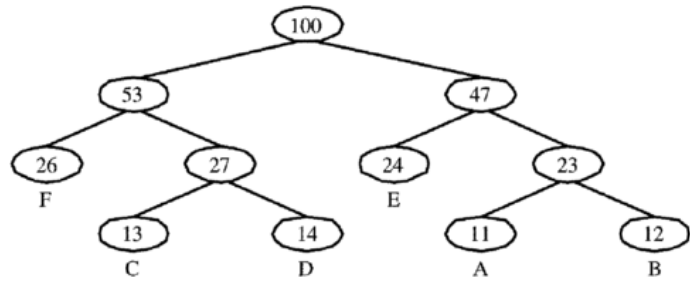


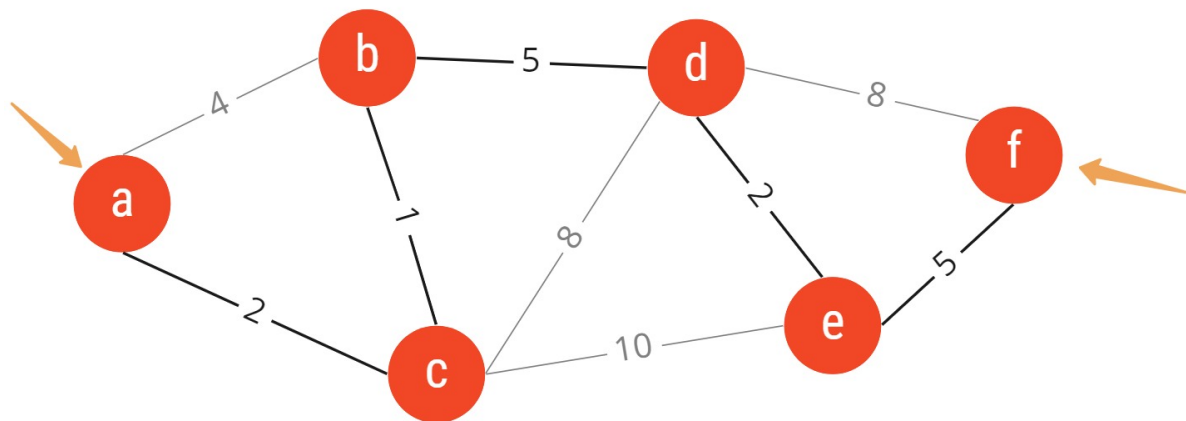
Symbol	Frequency	Encoding type		
		One	Two	Three
A	11	000	111	000
B	12	001	110	001
C	13	100	011	010
D	14	101	010	011
E	24	01	10	10
F	26	11	00	11

(a)



(b)

Huffman

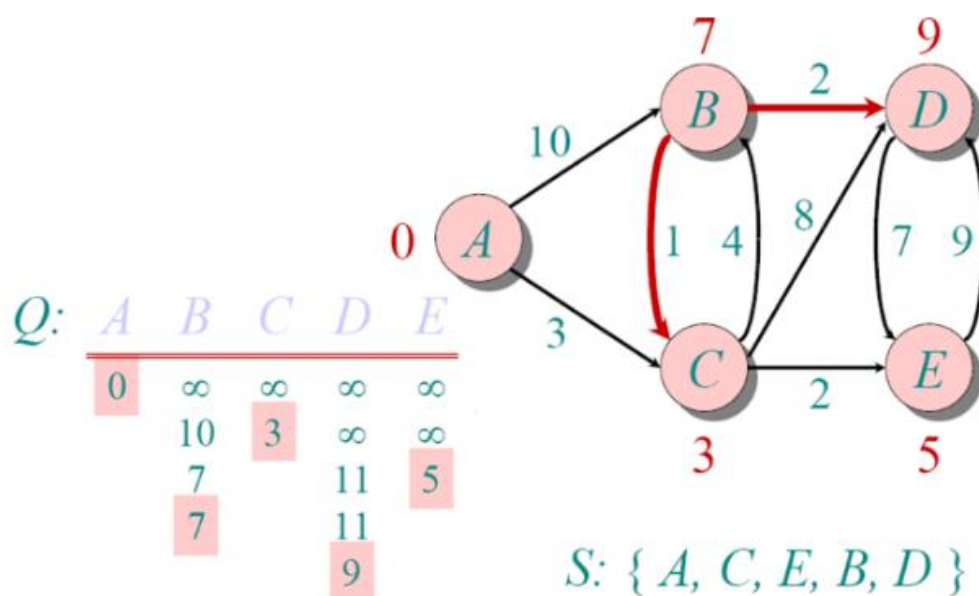


$$2 + 1 + 5 + 2 + 5 = 15$$

miro

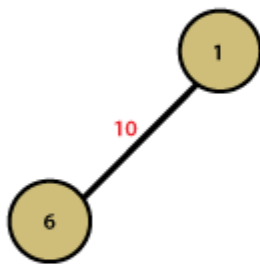
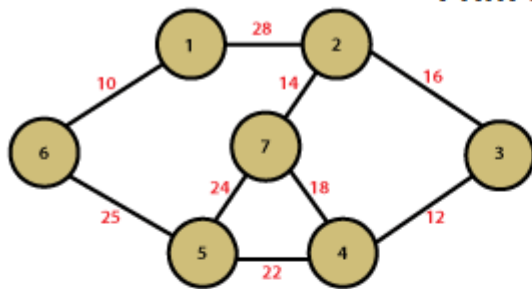
Shortest Path

## DIJKSTRA ANIMATED EXAMPLE

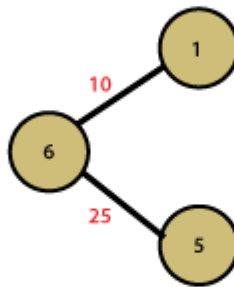


Dijkstra

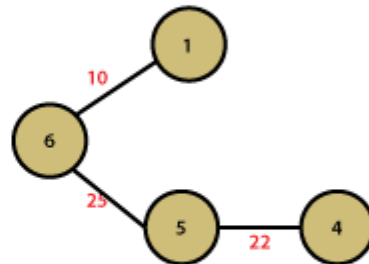
## Prim's Algorithm



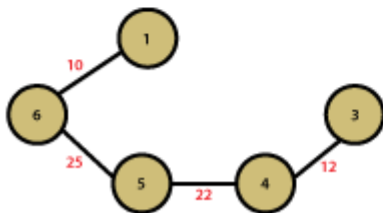
Step 1



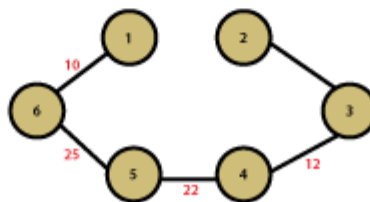
Step 2



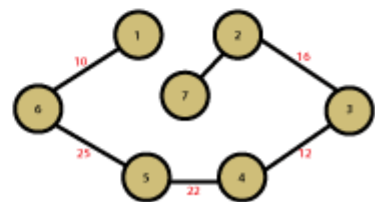
Step 3



Step 4



Step 5



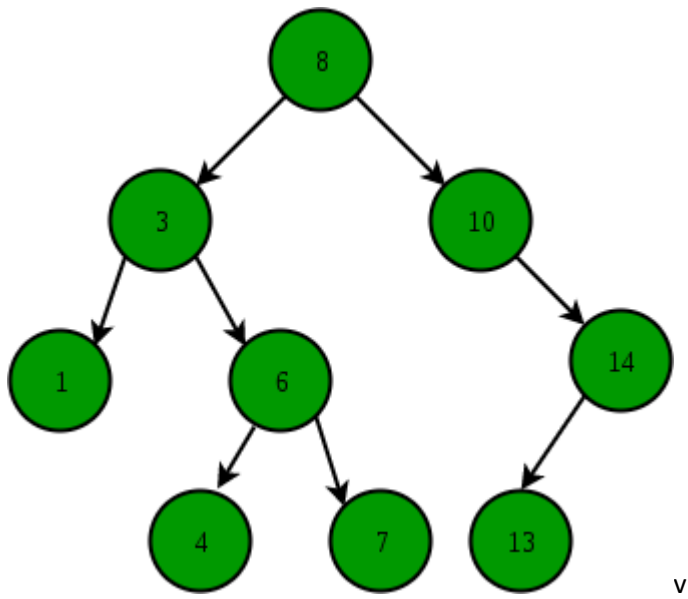
Step 6

Prim

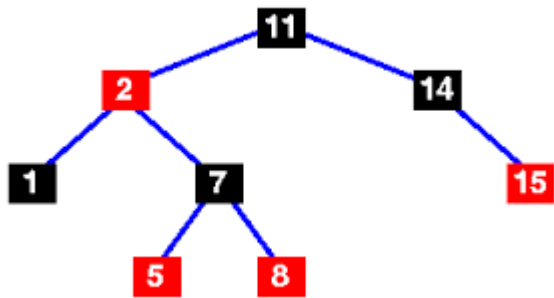
## Kruskal's Algorithm

<p>1 Given a network.....</p>	<p>2 Choose the shortest edge (if there is more than one, choose any of the shortest).....</p>	<p>3 Choose the next shortest edge and add it.....</p>
<p>4 Choose the next shortest edge which wouldn't create a cycle and add it.</p>	<p>5 Choose the next shortest edge which wouldn't create a cycle and add it.</p>	<p>6 Repeat until you have a minimal spanning tree.</p>

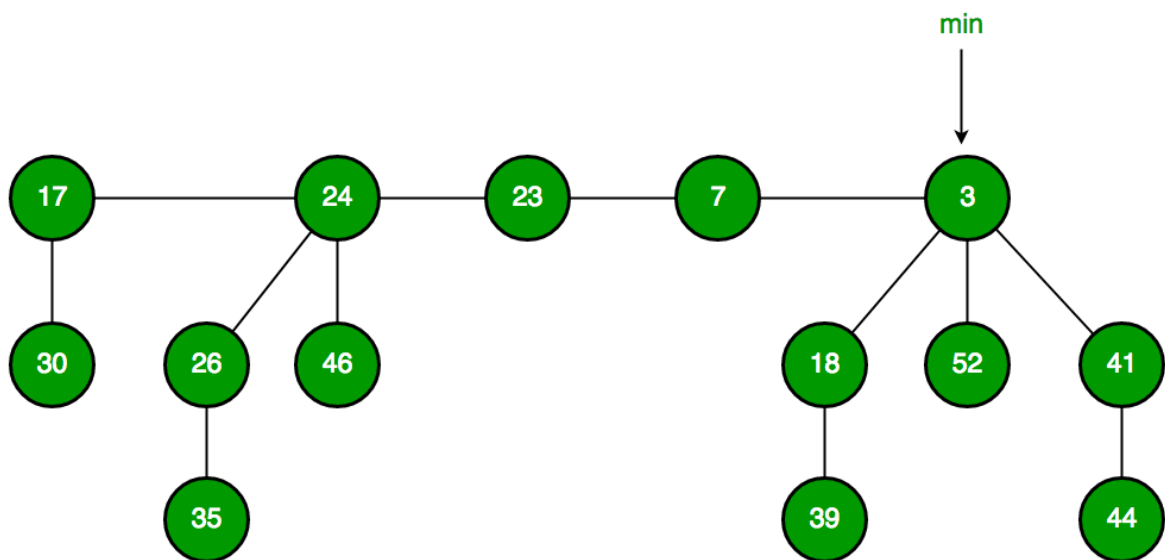
Kruskall



Binary search tree



Red black search tree



Fibonacci heap