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## Assignment 1: Java RMI String Concatenation

### Step 1 (1st Terminal):

- `javac -version` → Check Java compiler version.
- `javac *.java` → Compile all .java files.
- `rmiregistry` → Start RMI registry to allow remote objects.

### Step 2 (2nd Terminal):

- `java Server` → Start the RMI server that will host the remote object.

### Step 3 (3rd Terminal):

- `java Client` → Run the client to connect to the server.
  - Enter two strings → The client sends them to the server to concatenate.
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## Assignment 2: CORBA Reverse String

### Step 1 (1st Terminal):

- `ls` → List files in the directory.
- `idlj -fall ReverseModule.idl` → Generate Java code from IDL (Interface Definition Language).
- `javac *.java ReverseModule/*.java` → Compile all Java and generated files.
- `orbd -ORBInitialPort 1050&` → Start CORBA naming service on port 1050.
- `java ReverseServer -ORBInitialPort 1050 -ORBInitialHost localhost&` → Start the CORBA server.

### Step 2 (2nd Terminal):

- `java ReverseClient -ORBInitialPort 1050 -ORBInitialHost localhost` → Start the client.
  - Enter string: student → Sends string to server, which returns the reversed string.
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## Assignment 3: MPJ Express – Parallel Array Sum

### In Terminal:

- export MPJ\_HOME=... → Set the MPJ (Message Passing in Java) installation path.
  - export PATH=... → Add MPJ to system path.
  - javac -cp \$MPJ\_HOME/lib/mpj.jar ArrSum.java → Compile program using MPJ library.
  - ls → Check files.
  - mpjrun.sh -np 1 ArrSum → Run with 1 process (no parallelism).
  - mpjrun.sh -np 2 ArrSum → Run with 2 processes to split the array and compute in parallel.
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### **Assignment 4: Socket Programming – Client-Server**

#### **Step 1 (1st Terminal):**

- python3 server.py → Start the server to wait for a client and respond.

#### **Step 2 (2nd Terminal):**

- python3 client.py → Start client to connect to server and exchange data.
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### **Assignment 5: Token Ring Protocol**

#### **In Terminal:**

- javac TokenRing.java → Compile the Java program.
  - java TokenRing → Run the program to simulate token ring.
  - Enter number of nodes: 10 → Define number of nodes in the ring.
  - Enter sender: 2, Enter receiver: 8 → Send data from node 2 to 8 using the token.
  - Repeat with sender 5 and receiver 1 → Test another transfer.
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### **Assignment 6: Bully and Ring Election Algorithms**

#### **Step 1 (1st Terminal): Bully Algorithm**

- javac Bully.java → Compile bully election program.
- java Bully → Start the election system.

- Choice -1: Initialize, enter number of processes: 5 → Set up 5 processes.
- Choice -2: Display processes.
- Choice -4: Take down process 4 and 3 (simulate failure).
- Choice -3: Bring back process 3.
- Choice -5: Start election by process 2.
- Choice -6: Exit.

## **Step 2 (2nd Terminal): Ring Algorithm**

- `javac Ring.java, java Ring` → Compile and run Ring election program.
  - Choice -1: Initialize 4 processes.
  - Choice -2: Display processes.
  - Choice -4: Bring down process 4.
  - Choice -3: Bring up process 4 again.
  - Choice -5: Start election from process 3.
  - Choice -6: Exit.
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