

--Question Starting--

1. Which of the following factors are considered in E. P. Thompson's analysis of the moral economy of the English crowd during the 18th century?

- I. Economic exploitation
- II. Legal rights of the impoverished
- III. Crowd's shared notions of fairness
- IV. Government economic policies

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) I and II only
- (2) I, III, and IV only
- (3) II and III only
- (4) All of the above

Answer Key: 2

Solution:

Statement I (Correct): Thompson emphasizes the economic pressures and exploitation faced by the poor.

Statement II (Incorrect): Legal rights are not a central focus; rather, it is the perceived rights within the customary norms.

Statement III (Correct): Central to his thesis is the crowd's shared notions of what is fair and just.

Statement IV (Correct): Government policies affecting provisions and price controls are crucial in his analysis.

Hence, the correct answer is Option (2).

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2. In discussions about the informal economy, which of the following elements are crucial according to recent sociological insights?

- I. Tax evasion
- II. Reputation mechanisms
- III. Mutual aid systems
- IV. Government regulation

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) I and III only
- (2) II and III only
- (3) I and IV only
- (4) II and IV only

Answer Key: 2

Solution:

Statement I (Incorrect): While tax evasion occurs, it is not a central focus of sociological discussions on the informal economy.

Statement II (Correct): Reputation serves as a critical non-formal mechanism for trust and reliability in informal markets.

Statement III (Correct): Mutual aid is a fundamental aspect of community-based support within the informal economy.

Statement IV (Incorrect): Government regulation is typically associated with formal economies, not informal.

Hence, the correct answer is Option (2).

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3. Which aspects are increasingly integrated into modern corporate practices under the banner of corporate spirituality and CSR?

- I. Profit maximization
- II. Ethical work practices
- III. Spiritual well-being initiatives
- IV. Strict hierarchical structures

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) I and IV only

- (2) II and IV only
- (3) II and III only
- (4) All of the above

Answer Key: 3

Solution:

Statement I (Incorrect): Profit maximization is a traditional business goal but not a part of CSR or corporate spirituality.

Statement II (Correct): Ethical practices are a core component of CSR.

Statement III (Correct): Spiritual well-being initiatives are increasingly included in corporate spirituality programs.

Statement IV (Incorrect): Corporate spirituality often promotes less hierarchical and more inclusive structures. Hence, the correct answer is Option (3).