

## **EXPERIMENT 8B**

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### **A PYTHON PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT GRADIENT BOOSTING**

#### **AIM:**

*TO IMPLEMENT A PYTHON PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT GRADIENT BOOSTING*

#### **CODE:**

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
np.random.seed(42)
X = np.random.rand(100, 1) - 0.5
y = 3*X[:, 0]**2 + 0.05 * np.random.randn(100)
df = pd.DataFrame()
df['X'] = X.reshape(100)
df['y'] = y
df
```

```
plt.scatter(df['X'], df['y'])
plt.title('X vs y')
```

```
df['pred1'] = df['y'].mean()
df
```

```
df['res1'] = df['y'] - df['pred1']
df

plt.scatter(df['X'],df['y'])
plt.plot(df['X'],df['pred1'],color='red')

from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
tree1 = DecisionTreeRegressor(max_leaf_nodes=8)
tree1.fit(df['X'].values.reshape(100,1),df['res1'].values)
DecisionTreeRegressor(max_leaf_nodes=8)
from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
plot_tree(tree1)
plt.show()
```

```
X_test=np.linspace(-0.5, 0.5, 500)
y_pred=0.265458 + tree1.predict(X_test.reshape(500, 1))
plt.figure(figsize=(14,4))
plt.subplot(121)
plt.plot(X_test, y_pred, linewidth=2, color='red')
plt.scatter(df['X'], df['y'])
```

```
df['pred2'] = 0.265458 + tree1.predict(df['X'].values.reshape(100,1))
df
```

```
df['res2'] = df['y'] - df['pred2']
df
```

```
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
tree2 = DecisionTreeRegressor(max_leaf_nodes=8)
tree2.fit(df['X'].values.reshape(100,1),df['res2'].values)
y_pred = df['pred1'].iloc[0] + tree1.predict(X_test.reshape(-1,1)) +
```

```

tree2.predict(X_test.reshape(-1,1))
plt.figure(figsize=(14,4))
plt.subplot(121)
plt.plot(X_test, y_pred, linewidth=2, color='red')
plt.scatter(df['X'], df['y'])
plt.title('X vs y')

def gradient_boost(X,y,number,lr,count=1,regs=[],foo=None):
    if number == 0:
        return
    else:
        # do gradient boosting
        if count > 1:
            y = y - regs[-1].predict(X)
        else:
            foo = y
        tree_reg = DecisionTreeRegressor(max_depth=5, random_state=42)
        tree_reg.fit(X, y)
        regs.append(tree_reg)
        x1 = np.linspace(-0.5, 0.5, 500)
        y_pred = sum(lr * regressor.predict(x1.reshape(-1, 1)) for regressor in
        regs)
        print(number)
        plt.figure()
        plt.plot(x1, y_pred, linewidth=2)
        plt.plot(X[:, 0], foo,"r")
        plt.show()
        gradient_boost(X,y,number-1,lr,count+1,regs,foo=foo)
np.random.seed(42)
X = np.random.rand(100, 1) - 0.5
y = 3*X[:, 0]**2 + 0.05 * np.random.randn(100)
gradient_boost(X,y,5,lr=1)

```

## OUTPUT:

Figure 1

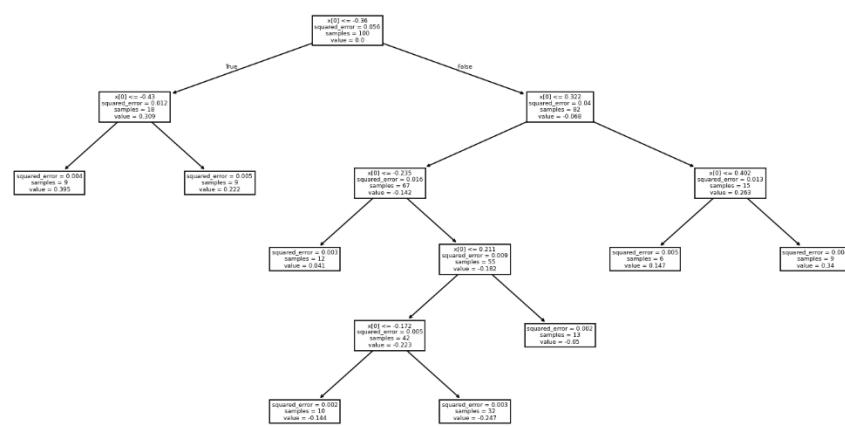


Figure 3

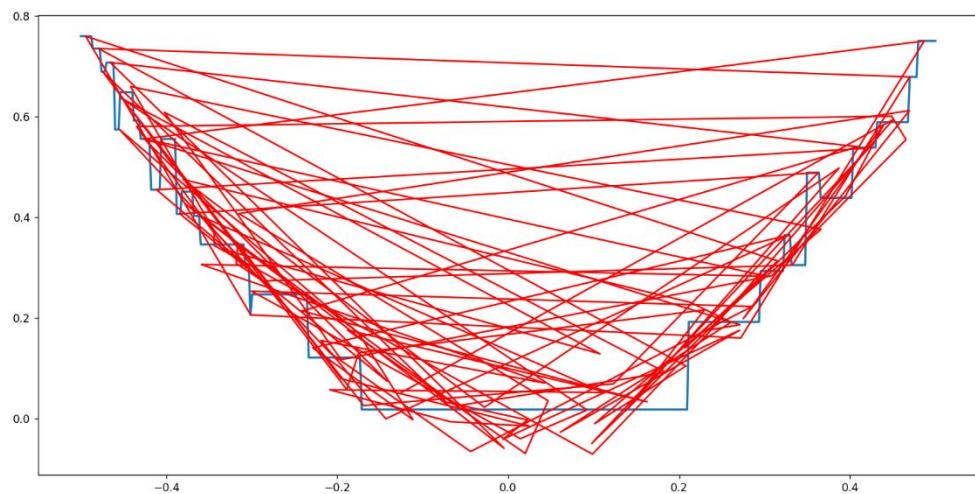
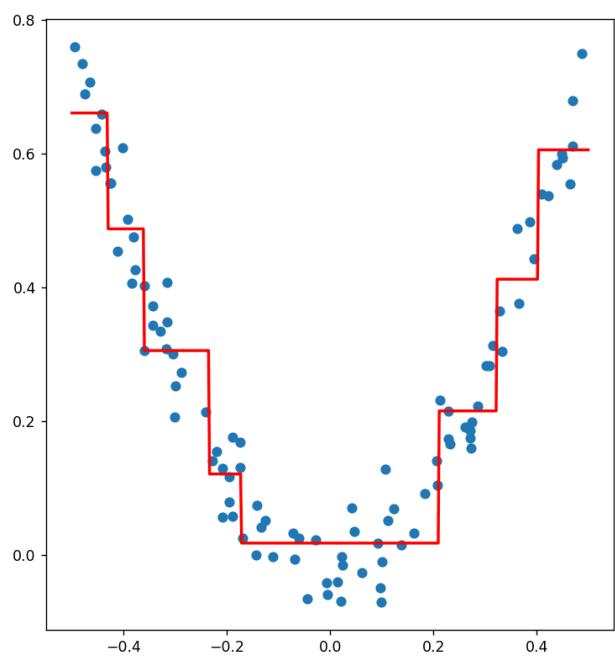
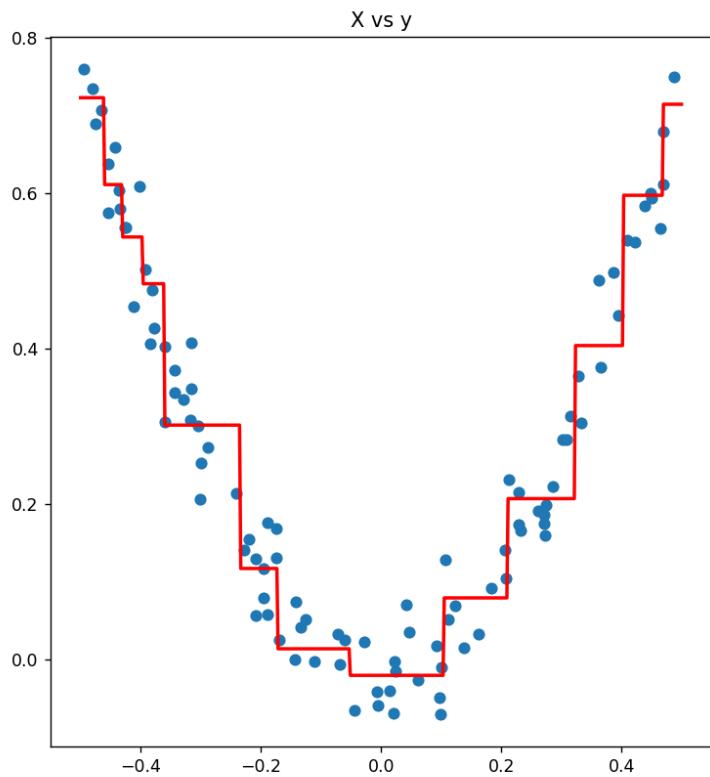
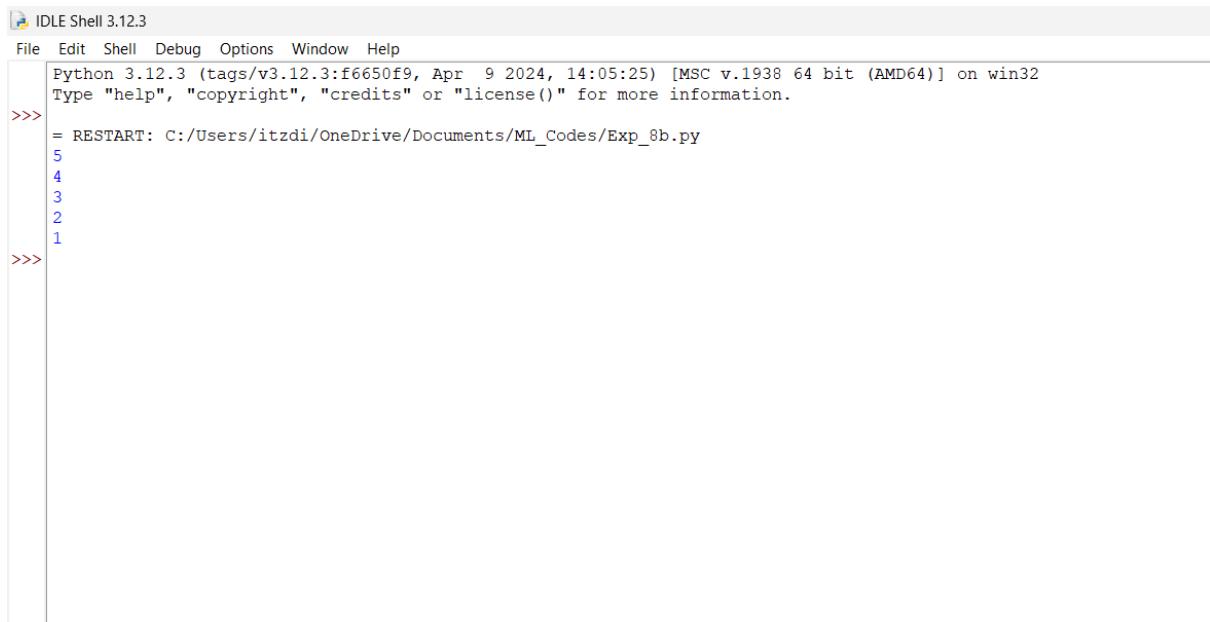


Figure 2





IDLE Shell 3.12.3

File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

```
Python 3.12.3 (tags/v3.12.3:f6650f9, Apr 9 2024, 14:05:25) [MSC v.1938 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

>>> = RESTART: C:/Users/itzdi/OneDrive/Documents/ML_Codes/Exp_8b.py
5
4
3
2
1

>>>
```

## ***RESULT:***

*A PYTHON PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT GRADIENT BOOSTING AS BEEN  
ANALYSED AND VERIFIED*