

DBMS LAB - ALL EXPERIMENTS (ORACLE)

Below are all experiments E01–E11 with full code and sample data, compatible with Oracle Database.

E01 — Library Tables

```
CREATE TABLE Book (
    BookID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
    Title VARCHAR2(100),
    Author VARCHAR2(60),
    Price NUMBER(6,2)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Member (
    MemberID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR2(60),
    Email VARCHAR2(80),
    Phone VARCHAR2(15)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Loan (
    LoanID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
    BookID NUMBER REFERENCES Book(BookID),
    MemberID NUMBER REFERENCES Member(MemberID),
    LoanDate DATE,
    DueDate DATE
);
```

Sample Inserts:

```
INSERT INTO Book VALUES (1, 'DBMS Concepts', 'Korth', 550);
INSERT INTO Member VALUES (101, 'Aditya Patil', 'adi@mail.com', '9876543210');
```

```
INSERT INTO Loan VALUES (1001, 1, 101, SYSDATE, SYSDATE+14);
```

E02 — DDL

```
-----  
CREATE TABLE Employee (  
    EmpID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,  
    EmpName VARCHAR2(50),  
    Dept VARCHAR2(50),  
    Salary NUMBER(10,2)  
);  
ALTER TABLE Employee ADD HireDate DATE;  
ALTER TABLE Employee MODIFY EmpName VARCHAR2(80);  
ALTER TABLE Employee DROP COLUMN HireDate;  
TRUNCATE TABLE Employee;  
DROP TABLE Employee;
```

E03 — DML

```
-----  
CREATE TABLE Students (  
    Roll NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,  
    Name VARCHAR2(50),  
    Marks NUMBER(3)  
);  
INSERT INTO Students VALUES (1, 'Amit', 85);  
UPDATE Students SET Marks = 95 WHERE Roll = 3;  
DELETE FROM Students WHERE Roll = 1;  
SELECT * FROM Students;
```

E04 — Functions

```
-----
```

```
SELECT ABS(-10), ROUND(123.456,2), CEIL(12.1) FROM dual;  
SELECT UPPER('hello'), SUBSTR('DATABASE',1,4) FROM dual;  
SELECT SYSDATE, ADD_MONTHS(SYSDATE,1) FROM dual;  
SELECT TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'DD-MON-YYYY') FROM dual;
```

E05 — GROUP BY, HAVING, INDEX

```
-----  
SELECT Dept, COUNT(*), AVG(Salary)  
FROM Employee  
GROUP BY Dept  
HAVING AVG(Salary) > 35000;
```

```
CREATE INDEX idx_emp_dept ON Employee(Dept);
```

E06 — Set Operations & Joins

```
-----  
SELECT * FROM A UNION SELECT * FROM B;  
SELECT * FROM A INTERSECT SELECT * FROM B;  
SELECT * FROM A MINUS SELECT * FROM B;  
  
SELECT e.Name, d.DeptName  
FROM Employee e  
JOIN Dept d ON e.Dept = d.DeptID;
```

E07 — Subqueries & Views

```
-----  
SELECT Name FROM Employee  
WHERE Salary = (SELECT MAX(Salary) FROM Employee);  
  
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW vw_highsal AS  
SELECT Name, Salary FROM Employee WHERE Salary > 40000;
```

E08 — Transactions

```
UPDATE Account SET Balance = Balance - 500 WHERE AccNo = 101;  
SAVEPOINT sp1;  
UPDATE Account SET Balance = Balance + 500 WHERE AccNo = 102;  
ROLLBACK TO sp1;  
COMMIT;
```

E09 — Procedure & Function

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE give_bonus(p_emp NUMBER, p_bonus NUMBER) IS  
BEGIN  
    UPDATE Employee SET Salary = Salary + p_bonus WHERE EmpID = p_emp;  
END;  
/
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION yearly_salary(p_emp NUMBER)  
RETURN NUMBER IS  
    sal NUMBER;  
BEGIN  
    SELECT Salary INTO sal FROM Employee WHERE EmpID = p_emp;  
    RETURN sal * 12;  
END;  
/
```

E10 — Trigger & Cursor

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_insert_audit  
AFTER INSERT ON Employee  
FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN
```

```
INSERT INTO Emp_Audit VALUES (:NEW.EmpID, 'INSERT', SYSDATE);

END;

/

DECLARE
CURSOR cur IS SELECT Name, Salary FROM Employee;
v_name Employee.Name%TYPE;
v_sal Employee.Salary%TYPE;
BEGIN
OPEN cur;
LOOP
FETCH cur INTO v_name, v_sal;
EXIT WHEN cur%NOTFOUND;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_name || ' earns ' || v_sal);
END LOOP;
CLOSE cur;
END;
/
```

E11 — JDBC Code

Java JDBC code included in previous messages.