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**Output:** 

## **Experiment 5**

```
Floyd Warshall Algo:
#include <stdio.h>
#define V 4
#define INF 99999
void printSolution(int dist[][V]);
void floydWarshall(int dist[][V]){
 int i, j, k;
for (k = 0; k < V; k++) {
     for (i = 0; i < V; i++) {
        for (j = 0; j < V; j++) {
           if (dist[i][k] + dist[k][j] < dist[i][j])
              dist[i][j] = dist[i][k] + dist[k][j]; }}}
   printSolution(dist);
}
void printSolution(int dist[][V]){
  printf(
     "The following matrix shows the shortest distances"
     " between every pair of vertices \n");
  for (int i = 0; i < V; i++) {
     for (int j = 0; j < V; j++) {
        if (dist[i][j] == INF)
           printf("%7s", "INF");
        else
           printf("%7d", dist[i][j]); }
     printf("\n"); }}
int main()
  int graph[V][V] = \{ \{ 0, 3, INF, 4 \}, \}
                 { 8, 0, 2, INF },
                 { 5, INF, 0, 1 },
                 { 2, INF, INF, 0 } };
  floydWarshall(graph);
  return 0;
```

The following matrix shows the shortest distances between every pair of vertices  $0\ 3\ 5\ 4$   $5\ 0\ 2\ 3$