Reg. No.				

B. Tech. Degree VI Semester Examination April 2013

CS/IT 15-1602 COMPILER CONSTRUCTION

(2015 Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

PART A (Answer ALL questions)

 $(10\times 2=20)$

- I. (a) Differentiate tokens, patterns and lexemes.
 - (b) Give the reasons for separating the analysis phase of compiling into lexical analysis and parsing.
 - (c) Differentiate top down parsing and bottom up parsing.
 - (d) Define handle. Explain the process of handle pruning.
 - (e) Describe operator grammar with example.
 - (f) Differentiate between synthesized and inherited attributes.
 - (g) What is a DAG? Draw a DAG for the expression a+a*(b-c)+(b-c)*d.
 - (h) Write a note on activation records.
 - (i) Define basic block. Give an example.
 - (i) Discuss the different criteria for code improving transformation.

PART B

 $(4\times10=40)$

II. Describe the different phases of the compiler with the help of the program statement 'position = initial + rate * 60'. Show the changes in the statement in each phase.

OR

- III. Write note on LEX language. Explain the design of lexical analyzer (10) generator.
- IV. Compute the FIRST and FOLLOW of the grammar and construct the predictive parsing table. (10)

 $E \rightarrow TE^{\circ}$

$$E' \rightarrow TE' \in$$

 $T \rightarrow FT'$

 $T' \rightarrow *FT' \in$

 $F \rightarrow (E)/id$

OR

- V. (a) What is meant by left recursion? Describe the algorithm for eliminating left recursion with the help of an example.
 - (b) Define ambiguous grammar. How can you eliminate ambiguity in the grammar? (5)

(P.T.O.)

VI.	Explain different storage allocation strategies.	(10)
	OR	
VII.	Define type checking. Explain the type checking for:	(10)
	(i) Expressions (ii) Statements (iii) Functions	
VIII.	Define three address codes. Explain the different types of three address statements and methods to implement them.	(10)
	OR	1
IX.	Explain various code optimization techniques.	(10)