

Python String: Operators and Functions

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String Operators

- Concatenation - +
- Joining two or more strings into one string

```
>>> s = "Python"
```

```
>>> t = "programming"
```

```
>>> c = s + t
```

```
>>> print(c)
```

```
Pythonprogramming
```

String Operators

- Repetition - *
- Repeat the string for a given number of times

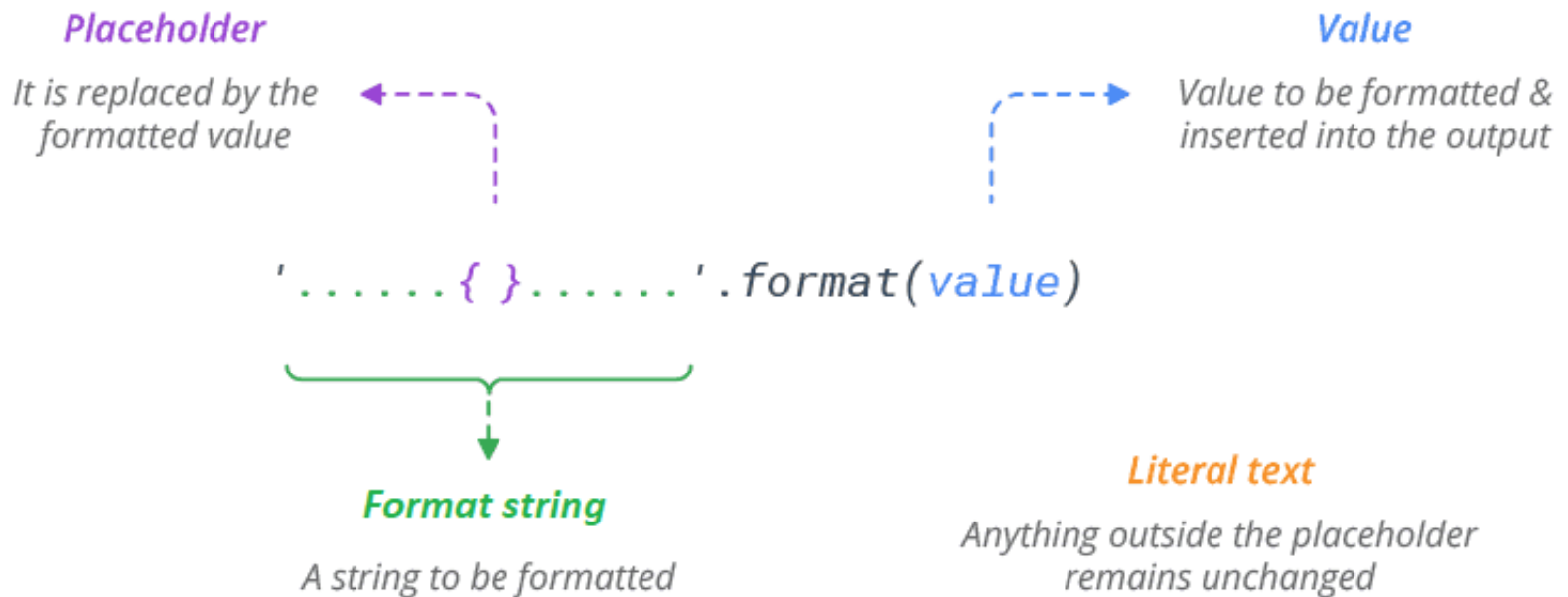
```
>>> s = "Python"
```

```
>>> print(s * 3)
```

```
PythonPythonPython
```

String Formatting

- **format()** method
- The format string contains curly braces which act as place holders for the values.



String Formatting Orders

- Implicit
- Positional
- Keyword

Implicit

```
>>> s1 = "Python"
```

```
>>> s2 = "String"
```

```
>>> s3 = "Formatting"
```

```
>>> print("{} {} in {}".format(s3,s2,s1))
```

Formatting String in Python

Positional

```
>>> s1 = "Python"
```

```
>>> s2 = "String"
```

```
>>> s3 = "Formatting"
```

```
>>> print("{1} {0} in {2}".format(s3,s2,s1))
```

String Formatting in Python

```
>>> print("{2} {0} in {1}".format(s3,s2,s1))
```

Python Formatting in String

Keyword

```
>>> s1 = "Python"
```

```
>>> s2 = "String"
```

```
>>> s3 = "Formatting"
```

```
>>> print("{s} {f} in {p}".format(p = s1,s = s2,f = s3))
```

String Formatting in Python

String Function

- **len()** – returns the length of the string

```
>>> s= "Python Programming"
```

```
>>> len(s)
```

```
18
```

String Methods – find

- **find**(*char*) – returns the first occurrence of the character

```
>>> s= "Python Programming"
```

```
>>> s.find("g")
```

```
10
```

String methods – replace

- **replace(*char1*,*char2*,[*no*:])** – replace all or specified number of occurrences

```
>>> s= "Python Programming"
```

```
>>> s.replace("P","C",1)
```

```
'Cython Programming'
```

```
>>> s.replace('o','*')
```

```
'Pyth*n Pr*gramming'
```

String Method - join

- **join(seq)** – join all iterables into a string separated by the given separator

```
>>> words = ("Python", "Programming")
```

```
>>> space = " "
```

```
>>> sentence = space.join(words)
```

```
>>> sentence
```

```
'Python Programming'
```

```
>>> sentence = '@'.join(words)
```

```
>>> print(sentence)
```

```
Python@Programming
```

String Method - split

- **split()** – splits the string into substrings w.r.t the separator

```
>>> sentence = 'Python Programming'
```

```
>>> sentence.split()
```

```
['Python', 'Programming']
```

```
>>> s = "String,methods"
```

```
>>> s.split(',')
```

```
['String', 'methods']
```

String Traversal

```
>>> s = "Python"
```

```
>>> for i in s:  
    print(i)
```

P

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