## AI24BTECH11016-Jakkula Adishesh Balaji

## LINEAR FORMS (PARAMETERS)

## Question:

**4.2.21** Find the direction and normal vectors of the line  $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$ . **Solution:** 

Parameter	Description
$\vec{m}$	Direction vector
п	Normal vector
$\vec{h}$	Intercept vector
$\vec{x}$	Vector which represents points on the line

TABLE .1 Parameters Used

The direction vector can be found as follows:

The equation of the line is given by

$$F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32\tag{.1}$$

$$\implies \begin{pmatrix} C \\ F \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} C \\ \frac{9}{5}C + 32 \end{pmatrix} = C \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{9}{5} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 32 \end{pmatrix} \tag{.2}$$

yielding

$$\vec{x} = \vec{h} + k\vec{m}$$

where  $\vec{h}$  is any point on the line and

$$\vec{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{9}{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

The normal vector can be found as follows:

$$\vec{m}^T \vec{n} = 0 \tag{.3}$$

$$\vec{n}^T \vec{x} = \vec{n}^T \vec{h} + k \vec{n}^T \vec{m} \tag{.4}$$

$$\vec{n} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{9}{5} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{.5}$$

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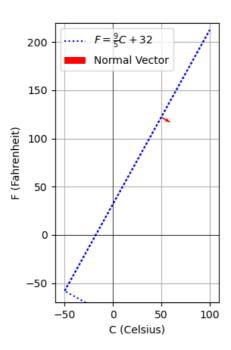


Fig. .1. Graphical representation of the vectors.