIR' 'SDN' 'ATF' 'SLE' 'LAO']

-----

market\_segment

['Direct' 'Corporate' 'Online TA' 'Offline TA/TO' 'Complementary' 'Groups'  
'Undefined' 'Aviation']

-----

distribution\_channel

['Direct' 'Corporate' 'TA/TO' 'Undefined' 'GDS']

-----

reserved\_room\_type

['C' 'A' 'D' 'E' 'G' 'F' 'H' 'L' 'P' 'B']

-----

assigned\_room\_type

['C' 'A' 'D' 'E' 'G' 'F' 'I' 'B' 'H' 'P' 'L' 'K']

-----

deposit\_type

['No Deposit' 'Refundable' 'Non Refund']

-----

customer\_type

['Transient' 'Contract' 'Transient-Party' 'Group']

-----

reservation\_status

['Check-Out' 'Canceled' 'No-Show']

-----

```
In [22]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[22]: hotel                                0
is_canceled                                0
lead_time                                  0
arrival_date_year                          0
arrival_date_month                        0
arrival_date_week_number                  0
arrival_date_day_of_month                 0
stays_in_weekend_nights                   0
stays_in_week_nights                     0
adults                                    0
children                                  4
babies                                    0
meal                                       0
country                                  488
market_segment                           0
distribution_channel                      0
is_repeated_guest                         0
previous_cancellations                   0
previous_bookings_not_canceled            0
reserved_room_type                        0
assigned_room_type                        0
booking_changes                           0
deposit_type                              0
agent                                    16340
company                                  112593
days_in_waiting_list                     0
customer_type                             0
adr                                        0
required_car_parking_spaces               0
total_of_special_requests                 0
reservation_status                        0
reservation_status_date                   0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [24]: #df.drop(['agent', 'company'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [25]: df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [26]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[26]: hotel                                0
is_canceled                                0
lead_time                                  0
arrival_date_year                          0
arrival_date_month                        0
arrival_date_week_number                  0
arrival_date_day_of_month                 0
stays_in_weekend_nights                   0
stays_in_week_nights                     0
adults                                    0
children                                  0
babies                                    0
meal                                       0
country                                   0
market_segment                           0
distribution_channel                     0
is_repeated_guest                        0
previous_cancellations                   0
previous_bookings_not_canceled           0
reserved_room_type                       0
assigned_room_type                       0
booking_changes                          0
deposit_type                             0
days_in_waiting_list                    0
customer_type                            0
adr                                       0
required_car_parking_spaces              0
total_of_special_requests                 0
reservation_status                       0
reservation_status_date                   0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [27]: df.describe()
```

```
Out[27]:
```

	is_canceled	lead_time	arrival_date_year	arrival_date_week_number	arrival_date_day_of_month
count	118898.000000	118898.000000	118898.000000	118898.000000	118898.000000
mean	0.371352	104.311435	2016.157656	27.166555	15.800880
std	0.483168	106.903309	0.707459	13.589971	8.780324
min	0.000000	0.000000	2015.000000	1.000000	1.000000
25%	0.000000	18.000000	2016.000000	16.000000	8.000000
50%	0.000000	69.000000	2016.000000	28.000000	16.000000
75%	1.000000	161.000000	2017.000000	38.000000	23.000000
max	1.000000	737.000000	2017.000000	53.000000	31.000000

```
In [28]: df=df[df['adr']<5000]
```

```
In [29]: df.describe()
```

Out[29]:

	is_canceled	lead_time	arrival_date_year	arrival_date_week_number	arrival_date_day_of_month
count	118897.000000	118897.000000	118897.000000	118897.000000	118897.000000
mean	0.371347	104.312018	2016.157657	27.166674	15.800802
std	0.483167	106.903570	0.707462	13.589966	8.780321
min	0.000000	0.000000	2015.000000	1.000000	1.000000
25%	0.000000	18.000000	2016.000000	16.000000	8.000000
50%	0.000000	69.000000	2016.000000	28.000000	16.000000
75%	1.000000	161.000000	2017.000000	38.000000	23.000000
max	1.000000	737.000000	2017.000000	53.000000	31.000000

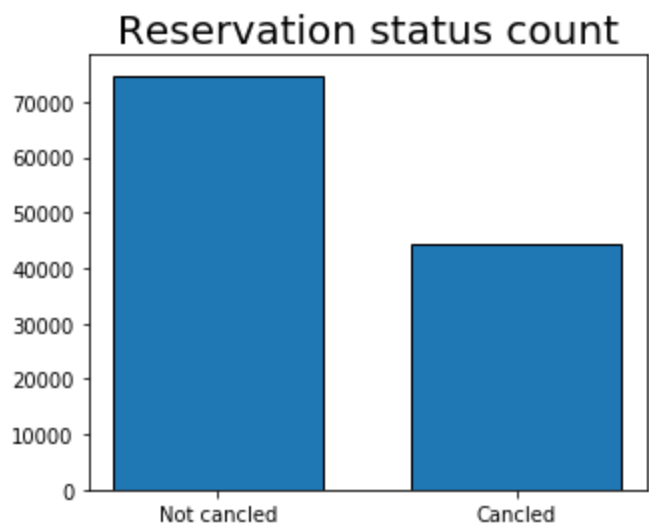
## Data Analysis and Visualization

```
In [32]: cancelled_percentage = df['is_canceled'].value_counts(normalize=True)
cancelled_percentage
```

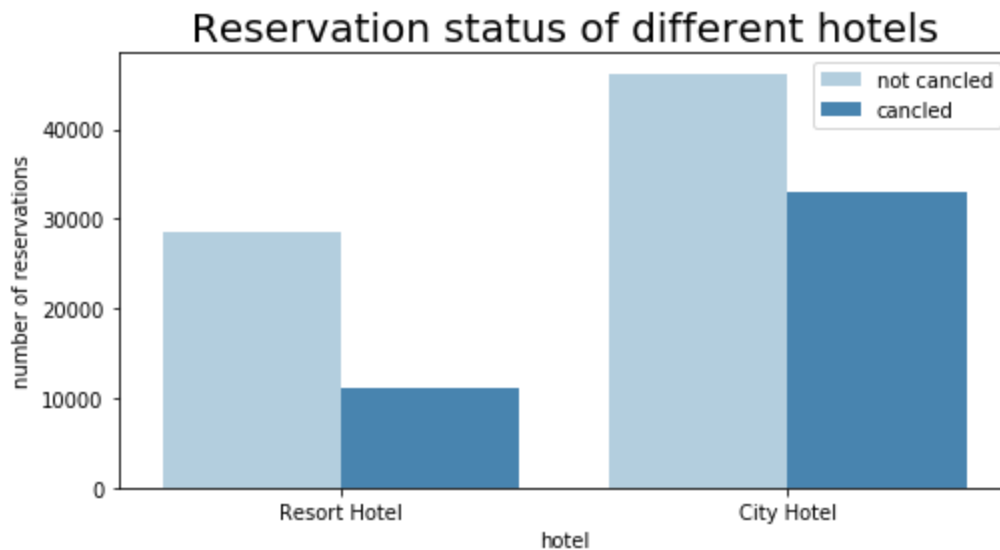
Out[32]:

```
0    0.628653
1    0.371347
Name: is_canceled, dtype: float64
```

```
In [37]: plt.figure(figsize=(5,4))
plt.title('Reservation status count',size=20)
plt.bar(['Not canceled', 'Canceled'],df['is_canceled'].value_counts(),edgecolor
='k',width=0.7)
plt.show()
```



```
In [36]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
ax1 = sns.countplot(x='hotel',hue='is_canceled',data=df,palette='Blues')
legend_labels,_=ax1.get_legend_handles_labels()
plt.title('Reservation status of different hotels',size=20)
plt.xlabel('hotel')
plt.ylabel('number of reservations')
plt.legend(['not canceled','canceled'])
plt.show()
```



```
In [38]: resort_hotel = df[df['hotel']=='Resort Hotel']
resort_hotel['is_canceled'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

```
Out[38]: 0    0.72025
         1    0.27975
         Name: is_canceled, dtype: float64
```

```
In [39]: city_hotel = df[df['hotel']=='City Hotel']
city_hotel['is_canceled'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

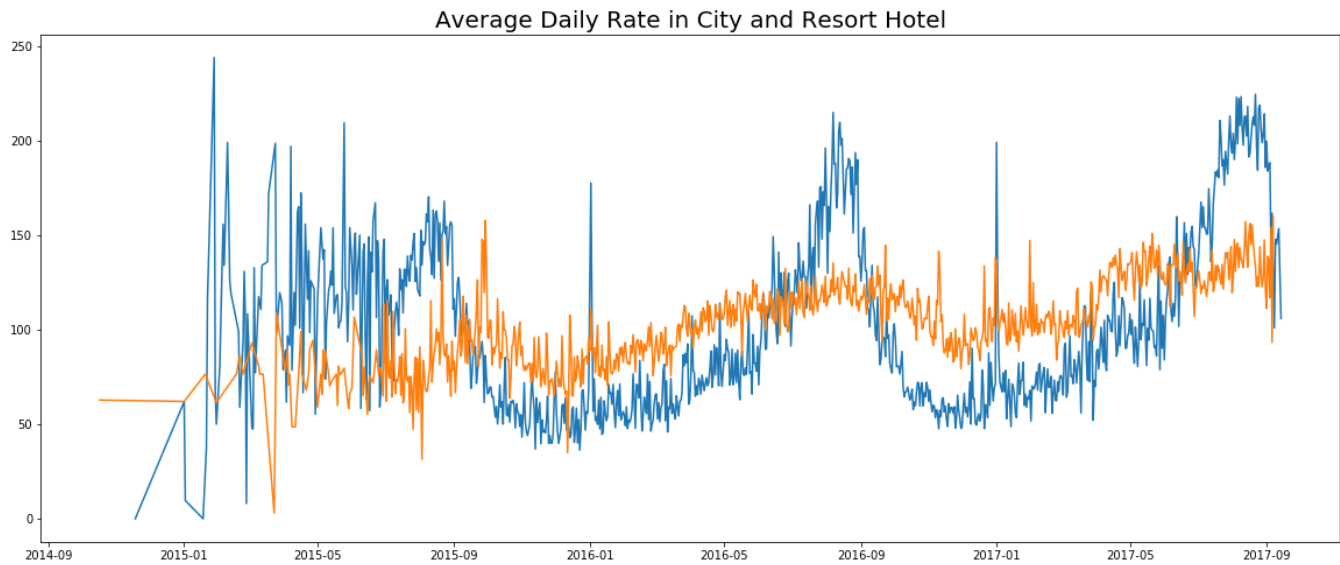
```
Out[39]: 0    0.582918
         1    0.417082
         Name: is_canceled, dtype: float64
```

```
In [40]: resort_hotel = resort_hotel.groupby('reservation_status_date')[['adr']].mean()
city_hotel = city_hotel.groupby('reservation_status_date')[['adr']].mean()
```

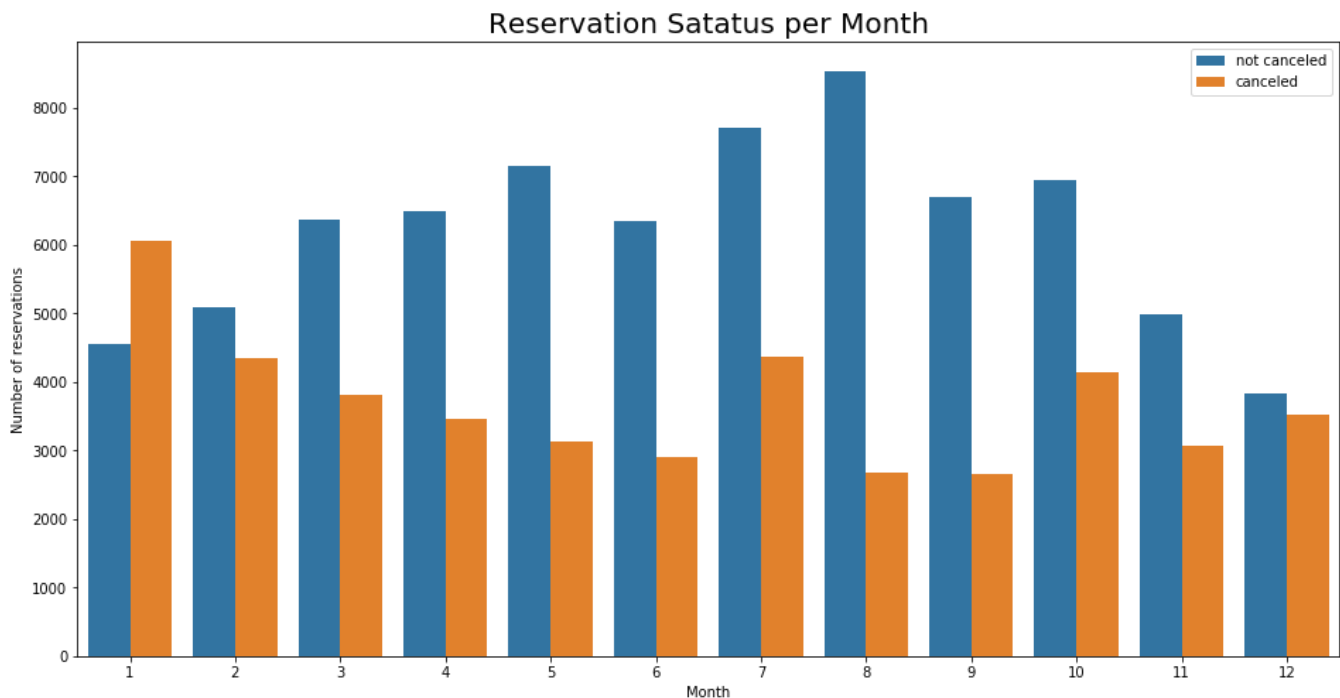


```
In [41]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,8))
plt.title('Average Daily Rate in City and Resort Hotel',size=20)
plt.plot(resort_hotel.index, resort_hotel['adr'], label = 'Resort Hotel')
plt.plot(city_hotel.index, city_hotel['adr'], label = 'City Hotel')
```

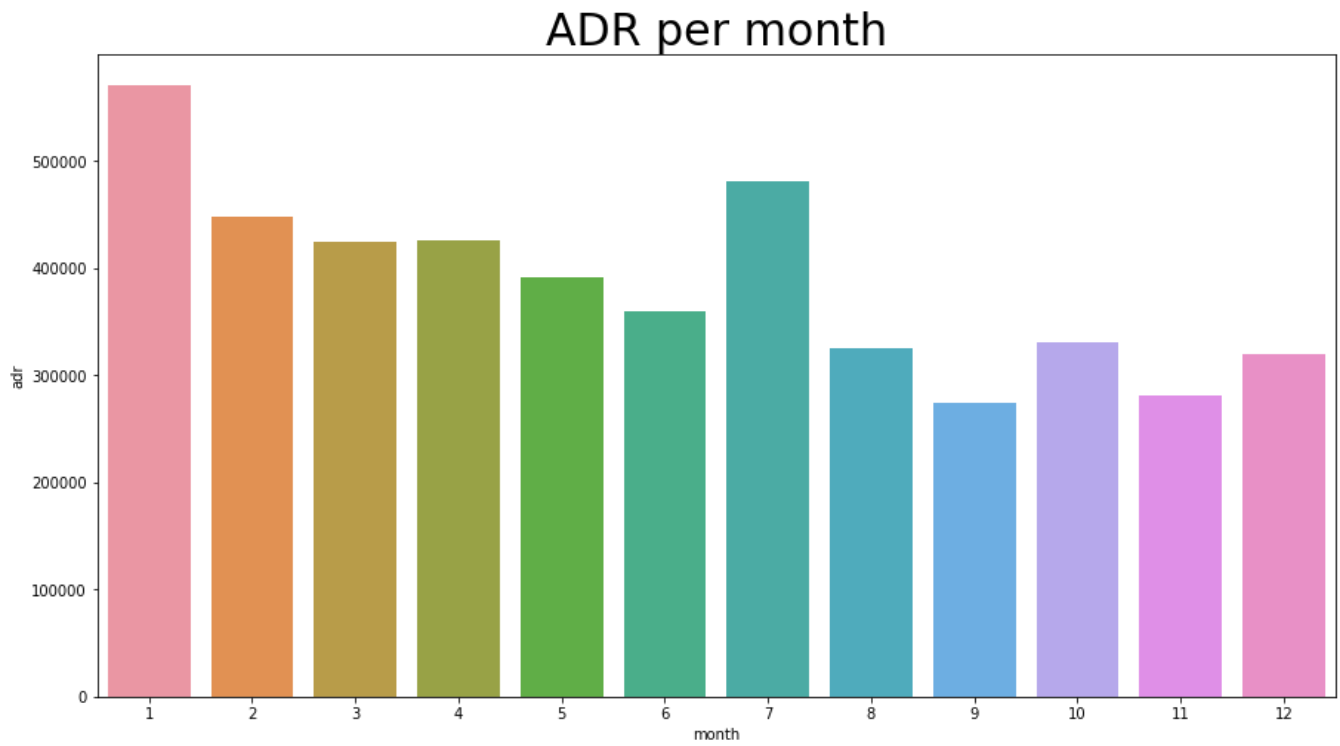
Out[41]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x14d87ba5e88>]



```
In [45]: df['month'] = df['reservation_status_date'].dt.month
plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
ax1 = sns.countplot(x='month',hue='is_canceled',data=df)
plt.title('Reservation Satatus per Month',size=20)
plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.ylabel('Number of reservations')
plt.legend(['not canceled', 'canceled'])
plt.show()
```

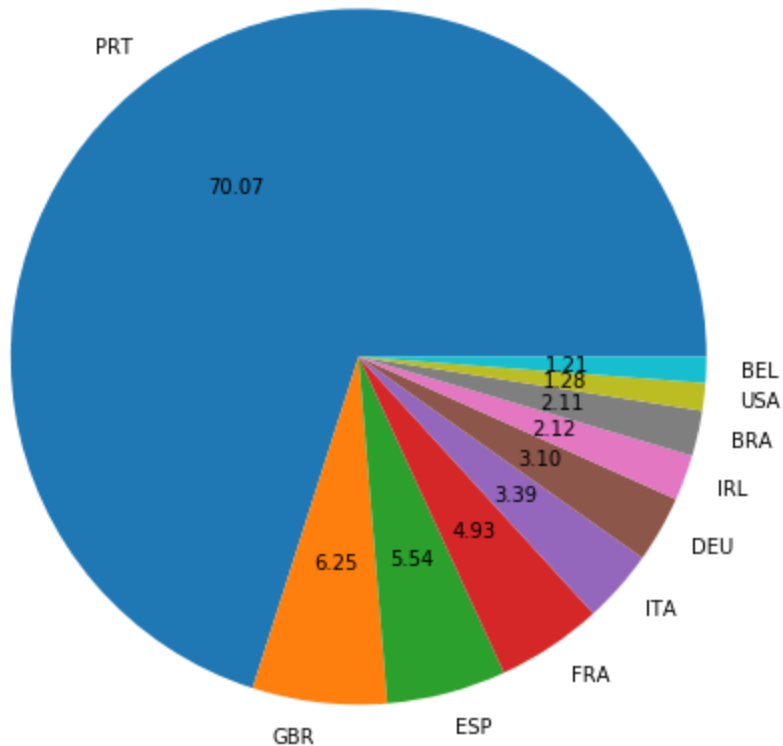


```
In [46]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
plt.title('ADR per month',fontsize=30)
sns.barplot('month','adr',data =df[df['is_canceled']==1].groupby('month')[['adr']].sum().reset_index())
plt.show()
```



```
In [52]: cancelled_data = df[df['is_canceled']==1]
top_10_country = cancelled_data['country'].value_counts()[:10]
plt.figure(figsize = (8,8))
plt.title('Top 10 countries with reservation canceled',size=20)
plt.pie(top_10_country,labels= top_10_country.index,autopct='%.2f')
plt.show()
```

## Top 10 countries with reservation canceled



```
In [53]: df['market_segment'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[53]: Online TA      56402
Offline TA/T0      24159
Groups      19806
Direct      12448
Corporate      5111
Complementary      734
Aviation      237
Name: market_segment, dtype: int64
```

```
In [54]: df['market_segment'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

```
Out[54]: Online TA      0.474377
Offline TA/T0      0.203193
Groups      0.166581
Direct      0.104696
Corporate      0.042987
Complementary      0.006173
Aviation      0.001993
Name: market_segment, dtype: float64
```

```
In [55]: cancelled_data['market_segment'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

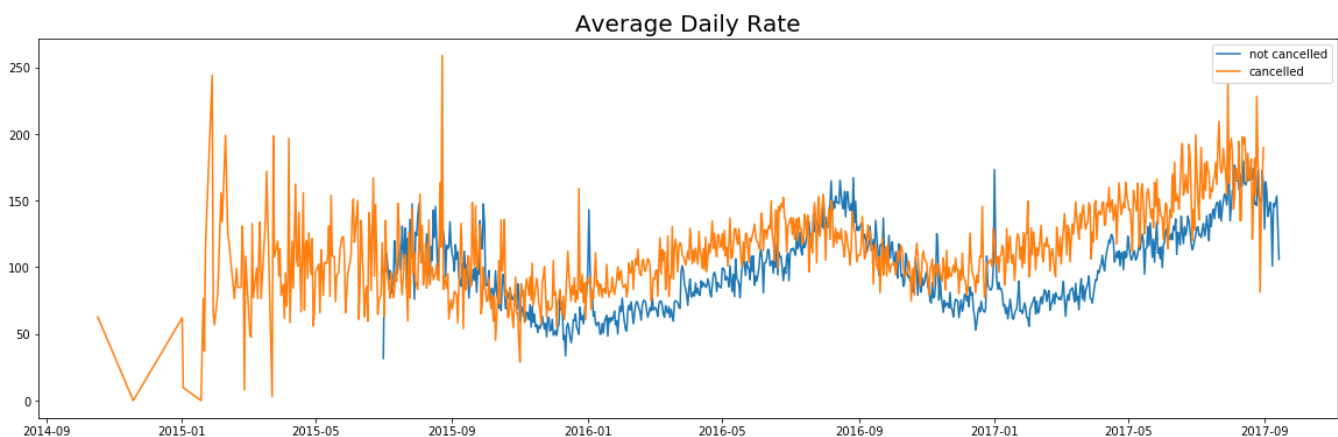
```
Out[55]: Online TA      0.469696
Groups      0.273985
Offline TA/TO  0.187466
Direct      0.043486
Corporate    0.022151
Complementary 0.002038
Aviation     0.001178
Name: market_segment, dtype: float64
```

```
In [61]: cancelled_df_adr = cancelled_data.groupby('reservation_status_date')[['adr']].mean()
cancelled_df_adr.reset_index(inplace=True)
cancelled_df_adr.sort_values('reservation_status_date', inplace=True)

not_cancelled_data = df[df['is_canceled']==0]
not_cancelled_df_adr = not_cancelled_data.groupby('reservation_status_date')[['adr']].mean()
not_cancelled_df_adr.reset_index(inplace=True)
not_cancelled_df_adr.sort_values('reservation_status_date', inplace=True)

plt.figure(figsize=(20,6))
plt.title('Average Daily Rate', size=20)
plt.plot(not_cancelled_df_adr['reservation_status_date'], not_cancelled_df_adr['adr'], label='not cancelled')
plt.plot(cancelled_df_adr['reservation_status_date'], cancelled_df_adr['adr'], label='cancelled')
plt.legend()
```

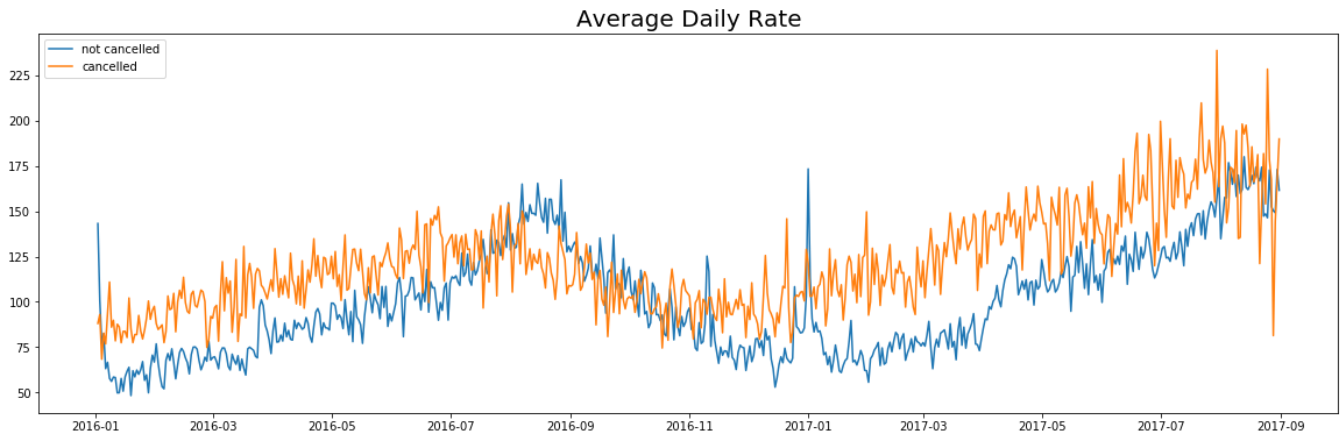
```
Out[61]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x14d87a91c08>
```



```
In [62]: cancelled_df_adr = cancelled_df_adr[(cancelled_df_adr['reservation_status_date']>'2016')&(cancelled_df_adr['reservation_status_date']<'2017-09')]
not_cancelled_df_adr = not_cancelled_df_adr[(not_cancelled_df_adr['reservation_status_date']>'2016')&(not_cancelled_df_adr['reservation_status_date']<'2017-09')]
```

```
In [63]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,6))
plt.title('Average Daily Rate',size=20)
plt.plot(not_cancelled_df_adr['reservation_status_date'],not_cancelled_df_adr
['adr'],label='not cancelled')
plt.plot(cancelled_df_adr['reservation_status_date'],cancelled_df_adr['adr'],la
bel='cancelled')
plt.legend()
```

Out[63]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x14d879aafc8>



## Conclusion

- 1. Cancellation rates rise as the price does. In order to prevent cancellation of reservation, hotels could work on their pricing strategies and try to lower the rates for specific hotels based on locations. they can also provide some discount to the consumers.***
- 2. As the ratio of the cancellation and not cancellation of the resort hotel is higher in resort hotel than city hotels. So the hotels should provide a reasonable discount on the room price on weekends or on holidays.***
- 3. In the month of January, hotels can start campaigns or making with a reasonable amount to increase their revenue as the cancellation is the highest in this month.***
- 4. They can also increase the quality of their hotels and their service mainly in Portugal to reduce the cancellation rate.***