

ASSIGNMENT : 1

AddClient.java

```
import java.rmi.*;

public class AddClient {

    public static void main(String args[]) {

        try {

            // Get reference to the remote object

            String addServerURL = "rmi://" + args[0] + "/AddServer";

            AddServerIntf addServerIntf =

            (AddServerIntf) Naming.lookup(addServerURL);

            System.out.println("The first number is: " + args[1]);

            double d1 = Double.parseDouble(args[1]);

            System.out.println("The second number is: " + args[2]);

            double d2 = Double.parseDouble(args[2]);

            // Invoke remote method to add numbers

            System.out.println("The sum is: " + addServerIntf.add(d1, d2));

        }

        catch (Exception e) { System.out.println("Exception: "+ e);

        }}}

}
```

AddServer.java

```
import java.rmi.*;
```

```

public class AddServer {

    public static void main(String args[]) {

        try {

            //create remote object

            AddServerImpl addServerImpl = new AddServerImpl();

            //bind the remote object

            Naming.rebind("AddServer", addServerImpl);

        }

        catch (Exception e) {

            System.out.println("Exception: "+ e);

        }

    }

}

```

```

AddServerImpl.java
import java.rmi.*;

import java.rmi.server.*;

//class that implements the remote interface

public class AddServerImpl extends UnicastRemoteObject

implements AddServerIntf {

    //constructor

    public AddServerImpl() throws RemoteException {

    }

    //implement method declared in the interface

    public double add(double d1, double d2) throws RemoteException {

        return d1 + d2; }

}

```

AddServerIntf.java

```
import java.rmi.*;
```

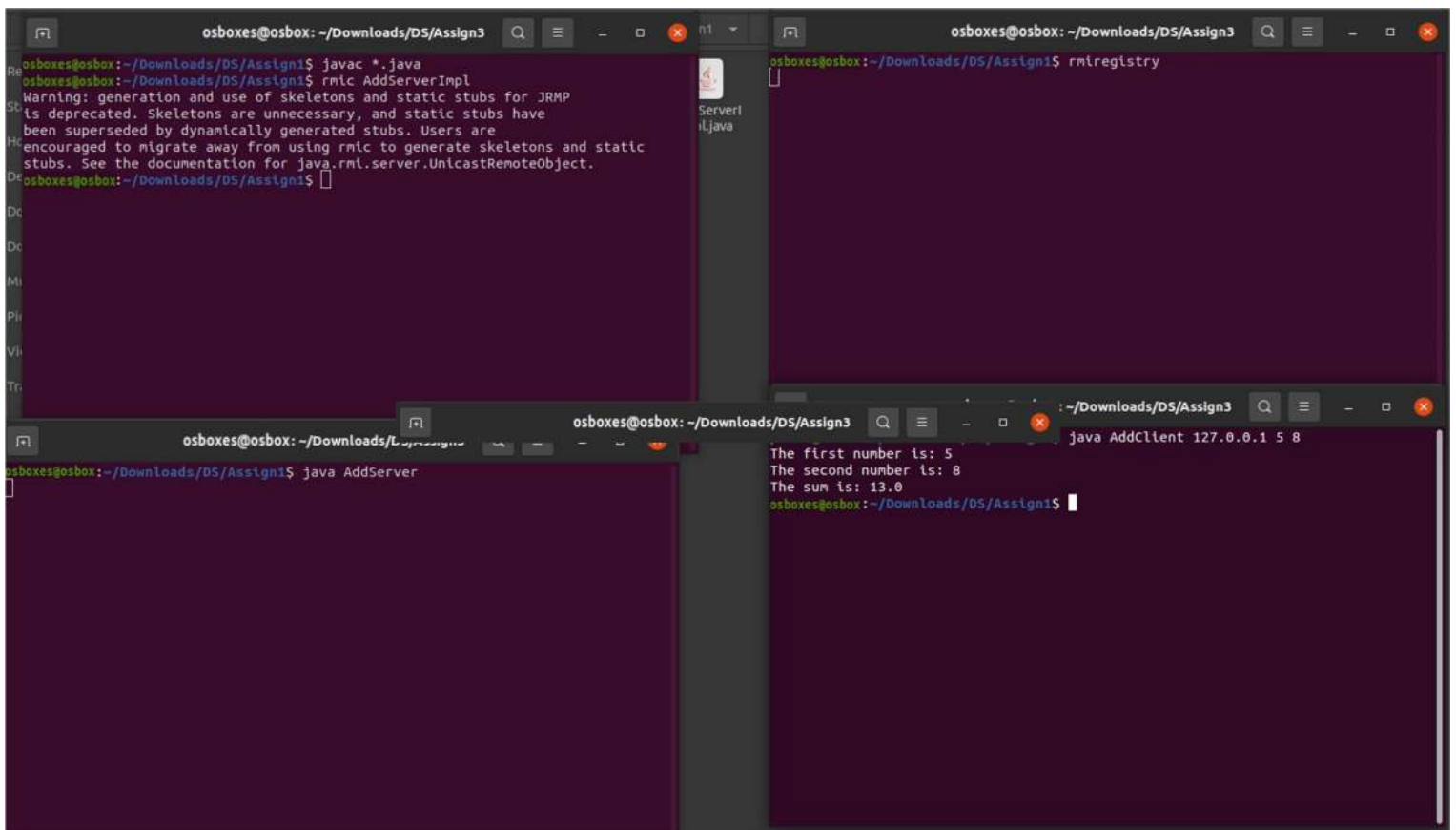
```
public interface AddServerIntf extends Remote {
```

```
//method declaration
```

```
double add(double d1, double d2) throws RemoteException;
```

```
}
```

Output:



The screenshot displays three terminal windows from a macOS environment, showing the steps to compile and run a Java RMI application.

Top Left Window: Shows the compilation of the `AddServerIntf.java` file. The command `javac *.java` is executed, resulting in a warning about deprecated skeletons and static stubs for JRMP, and the creation of the `AddServerIntf.class` file.

Top Right Window: Shows the registration of the `AddServerIntf` interface with the RMI registry. The command `rmiregistry` is executed, and the output shows the registry starting on port 1099.

Bottom Window: Shows the execution of the `AddServer` and `AddClient` classes. The command `java AddServer` is executed, and the output shows the server starting on port 1099. The command `java AddClient 127.0.0.1 5 8` is then executed, and the output shows the client connecting to the server and calculating the sum of 5 and 8, which is 13.0.

```
osboxes@osbox: ~/Downloads/DS/Assign3
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign3$ javac *.java
Warning: generation and use of skeletons and static stubs for JRMP
is deprecated. Skeletons are unnecessary, and static stubs have
been superseded by dynamically generated stubs. Users are
encouraged to migrate away from using rmic to generate skeletons and static
stubs. See the documentation for java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject.
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign3$

osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign3$ rmiregistry
rmiregistry
rmiregistry is starting on port 1099.
Press Ctrl-C to stop.

osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign3$ java AddServer
AddServer
AddServer is starting on port 1099.
Press Ctrl-C to stop.

osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign3$ java AddClient 127.0.0.1 5 8
The first number is: 5
The second number is: 8
The sum is: 13.0
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign3$
```

ASSIGNMENT : 2

ReverseClient.java// *client*

import ReverseModule.*;

import org.omg.CosNaming.*;

import org.omg.CosNaming.NamingContextPackage.*;

import org.omg.CORBA.*;

import java.io.*;

class ReverseClient

{

public static void main(String args[])

{

Reverse ReverseImpl=null;

try

{

// initialize the ORB

org.omg.CORBA.ORB orb = org.omg.CORBA.ORB.init(args, null);

org.omg.CORBA.Object objRef = orb.resolve_initial_references ("NameService");

NamingContextExt ncRef = NamingContextExtHelper.narrow (objRef);

String name = "Reverse";

ReverseImpl = ReverseHelper.narrow(ncRef.resolve_str(name));

System.out.println("Enter String=");

```

BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));

String str = br.readLine();

String tempStr = ReverseImpl.reverse_string(str);

System.out.println(tempStr);

}

catch (Exception e)

{

e.printStackTrace();

}}

```

ReverseImpl.java

```

import ReverseModule.ReversePOA;

import java.lang.String;

class ReverseImpl extends ReversePOA

{

ReverseImpl()

{

super();

System.out.println("Reverse Object Created");

}

public String reverse_string(String name)

{

StringBuffer str=new StringBuffer(name);

str.reverse();

return ("Server Send "+str);}}

```

```

Server.java
import ReverseModule.*;

import org.omg.CosNamig.*;

import org.omg.CosNaming.NamingContextPackage.*;

import org.omg.CORBA.*;

import org.omg.PortableServer.*;

class ReverseServer

{

    public static void main(String[] args)

    {

        try

        { // initialize the ORB

            org.omg.CORBA. ORB orb = org.omg.CORBA.ORB.init(args, null);

            // initialize the BOA/POA

            POA rootPOA = POAHelper.narrow(orb.resolve_initial_references("RootPOA"));

            rootPOA.the_POAManager().activate();

            // creating the calculator object

            ReverseImpl rvr = new ReverseImpl();

            // get the object reference from the servant class

            org.omg.CORBA.Object ref = rootPOA.servant_to_reference(rvr);

            System.out.println("Step1");

            Reverse h_ref = ReverseModule.ReverseHelper.narrow(ref);

            System.out.println("Step2");

            org.omg.CORBA.Object objRef = orb.resolve_initial_references("NameService");

            System.out.println("Step3");

            NamingContextExt ncRef = NamingContextExtHelper.narrow(objRef);

```

```

System.out.println("Step4");

String name = "Reverse";

NameComponent path[] = ncRef.to_name(name);

ncRef.rebind(path,h_ref);

System.out.println("Reverse Server reading and waiting ... ");

orb.run();

}

catch (Exception e)

{

    e.printStackTrace();

}

}

```

Output:

```

osboxes@osbox: ~/Downloads/DS/Assign2
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign2$ idlj -fall ReverseModule.idl
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign2$ javac *.java ReverseModule/*.java
ReverseModule/_ReverseStub.java:46: warning: IORCheckImpl is internal proprietary API and may be removed in a future release
    com.sun.corba.se.impl.orbutil.IORCheckImpl.check(str, "ReverseModule._ReverseStub");
                                         ^
Note: ReverseModule/ReversePOA.java uses unchecked or unsafe operations.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:unchecked for details.
1 warning
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign2$ orbd -ORBInitialPort 10568
[1] 42647
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign2$ java ReverseServer -ORBInitialPort 10568
[2] 42668
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign2$ Reverse Object Created
Step1
Step2
Step3
Step4
Reverse Server reading and waiting....
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign2$ java ReverseClient -ORBInitialPort 1056 -ORBInitialHost localhost
Enter String=
Shinchan
Server Send nahcnthS
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign2$

```

ASSIGNMENT : 3

ArrSum.java// *client*

import mpi.MPI;

import java.util.Scanner;

import mpi.*;

public class ArrSum {

public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception{

MPI.Init(args);

int rank = MPI.COMM_WORLD.Rank();

int size = MPI.COMM_WORLD.Size();

int unitsize = 5;

int root = 0;

int send_buffer[] = null;

// 1 process is expected to handle 4 elements

send_buffer = new int [unitsize * size];

int recieve_buffer[] = new int [unitsize];

int new_recieve_buffer[] = new int [size];

// Set data for distribution

if(rank == root) {

int total_elements = unitsize * size;

System.out.println("Enter " + total_elements + " elements");


```

for(int i = 0; i < total_elements; i++) {

    System.out.println("Element " + i + "\t = " + i);

    send_buffer[i] = i;

}

}

// Scatter data to processes

MPI.COMM_WORLD.Scatter(

    send_buffer,

    0,

    unitsize,

    MPI.INT,

    recieve_buffer,

    0,

    unitsize,

    MPI.INT,

    root

);

// Calculate sum at non root processes

// Store result in first index of array

for(int i = 1; i < unitsize; i++) {

    recieve_buffer[0] += recieve_buffer[i];

}

System.out.println(

    "Intermediate sum at process " + rank + " is " + recieve_buffer[0]

);

```

```

// Gather data from processes
MPI.COMM_WORLD.Gather(
    recieve_buffer,
    0,
    1,
    MPI.INT,
    new_recieve_buffer,
    0,
    1,
    MPI.INT,
    root
);

// Aggregate output from all non root processes
if(rank == root) {
    int total_sum = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        total_sum += new_recieve_buffer[i];
    }
    System.out.println("Final sum : " + total_sum);
}

MPI.Finalize();
}
}

```

Output:

```
osboxes@osbox: ~/Downloads/DS/Assign3
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign3$ export MPJ_HOME=/home/patil/Downloads/mpj-v0_44
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign3$ export PATH=$MPJ_HOME/bin:$PATH
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign3$ javac -cp $MPJ_HOME/lib/mpj.jar ArrSum.java
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign3$ $MPJ_HOME/bin/mpjrun.sh -np 4 ArrSum
MPJ Express (0.44) is started in the multicore configuration
Enter 20 elements
Element 0      = 0
Element 1      = 1
Element 2      = 2
Element 3      = 3
Element 4      = 4
Element 5      = 5
Element 6      = 6
Element 7      = 7
Element 8      = 8
Element 9      = 9
Element 10     = 10
Element 11     = 11
Element 12     = 12
Element 13     = 13
Element 14     = 14
Element 15     = 15
Element 16     = 16
Element 17     = 17
Element 18     = 18
Element 19     = 19
Intermediate sum at process 3 is 85
Intermediate sum at process 0 is 10
Intermediate sum at process 2 is 60
Intermediate sum at process 1 is 35
Final sum : 190
```

ASSIGNMENT : 4

Client.py

Python3 program imitating a client process

from timeit import default_timer as timer

from dateutil import parser

import threading

import datetime

import socket

import time

client thread function used to send time at client side

def startSendingTime(slave_client):

while True:

provide server with clock time at the client

slave_client.send(str(
 datetime.datetime.now()).encode())

print("Recent time sent successfully",

end = "\n\n")

time.sleep(5)

client thread function used to receive synchronized time

def startReceivingTime(slave_client):

while True:

receive data from the server

Synchronized_time = parser.parse(

 slave_client.recv(1024).decode())

print("Synchronized time at the client is: " + \

 str(Synchronized_time),

 end = "\n\n")

function used to Synchronize client process time

def initiateSlaveClient(port = 8080):

slave_client = socket.socket()

connect to the clock server on local computer

slave_client.connect(('127.0.0.1', port))

start sending time to server

print("Starting to receive time from server\n")

send_time_thread = threading.Thread(

 target = startSendingTime,

```

        args = (slave_client, ))

send_time_thread.start()

# start receiving synchronized from server

print("Starting to receiving " + \
      "synchronized time from server\n")

receive_time_thread = threading.Thread(
    target = startReceivingTime,
    args = (slave_client, ))

receive_time_thread.start()

# Driver function

if __name__ == '__main__':

    # initialize the Slave / Client

    initiateSlaveClient(port = 8080)

```

server.py

```

# Python3 program imitating a clock server

from dateutil import parser

import threading

import datetime

import socket

import time

```

datastructure used to store client address and clock data

```
client_data = {}
```

''' nested thread function used to receive

clock time from a connected client '''

```
def startReceivingClockTime(connector, address):
```

```
    while True:
```

```
        # receive clock time
```

```
        clock_time_string = connector.recv(1024).decode()
```

```
        clock_time = parser.parse(clock_time_string)
```

```
        clock_time_diff = datetime.datetime.now() - \
```

```
            clock_time
```

```
        client_data[address] = {
```

```
            "clock_time" : clock_time,
```

```
            "time_difference" : clock_time_diff,
```

```
            "connector" : connector
```

```
        }
```

```
        print("Client Data updated with: " + str(address),
```

```
              end = "\n\n")
```

```
        time.sleep(5)
```

''' master thread function used to open portal for


```

sum_of_clock_difference = sum(time_difference_list, \
                               datetime.timedelta(0, 0))

average_clock_difference = sum_of_clock_difference \
                             / len(client_data)

return average_clock_difference

''' master sync thread function used to generate
cycles of clock synchronization in the network '''
def synchronizeAllClocks():

    while True:

        print("New synchronization cycle started.")

        print("Number of clients to be synchronized: " + \
              str(len(client_data)))

        if len(client_data) > 0:

            average_clock_difference = getAverageClockDiff()

            for client_addr, client in client_data.items():

                try:

                    synchronized_time = \

```

```

        datetime.datetime.now() + \
            average_clock_difference

    client['connector'].send(str(
        synchronized_time).encode())

except Exception as e:

    print("Something went wrong while " + \
        "sending synchronized time " + \
        "through " + str(client_addr))

else :

    print("No client data." + \
        " Synchronization not applicable.")

print("\n\n")

time.sleep(5)

# function used to initiate the Clock Server / Master Node

def initiateClockServer(port = 8080):

    master_server = socket.socket()

    master_server.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET,
        socket.SO_REUSEADDR, 1)

```

```
print("Socket at master node created successfully\n")

master_server.bind(("", port))

# Start listening to requests

master_server.listen(10)

print("Clock server started...\n")

# start making connections

print("Starting to make connections...\n")

master_thread = threading.Thread(

    target = startConnecting,

    args = (master_server, ))

master_thread.start()

# start synchronization

print("Starting synchronization parallelly...\n")

sync_thread = threading.Thread(

    target = synchronizeAllClocks,

    args = ())

sync_thread.start()

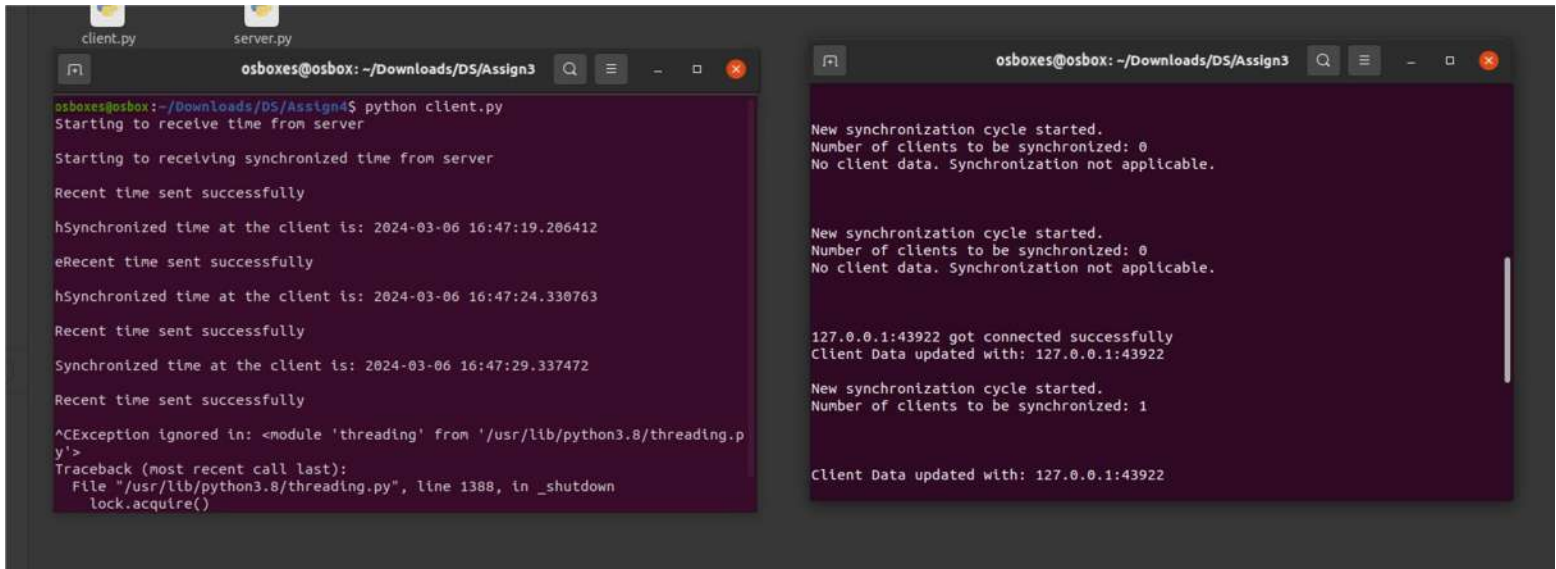
# Driver function

if __name__ == '__main__':


    # Trigger the Clock Server

    initiateClockServer(port = 8080)
```

Output:



The image shows two terminal windows side-by-side, both titled "osboxes@osbox: ~/Downloads/DS/Assign3". The left window is running "python client.py" and shows the client's output. The right window is running the server and shows the server's output.

```
osboxes@osbox: ~/Downloads/DS/Assign3
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign3$ python client.py
Starting to receive time from server
Starting to receiving synchronized time from server
Recent time sent successfully
hSynchronized time at the client is: 2024-03-06 16:47:19.206412
eRecent time sent successfully
hSynchronized time at the client is: 2024-03-06 16:47:24.330763
Recent time sent successfully
Synchronized time at the client is: 2024-03-06 16:47:29.337472
Recent time sent successfully
^CException ignored in: <module 'threading' from '/usr/lib/python3.8/threading.py'>
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "/usr/lib/python3.8/threading.py", line 1388, in _shutdown
    lock.acquire()
```

```
osboxes@osbox: ~/Downloads/DS/Assign3
New synchronization cycle started.
Number of clients to be synchronized: 0
No client data. Synchronization not applicable.

New synchronization cycle started.
Number of clients to be synchronized: 0
No client data. Synchronization not applicable.

127.0.0.1:43922 got connected successfully
Client Data updated with: 127.0.0.1:43922

New synchronization cycle started.
Number of clients to be synchronized: 1

Client Data updated with: 127.0.0.1:43922
```

ASSIGNMENT : 5

Tring.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Tring {
```

```
    public static void main(String args[]) {
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the number of nodes: ");
```

```
        int n = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        // Decides the number of nodes forming the ring
```

```
        int token = 0;
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
            System.out.print(" " + i);
```

```
        System.out.println(" " + 0);
```

```
        try {
```

```
            while (true) {
```

```
                System.out.print("Enter sender: ");
```

```

int s = sc.nextInt();

System.out.print("Enter receiver: ");

int r = sc.nextInt();

System.out.print("Enter Data: ");

String d = sc.next();


System.out.print("Token passing:");

//current token not equal to sender, increment i by 1 and j by j+1%n

for (int i = token, j = token; (i % n) != s; i++, j = (j + 1) % n) {

System.out.print(" " + j + "->");

}

System.out.println(" " + s);


System.out.println("Sender " + s + " sending data: " + d);


// start forwarding from node after sender until it becomes equal to receiver and increment by
i+1%n

for (int i = (s + 1) % n; i != r; i = (i + 1) % n) {

System.out.println("Data " + d + " forwarded by " + i);

}

System.out.println("Receiver " + r + " received data: " + d);

token = s;

}

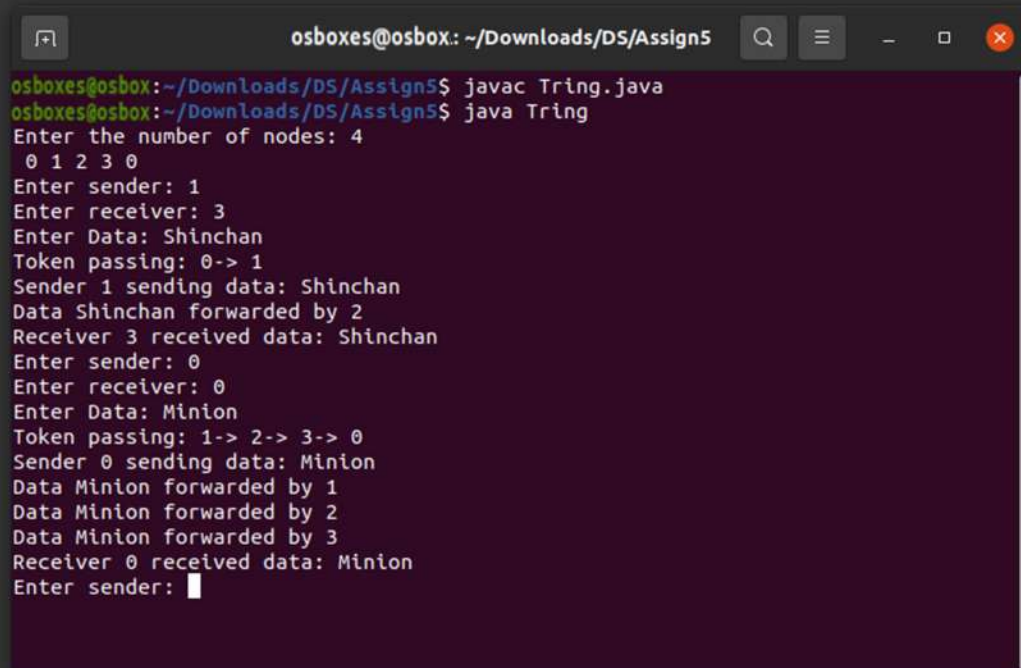
} catch (Exception e) {

System.out.println("Error occurred: " + e.getMessage());

```

```
}  
}  
}
```

Output:



```
osbox@osbox: ~/Downloads/DS/Assign5  
osbox@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign5$ javac Tring.java  
osbox@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign5$ java Tring  
Enter the number of nodes: 4  
0 1 2 3 0  
Enter sender: 1  
Enter receiver: 3  
Enter Data: Shinchuan  
Token passing: 0-> 1  
Sender 1 sending data: Shinchuan  
Data Shinchuan forwarded by 2  
Receiver 3 received data: Shinchuan  
Enter sender: 0  
Enter receiver: 0  
Enter Data: Minion  
Token passing: 1-> 2-> 3-> 0  
Sender 0 sending data: Minion  
Data Minion forwarded by 1  
Data Minion forwarded by 2  
Data Minion forwarded by 3  
Receiver 0 received data: Minion  
Enter sender: █
```

ASSIGNMENT : 6

Bully.java

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
public class Bully {
```

```
    int coordinator;
```

```
    int max_processes;
```

```
    boolean processes[];
```

```
    public Bully(int max) {
```

```
        max_processes = max;
```

```
        processes = new boolean[max_processes];
```

```
        coordinator = max;
```

```
        System.out.println("Creating processes..");
```

```
        for(int i = 0; i < max; i++) {
```

```
            processes[i] = true;
```

```
            System.out.println("P" + (i+1) + " created");
```

```
        }
```

```
        System.out.println("Process P" + coordinator + " is the coordinator");
```

```
    }
```



```
void displayProcesses() {  
    for(int i = 0; i < max_processes; i++) {  
        if(processes[i]) {  
            System.out.println("P" + (i+1) + " is up");  
        } else {  
            System.out.println("P" + (i+1) + " is down");  
        }  
    }  
    System.out.println("Process P" + coordinator + " is the coordinator");  
}
```

```
void upProcess(int process_id) {  
    if(!processes[process_id - 1]) {  
        processes[process_id - 1] = true;  
        System.out.println("Process " + process_id + " is now up.");  
    } else {  
        System.out.println("Process " + process_id + " is already up.");  
    }  
}
```

```
void downProcess(int process_id) {  
    if(!processes[process_id - 1]) {  
        System.out.println("Process " + process_id + " is already down.");  
    } else {  
        processes[process_id - 1] = false;  
    }  
}
```

```
        System.out.println("Process " + process_id + " is down.");
    }
}
```

```
void runElection(int process_id) {
    coordinator = process_id;
    boolean keepGoing = true;

    for(int i = process_id; i < max_processes && keepGoing; i++) {
        System.out.println("Election message sent from process " + process_id + " to process " + (i+1));

        if(processes[i]) {
            keepGoing = false;
            runElection(i + 1);
        }
    }
}
```

```
public static void main(String args[]) {
    Bully bully = null;

    int max_processes = 0, process_id = 0;
    int choice = 0;

    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

    while(true) {
```

```
System.out.println("Bully Algorithm");

System.out.println("1. Create processes");

System.out.println("2. Display processes");

System.out.println("3. Up a process");

System.out.println("4. Down a process");

System.out.println("5. Run election algorithm");

System.out.println("6. Exit Program");

System.out.print("Enter your choice:- ");

choice = sc.nextInt();

switch(choice) {

    case 1:

        System.out.print("Enter the number of processes:- ");

        max_processes = sc.nextInt();

        bully = new Bully(max_processes);

        break;

    case 2:

        bully.displayProcesses();

        break;

    case 3:

        System.out.print("Enter the process number to up:- ");

        process_id = sc.nextInt();

        bully.upProcess(process_id);

        break;

    case 4:
```

```

        System.out.print("Enter the process number to down:- ");

        process_id = sc.nextInt();

        bully.downProcess(process_id);

        break;

    case 5:

        System.out.print("Enter the process number which will perform election:- ");

        process_id = sc.nextInt();

        bully.runElection(process_id);

        bully.displayProcesses();

        break;

    case 6:

        System.exit(0);

        break;

    default:

        System.out.println("Error in choice. Please try again.");

        break;

    }}}

```

Ring.java

```
import java.util.*;
```

```

public class Ring {

    int max_processes;

    int coordinator;

    boolean processes[];

    ArrayList<Integer> pid;

```

```

public Ring(int max) {

    coordinator = max;

    max_processes = max;

    pid = new ArrayList<Integer>();

    processes = new boolean[max];

    for(int i = 0; i < max; i++) {

        processes[i] = true;

        System.out.println("P" + (i+1) + " created.");

    }

    System.out.println("P" + (coordinator) + " is the coordinator");

}

void displayProcesses() {

    for(int i = 0; i < max_processes; i++) {

        if(processes[i])

            System.out.println("P" + (i+1) + " is up.");

        else

            System.out.println("P" + (i+1) + " is down.");

    }

    System.out.println("P" + (coordinator) + " is the coordinator");

}

void upProcess(int process_id) {

```

```

if(!processes[process_id-1]) {
    processes[process_id-1] = true;
    System.out.println("Process P" + (process_id) + " is up.");
} else {
    System.out.println("Process P" + (process_id) + " is already up.");
}
}

void downProcess(int process_id) {
    if(!processes[process_id-1]) {
        System.out.println("Process P" + (process_id) + " is already down.");
    } else {
        processes[process_id-1] = false;
        System.out.println("Process P" + (process_id) + " is down.");
    }
}

void displayArrayList(ArrayList<Integer> pid) {
    System.out.print("[ ");
    for(Integer x : pid) {
        System.out.print(x + " ");
    }
    System.out.print("]\n");
}

```

```

void initElection(int process_id) {

    if(processes[process_id-1]) {

        pid.add(process_id);

        int temp = process_id;

        System.out.print("Process P" + process_id + " sending the following list:- ");

        displayArrayList(pid);

        while(temp != process_id - 1) {

            if(processes[temp]) {

                pid.add(temp+1);

                System.out.print("Process P" + (temp + 1) + " sending the following list:- ");

                displayArrayList(pid);

            }

            temp = (temp + 1) % max_processes;

        }

        coordinator = Collections.max(pid);

        System.out.println("Process P" + process_id + " has declared P" + coordinator + " as the
coordinator");

        pid.clear();

    }

}

public static void main(String args[]) {

    Ring ring = null;

```

```
int max_processes = 0, process_id = 0;

int choice = 0;

Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

while(true) {

    System.out.println("Ring Algorithm");

    System.out.println("1. Create processes");

    System.out.println("2. Display processes");

    System.out.println("3. Up a process");

    System.out.println("4. Down a process");

    System.out.println("5. Run election algorithm");

    System.out.println("6. Exit Program");

    System.out.print("Enter your choice:- ");

    choice = sc.nextInt();

    switch(choice) {

        case 1:

            System.out.print("Enter the total number of processes:- ");

            max_processes = sc.nextInt();

            ring = new Ring(max_processes);

            break;

        case 2:

            ring.displayProcesses();

            break;

        case 3:
```



```

        System.out.print("Enter the process to up:- ");

        process_id = sc.nextInt();

        ring.upProcess(process_id);

        break;

    case 4:

        System.out.print("Enter the process to down:- ");

        process_id = sc.nextInt();

        ring.downProcess(process_id);

        break;

    case 5:

        System.out.print("Enter the process which will initiate election:- ");

        process_id = sc.nextInt();

        ring.initElection(process_id);

        break;

    case 6:

        System.exit(0);

        break;

    default:

        System.out.println("Error in choice. Please try again.");

        break;}} }}

```

Output:

BULLY

osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign6\$ javac Bully.java

osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign6\$ java Bully Bully Algorithm

1. Create processes
2. Display processes
3. Up a process
4. Down a process
5. Run election algorithm
6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 1

Enter the number of processes:- 4

Creating processes..

P1 created

P2 created

P3 created

P4 created

Process P4 is the coordinator

Bully Algorithm

1. Create processes
2. Display processes
3. Up a process
4. Down a process
5. Run election algorithm
6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 2

P1 is up

P2 is up

P3 is up

P4 is up

Process P4 is the coordinator

Bully Algorithm

1. Create processes

2. Display processes

3. Up a process

4. Down a process

5. Run election algorithm

6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 4

Enter the process number to down:- 2

Process 2 is down.

Bully Algorithm

1. Create processes

2. Display processes

3. Up a process

4. Down a process

5. Run election algorithm

6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 2

P1 is up

P2 is down

P3 is up

P4 is up

Process P4 is the coordinator

Bully Algorithm

1. Create processes
2. Display processes
3. Up a process
4. Down a process
5. Run election algorithm
6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 5

Enter the process number which will perform election:- 3

Election message sent from process 3 to process 4

P1 is up

P2 is down

P3 is up

P4 is up

Process P4 is the coordinator

Bully Algorithm

1. Create processes
2. Display processes
3. Up a process
4. Down a process
5. Run election algorithm
6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 6

RING

```
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign6$ javac Ring.java
```

```
osboxes@osbox:~/Downloads/DS/Assign6$ java Ring
```

Ring Algorithm

1. Create processes
2. Display processes
3. Up a process
4. Down a process
5. Run election algorithm
6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 1

Enter the total number of processes:- 4

P1 created.

P2 created.

P3 created.

P4 created.

P4 is the coordinator

Ring Algorithm

1. Create processes
2. Display processes
3. Up a process
4. Down a process
5. Run election algorithm
6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 2

P1 is up.

P2 is up.

P3 is up.

P4 is up.

P4 is the coordinator

Ring Algorithm

1. Create processes

2. Display processes

3. Up a process

4. Down a process

5. Run election algorithm

6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 4

Enter the process to down:- 2

Process P2 is down.

Ring Algorithm

1. Create processes

2. Display processes

3. Up a process

4. Down a process

5. Run election algorithm

6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 2

P1 is up.

P2 is down.

P3 is up.

P4 is up.

P4 is the coordinator

Ring Algorithm

1. Create processes
2. Display processes
3. Up a process
4. Down a process
5. Run election algorithm
6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 5

Enter the process which will initiate election:- 3

Process P3 sending the following list:- [3]

Process P4 sending the following list:- [3 4]

Process P1 sending the following list:- [3 4 1]

Process P3 has declared P4 as the coordinator

Ring Algorithm

1. Create processes
2. Display processes
3. Up a process
4. Down a process
5. Run election algorithm
6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 6

ASSIGNMENT-7

Code:

SimpleInterest.java

```
/*
 * To change this license header, choose License Headers in Project Properties.
 * To change this template file, choose Tools | Templates
 * and open the template in the editor.
 */
package com.myservice;

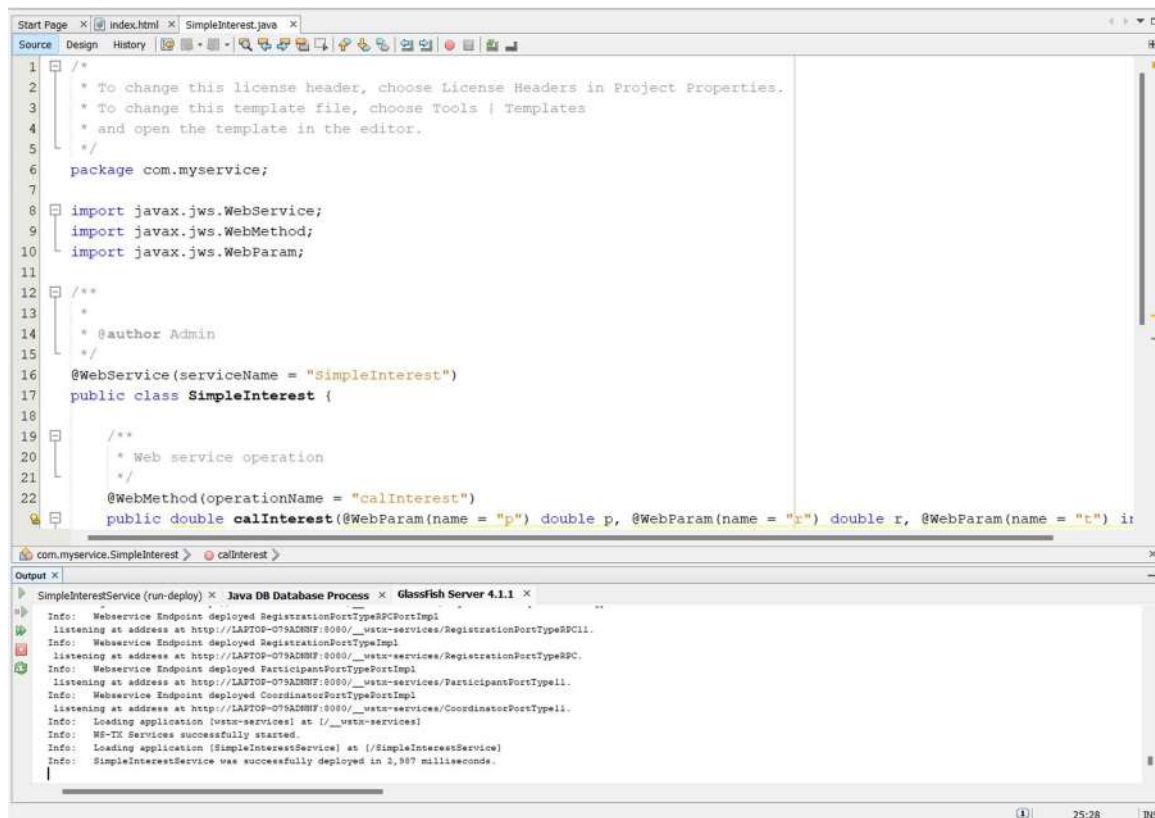
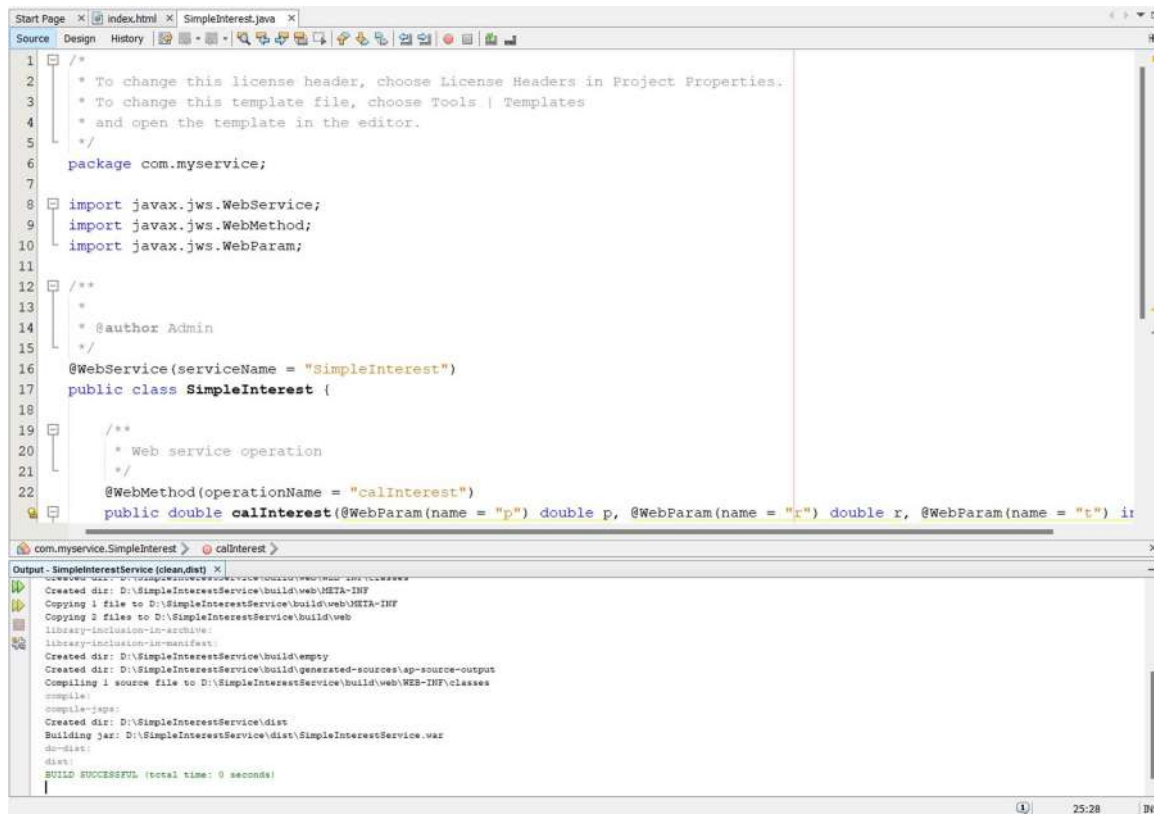
import javax.jws.WebService;
import javax.jws.WebMethod;
import javax.jws.WebParam;

/**
 *
 * @author Admin
 */
@WebService(serviceName = "SimpleInterest")
public class SimpleInterest {

    /**
     * Web service operation
     */
    @WebMethod(operationName = "callInterest")
    public double callInterest(@WebParam(name = "p") double p, @WebParam(name = "r")
double r, @WebParam(name = "t") int t) {
        //TODO write your implementation code here:
        return (p*r*t)/100;
    }

    /**
     * This is a sample web service operation
     */
}
```

Screenshots:



localhost:8080/SimpleInterestService/SimpleInterest?Tester

Import favoritesAmazon.co.uk - Onl...Express VPNMcAfee SecurityLastPass password...GmailYouTube

SimpleInterest Web Service Tester

This form will allow you to test your web service implementation ([WSDL File](#))

To invoke an operation, fill the method parameter(s) input boxes and click on the button labeled with the method name.

Methods :

public abstract double com.myservice.SimpleInterest.calInterest(double,double,int)

calInterest

Method parameter(s)

Type	Value
double	1000
double	2
int	1

Method returned

double : "20.0"

SOAP Request

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?><S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/" xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <SOAP-ENV:Header/>
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:calInterest xmlns:ns2="http://myservice.com/">
      <p>1000.0</p>
      <r>2.0</r>
      <t>1</t>
    </ns2:calInterest>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

SOAP Response

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?><S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/" xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <SOAP-ENV:Header/>
  <S:Body>
    <ns2:calInterestResponse xmlns:ns2="http://myservice.com/">
      <return>20.0</return>
    </ns2:calInterestResponse>
  </S:Body>
```