

--Question Starting--

23. Which of the following factors contribute to the widening digital divide in education?

- I. Limited access to internet-enabled devices.
- II. High digital literacy in rural areas.
- III. Inequality in the distribution of educational resources.
- IV. Differences in socio-economic backgrounds.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) I and II only
- (2) I and IV only
- (3) I, III, and IV only
- (4) All of the above

Answer Key: 3

Solution:

Statement I (Correct): Limited access to devices directly widens the digital divide.

Statement II (Incorrect): Rural areas generally have lower digital literacy, contrary to what the statement suggests.

Statement III (Correct): Unequal distribution of resources exacerbates the digital divide.

Statement IV (Correct): Socio-economic differences strongly influence access to digital education.

Hence, the correct answer is Option (3).

--Question Starting--

24. Which of the following are observed impacts of gender disparity in educational empowerment?

- I. Decreased economic opportunities for women.
- II. Enhanced political representation for women.
- III. Lower literacy rates among women.
- IV. Increased dependency on male income.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) I and II only
- (2) I, III, and IV only
- (3) II, III, and IV only
- (4) All of the above

Answer Key: 2

Solution:

Statement I (Correct): Economic opportunities are often limited for women due to educational disparities.

Statement II (Incorrect): Enhanced political representation is not a direct impact of gender disparity in education.

Statement III (Correct): Gender gaps in education typically lead to lower literacy rates among women.

Statement IV (Correct): Increased dependency on male income is another consequence of limited educational opportunities for women.

Hence, the correct answer is Option (2).

--Question Starting--

25. Consider the following statements regarding T.N. Madan's perspectives on Indian secularism:

- I. Secularism is essential for national unity.
- II. Indian secularism has been completely successful in eliminating religious conflicts.
- III. The concept of 'sarva dharma sambhava' is central to Indian secularism.
- IV. Secularism in India is often challenged by communal politics.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) I and II only
- (2) III and IV only
- (3) I, III, and IV only
- (4) All of the above

Answer Key: 3

Solution:

Statement I (Correct): Madan views secularism as crucial for maintaining national unity.

Statement II (Incorrect): Madan acknowledges that Indian secularism has not fully succeeded in eliminating religious conflicts.

Statement III (Correct): 'Sarva dharma sambhava' or equal respect for all religions is a core aspect of his view on Indian secularism.

Statement IV (Correct): Communal politics are seen as a significant challenge to secularism in India.

Hence, the correct answer is Option (3).