Python List Comprehension

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List Comprehension

- A concise way to create a list
- Use when each element in the list
 - is a result of some operations on another sequence
 - or has to satisfy a specific condition



List Comprehension

```
#creating list using for loop
>>> myList = []
>>> for i in range(5):
      myList.append(i+1)
>>> print(myList)
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
# list comprehension
>>> myList = [i+1 for i in range(5)]
>>> print(myList)
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```



List Comprehension - Syntax

• Consists of three sections and an optional one

```
[expression for var in iterable if condition]
```

List Comprehension - example

```
# create a list of cubes within a range
>>> cubes = [x**3 for x in range(10)]
>>> print(cubes)
[0, 1, 8, 27, 64, 125, 216, 343, 512, 729]
# create a list of even numbers between 2 limits
>>>evenList = [x for x in range(10,20) if x\%2 == 0]
>>> print(evenList)
[10, 12, 14, 16, 18]
```



List Comprehension – multiple variables

• Expression can also contain multiple variables

```
#Pythagorean triples
>>>  triples=[(x,y,z) for x in range(1,11)
      for y in range(x,11)
      for z in range(y,11)
      if z^*z = x^*x + y^*y
>>> print(triples)
[(3, 4, 5), (6, 8, 10)]
```



Nested List Comprehension

• Here expression is another list comprehension

```
[expression for var in iterable]

[expression for var in iterable for var in iterable]
```



Nested List Comprehension - example

list comprehension



Nested List Comprehension – example 2

```
#create a multiplication table of numbers 1 to 4 as a matrix
\Rightarrow table = [[x*y for y in range(1,11)] for x in range(1,5)]
>>> print(table)
[[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10].
     [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20],
     [3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27, 30],
     [4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40]]
```

