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COSA Dataset-JSON Hackathon Results

Sam Hume, DSc

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Session 6, Tack B: Business Optimization & Technical Topics

Oct. 27, 2022



Meet the Speaker

Sam Hume

Title: VP, Data Science

Organization: CDISC

Sam Hume leads the CDISC Data Science team, which collaborates with CDISC staff and stakeholders to develop tools and standards that support clinical and translational data science. Sam directs delivery of the CDISC Library metadata repository that houses all CDISC standards, co-leads the CDISC Data Exchange Standards team, co-leads CORE, and leads the technical CDISC RWD efforts. He has 25 years' experience in clinical research informatics and has held a number of senior technology positions in the biopharmaceutical industry. He holds a doctorate in information systems.



Agenda

1. COSA Dataset-JSON Hackathon Overview
2. Open-source Solutions
3. Commercial Solutions
4. Conclusion



COSA Dataset-JSON Hackathon

An overview of the COSA Dataset-JSON Hackathon



CDISC Open-Source Alliance (COSA)

COSA Mission: The CDISC Open-Source Alliance (COSA) supports, promotes, and sometimes sponsors open-source and free software development projects that create tools for implementing or developing CDISC standards to drive innovation in the CDISC community.

- Virtual hackathon
- Dataset-JSON Hackathon solutions may apply to be included in the COSA Repository Directory
- Requires an open-source license
- Requires a public repository
- Conference session at the US Interchange will highlight solutions
- COSA Webinar to demo solutions





Welcome to the COSA Dataset-JSON Hackathon

~ 150 registered participants

New draft data exchange standard for datasets

Create open-source solutions

Focused on data exchange

Convert Dataset-JSON to other common formats

Demonstrate and improve Dataset-JSON



The Dataset-JSON Draft Data Exchange Standard

- Dataset-JSON is a draft standard for exchanging tabular datasets using JSON
- It is part of the ODM v2.0 draft standard
 - Planning to start Public Review on Nov. 8th
- It is based on the Dataset-XML v1.0 specification with enhancements, including
 - Much smaller file sizes
 - The addition of essential metadata to support data browsing
- Dataset-JSON links to a Define-XML file for the complete metadata
- Designed to meet the requirements of the regulatory submission use case
 - As well as other data exchange scenarios

Virtual Hackathon: Key Dates



Solutions Created during the Hackathon

- Demonstrate conversion to and from different, language specific dataset formats
- Dataset browsers / viewers
- Methods for handling large datasets
- RESTful Web Services

Language	# Solutions
R	5
SAS	4
Python	5
JavaScript	4
Java	1
Swift	1
XSLT	1



Open-Source Solutions

Summary of the Open-Source Solutions Developed During the Hackathon

Dataset-JSON – R package Implementation

- **Authors:** Mike Stackhouse (Atorus), Ben Straub(GSK), Eli Miller(Atorus), Eric Simms(GSK)
- **Repository:** <https://github.com/atorus-research/dataset-json-hackathon>
- **Website:** [Read and Write JSON files specific to Clinical Trail Datasets • xportrjson \(atorus-research.github.io\)](https://atorus-research.github.io/xportrjson)
- **Description:** Atorus and GSK built a simple R package {xportr} that writes out xpt files, we would like to extend this package to read and write out JSON files. This is a POC for that extension.
- **License:** MIT

The screenshot shows the documentation page for the `xportrjson` R package. The page has a pink header with navigation links: "xportrjson 0.1.0", "Get started", "Reference", and "Articles". A search bar is in the top right. The main content area has a blue header with the package name "xportrjson". Below this is the "Objectives" section, which lists four goals: 1. Read in a dataset-JSON DM file, 2. Add a new variable to the dataset, 3. Update metadata within JSON file, and 4. Write out the dataset-JSON file. The "Read in a dataset-JSON DM file" section follows, explaining that the `read_dataset_json` function is used to read a Demographics dataset-JSON file via a URL. It includes an R code snippet showing the necessary library imports and the function call. The output of the code is shown in a light blue box, displaying the first few rows of the dataset in a tabular format.

xportrjson 0.1.0 Get started Reference Articles Search

xportrjson

Objectives

1. Read in a dataset-JSON DM file
2. Add a new variable to the dataset
3. Update metadata within JSON file
4. Write out the dataset-JSON file

Read in a dataset-JSON DM file

Below we use the `read_dataset_json` to read into our R session a Demographics dataset-JSON file via a url.

```
library(dplyr)
library(jsonlite)
library(xportr)
library(xportrjson)

dm <- read_dataset_json(url("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/lexjansen/sas-papers/master/"))
```

```
#> Rows: 18
#> Columns: 27
#> $ ITEMGROUPDATASEQ <int> 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16...
#> $ STUDYID <chr> "CDISCPIL0T01", "CDISCPIL0T01", "CDISCPIL0T01", "CDIS...
#> $ DOMAIN <chr> "DM", "DM", "DM", "DM", "DM", "DM", "DM", "DM", ...
```

On this page

- Objectives
- Read in a dataset-JSON DM file
- Add a new variable to the dataset
- Write out a updated JSON

R4DSJSON – R Package for Dataset-JSON

- **Author:** Ippei Akiya
- **Repository:**
<https://github.com/i-akiya/R4DSJSON>
- **Description:** R4DSJSON is to read CDISC Dataset-JSON files into R dataframe and to write it from R dataframe.
- **Purpose:** Make it easy to read and write Dataset-JSON in R.
- **License:** MIT

An example to read from dataset json and to display in data grid.

DM dataset example

```
dm <- R4DSJSON::read.dataset.json(  
  file = system.file("testdata", "dm.json", package="R4DSJSON")  
  dplyr::select(-ITEMGROUPDATASEQ)  
)  
datatable(dm, options = list(pageLength = 5, scrollX='400px'))
```

Show entries Search:

	STUDYID	DOMAIN	USUBJID	SUBJID	RFSTDTCT	RFENDTCT	RFXSTDTCT	RFXENDTCT	F
1	CDISCPILOT01	DM	CDISC001	1115	2012-11-30	2013-01-23	2012-11-30	2013-01-23	20
2	CDISCPILOT01	DM	CDISC002	1211	2012-11-15	2013-01-14	2012-11-15	2013-01-12	20
3	CDISCPILOT01	DM	CDISC003	1302	2013-08-29	2013-11-05	2013-08-29	2013-11-05	20
4	CDISCPILOT01	DM	CDISC004	1345	2013-10-08	2014-03-18	2013-10-08	2014-03-18	20
5	CDISCPILOT01	DM	CDISC005	1383	2013-02-04	2013-08-06	2013-02-04	2013-08-06	20

Showing 1 to 5 of 18 entries Previous 2 3 4 Next

shineDSJSON



- lightweight **Dataset-JSON viewer** (app / browser)

ITEMGROUPDATASEQ	STUDYID	DOMAIN	USUBJID	SUBJID	RFSTDTC	RFENDTC	RFXSTDTC	RFXENDTC	RFICDTC	RFPENDTC	DTHDTC	DTHFL	SITEID	BRTHDTC	AGE	AGEU	SEX	RACE	E
1	CDISCPILOT01	DM	CDISC001	1115	2012-11-30	2013-01-23	2012-11-30	2013-01-23	2012-11-23	2013-05-20			701	1928	84	YEARS	M	WHITE	NO HIS OR
2	CDISCPILOT01	DM	CDISC002	1211	2012-11-15	2013-01-14	2012-11-15	2013-01-12	2012-10-30	2013-01-14	2013-01-14	Y	701	1936	76	YEARS	F	WHITE	NO HIS OR

- read in JSON files remote and local
- independent column and table wide **regex** search
- export table/search results as: **CSV**, **Excel**, **Print**

simple usage:

```
install_github("MichelLutz1994/shineDSJSON")  
library(shineDSJSON)  
shineDSJSON::runViewer()
```

Author: **Michel Lutz**

Feel free to checkout: <https://github.com/MichelLutz1994/shineDSJSON>

CDISC Over Linked Data (COLD counterpart to FHIR)

1. Apply 1-line **JSON-LD** context URL to Dataset-JSON

```
{
  "@context": "https://mdr.cdisc.org/transfer_104ab4/define_BS1234_v2#",
  "clinicalData": {
```

2. Point it to an explicit **JSON-LD** manifest/Define API

- Common data contract
 - No need to include Define-XML files
 - Single *a-priori* source of metadata truth for all parties in a 'neutral zone'
 - Acts as standard machine-readable Data Transfer Agreement (DTA)
- Transforms Dataset-JSON into a graph
 - Applies universally-unique ID to Dataset-JSON content
 - Express Dataset and Define as Linked Open Data on the semantic web
 - Express Dataset and Define as RDF triples / n-quads (to load into a common metamodel e.g. ODM + Biomedical Concepts)

3. Profit

- Guarantee consistency when generating/interpreting datasets
- Stream / preview large datasets without needing the entire JSON file
- Explicit, native, human-readable format for expressing CDISC as linked data

```
34 v2/IT.DM <http://schema.org/description> "Demographics"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.DM <http://schema.org/maxValue> "600"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#nonNegativeInt> .
34 v2/IT.DM <http://schema.org/name> "DM"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.AGE <http://schema.org/DataType> "integer"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.AGE <http://schema.org/description> "Subject Age"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.AGE <http://schema.org/name> "AGE"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.AGE <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#length> "2"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#length> .
34 v2/IT.DOMAIN <http://schema.org/DataType> "string"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.DOMAIN <http://schema.org/description> "Domain Identifier"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.DOMAIN <http://schema.org/name> "DOMAIN"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.DOMAIN <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#length> "2"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#length> .
34 v2/IT.STUDYID <http://schema.org/DataType> "string"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.STUDYID <http://schema.org/description> "Study identifier"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.STUDYID <http://schema.org/name> "STUDYID"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.STUDYID <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#length> "7"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#length> .
34 v2/IT.SUBJID <http://schema.org/DataType> "string"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.SUBJID <http://schema.org/description> "Unique Subject Identifier"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.SUBJID <http://schema.org/name> "SUBJID"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/IT.SUBJID <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#length> "3"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#length> .
34 v2/ITEMGROUPDATASEQ <http://schema.org/DataType> "integer"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/ITEMGROUPDATASEQ <http://schema.org/description> "Record identifier"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
34 v2/ITEMGROUPDATASEQ <http://schema.org/name> "ITEMGROUPDATASEQ"^^<http://schema.org/PropertyValue> .
```

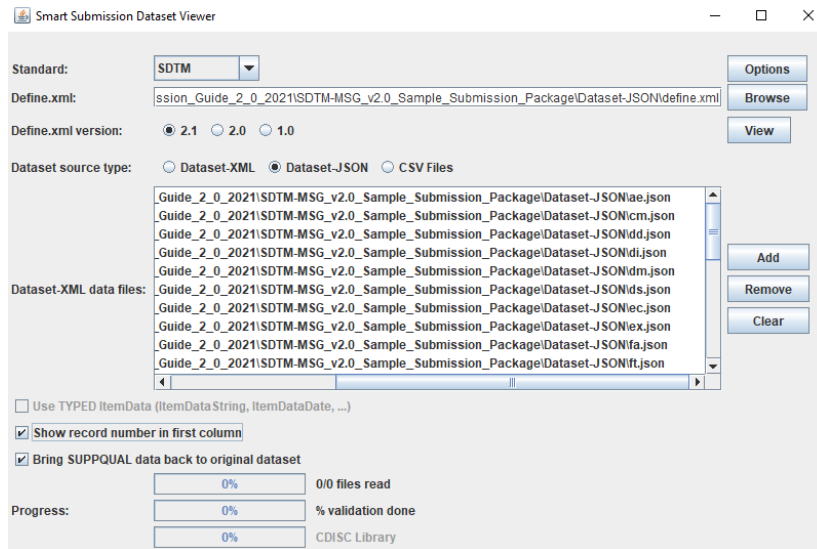
Dataset-JSON expressed as RDF using JSON-LD

Author: [Jeremy Teoh](#)

Repo (exploratory): https://github.com/TeMeta/Dataset-JSON_hackathon

Smart Submission Dataset Viewer

The Open Source "**Smart Submission Dataset Viewer**", a "smart" dedicated viewer for SDTM, SEND and ADaM datasets, accepts submission datasets in Dataset-JSON, Dataset-XML and CSV format



Included:
XPT datasets
can be
transformed to
Dataset-JSON
or Dataset-XML

Author: Jozef Aerts

<https://sourceforge.net/projects/smart-submission-dataset-viewer/>

RESTful Web Service using Dataset-JSON

- A simple prototype RESTful Web Service for querying submissions from a repository, using Dataset-JSON for the response, has been implemented
- Try it out at: http://xml4pharmaserver.com/WebServices/Submission_Services_Dataset-JSON/

SubmissionService / Get all VS records for which VSTESTCD=SYSBP and VSORRES<= 100 mmHg

Save

GET <http://localhost:8080/SubmissionService/rest/SingleDataSet/CDISCPLOT01/dataset/VS?variable=VSTESTCD&variablevalue=SYSBP&resultvariable=VSORRES&comparator=le&value=100 ...>

Params Authorization Headers (6) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings

Query Params

	KEY	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	variable	VSTESTCD	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	variablevalue	SYSBP	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	resultvariable	VSORRES	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	comparator	le	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	value	100	

Author: Jozef Aerts

Dataset-JSON - SAS Implementation

- **Author:** Lex Jansen
- **Repository:**
<https://github.com/lexjansen/dataset-json-sas>
- **Description:** SAS macros and example programs used to create SAS datasets from Dataset-JSON as well as creating Dataset-JSON from SAS datasets.
Metadata from Define-XML is read with Lua and used to for validation purposes and as pre-specified metadata.
- **Purpose:** Demonstrate Dataset-JSON's utility as a data exchange format.
- **License:** MIT

```
%data _null_;  
  length fref $8 jsonfile $200 code $200;  
  did = filename(fref,"&root/json/&model");  
  did = dopen(fref);  
  do i = 1 to dnum(did);  
    jsonfile = dread(did,i);  
    if scan(lowercase(jsonfile), -1, ".") = 'json' then do;  
      code=cats('%nrstr(%read_json(', jsonfile, ", &model);");  
      call execute(code);  
    end;  
  end;  
  did = dclose(did);  
  did = filename(fref);  
run;
```

```
libname data "&root/data/&model";  
ods output Members=members (keep=name);  
proc datasets library=data memtype=data;  
quit;  
run;
```

```
%data _null_;  
  length code $200;  
  set members;  
  name=lowercase(name);  
  code=cats('%nrstr(%write_json(data.', name, ", &model);");  
  call execute(code);  
run;  
libname data clear;
```

SAS PROC XSL–Dataset-JSON from Define.xml

- **Author:** Pierre Dostie
- **Repository:**
<https://github.com/dostiep/Dataset-JSON>
- **Description:** Create Dataset-JSON files using SAS Procedure XSL. SAS code is generated from a Define.xml using a XSL stylesheet (Dataset-JSON.xsl).
- **Purpose:** Demonstrate Dataset-JSON's utility as a data exchange format.
- **License:** MIT

```
filename xmlfile "<Your-path>\define.xml";  
filename xslfile "<Your-path>\Dataset-JSON.xsl";  
filename outfile temp;
```

```
proc xsl in=xmlfile xsl=xslfile out=outfile;  
  parameter "libname" = "<Your-path>"  
           "pretty" = "N";
```

```
run;
```

```
%inc outfile;
```

```
filename xmlfile clear;  
filename xslfile clear;  
filename outfile clear;
```

```
<xsl:template match="/">  
  <xsl:variable name="studyOID" select="normalize-space($root/odm:Study/@OID)"/>  
  <xsl:variable name="metaDataVersionOID" select="normalize-space($root/odm:Study/odm:MetaDataVersion/@OID)"/>  
  <xsl:text>libname _tmp &quot;</xsl:text> <xsl:value-of select="$libname"/> <xsl:text>&quot;;</xsl:text>  
  <xsl:value-of select="$lf"/>  
  <xsl:value-of select="$lf"/>  
  <xsl:text>%macro __checkds(_dsn);</xsl:text>  
  <xsl:value-of select="$lf"/>  
  <xsl:text>  %global __nobs;</xsl:text>  
  <xsl:value-of select="$lf"/>  
  <xsl:text>  %if %sysfunc(exist(_tmp.&_dsn.)) %then %do;</xsl:text>  
  <xsl:value-of select="$lf"/>
```

Dataset-JSON React Demo

- **Author:** Katja Glaß
- **Repository:**
<https://github.com/KatjaGlassConsulting/dataset-json-react-demo>
- **Description:** This is an example web application created by using the React framework to display the dataset content which is read in from an URL
- **Purpose:** demonstrate React usage and different table display options
- **License:** MIT

Load <input type="text" value="https://raw.githubusercontent.com/cdisc-org/DataExchange-DatasetJson/master/examples/adam/adae.json"/>						
Table 1		Table 2		Info		
Record Identifier	Study Identifier	Study Site Identifier	Unique Subject Identifier	Actual Treatment	Actual Treatment (N)	Ag
1	CDISCIPILOT01	701	01-701-1015	Placebo	0	63
2	CDISCIPILOT01	701	01-701-1015	Placebo	0	63
3	CDISCIPILOT01	701	01-701-1015	Placebo	0	63

Source available in [GitHub](#)

```
dataset-json-react-demo > src > API > JS getJsonFromURL.js > getJsonFromURL
1  export default function getJsonFromURL(url, callback) {
2    var xhr = new XMLHttpRequest()
3
4    xhr.onreadystatechange = function () {
5      if (xhr.readyState === 4 && xhr.status === 200) {
6        callback(xhr.responseText)
7      }
8    }
9
10   xhr.open('GET', url)
11   xhr.send()
12 }
```

Dataset-JSON-viewer

- **Author:** Andrew Ndikom
- **Repository:** [GitHub Repo](#)
- **Description:** Built on the [Datatables](#) JS library the tool renders Dataset-JSON files in a tabular format and allows users to:
 - Filter rows,
 - Control pagination,
 - Show/ hide columns,
 - Export data to a number of common file formats,
 - Copy data.
- **Purpose:** Offer users an intuitive, modern, browser based, Excel™ like experience for viewing and interacting with Dataset-JSON files.
- **Licence:** MIT

Dataset-JSON viewer

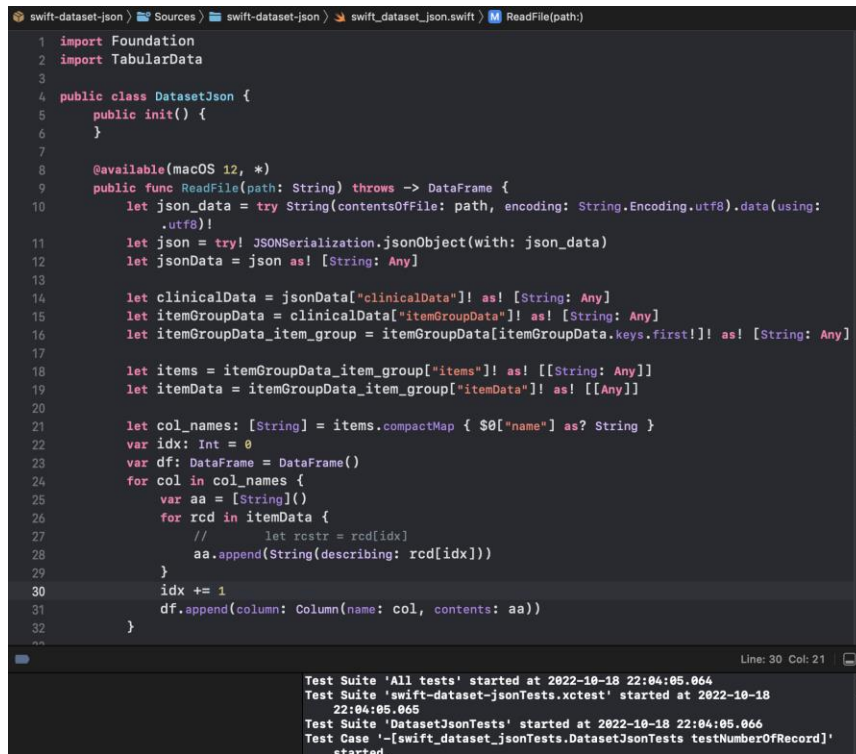
Choose file ads1.json
Dataset: Subject-Level Analysis, Data Type: clinicalData, Records: 254

Show 10 rows ▾ Copy Excel CSV PDF Column visibility ▾

#	STUDYID (Study Identifier)	USUBJID (Unique Subject Identifier)	SUBJID (Subject Identifier for the Study)	SITEID (Study Site Identifier)	SITEGR1 (Pooled Site Group 1)	ARM (Description of Planned Arm)
1	CDISCPILLOT01	01-701-1015	1015	701	701	Placebo
2	CDISCPILLOT01	01-701-1023	1023	701	701	Placebo
3	CDISCPILLOT01	01-701-1028	1028	701	701	Xanomeline High Dose
4	CDISCPILLOT01	01-701-1033	1033	701	701	Xanomeline Low Dose
5	CDISCPILLOT01	01-701-1034	1034	701	701	Xanomeline High Dose

swift-dataset-json: Swift Package for Dataset-JSON

- **Author:** Ippei Akiya
- **Repository:**
<https://github.com/i-akiya/swift-dataset-json>
- **Description:** CDISC Dataset-JSON file reader in swift that is useful to develop a data review application on iPhone and iPad.
- **Purpose:** Make it easy to read Dataset-JSON in Swift.
- **License:** MIT

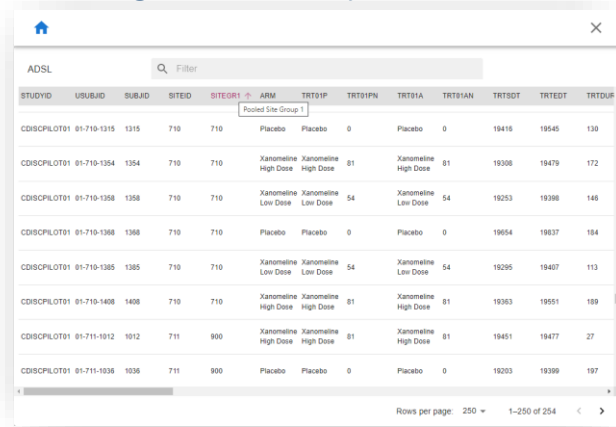


```
1 import Foundation
2 import TabularData
3
4 public class DatasetJson {
5     public init() {
6     }
7
8     @available(macOS 12, *)
9     public func ReadFile(path: String) throws -> DataFrame {
10         let json_data = try String(contentsOfFile: path, encoding: String.Encoding.utf8).data(using:
11             .utf8)!
12         let json = try! JSONSerialization.jsonObject(with: json_data)
13         let jsonData = json as! [String: Any]
14
15         let clinicalData = jsonData["clinicalData"]! as! [String: Any]
16         let itemGroupData = clinicalData["itemGroupData"]! as! [String: Any]
17         let itemGroupData_item_group = itemGroupData[itemGroupData.keys.first!]! as! [String: Any]
18
19         let items = itemGroupData_item_group["items"]! as! [[String: Any]]
20         let itemData = itemGroupData_item_group["itemData"]! as! [[Any]]
21
22         let col_names: [String] = items.compactMap { $0["name"] as? String }
23         var idx: Int = 0
24         var df: DataFrame = DataFrame()
25         for col in col_names {
26             var aa = [String]()
27             for rcd in itemData {
28                 // let rcstr = rcd[idx]
29                 aa.append(String(describing: rcd[idx]))
30             }
31             idx += 1
32             df.append(column: Column(name: col, contents: aa))
33         }
34     }
35 }
```

Test Suite 'All tests' started at 2022-10-18 22:04:05.064
Test Suite 'swift-dataset-jsonTests.xctest' started at 2022-10-18 22:04:05.065
Test Suite 'DatasetJsonTests' started at 2022-10-18 22:04:05.066
Test Case '-[swift_dataset_jsonTests.DatasetJsonTests testNumberOfRecord]' started.

stream/serve/view-dataset-json

- **Authors:** Parexel (Juan Abdon, Ivan Osipov, Mauro Bringas, Dmitry Kolosov)
- **Repository:** [stream/serve/view-dataset-json](#)
- **Description:** This solution includes 3 subprojects
 - stream-dataset-json - Python library to read Dataset-JSON files as a stream
 - serve-dataset-json - Python library to serve Dataset-JSON files via API
 - view-dataset-json - TypeScript project implementing a viewer for Dataset-JSON files
- **Purpose:** The goal of the project is to write a library which allows to efficiently read Dataset-JSON files (including huge file sizes) and show to how it can be utilized for different purposes.
- **License:** MIT



The screenshot shows a web application titled 'ADSL' with a search bar and a table of clinical trial data. The table has columns for STUDYID, USUBJID, SUBJID, SITEID, SITEGR1, ARM, TRT01P, TRT01PN, TRT01A, TRT01AN, TRT01T, TRT01E, and TRT01R. The data is filtered by 'Pooled Site Group 1' and shows 10 rows of data. The table is paginated with 250 rows per page and 1-250 of 254 rows displayed.

STUDYID	USUBJID	SUBJID	SITEID	SITEGR1	ARM	TRT01P	TRT01PN	TRT01A	TRT01AN	TRT01T	TRT01E	TRT01R
CDISCPLOT01	01-710-1315	1315	710	710	Placebo	Placebo	0	Placebo	0	19415	19545	130
CDISCPLOT01	01-710-1354	1354	710	710	Xanomeline High Dose	Xanomeline High Dose	81	Xanomeline High Dose	81	19308	19479	172
CDISCPLOT01	01-710-1358	1358	710	710	Xanomeline Low Dose	Xanomeline Low Dose	54	Xanomeline Low Dose	54	19253	19398	146
CDISCPLOT01	01-710-1368	1368	710	710	Placebo	Placebo	0	Placebo	0	19654	19837	184
CDISCPLOT01	01-710-1385	1385	710	710	Xanomeline Low Dose	Xanomeline Low Dose	54	Xanomeline Low Dose	54	19295	19407	113
CDISCPLOT01	01-710-1408	1408	710	710	Xanomeline High Dose	Xanomeline High Dose	81	Xanomeline High Dose	81	19363	19551	189
CDISCPLOT01	01-711-1912	1912	711	800	Xanomeline High Dose	Xanomeline High Dose	81	Xanomeline High Dose	81	19451	19477	27
CDISCPLOT01	01-711-1938	1938	711	800	Placebo	Placebo	0	Placebo	0	19203	19399	197

Dataset-JSON - Python Implementation

- **Author:** Satish Ghadigaonkar
- **Repository:**
<https://github.com/satish-ghadigaonkar/pydsjson>
- **Description:**
 - Python module to convert Dataset-JSON to Pandas dataframe, XPT and CSV as well as to convert XPT to Dataset-JSON.
 - Command-line interface is also available.
- **Purpose:** Demonstrate Dataset-JSON's utility as a data exchange format.
- **License:** MIT

```
import pydsjson.dsjson

ds = pydsjson.dsjson.ReadDatasetJson(filepath=r".\examples\source\adlbc.json",
                                     item_group_prefix="")

# Convert to Pandas dataframe
df = ds.to_df(ds_name="ADLBC")

# Convert to XPT
ds.to_xpt(dest=r".\examples\output", ds_name="ADLBC",
          define=pydsjson.dsjson.ParseDefine(r".\examples\source\define.xml"))

# Convert to CSV
ds.to_csv(dest=r".\examples\output", ds_name="ADLBC")
```



django-sdtm-export ([repository link](#))

Problem: When collecting clinical data in a Django app, implementing exports for each domain that adhere to SDTM standards can be laborious and repetitive.

Solution: django-sdtm-export: django-sdtm-export is an open source package that can be easily added to any django application. It allows for simple declarative export specifications, meaning new domains can be exported with as little as 75 lines of code. It supports exporting to both CSV and Dataset-JSON.

Contributors:

- [Lindus Health](#): Madeleine De Forest-Brown, Zaid Al-Jubouri, Amiel Kollek
- [Jeremy Teoh](#)

Technologies: Python, Django, Pandas

License: MIT

Dataset-JSON Hackathon

- A open-source tool that search throughout the Dataset-JSON with user selections and convert it into various formats which make the conversion easier and more effective.
- **Description** : Created an open-source tool to work with Dataset-JSON, which takes JSON as input and allows the user to convert the desired output file format and vice versa. This tool is established to work with formats such as: SAS v5 XPORT, R data frame, xml, CSV.

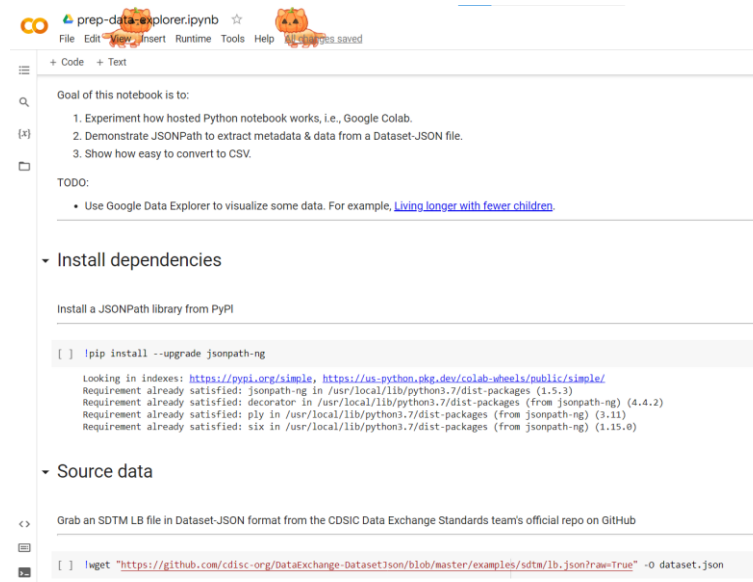
The screenshot shows the 'Dataset-JSON Reader' web application. On the left, a sidebar contains configuration options: 'Input File Type' (set to 'Upload JSON'), 'select the output file format' (set to 'xpt'), 'select the standards' (set to 'SDTM'), and 'select the domain' (set to 'AE'). The main area displays a message: 'This Web Application will read a file and returns json or desired files!'. Below this, there's a file upload section with a 'Browse files' button. A file named 'hackathon_ae.json' (22.8KB) is shown as uploaded. A green banner indicates 'JSON Loaded successfully'. A table displays the loaded data, and a 'DOWNLOAD' button is present. A success message at the bottom states: 'Your xpt file has been exported successfully! Download your xpt file!'.

	STUDYID	DOMAIN	USUBJID	AESEQ	AELNBR	AETERM	AELLT	AELLTCD
0	CDISCPLOT01	AE	CDISC001	1	1	INJECTION SITE REACTION		
1	CDISCPLOT01	AE	CDISC001	2	2	FATIGUE		
2	CDISCPLOT01	AE	CDISC002	1	1	INJECTION SITE REACTION		
3	CDISCPLOT01	AE	CDISC002	2	2	SHOULDER PAIN		
4	CDISCPLOT01	AE	CDISC002	3	3	JOINT DISLOCATION		

- **Authors** : Renswick.D and Deepika.S from Pfizer (SPA) India
- **Software** : Python
- **Solution link**: [renswick-pfizer/Dataset-JSON-Hackathon \(github.com\)](https://github.com/renswick-pfizer/Dataset-JSON-Hackathon)

Hosted Python Notebook, JSONPath, CSV

- **Author:** Anthony Chow
- **Repo:** <https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1myHpenokUEb4DXeghxbGTJr2rajwP0l8>
- **Description:** A small data wrangling exercise using Google Colab, a hosted Python notebook.
- **Purpose:** Demonstration of downloading a Dataset-JSON file and verifying metadata using jsonpath-ng library. Investigate using open data visualization tool such as Google Public Data Explorer.
- **License:** MIT



```
Goal of this notebook is to:
1. Experiment how hosted Python notebook works, i.e., Google Colab.
2. Demonstrate JSONPath to extract metadata & data from a Dataset-JSON file.
3. Show how easy to convert to CSV.

TODO:
• Use Google Data Explorer to visualize some data. For example, Living longer with fewer children.

▼ Install dependencies

Install a JSONPath library from PyPI

[ ] !pip install --upgrade jsonpath-ng

Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
Requirement already satisfied: jsonpath-ng in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (1.5.3)
Requirement already satisfied: decorator in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from jsonpath-ng) (4.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: ply in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from jsonpath-ng) (3.11)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from jsonpath-ng) (1.15.0)

▼ Source data

Grab an SDTM LB file in Dataset-JSON format from the CDISC Data Exchange Standards team's official repo on GitHub

[ ] !wget "https://github.com/cdisc-org/DataExchange-DatasetJson/blob/master/examples/sdtm/lb.json?raw=True" -O dataset.json
```

Jupyter Notebook – Experimenting with Dataset-JSON

- **Author:** Sam Hume
- **Repository:** <https://github.com/swhume/dataset-json-hackathon>
- **Description:** Jupyter Notebook used to explore generating Python dataframes using Dataset-JSON as well as creating Dataset-JSON from CSV files. Also explores techniques for processing large datasets.
- **Purpose:** Demonstrate Dataset-JSON's utility as a data exchange format.
- **License:** MIT

Load Dataset-JSON using json module

For smaller datasets, simply load data using json module. This loads the entire file into memory

```
In [82]: with open(data_file, 'r') as f:
        data = json.loads(f.read())
```

Show the name and label for the dataset as well as all the variables names that will be used as the data types in the Pandas dataframe.

```
In [83]: dataset_attrs = list(data["clinicalData"]["itemGroupData"].values())[0]
        print(f"Name: {dataset_attrs['name']} ({dataset_attrs['label']})", end='\n\n')
        variables = [var['name'] for var in dataset_attrs['items']]
        print(f"Variables: {'', '.join([var_name for var_name in variables])}")
        data_types = [var['type'] for var in dataset_attrs['items']]
```

Name: VS (Vital Signs)

Variables: ITEMGROUPDATASEQ, STUDYID, DOMAIN, USUBJID, VSSEQ, VSTESTCD, VSTEST, VSF, VSLOBXFL, VSREPNUM, VISITNUM, VISIT, EPOCH, VSDTC, VSDY

Create a dataframe from the Dataset-JSON file

Create a dataframe from the Dataset-JSON file. Then print the top 5 rows and provide the memory usage.

```
In [84]: df = pd.DataFrame(dataset_attrs['itemData'], columns=variables)
        print(df.head(5), end='\n\n')
        print(f"\ndataframe memory usage: {df.memory_usage().sum()} bytes")
```

	ITEMGROUPDATASEQ	STUDYID	DOMAIN	USUBJID	VSSEQ	VSTESTCD	\
0	1	CDISCPIL0T01	VS	CDISC001	1	DIABP	
1	2	CDISCPIL0T01	VS	CDISC001	2	DIABP	
2	3	CDISCPIL0T01	VS	CDISC001	3	DIABP	
3	4	CDISCPIL0T01	VS	CDISC001	4	DIABP	
4	5	CDISCPIL0T01	VS	CDISC001	5	DIABP	



Commercial Solutions

Summary of the Commercial Solutions Developed During the Hackathon

SDTM-ETL

The commercial SDTM-ETL mapping software (for generation of SDTM and SEND datasets including the corresponding define.xml) allows to generate the submission datasets in XPT, Dataset-JSON, Dataset-XML and CSV format.

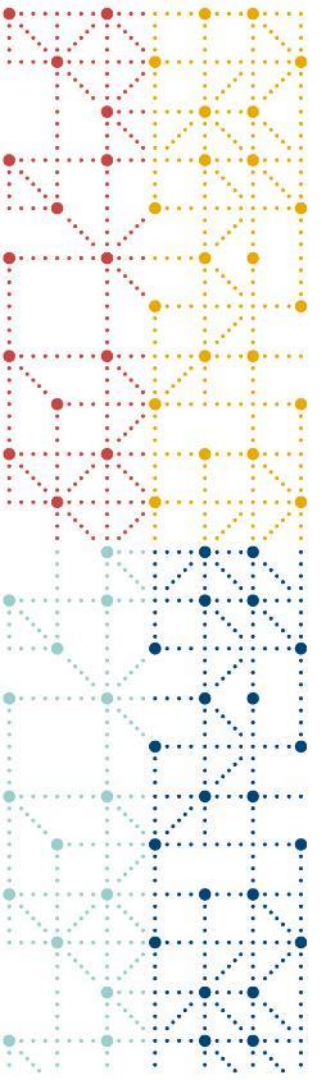
The screenshot displays the SDTM-ETL software interface. On the left, a project tree shows the hierarchy: ODM > Study > GlobalVariables, BasicDefinitions, and MetaDataVersion: Version 1.1.0. Under MetaDataVersion, there is a Protocol folder containing StudyEventDef: Pre-treatment, FormDef: Visit Form, FormDef: Demography, and ItemGroupDef: Common. The ItemGroupDef: Common folder is expanded, showing a list of item definitions: ItemDef: Therapeutic Area, ItemDef: Protocol Number, ItemDef: Country, ItemDef: Record status, 5 levels, internal use, ItemDef: Height, ItemDef: Weight, ItemDef: Gender, ItemDef: Date of Birth, ItemDef: Ethnic Group, ItemDef: Height Units, and ItemDef: Weight Units. Below this, there are FormDef: Treatment Assignment, FormDef: Pharmacokinetics, and FormDef: Physical Exam. The StudyEventDef: Post-treatment folder is also expanded, showing a list of code lists: CodeList: AE Action Taken, Study Drug, CodeList: AE Action Taken, Other, CodeList: AE Outcome, CodeList: AE Relationship to Study Drug, CodeList: AE Severity, CodeList: Assigned Study Drug, CodeList: Record Status, Internal, CodeList: Normal/Abnormal/Not Done, CodeList: PE Body System, and CodeList: Concomitant Medication.

On the right, a table titled 'Domains (ItemGroups)' is displayed. The table has columns for Variable, Variable, Variable, Variable, and Variable. The rows show various domains and their corresponding variables. A tooltip is visible over the 'DM.BRTHDTC' cell, showing details: Mandatory: No, OrderNumber: 10, ItemDef Name: BRTHDTC, Data type: datetime, Define label: Date/Time of Birth.

At the bottom left, the CDISC logo is visible. At the bottom right, the text 'SDM.BRTHDTC = /SE.VISIT0/FORM.DEMOG/IG.DEMOG/IT.DOB/@Value' is displayed.

Author: Jozef Aerts

Website:
www.xml4pharma.com/SDTM-ETL



Conclusion

Summary of Hackathon and Future Events



Overall Impressions of Dataset-JSON

- Dataset-JSON works:
 - As a general data exchange
 - As a general dataset format
 - For use with web-based APIs
 - Works with a wide-range of programming languages and technology stack
 - Simple to process
 - Easy to transform into SAS datasets, R or Python dataframes, and CSV
- Dataset-JSON file sizes are smaller than SAS XPORT v5 and Dataset-XML
- Dataset-JSON is row-based - typically transformed into datasets for analysis
- JSON is a language, platform independent data exchange format

Updates to Dataset-JSON

- Add useful ODM attributes:
 - ODMVersion, FileOID, PriorFileOID, CreationDateTime, AsOfDateTime...
- API reference implementation:
 - A common API achieves this better than individually-stored copies of a .XML document
 - Currently planned as a supplement to ODM v2.0



Next Steps

- Dec 8th COSA Spotlight Webinar demonstrating the Dataset-JSON Hackathon solutions
- Add Dataset-JSON Hackathon solutions to the COSA Repository Directory
- ODM v2.0 Public Review begins Nov. 8th
 - Dataset-JSON is part of ODM v2.0
 - Chance to comment
- Next COSA Hackathon: **admiral**
 - An open source, modularized toolbox that enables the collaborative development of ADaM datasets in R
 - Training: Tuesday, 17 January, 10AM - 1PM ET
 - Hackathon Kickoff: Thursday, 26 January, 10AM - 12PM ET
 - Hackathon: 1-28 February



Thank You!

