

APPENDIX

1. ARDUINO PROGRAMMING

1.1 FOR ULTRASONIC

```
void setup() {  
  pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT); // Sets the trigPin as an Output  
  pinMode(echoPin, INPUT); // Sets the echoPin as an Input  
  Serial.begin(9600); // Starts the serial communication  
}  
  
void loop() {  
  // Clears the trigPin  
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);  
  delayMicroseconds(2);  
  
  // Sets the trigPin on HIGH state for 10 micro seconds  
  digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);  
  delayMicroseconds(10);  
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);  
  
  // Reads the echoPin, returns the sound wave travel time in microseconds  
  duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);  
  
  // Calculating the distance  
  distance= duration*0.034/2;  
  
  // Prints the distance on the Serial Monitor  
  Serial.print("Distance: ");  
  Serial.println(distance);  
}
```

1.2 FOR LED

```
int redPin= 7;  
int greenPin = 6;  
int bluePin = 5;  
  
void setup() {  
  pinMode(redPin, OUTPUT);  
  pinMode(greenPin, OUTPUT);  
  pinMode(bluePin, OUTPUT);  
}  
  
void loop() {
```

```

setColor(255, 0, 0); // Red Color
delay(1000);
setColor(0, 255, 0); // Green Color
delay(1000);
setColor(0, 0, 255); // Blue Color
delay(1000);
setColor(255, 255, 255); // White Color
delay(1000);
setColor(170, 0, 255); // Purple Color
delay(1000);
}

void setColor(int redValue, int greenValue, int blueValue) {
  analogWrite(redPin, redValue);
  analogWrite(greenPin, greenValue);
  analogWrite(bluePin, blueValue);
}

```

1.3 FOR LDR

#define LDRpin A0 // pin where we connected the LDR and the resistor

int LDRValue = 0; *// result of reading the analog pin*

```

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600); // sets serial port for communication
}

```

```

void loop() {
  LDRValue = analogRead(LDRpin); // read the value from the LDR
  Serial.println(LDRValue); // print the value to the serial port
  delay(100); // wait a little
}

```

FOR EM-18 MODULE READER

```

int count = 0;
void setup()
{
  Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop()
{
  WHILE(Serial.available())

```

```
// read the oldest byte in the serial buffer:
    incomingByte = Serial1.read();
Serial.print(incomingByte);
}
//statements
```

2. RASPBERRY PI PROGRAMMING

```
import serial                                #import serial module

def read_rfid ():
    ser = serial.Serial ("/dev/ttyAMA0")      #Open named port
    ser.baudrate = 9600                       #Set baud rate to
9600
    data = ser.read(12)                       #Read 12 characters
from serial port to data
    ser.close ()                             #Close port
    return data                              #Return data

id = read_rfid ()                            #Function call
print id                                     #Print RFID
```