-- Question Starting--

Match the following legal provisions with their correct implications for legal practice:

- 1. Legal Provision Implication
- I. Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005: definitions and remedies A. Provides for relief in the form of protection orders, residence orders, and monetary relief
- II. Live-in relationships as ?domestic relationship? under PWDVA, 2005 B. Extends protection to women not formally married but in a domestic relationship akin to marriage
- III. Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013: stalking, voyeurism, consent C. Introduces specific offenses like stalking and voyeurism, enhancing protections around consent

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) I-A, II-C, III-B
- (2) I-B, II-A, III-C
- (3) I-A, II-B, III-C
- (4) I-C, II-B, III-A

Answer Key: 3

Solution:

- ? Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005: definitions and remedies: This act provides comprehensive definitions of domestic violence and outlines specific remedies such as protection orders, which are crucial for legal practice.
- ? Live-in relationships recognized as ?domestic relationship? under PWDVA, 2005: This inclusion broadens the scope of individuals protected under the act, extending legal protections to those in live-in relationships, which is significant for legal representation and advisory.
- ? Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013: stalking, voyeurism, consent: The amendment made stalking and voyeurism explicit criminal offenses and redefined legal boundaries around consent, directly affecting legal proceedings and charges.

Hence, Option (3) is the right answer.

-- Question Starting--

Match the following legal amendments with their impact on legal definitions and rights in India:

- 1. Legal Amendment Impact
- I. Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005: definitions and remedies A. Clarifies and widens the definition of what constitutes domestic violence beyond physical abuse
- II. Live-in relationships as ?domestic relationship? under PWDVA, 2005 B. Legal recognition provides a basis for property and emotional support claims
- III. Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013: stalking, voyeurism, consent C. Revises the understanding of consent, making it explicitly clear and explicit in legal contexts

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) I-A, II-C, III-B
- (2) I-C, II-A, III-B
- (3) I-A, II-B, III-C
- (4) I-B, II-C, III-A

Answer Key: 2

Solution:

- ? Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005: This act expands the definition of domestic violence to include emotional, economic, and sexual abuse, which is crucial in addressing the full scope of abuse in legal practices.
- ? Live-in relationships as ?domestic relationship? under PWDVA, 2005: Recognizing live-in relationships under this act allows individuals to claim legal rights similar to those available to married couples, impacting claims related to property and support.
- ? Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013: The amendment specifically focuses on the aspects of stalking, voyeurism, and defining consent clearly, which has significant implications for criminal law, particularly in cases involving sexual crimes.

Hence, Option (2) is the right answer.

-- Question Starting--

Match the following legislative changes with their implications for societal norms in India:

- 1. Legislative Change Implication
- I. Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005: definitions and remedies A. Encourages societal recognition of varied family structures beyond traditional marriage
- II. Live-in relationships as ?domestic relationship? under PWDVA, 2005 B. Challenges traditional perceptions of privacy and personal space
- III. Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013: stalking, voyeurism, consent C. Sets a precedent for the importance of explicit consent and personal boundaries

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) I-A, II-C, III-B
- (2) I-B, II-A, III-C
- (3) I-A, II-B, III-C
- (4) I-C, II-B, III-A

Answer Key: 3

Solution:

- ? Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005: By defining and providing remedies for domestic violence, this act also affects societal views on the seriousness and recognition of domestic violence as a critical societal issue.
- ? Live-in relationships as ?domestic relationship? under PWDVA, 2005: Recognizing live-in relationships under legal frameworks challenges and changes societal norms regarding traditional marriage and family structures.
- ? Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013: By explicitly addressing stalking, voyeurism, and consent, this amendment influences societal norms around personal boundaries and the importance of consent, which is crucial for fostering a respectful societal environment.

Hence, Option (3) is the right answer.