-- Question Starting--

Match the following 3-D object representations with their defining characteristics:

- 1. Polygon Surfaces 2. Quadric Surfaces 3. Bezier and B-Spline Curves
- A. Defined by polynomial equations of degree two or less, commonly used for conic sections and general quadratic surfaces.
- B. Piecewise polynomial curves characterized by control points, with Bezier and B-Spline forms providing smooth surface generation.
- C. Composed of flat polygons, primarily triangles or quadrilaterals, which approximate complex geometries and are suitable for rendering.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) 1-C, 2-A, 3-B
- (2) 1-B, 2-C, 3-A
- (3) 1-A, 2-B, 3-C
- (4) 1-C, 2-B, 3-A

Answer Key: 3

Solution:

- ? Polygon Surfaces are constructed from flat polygons, enabling approximation of complex geometries through tessellation, which is fundamental in rendering pipelines.
- ? Quadric Surfaces are algebraic surfaces defined by quadratic equations, such as ellipsoids, paraboloids, and hyperboloids, crucial for representing smooth, continuous shapes.
- ? Bezier and B-Spline Curves are piecewise polynomial functions that provide smooth, controllable curves and surfaces using control points, widely used in computer graphics for modeling. Hence, Option (3) is the right answer.

-- Question Starting--

- 2. Match the following mobile communication concepts with their correct descriptions:
- 1. GSM and CDMA 2. Middleware and Gateway for Mobile Computing 3. Wireless Networks and Topologies
- A. Protocols enabling multiple users over a single frequency band, with GSM based on time division and CDMA on code division techniques.
- B. Software layers facilitating communication between applications across heterogeneous systems, often acting as intermediaries.
- C. Network configurations such as star, mesh, or hybrid, that define how wireless nodes connect and communicate.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) 1-A, 2-B, 3-C
- (2) 1-B, 2-C, 3-A
- (3) 1-C, 2-A, 3-B
- (4) 1-A, 2-C, 3-B

Answer Key: 1

Solution:

- ? GSM and CDMA are multiple access schemes used in cellular networks; GSM uses time division multiple access, while CDMA employs code division.
- ? Middleware and Gateway serve as essential software layers enabling interoperability, routing, and management in mobile computing environments.
- ? Wireless Networks utilize various topologies like star, mesh, or hybrid arrangements to connect mobile nodes efficiently.

Hence, Option (1) is the right answer.

-- Question Starting--

- 3. Match the following graph algorithms with their characteristic properties:
- 1. Breadth-First Search (BFS) 2. Depth-First Search (DFS) 3. Shortest Paths
- A. Explores neighbors before moving deeper, suitable for level-order traversal and shortest path in unweighted graphs.

- B. Recursively explores as deep as possible along each branch before backtracking, useful in topological sorts and cycle detection.
- C. Finds the minimum distance from a source to all other vertices, often using Dijkstra's or Bellman-Ford algorithms.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) 1-A, 2-B, 3-C
- (2) 1-B, 2-A, 3-C
- (3) 1-C, 2-B, 3-A
- (4) 1-A, 2-C, 3-B

Answer Key: 1

Solution:

- ? BFS explores all neighbors at a given depth before moving to the next level, making it ideal for shortest paths in unweighted graphs.
- ? DFS dives deep into one branch until it cannot go further, which is useful for detecting cycles, topological sorting, and connectivity.
- ? Shortest path algorithms like Dijkstra's find the minimum distance from the source to each vertex, considering edge weights.

Hence, Option (1) is the right answer.