## AI24BTECH11016-Jakkula Adishesh Balaji

## LINEAR FORMS (PARAMETERS)

## Question:

**1.9.22** Find the direction and normal vectors of the line  $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$ .

Variable	Description
$\vec{m}$	Direction vector
$\vec{n}$	Normal vector
$\vec{h}$	Intercept vector
$\vec{x}$	Vector which represents points on the line

VARIABLES USED

The normal vector can be found as follows:

$$F - \frac{9}{5}C = 32\tag{0.1}$$

1

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{9}{5} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} F \\ C \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 32 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.2}$$

$$\left(1 \quad -\frac{9}{5}\right)x = 32\tag{0.3}$$

$$\vec{n}^{\mathsf{T}}\vec{x} = 32\tag{0.4}$$

$$\vec{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\frac{9}{5} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.5}$$

The direction vector can be found as follows:

$$F = F \tag{0.6}$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}F - \frac{160}{9} \tag{0.7}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} F \\ C \end{pmatrix} = F \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{5}{9} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{160}{9} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (0.8)

$$\vec{x} = k\vec{m} + \vec{h} \tag{0.9}$$

$$\vec{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\ \frac{5}{9} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.10}$$

Direction vector:  $\vec{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{5}{9} \end{pmatrix}$ 

Normal vector: 
$$\vec{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\frac{9}{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

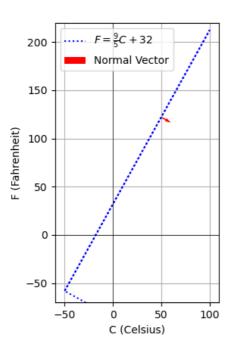


Fig. 0.1. Graphical representation of the vectors.