JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR
(Established by Govt. of A.P., Act. No. 30 of 2008)
ANANTHAPURAMU – 515 002 (A.P.) INDIA.

Course Structure for B.Tech-R15 Regulations

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

B.Tech III-I Semester (CSE)

S. No.	Course Code	Subject	L	T	P	C
1.	15A05501	Operating Systems	3	1	-	3
2.	15A05502	Computer Networks	3	1	-	3
3.	15A05503	Object Oriented Analysis and Design	3	1	-	3
4.	15A05504	Principles of Programming Languages	3	1	-	3
5.	15A05505	Software Testing	3	1	-	3
6.	15A05506 15A05507 15A05508	**MOOCS-I** a. Introduction to Big Data b. R Programming c. Introduction to Operations Management	3	1	-	3
7.	15A05509	Object Oriented Analysis and Design & Software Testing Laboratory	-	-	4	2
8.	15A05510	Operating Systems Laboratory	-	-	4	2
9.	15A99501	Social Values & Ethics (Audit Course)	2	-	2	-
		Total:	**20**	**06**	**10**	**22**

B.Tech III-II Semester (CSE)

S. No.	Course Code	Subject	L	T	P	C
1.	15A05601	Compiler Design	3	1	-	3
2.	15A05602	Data Warehousing & Mining	3	1	-	3
3.	15A05603	Design Patterns	3	1	-	3
4.	15A05604	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	1	-	3
5.	15A05605	Web and Internet Technologies	3	1	-	3
6.		**CBCC-I**	3	1	-	3
	15A05606	a. Artificial Intelligence				
	15A05607	b. Linux Environment System				
	15A05608	c. System Applications & Product (SAP)				
	15A01608	d. Intellectual Property Rights				
7.	15A05609	Web and Internet Technologies Laboratory	-	-	4	2
8.	15A05610	Data Warehousing & Mining Laboratory	-	-	4	2
9.	15A52602	Advanced English Language Communication Skills(AELCS) Laboratory) (Audit Course)	-	-	2	-
10.	15A05611	Comprehensive Online Examination-II	-	-	-	1
		Total:	**18**	**06**	**10**	**23**

B.Tech IV-I Semester (CSE)

S. No.	Course Code	Subject	L	T	P	C
1.	15A52601	Management Science	3	1	-	3
2.	15A05701	Grid & Cloud Computing	3	1	-	3
3.	15A05702	Information Security	3	1	-	3
4.	15A05703	Mobile Application Development	3	1	-	3
5.	15A05704 15A05705 15A05706	**CBCC-II** a. Software Architecture b. Computer Graphics c. Machine Learning	3	1	-	3
6.	15A05707 15A05708 15A05709	**CBCC-III** a. Software Project Management b. Distributed Systems c. Real Time Systems	3	1	-	3
7.	15A05710	Grid & Cloud Computing Laboratory	-	-	4	2
8.	15A05711	Mobile Application Development Laboratory	-	-	4	2
		Total:	**18**	**06**	**08**	**22**

B.Tech IV-II Semester (CSE)

S. No.	Course Code	Subject	L	T	P	C
1.	15A05801 15A05802 15A05803	**MOOCS-II** a. Data Analytics b. Mobile Computing c. Innovations and IT Management	3	1	-	3
2.	15A05804 15A05805 15A05806	**MOOCS-III** a. Building Large Scale Software Systems b. Enabling Technologies for Data Science Analytics : IoT c. Cyber Security	3	1	-	3
3.	15A05807	Comprehensive Viva-Voce	-	-	4	2
4.	15A05808	Technical Seminar	-	-	4	2
5.	15A05809	Project Work	-	-	24	12
		Total:	6	2	32	22

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B. Tech III-I Sem. (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	3

15A05501   OPERATING SYSTEMS

Course Objectives:
- To make the students understand the basic operating system concepts such as processes, threads, scheduling, synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, file and I/O subsystems and protection.
- To get acquaintance with the class of abstractions afford by general purpose operating systems that aid the development of user applications.

Course Outcomes:
- Able to use operating systems effectively.
- Write System and application programs to exploit operating system functionality.
- Add functionality to the exiting operating systems
- Design new operating systems

UNIT I
Operating Systems Overview: Operating system functions, Operating system structure, operating systems Operations, protection and security, Computing Environments, Open- Source Operating Systems
System Structures: Operating System Services, User and Operating-System Interface, systems calls, Types of System Calls, system programs, operating system structure, operating system debugging, System Boot.
Processes: Process concept, process Scheduling, Operations on processes, Inter process Communication, Examples of IPC systems.

UNIT II
Threads: overview, Multicore Programming, Multithreading Models, Thread Libraries, Implicit Threading, Threading Issues.
Process Synchronization: The critical-section problem, Peterson's Solution, Synchronization Hardware, Mutex Locks, Semaphores, Classic problems of synchronization, Monitors, Synchronization examples, Alternative approaches.
CPU Scheduling: Scheduling-Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Thread Scheduling, Multiple-Processor Scheduling, Real-Time CPU Scheduling, Algorithm Evaluation.

UNIT III

Memory Management: Swapping, contiguous memory allocation, segmentation, paging, structure of the page table.

Virtual memory: demand paging, page-replacement, Allocation of frames, Thrashing, Memory-Mapped Files, Allocating Kernel Memory

Deadlocks: System Model, deadlock characterization, Methods of handling Deadlocks, Deadlock prevention, Detection and Avoidance, Recovery from deadlock.

UNIT IV

Mass-storage structure: Overview of Mass-storage structure, Disk structure, Disk attachment, Disk scheduling, Swap-space management, RAID structure, Stable-storage implementation.

File system Interface: The concept of a file, Access Methods, Directory and Disk structure, File system mounting, File sharing, Protection.

File system Implementation: File-system structure, File-system Implementation, Directory

Implementation, Allocation Methods, Free-Space management.

UNIT V

I/O systems: I/O Hardware, Application I/O interface, Kernel I/O subsystem, Transforming I/O requests to Hardware operations.

Protection: Goals of Protection, Principles of Protection, Domain of protection, Access Matrix, Implementation of Access Matrix, Access control, Revocation of Access Rights, Capability- Based systems, Language – Based Protection

Security: The Security problem, Program threats, System and Network threats, Cryptography as a security tool, User authentication, Implementing security defenses, Firewalling to protect systems and networks, Computer–security classifications.

Text Books:
1. Operating System Concepts, Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne, Wiley , Eight Edition, 2014.

Reference Books:
1. Operating systems by A K Sharma, Universities Press,
2. Operating Systems, S.Haldar, A.A.Aravind, Pearson Education.
3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum, Second Edition, PHI.
4. Operating Systems, A.S.Godbole, Second Edition, TMH.
5. An Introduction to Operating Systems, P.C.P. Bhatt, PHI.
6. Operating Systems, G.Nutt, N.Chaki and S.Neogy, Third Edition, Pearson Education.
7. Operating Systems, R.Elmasri, A,G.Carrick and D.Levine, Mc Graw Hill.
8. Principles of Operating Systems, B.L.Stuart, Cengage learning, India Edition.
9. Operating System Desgin, Douglas Comer, CRC Press, 2nd Edition.

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-I Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05502   COMPUTER NETWORKS

Course Objectives:

- Study the evolution of computer networks and future directions.
- Study the concepts of computer networks from layered perspective.
- Study the issues open for research in computer networks.

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to choose the transmission media depending on the requirements.
- Ability to design new protocols for computer network.
- Ability to configure a computer network logically.

Unit I
Introduction: Networks, Network Types, Internet History, Standards and Administration, Network Models: Protocol Layering, TCP/IP Protocol Suite, The ISO Model.
The Physical layer: Data and Signals, Transmission impairment, Data rate limits, Performance, Transmission media: Introduction, Guided Media, Unguided Media, Switching: Introduction, Circuit Switched Networks, Packet switching.

Unit II
The Data Link Layer: Introduction, Link layer addressing, Error detection and Correction: Cyclic codes, Checksum, Forward error correction, Data link control: DLC Services, Data link layer protocols, HDLC, Point to Point Protocol, Media Access control: Random Access, Controlled Access, Channelization, Connecting devices and virtual LANs: Connecting Devices.

Unit III
The Network Layer: Network layer design issues, Routing algorithms, Congestion control algorithms, Quality of service, Internetworking, The network layer in the Internet: IPV4 Addresses, IPV6, Internet Control protocol, OSPF, BGP, IP, ICMPv4, IGMP.

Unit IV
The Transport Layer: The Transport Service, Elements of Transport Protocols, Congestion Control, The internet transport protocols: UDP, TCP, Performance problems in computer networks, Network performance measurement.

Unit V
The Application Layer: Introduction, Client Server Programming, WWW and HTTP, FTP, e-mail, TELNET, Secure Shell, Domain Name System, SNMP.

Text Books:
1. "Data communications and networking", Behrouz A. Forouzan, Mc Graw Hill Education, 5th edition, 2012.
2. "Computer Networks", Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Wetherall, Pearson, 5th edition, 2010.

References:
1. Data Communication and Networks, Bhushan Trivedi, Oxford
2. "Internetworking with TCP/IP – Principles, protocols, and architecture-Volume 1, Douglas E. Comer, 5th edition, PHI
3. "Computer Networks", 5E, Peterson, Davie, Elsevier.
4. "Introduction to Computer Networks and Cyber Security", Chawan- Hwa Wu, Irwin, CRC Publications.
5. "Computer Networks and Internets with Internet Applications", Comer.

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-I Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05503   OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS & DESIGN

Course Objectives

- To understand how to solve complex problems
- Analyze and design solutions to problems using object oriented approach
- Study the notations of Unified Modeling Language

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to find solutions to the complex problems using object oriented approach
- Represent classes, responsibilities and states using UML notation
- Identify classes and responsibilities of the problem domain

Unit-I

Introduction: The Structure of Complex systems, The Inherent Complexity of Software, Attributes of Complex System, Organized and Disorganized Complexity, Bringing Order to Chaos, Designing Complex Systems, Evolution of Object Model, Foundation of Object Model, Elements of Object Model, Applying the Object Model.

Unit-II

Classes and Objects: Nature of object, Relationships among objects, Nature of a Class, Relationship among Classes, Interplay of Classes and Objects, Identifying Classes and Objects, Importance of Proper Classification, Identifying Classes and Objects, Key abstractions and Mechanisms.

Unit-III

Introduction to UML: Why model, Conceptual model of UML, Architecture, Classes, Relationships, Common Mechanisms, Class diagrams, Object diagrams.

Unit-IV

Structural Modeling: Package Diagram, Composite Structure Diagram, Component Diagram, Deployment Diagram, Profile Diagram.

Unit-V

Behavioral Modeling: Use Case Diagram, Activity Diagrams, State Machine Diagrams, Sequence Diagram, Communication Diagram, Timing Diagram, Interaction Overview Diagram.

Text Books:

1. "Object- Oriented Analysis And Design with Applications", Grady BOOCH, Robert A. Maksimchuk, Michael W. ENGLE, Bobbi J. Young, Jim Conallen, Kellia Houston, PEARSON, 3rd edition, 2013.
2. "The Unified Modeling Language User Guide", Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, PEARSON 12th Impression, 2012.
3. http://www.omg.org/

References:

1. "Object-oriented analysis and design using UML", Mahesh P. Matha, PHI
2. "Head first object-oriented analysis and design", Brett D. McLaughlin, Gary Pollice, Dave West, O'Reilly
3. "Object-oriented analysis and design with the Unified process", John W. Satzinger, Robert B. Jackson, Stephen D. Burd, Cengage Learning
4. "The Unified modeling language Reference manual", James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Grady Booch, Addison-Wesley

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B. Tech III-I Sem. (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	3

15A05504   PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

Course Objectives:
- To study various programming paradigms.
- To provide conceptual understanding of High level language design and implementation.
- To introduce the power of scripting languages

Course Outcomes:
- Ability to select appropriate programming language for problem solving
- Ability to design new programming language.

Unit I:
Introduction: Software Development Process, Language and Software Development Environments, Language and Software Design Models, Language and Computer Architecture, Programming Language Qualities, A brief Historical Perspective.
Syntax and Semantics: Language Definition, Language Processing, Variables, Routines, Aliasing and Overloading, Run-time Structure.

Unit II:
Structuring the data: Built-in types and primitive types, Data aggregates and type constructors, User-defined types and abstract data types, Type Systems, The type Structure of representative languages, Implementation Models

Unit III:
Structuring the Computation: Expressions and Statements, Conditional Execution and Iteration, Routines, Exceptions, Pattern Matching, Nondeterminism and Backtracking, Event-driven computations, Concurrent Computations
Structuring the Program: Software Design Methods, Concepts in Support of Modularity, Language Features for Programming in the Large, Generic Units

Unit IV:
Object-Oriented Languages: Concepts of Object-oriented Programming, Inheritances and the type system, Object-oriented features in programming languages

Unit V:
Functional Programming Languages: Characteristics of imperative languages, Mathematical and programming functions, Principles of Functional Programming, Representative Functional Languages, Functional Programming in C++

Logic and Rule-based Languages: "What" versus "how": Specification versus implementation, Principles of Logic Programming, PROLOG, Functional Programming versus Logic Programming, Rule-based Languages

Textbook:
1) "Programming Language Concepts", Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayeri, WILEY Publications. Third Edition, 2014

Reference Textbooks:
1. Concepts of Programming Languages, Tenth Edition, Robert W. Sebesta, Pearson Education.
2. Programming Languages Principles and Paradigms, Second Edition, Allen B. Tucker, Robert E. Noonan, McGraw Hill Education.
3. Introduction to Programming Languages, Aravind Kumar Bansal, CRC Press.

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-I Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05505   SOFTWARE TESTING

Course Objectives:
- Fundamentals for various testing methodologies.
- Describe the principles and procedures for designing test cases.
- Provide supports to debugging methods.
- Acts as the reference for software testing techniques and strategies.

Course Outcomes:
- Understand the basic testing procedures.
- Able to support in generating test cases and test suites.
- Able to test the applications manually by applying different testing methods and automation tools.
- Apply tools to resolve the problems in Real time environment.

UNIT I
Introduction: Purpose of Testing, Dichotomies, Model for Testing, Consequences of Bugs, Taxonomy of Bugs.
Flow graphs and Path testing: Basics Concepts of Path Testing, Predicates, Path Predicates and Achievable Paths, Path Sensitizing, Path Instrumentation, Application of Path Testing.

UNIT II
Transaction Flow Testing: Transaction Flows, Transaction Flow Testing Techniques.
Dataflow testing: Basics of Dataflow Testing, Strategies in Dataflow Testing, Application of Dataflow Testing.

UNIT III
Domain Testing: Domains and Paths, Nice & Ugly Domains, Domain testing, Domains and Interfaces Testing, Domain and Interface Testing, Domains and Testability.

UNIT IV
Paths, Path products and Regular expressions: Path Products & Path Expression, Reduction Procedure, Applications, Regular Expressions & Flow Anomaly Detection.
Logic Based Testing: Overview, Decision Tables, Path Expressions, KV Charts, Specifications.

UNIT V:

State, State Graphs and Transition Testing: State Graphs, Good & Bad State Graphs, State Testing, Testability Tips.

Graph Matrices and Application: Motivational Overview, Matrix of Graph, Relations, Power of a Matrix, Node Reduction Algorithm, Building Tools.

Text Books:

    1.   Software testing techniques – Boris Beizer, Dreamtech, second edition.

Reference Books :

    1.   The craft of software testing - Brian Marick, Pearson Education.

    2.   Software Testing- Yogesh Singh, Camebridge

    3.   Software Testing, 3rd edition, P.C. Jorgensen, Aurbach Publications (Dist.by SPD).

    4.   Software Testing, N.Chauhan, Oxford University Press.

    5.   Introduction to Software Testing, P.Ammann & J.Offutt, Cambridge Univ. Press.

    6.   Effective methods of Software Testing, Perry, John Wiley, 2nd Edition, 1999.

    7.   Software Testing Concepts and Tools, P.Nageswara Rao, dreamtech Press

    8.   Win Runner in simple steps by Hakeem Shittu,2007 Genixpress.

    9.   Foundations of Software Testing, D.Graham & Others, Cengage Learning.

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-I Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05506 INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA
(MOOCS-I)

Course Objectives:

- ➢ To understand Big Data Analytics for different systems like Hadoop.
- ➢ To learn the design of Hadoop File System.
- ➢ To learn how to analyze Big Data using different tools.
- ➢ To understand the importance of Big Data in comparison with traditional databases.

Course Outcomes:

- ➢ To gain knowledge about working of Hadoop File System.
- ➢ Ability to analyze Big Data using different tools.

Unit-1: Distributed programming using JAVA: Quick Recap and advanced Java Programming: Generics, Threads, Sockets, Simple client server Programming using JAVA, Difficulties in developing distributed programs for large scale clusters and introduction to cloud computing.

Unit-2: Distributed File systems leading to Hadoop file system, introduction, Using HDFS, Hadoop Architecture, Internals of Hadoop File Systems.

Unit-3: Map-Reduce Programming: Developing Distributed Programs and issues, why map- reduce and conceptual understanding of Map-Reduce programming, Developing Map-Reduce programs in Java, setting up the cluster with HDFS and understanding how Map- Reduce works on HDFS, Running simple word count Map-Reduce program on the cluster, Additional examples of M-R Programming.

Unit-4: Anatomy of Map-Reduce Jobs: Understanding how Map- Reduce program works, tuning Map-Reduce jobs, Understanding different logs produced by Map-Reduce jobs and debugging the Map- Reduce jobs.

Unit-5: Case studies of Big Data analytics using Map-Reduce programming: K-Means clustering, using Big Data analytics libraries using Mahout.

Text Books:
1. JAVA in a Nutshell 4th Edition.
2. Hadoop: The definitive Guide by Tom White, 3rd Edition, O'reily.

References:
1. Hadoop in Action by Chuck Lam, Manning Publications.

UNIT-III

INTRODUCTION TO GRAPHICAL ANALYSIS: Box-whisker Plots, Scatter Plots, Pairs Plots(Multiple Correlation Plots) Line Charts, Pie Charts, Cleveland Dot Charts, Bar Charts, Copy Graphics to Other Applications.

FORMULA NOTATION AND COMPLEX STATISTICS: Examples of Using Formula Syntax for Basic tests, Formula Notation in Graphics, Analysis of Variance (ANOVA).

UNIT-IV

MANIPULATING DATA AND EXTRACTING COMPONENTS: Creating Data for Complex Analysis, Summarizing Data.

REGRESSION (LINEAR MODELING): Simple Linear Regression, Multiple Regression, Curvilinear Regression, Plotting Linear Models and Curve Fitting, Summarizing Regression Models.

UNIT-V

Adding elements to existing plots, Matrix plots, multiple plots in one window, exporting graphs

WRITING YOUR OWN SCRIPTS:

BEGINNING TO PROGRAM: Copy and Paste Scripts, Creating Simple Functions, Making Source Code.

Text Books:

1) "Beginning R the statistical programming language" Dr. Mark Gardener, Wiley Publications, 2015.

References Books:

1) Hands-On Programming with R Paperback by Grolemund (Author), Garrett (Author), SPD,2014.
2) The R Book, Michael J. Crawley, WILEY, 2012.

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-I Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05508 INTRODUCTION TO OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT
(MOOCS-I)

Course Objectives:
Study key aspects of business operations and lean management including capacity, productivity, quality, and supply chain.

Course Outcomes:
- Identify an operations system with some known standard configurations
- Make an assessment of the complexity of an operations system
- Understand the various components of a supply chain and the need to configure them appropriately
- Identify methods for reducing bullwhip effect in supply chains
- Understand and relate the concept of Lean Management to one's own business situation
- Understand & use specific tools and techniques to analyze quality problems

UNIT I
Understanding Operations
Introduction, Operations in an Organization, Alternative Configurations in Operations, Performance Measures in Operations.

UNIT II
Analyzing Capacity in Operations
Introduction, The Notion of Capacity in Organizations, Process Design and Capacity Analysis, Capacity Estimation and De-bottlenecking, Other Issues in Capacity Planning.

UNIT III
Supply Chain in Operations
Introduction, Supply Chain Management: Components, Design of an Appropriate Supply Chain, Issues in Inventory Planning, Reverse Supply Chain.

UNIT IV
Productivity Improvement in Operations
Introduction, Productivity Paradox in Organizations, Productivity Management: Philosophy, Tools & Techniques, Tools for Sustaining Productivity Improvements, Challenges in Lean Management.

UNIT V

Assuring Quality in Operations

Introduction, Six Sigma Quality in Organizations, Total Quality Management: Philosophy, Tools & Techniques, Statistical Process Control, Establishing Quality in Service Organizations.

Text Book:

1. B. Mahadevan, "Operations Management: Theory & Practice", third edition, Pearson education-2015.

Reference Books:

1. Nigel Slack, Stuart Chambers and Robert Johnston, "Operations Management", Sixth Edition, Pearson-2010.
2. Robert Johnston, Graham Clark and Michael Shulver, "Service Operations Management", *4th Edition, Pearson.*
3. S. N. Chary, "Production And Operations Management", Third edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education-2004

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-I Sem. (CSE)	0	0	4	2

15A05509   OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS AND DESIGN & SOFTWARE TESTING LABORATORY

Course Objectives:
- Practice the notation for representing various UML diagrams
- Analyze and design the problem by representing using UML diagrams
- Become familiar with all phases of OOAD

Course Outcomes:
- Find solutions to the problems using object oriented approach
- Represent using UML notation and interact with the customer to refine the UML diagrams

Part A: OOAD Lab

UML diagrams to be developed are:
1. Use Case Diagram.
2. Class Diagram.
3. Sequence Diagram.
4. Collaboration Diagram.
5. State Diagram
6. Activity Diagram.
7. Component Diagram
8. Deployment Diagram.
9. Test Design.

Problems that may be considered are
1. College information system
2. Hostel management
3. ATM system

Part B : Software Testing Lab

1   Write programs in 'C' Language to demonstrate the working of the following constructs:
   - i)   do...while
   - ii)   while….do
   - iii)   if…else
   - iv)   switch
   - v)   for

2   "A program written in 'C' language for Matrix Multiplication fails" Introspect the causes for its failure and write down the possible reasons for its failure.

3   Take any system (e.g. ATM system) and study its system specifications and report the various bugs.

4   Write the test cases for any known application (e.g. Banking application)

5   Create a test plan document for any application (e.g. Library Management System)

6   Study of Win Runner Testing Tool and its implementation

    a)   Win runner Testing Process and Win runner User Interface.

    b)   How Win Runner identifies GUI (Graphical User Interface) objects in an application and describes the two modes for organizing GUI map files.

    c)   How to record a test script and explains the basics of Test Script Language (TSL).

    d)   How to synchronize a test when the application responds slowly.

    e)   How to create a test that checks GUI objects and compare the behaviour of GUI objects in different versions of the sample application.

    f)   How to create and run a test that checks bitmaps in your application and run the test on different versions of the sample application and examine any differences, pixel by pixel.

    g)   How to Create Data-Driven Tests which supports to run a single test on several sets of data from a data table.

    h)   How to read and check text found in GUI objects and bitmaps.

    i)   How to create a batch test that automatically runs the tests.

    j)   How to update the GUI object descriptions which in turn supports test scripts as the application changes.

Apply Win Runner testing tool implementation in any real time applications.

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-I Sem. (CSE)	0	0	4	2

15A05510   OPERATING SYSTEMS LABORATORY

Course Objectives:
- To understand the design aspects of operating system
- To solve various synchronization problems

Course out comes:
- Ensure the development of applied skills in operating systems related areas.
- Able to write software routines modules or implementing various concepts of operating system.

1. Simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms
   - a) Round Robin b) SJF c) FCFS d) Priority
2. Simulate all file allocation strategies
   - a) Sequential b) Indexed c) Linked
3. Simulate MVT and MFT
4. Simulate all File Organization Techniques
   - a) Single level directory b) Two level c) Hierarchical d) DAG
5. Simulate Bankers Algorithm for Dead Lock Avoidance
6. Simulate Bankers Algorithm for Dead Lock Prevention
7. Simulate all page replacement algorithms
   - a) FIFO b) LRU c) LFU Etc. …
8. Simulate Paging Technique of memory management
9. Control the number of ports opened by the operating system with
   - a) Semaphore b) monitors
10. Simulate how parent and child processes use shared memory and address space
11. Simulate sleeping barber problem
12. Simulate dining philosopher's problem
13. Simulate producer and consumer problem using threads (use java)
14. Simulate little's formula to predict next burst time of a process for SJF scheduling algorithm.
15. Develop a code to detect a cycle in wait-for graph
16. Develop a code to convert virtual address to physical address
17. Simulate how operating system allocates frame to process
18. Simulate the prediction of deadlock in operating system when all the processes announce their resource requirement in advance.

Reference Books :

1. "Operating System Concepts", Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne, Eighth edition, John Wiley.
2. "Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles", Stallings, Sixth Edition–2009,Pearson Education
3. "Modern Operating Systems", Andrew S Tanenbaum, Second Edition, PHI.
4. "Operating Systems", S.Haldar, A.A.Aravind, Pearson Education.
5. "Principles of Operating Systems", B.L.Stuart, Cengage learning, India Edition.2013-2014
6. "Operating Systems", A.S.Godbole, Second Edition, TMH.
7. "An Introduction to Operating Systems", P.C.P. Bhatt, PHI.

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B. Tech III-I Sem. (CSE)

L	T	P	C
2	0	2	0

15A99501   SOCIAL VALUES & ETHICS (AUDIT COURSE)
(Common to all Branches)

UNIT - I

Introduction and Basic Concepts of Society: Family and Society: Concept of family, community, PRIs and other community based organizations and society, growing up in the family – dynamics and impact, Human values, Gender Justice.

Channels of Youth Moments for National Building: NSS & NCC: History, philosophy, aims & objectives; Emblems, flags, mottos, songs, badge etc.; Organizational structure, roles and responsibilities of various NSS functionaries. **Nehru Yuva Kendra (NYK):** Activities – Socio Cultural and Sports.

UNIT – II

Activities of NSS, NCC, NYK:

Citizenship: Basic Features Constitution of India, Fundamental Rights and Fundamental Duties, Human Rights, Consumer awareness and the legal rights of the consumer, RTI.

Youth and Crime: Sociological and psychological Factors influencing youth crime, Peer Mentoring in preventing crimes, Awareness about Anti-Ragging, Cyber Crime and its prevention, Juvenile Justice

Social Harmony and National Integration: Indian history and culture, Role of youth in peace-building and conflict resolution, Role of youth in Nation building.

UNIT – III

Environment Issues: Environment conservation, enrichment and Sustainability, Climate change, Waste management, Natural resource management (Rain water harvesting, energy conservation, waste land development, soil conservations and afforestation).

Health, Hygiene & Sanitation: Definition, needs and scope of health education, Food and Nutrition, Safe drinking water, Sanitation, Swachh Bharat Abhiyan.

Disaster Management: Introduction to Disaster Management, classification of disasters, Role of youth in Disaster Management. Home Nursing, First Aid.

 Civil/ Self Defense: Civil defense services, aims and objectives of civil defense, Need for self defense training – Teakwondo, Judo, karate etc.,

UNIT – IV
Gender Sensitization: Understanding Gender – Gender inequality – Role of Family, Society and State; Challenges – Declining Sex Ratio – Sexual Harassment – Domestic Violence; Gender Equality – Initiatives of Government – Schemes, Law; Initiates of NGOs – Awareness, Movements;

UNIT - V
Physical Education : Games & Sports: Health and Recreation – Biolagical basis of Physical activity – benefiets of exercise – Physical, Psychological, Social; Physiology of Musucular Activity, Respiration, Blood Circulation**.**
Yoga: Basics of Yoga – Yoga Protocol, Postures, Asanas, Pranayama: Introduction of Kriyas, Bandhas and Mudras.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. NSS MANUAL
2. SOCIETY AND ENVIRONMENT: A.S.Chauha, Jain Brothers Publications, 6th Edition, 2006
3. INDIAN SOCIAL PROBLEM: G.R.Madan, Asian Publisher House
4. INDIAN SOCIAL PROBLEM: Ram Ahuja, Rawat Publications
5. HUMAN SOCIETY: Kingsley Davis, Macmillan
6. SOCIETY: Mac Iver D Page, Macmillan
7. SOCIOLOGY – THEMES AND PERSPECTIVES: Michael Honalambos, Oxford University Press
8. CONSTITUTION OF INDIA: D.D.Basu, Lexis Nexis Butterworth Publishers
9. National Youth Policy 2014 (available on www.yas.nic.in)
10.TOWARS A WORLD OF EQUALS: A.Suneetha, Uma Bhrugudanda, Duggirala Vasantha, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Streenivas and Susie Tharu
11. LIGHT ON YOGA : B.K.S.Iyengar, Penguin Random House Publishers

www.un.org
www.india.gov.in
www.yas.nic.in
http://www.who.int/countries/ind/en/
http://www.ndma.gov.in
http://ayush.gov.in/event/common-yoga-protocol-2016-0

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05601   COMPILER DESIGN

Course Objectives:
This course is a *de facto* capstone course in Computer Science, as it combines skills in software design, programming, data structures and algorithms, theory of computing, documentation, and machine architecture to produce a functional compiler.

- Realize that computing science theory can be used as the basis for real applications
- Introduce the major concept areas of language translation and compiler design.
- Learn how a compiler works
- Know about the powerful compiler generation tools and techniques, which are useful to the other non-compiler applications
- Know the importance of optimization and learn how to write programs that execute faster

Course Outcomes

- Able to design a compiler for a simple programming language
- Able to use the tools related to compiler design effectively and efficiently
- Ability to write optimized code

Unit - I

Introduction: Language processors, The Structure of a Compiler, the science of building a complier
Lexical Analysis: The Role of the lexical analyzer, Input buffering, Specification of tokens, Recognition of tokens, The lexical analyzer generator Lex, Design of a Lexical Analyzer generator

Unit II
Syntax Analysis: Introduction, Context Free Grammars, Writing a grammar, TOP Down Parsing**,**
Bottom Up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: Simple LR, More Powerful LR Parsers, Using ambiguous grammars, Parser Generators

UNIT III
Syntax Directed Translation: Syntax Directed Definitions, Evaluation orders for SDD's, Application of SDT, SDT schemes, Implementing L-attribute SDD's.

Intermediate Code Generation: Variants of syntax trees, three address code, Types and declarations, Translations of expressions, Type checking, control flow statements, backpatching, switch statements, intermediate code for procedure.

UNIT IV
Run Time Environment : storage organization, , Stack allocation of space, Access to non-local data on stack , Heap management
Symbol Table: Introduction, symbol table entries, operations on the symbol table, symbol table organizations, non block structured language, block structured language.

UNIT V
Code Generation: Issues in the design of a code generator, The Target language, Basic blocks and flow graphs, optimization of basic blocks, a simple code generator, register allocation and assignment, optimal code generation for expressions, dynamic programming code generation.

Code Optimization: Introduction, where and how to optimize, principle source of optimization, function preserving transformations, loop optimizations, global flow analysis, machine dependent optimization

Text Books :
1. "Compilers Principles, Techniques and Tools", Second Edition, Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman., Pearson,2014.
2. "Compiler Construction", K.V.N Sunitha, Pearson, 2013

Reference Books :
1. Compiler Design", K. Muneeswaran., Oxford University Press, 2012
2. "Engineering A Compiler", Second Edition, Keith D. Cooper & Linda Torczon., MK(Morgan Kaufmann) (ELSEVIER)
3. "Compilers Principles and Practice", Parag H. Dave, Himanshu B. Dave.,PEARSON
4. "Compiler Design", SandeepSaxena, Rajkumar Singh Rathore., S.Chand publications
5. "Compiler Design", SantanuChattopadhyay., PHI
6. "Principals of Compiler Design", Nadhni Prasad, Elsevier

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)	**3**	**1**	**0**	**3**

15A05602   DATA WAREHOUSING & MINING

Course Objectives:
- To know the basic concepts and principles of data warehousing and data mining
- Learn pre-processing techniques and data mining functionalities
- Learn and create multidimensional models for data warehousing
- Study and evaluate performance of Frequent Item sets and Association Rules
- Understand and Compare different types of classification and clustering algorithms

Course Outcomes:
- Understand the basic concepts of data warehouse and data Mining
- Apply pre-processing techniques for data cleansing
- Analyze and evaluate performance of algorithms for Association Rules
- Analyze Classification and Clustering algorithms

UNIT I
Introduction: Fundamentals of data mining, Data Mining Functionalities, Classification of Data Mining systems, Data Mining Task Primitives, Integration of a Data Mining System with a Database or a Data Warehouse System, Major issues in Data Mining. Data Preprocessing: Need for Preprocessing the Data, Data Cleaning, Data Integration and Transformation, Data Reduction, Discretization and Concept Hierarchy Generation.

UNIT II
Data Warehouse and OLAP Technology for Data Mining: Data Warehouse, Multidimensional Data Model, Data Warehouse Architecture, Data Warehouse Implementation, Further Development of Data Cube Technology, From Data Warehousing to Data Mining. Data Cube Computation and Data Generalization: Efficient Methods for Data Cube Computation, Further Development of Data Cube and OLAP Technology, Attribute-Oriented Induction.

UNIT III
Mining Frequent Patterns, Associations and Correlations: Basic Concepts, Efficient and Scalable Frequent Itemset Mining Methods, Mining various kinds of Association Rules, From Association Mining to Correlation Analysis, Constraint-Based Association Mining,

Classification and Prediction: Issues Regarding Classification and Prediction, Classification by Decision Tree Induction, Bayesian Classification, Rule-Based Classification, Classification by Back propagation, Support Vector Machines, Associative Classification, Lazy Learners, Other Classification Methods, Prediction, Accuracy and Error measures, Evaluating the accuracy of a Classifier or a Predictor, Ensemble Methods

UNIT IV
Cluster Analysis Introduction :Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, A Categorization of Major Clustering Methods, Partitioning Methods, Hierarchical Methods, Density-Based Methods, Grid-Based Methods, Model-Based Clustering Methods, Clustering High-Dimensional Data, Constraint-Based Cluster Analysis, Outlier Analysis.

UNIT V
Mining Streams, Time Series and Sequence Data: Mining Data Streams, Mining Time-Series Data, Mining Sequence Patterns in Transactional Databases, Mining Sequence Patterns in Biological Data, Graph Mining, Social Network Analysis and Multi relational Data Mining, Mining Object, Spatial, Multimedia, Text and Web Data: Multidimensional Analysis and Descriptive Mining of Complex Data Objects, Spatial Data Mining, Multimedia Data Mining, Text Mining, Mining the World Wide Web.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, Elsevier, Second Edition, 2006.
2. Introduction to Data Mining – Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach and Vipin Kumar, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:
1. Data Mining Techniques, Arun KPujari, Second Edition, Universities Press.
2. Data Warehousing in the Real World, Sam Aanhory& Dennis Murray Pearson EdnAsia.
3. Insight into Data Mining, K.P.Soman, S.Diwakar,V.Ajay, PHI,2008.

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05603   DESIGN PATTERNS

Course Objectives:
- To understand design patterns and their underlying object oriented concepts.
- To understand implementation of design patterns and providing solutions to real world software design problems.
- To understand patterns with each other and understanding the consequences of combining patterns on the overall quality of a system.

Course Outcomes:
- Know the underlying object oriented principles of design patterns.
- Understand the context in which the pattern can be applied.
- Understand how the application of a pattern affects the system quality and its tradeoffs.

UNIT-I
Introduction to Design Patterns
Design Pattern Definition, Design Patterns in Small Talk MVC, Describing Design Patterns, Catalog of Design Patterns, Organizing the Catalog, Solving of Design Problems using Design Patterns, Selection of a Design Pattern, Use of Design Patterns.

UNIT-II
Designing A Document Editor: A Case Study
Design problems, Document structure, Formatting, Embellishing the User Interface, Supporting Multiple Look and Feel standards, Supporting Multiple Window Systems, User Operations, Spelling Checking and Hyphenation.
Creational Patterns: Abstract Factory, Builder, Factory Method, Prototype, Singleton, Discussion of Creational Patterns.

UNIT-III
Structural Patterns-1: Adapter, Bridge, Composite.
Structural Patterns-2: Decorator, Façade, Flyweight, Proxy, Discuss of Structural Patterns.

UNIT-IV
Behavioral Patterns-1: Chain of Responsibility, Command, Interpreter, Iterator.
Behavioral Patterns-2: Mediator, Memento, Observer.

UNIT-V

Behavioral Patterns-2(cont'd): State, Strategy, Template Method, Visitor, Discussion of Behavioral Patterns.

What to Expect from Design Patterns, A Brief History, The Pattern Community An Invitation, A Parting Thought.

TEXT BOOK :

1. Design Patterns By Erich Gamma, Pearson Education

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Pattern's in JAVA Vol-I By Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
2. Pattern's in JAVA Vol-II By Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
3. JAVA Enterprise Design Patterns Vol-III By Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
4. Head First Design Patterns By Eric Freeman-Oreilly-spd
5. Design Patterns Explained By Alan Shalloway,Pearson Education.
6. Pattern Oriented Software Architecture, F.Buschmann &others, John Wiley & Sons.

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B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05604   DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

Course Objectives:
- To know the importance of the complexity of a given algorithm.
- To study various algorithm design techniques.
- To utilize data structures and/or algorithmic design techniques in solving new problems.
- To know and understand basic computability concepts and the complexity classes P, NP, and NP-Complete.
- To study some techniques for solving hard problems.

Course Outcomes:
- Analyze the complexity of the algorithms
- Use techniques divide and conquer, greedy, dynamic programming, backtracking, branch and bound to solve the problems.
- Identify and analyze criteria and specifications appropriate to new problems, and choose the appropriate algorithmic design technique for their solution.
- Able to prove that a certain problem is NP-Complete.

UNIT I
Introduction: What is an Algorithm, Algorithm specification, Performance analysis.
Divide and Conquer: General method, Binary Search, Finding the maximum and minimum, Merge sort, Quick Sort, Selection sort, Stressen's matrix multiplication.

UNIT II
Greedy Method: General method, Knapsack problem, Job Scheduling with Deadlines, Minimum cost Spanning Trees, Optimal storage on tapes, Single-source shortest paths.
Dynamic programming: General Method, Multistage graphs, All-pairs shortest paths, Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack, The traveling sales person problem.

UNIT III
Basic Traversal and Search Techniques: Techniques for binary trees, Techniques for Graphs,
Connected components and Spanning trees, Bi-connected components and DFS
Back tracking: General Method, 8 – queens problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph coloring and Hamiltonian cycles, Knapsack Problem.

UNIT IV

Branch and Bound: The method, Travelling salesperson, 0/1 Knapsack problem, Efficiency
Considerations.

Lower Bound Theory: Comparison trees, Lower bounds through reductions –
Multiplying triangular matrices, inverting a lower triangular matrix, computing the
transitive closure.

UNIT V

NP – Hard and NP – Complete Problems: NP Hardness, NP Completeness,
Consequences of beingin P, Cook's Theorem, Reduction Source Problems,
Reductions: Reductions for some known problems

Text Books:
1. "Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", Ellis Horowitz, S. Satraj Sahani and
Rajasekhran, 2nd edition, University Press.2014,
2. "Design and Analysis of Algorithms", Parag Himanshu Dave, Himanshu
Bhalchandra Dave, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2009.

Reference Books:
1. "Introduction to Algorithms", second edition, T.H.Cormen, C.E.Leiserson,
R.L.Rivest and C.Stein, PHI Pvt. Ltd./ Pearson Education.
2. "Introduction to Design and Analysis of Algorithms A strategic approach",
R.C.T.Lee, S.S.Tseng, R.C.Chang and T.Tsai, Mc Graw Hill.
3. "Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++", Allen Weiss, Second edition,
Pearson education.
4. "Design and Analysis of algorithms", Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft,Pearson
education.
5. "Algorithms" – Richard Johnson baugh and Marcus Schaefer, Pearson
Education

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05605   WEB AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES

Course Objectives:
- To introduce client side scripting with Javascript and DHTML
- To introduce server side programming with Java servlets, JSP and PHP.
- To learn the basic web concepts and Internet protocols

Course Outcomes:
- Ability to create dynamic and interactive web sites
- Gain knowledge of client side scripting using java sript and DHTML.
- Demonstrate understanding of what is XML and how to parse and use XML data
- Able to do server side programming with Java Servelets, JSP and PHP.
- Able to design rich client presentation using AJAX.

UNIT I
Introduction to Web Technologies: Introduction to Web servers like Apache 1.1, IIS XAMPP(Bundle Server), WAMP(Bundle Server),Handling HTTP Request and Response, installations of above servers, HTML and CSS: HTML 5.0 , XHTML, CSS 3.

UNIT II

Java Script: An introduction to JavaScript–JavaScript DOM Model-Date and Objects,-Regular Expressions- Exception Handling-Validation-Built-in objects-Event Handling-DHTML with JavaScript. **Servlets**: Java Servlet Architecture- Servlet Life Cycle- Form GET and POST actions- Session Handling- Understanding Cookies.

Installing and Configuring Apache Tomcat Web Server;- DATABASE CONNECTIVITY: JDBC perspectives, JDBC program example - **JSP**: Understanding Java Server Pages-JSP Standard Tag Library(JSTL)-Creating HTML forms by embedding JSP code.

UNIT III
Introduction to PHP: The problem with other Technologies (Servelets and JSP), Downloading, installing, configuring PHP, Programming in a Web environment and The anatomy of a PHP Page.
Overview of PHP Data types and Concepts: Variables and data types, Operators, Expressions and Statements, Strings, Arrays and Functions.

PHP Advanced Concepts: Using Cookies, Using HTTP Headers, Using Sessions, Authenticating users, Using Environment and Configuration variables, Working with Date and Time.

UNIT IV

Creating and Using Forms: Understanding Common Form Issues, GET vs. POST, Validating form input, Working with multiple forms, and Preventing Multiple Submissions ofa form.
XML: Basic XML- Document Type Definition XML Schema DOM and Presenting XML, XML Parsers and Validation, XSL and XSLT Transformation, News Feed (RSS and ATOM).

UNIT V

AJAX: Ajax Client Server Architecture-XML Http Request Object-Call Back Methods; Web Services: Introduction- Java web services Basics – Creating, Publishing, Testing and Describing a Web services (WSDL)-Consuming a web service, Database Driven web service from an application – SOAP.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Beginning PHP and MySQL, 3rd Edition , Jason Gilmore, Apress Publications (Dream tech.).
2. PHP 5 Recipes A problem Solution Approach Lee Babin, Nathan A Good, Frank M.Kromann and Jon Stephens.
3. Deitel and Deitel and Nieto, "Internet and World Wide Web - How to Program", Prentice Hall, 5 th Edition, 2011.
4. Herbert Schildt, "Java-The Complete Reference", Eighth Edition, Mc Graw Hill Professional, 2011.

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05606   ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
(CBCC-I)

Course Objectives:
To learn the basics of designing intelligent agents that can solve general purpose problems, represent and process knowledge, plan and act, reason under uncertainty and can learn from experiences.

Course Outcomes:
- Select a search algorithm for a problem and estimate its time and space complexities.
- Possess the skill for representing knowledge using the appropriate technique for a given problem
- Possess the ability to apply AI techniques to solve problems of game playing, expert systems, machine learning and natural language processing.

UNIT I
PROBLEM SOLVING
Introduction – Agents – Problem formulation – uninformed search strategies – heuristics – informed search strategies – constraint satisfaction

UNIT II
LOGICAL REASONING
Logical agents – propositional logic – inferences – first-order logic – inferences in firstorder logic – forward chaining – backward chaining – unification – resolution

UNIT III
PLANNING
Planning with state-space search – partial-order planning – planning graphs – planning and acting in the real world

UNIT IV
UNCERTAIN KNOWLEDGE AND REASONING
Uncertainty – review of probability - probabilistic Reasoning – Bayesian networks – inferences in Bayesian networks – Temporal models – Hidden Markov models.

UNIT V
LEARNING
Learning from observation - Inductive learning – Decision trees – Explanation based learning –Statistical Learning methods - Reinforcement Learning

TEXT BOOK:
1. S. Russel and P. Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.

REFERENCES:
1. David Poole, Alan Mackworth, Randy Goebel, "Computational Intelligence : a logical approach", Oxford University Press, 2004.
2. G. Luger, "Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for complex problem solving", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
3. J. Nilsson, "Artificial Intelligence: A new Synthesis", Elsevier Publishers, 1998.

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)	**3**	**1**	**0**	**3**

15A05607   LINUX ENVIRONMENT SYSTEM
(CBCC-I)

Course Objectives:

The student should be made to:
- Understand the Multiuser, Multiprocessing, Multitasking, and multiprogramming environment.
- Learn the various flavors and installation types of Linux operating system.
- Experiences the installation and configuration status of Linux system.
- Learn the file system and various commands of Linux environment system.

Course Outcomes:
- Able to describe and use the LINUX operating system.
- Able to describe and use the fundamental LINUX system tools and utilities.
- Able to describe and write shell scripts in order to perform basic shell programming.
- Able to describe and understand the LINUX file system.

UNIT- I
INTRODUCTION TO LINUX OPERATING SYSTEM: Introduction and Types of Operating Systems, Linux Operating System, Features, Architecture Of Linux OS and Shell Interface, Linux System Calls, Linux Shared Memory Management, Device and Disk Management in Linux, Swap space and its management. File System and Directory Structure in Linux. Multi-Processing, load sharing and Multi-Threading in Linux, Types of Users in Linux, Capabilities of Super Users and equivalents.

UNIT -II
INSTALLING LINUX AS A SERVER : Linux and Linux Distributions ; Major differences between various Operating Systems (on the basis of: Single Users vs Multiusers vs Network Users; Separation of the GUI and the Kernel; Domains; Active Directory;).

INSTALLING LINUX IN A SERVER CONFIGUARTION : Before Installation; Hardware; Server Design ;Dual-Booting Issues; Modes of Installation; Installing Fedora Linux; Creating a Boot Disk; Starting the Installation; GNOME AND KDE : The History of X Windows; The Downside; Enter GNOME; About GNOME ; Starting X Windows and GNOME; GNOME Basics; The GNOME Configuration Tool.

UNIT-III

INSTALLING SOFTWARE : The Fedora Package Manager; Installing a New Package using dpkg and RPM; Querying a Package; Uninstalling a Package using dpkg and RPM; Compiling Software; Getting and Unpacking the Package; Looking for Documentation; Configuring the Package; Compiling Your Package; Installing the Package, Driver Support for various devices in linux.
MANAGING USERS: Home Directories ;Passwords; Shells; Stratup Scripts; Mail; User Databases; The / etc /passwd File; The / etc / shadow File; The / etc /group File; User Management Tools; Command-Line User Management; User LinuxConf to Manipulate Users and Groups; SetUID and SetGID Programs.

UNIT IV

THE COMMAND LINE : An Introduction to BASH, KORN, C, A Shell etc. ; BASH commands: Job Control; Environment Variables; Pipes; Redirection; Command-Line Shortcuts; Documentation Tools; The man Command; the text info System; File Listings; Owner ships and permissions; Listing Files; File and Directory Types; Change Ownership; Change Group; Change Mode ; File Management and Manipulation; Process Manipulation; Miscellaneous Tools; Various Editors Available like: Vi and its modes, Pico, Joe and emacs, , Su Command.
BOOTING AND SHUTTING DOWN: LILO and GRUB; Configuring LILO; Additional LILO options; Adding a New Kernel to Boot ; Running LILO; The Steps of Booting; Enabling and disabling Services.

UNIT-V

FILE SYSTEMS: The Makeup File Systems; Managing File Systems; Adding and Partitioning a Disk; Network File Systems; Quota Management;
CORE SYSTEM SERVICES: The init Service; The inetd and xinetd Processess; The syslogd Daemon; The cron Program.
PRINTING : The Basic of lpd; Installing LPRng; Configuring /etc/printcap; The /ETC/lpd.perms File; Clients of lpd, Interfacing Printer through Operating System.

Text Books:
1. *Linux Administration : A Beginner's Guide* **by Steve Shah** , Wale Soyinka, ISBN 0072262591 (0-07-226259-1), McGraw-Hill Education.
2. Unix Shell Programming, Yashavant P. Kanetkar, BPB Publications, 2003.
3. UNIX Concepts and Applications by Sumitabha Das Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
4. Operating System Concepts 8th edition, by Galvin Wiley Global Education, 2012.

References:

1. Unix operating system, by Grace Todino, John Strang, Jerry D. Peek Oreily publications 1993.

2. Operating System Concepts 8th edition, by Galvin Wiley Global Education, 2012.

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B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05608   SYSTEM APPLICATIONS & PRODUCT (SAP)
(CBCC-I)

Course Objectives:
1. Understand the role of enterprise systems in supporting business processes.
2. Identify key integration points between financial accounting and other processes.
3. Understand the role of the credit management process in fulfillment.
4. Analyze the key concepts associated with material planning.

Course Outcomes:
1. Adopt and apply an integrated perspective to business processes
2. Effectively use SAP® ERP to execute the key steps in the procurement process.
3. Ability to use SAP ERP to extract meaningful information about the production process.
4. Extract and evaluate meaningful information about the material planning process using the SAP ERP system.

Unit 1:
Introduction to Business Processes: The Functional Organizational Structure, Business Processes, Global Bike Incorporated (GBI). **Introduction to Enterprise Systems:** Enterprise Systems, Data in an Enterprise System, Reporting. **Introduction to Accounting:** Organizational Data, Master Data, Key Concepts, Processes, Reporting.

Unit 2:
The Procurement Process: Organizational Data, Master Data, Key Concepts, Process, Reporting.

Unit 3:
The Fulfillment Process: Organizational Data, Master Data, Process, Credit Management Process, Reporting.

Unit 4:
The Production Process: Master Data, Process, Reporting. **Inventory and Warehouse Management Processes:** Inventory Management, Organizational Data in warehouse Management, Master Data in Warehouse Management, Processes in Warehouse Management, Reporting.

Unit 5:
The Material Planning Process: Master Data, Process, Reporting, **Process Integration:** Procurement, Fulfillment, and IWM Processes, Procurement, Fulfillment, Production, and IWM Processes.

Text Book:
1. "Integrated Business Processes with ERP systems" Simha R.Magal, Jeffery word, JOHN WILEY & SON S, INC.

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B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	3

15A01608   INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS
(CBCC-I)

Course Objectives:
This course introduces the student to the basics of Intellectual Property Rights, Copy Right Laws Trade Marks and Issues related to Patents. The overall idea of the course is to help and encourage the student for startups and innovations.

Course Outcomes:
On completion of this course, the student will have an understanding of the following:
   a) *Intellectual Property Rights and what they mean*
   b) *Trade Marks and Patents and how to register them*
   c) *Laws Protecting the Trade Marks and Patents*
   d) *Copy Right and laws related to it.*

UNIT – I
Introduction To Intellectual Property: Introduction, Types Of Intellectual Property, International Organizations, Agencies And Treaties, Importance Of Intellectual Property Rights.

UNIT – II
Trade Marks : Purpose And Function Of Trade Marks, Acquisition Of Trade Mark Rights, Protectable Matter, Selecting And Evaluating Trade Mark, Trade Mark Registration Processes.

UNIT – III
Law Of Copy Rights : Fundamental Of Copy Right Law, Originality Of Material, Rights Of Reproduction, Rights To Perform The Work Publicly, Copy Right Ownership Issues, Copy Right Registration, Notice Of Copy Right, International Copy Right Law.
Law Of Patents : Foundation Of Patent Law, Patent Searching Process, Ownership Rights And Transfer

UNIT – IV
Trade Secrets : Trade Secrete Law, Determination Of Trade Secrete Status, Liability For Misappropriations Of Trade Secrets, Protection For Submission, Trade Secrete Litigation.
Unfair Competition : Misappropriation Right Of Publicity, False Advertising.

UNIT – V
New Developments Of Intellectual Property: New Developments In Trade Mark Law ;
Copy Right Law, Patent Law, Intellectual Property Audits.
International Overview On Intellectual Property, International – Trade Mark Law, Copy
Right Law, International Patent Law, International Development In Trade Secrets Law.

TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES:

1. Intellectual Property Rights, Deborah. E. Bouchoux, Cengage Learing.
2. Intellectual Property Rights– Unleashmy The Knowledge Economy, Prabuddha
   Ganguli, Tate Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.,

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B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)	**0**	**0**	**2**	**4**

15A05609   WEB AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LABORATORY

Course Objectives:
- To introduce client side scripting with Javascript and DHTML
- To introduce server side programming with Java servlets, JSP and PHP.
- To learn the basic web concepts and Internet protocols

Course Outcomes:
- Ability to create dynamic and interactive web sites.
- Gain knowledge of client side scripting using java sript and DHTML.
- Demonstrate understanding of what is XML and how to parse and use XML data
- Able to do server side programming with Java Servelets, JSP and PHP.

1. To create a simple student bio-data form using html5 . it should contain the following name (text box), address (multiline text box),gender (radio button male,female),skill sets known (check boxes – c,c++,java,C#etc), extra curricular activities (text box), nationality (combobox) ,submit and reset button.
2. To create an html page with different types of frames such as floating frame, navigation frame & mixed frame.
3. Design the webpage by applying the different styles using inline, external & internal style sheets.
4. Write a java script program to read .XML file and display data in a neat format.
5. To write a Javascript program to define a user defined function for sorting the values in an array. Use HTML5 for user interface.
6. To create an html page to demonstrate exception handling in javascript

   Create an html page named as "exception.html" and do the following.

   i. within the script tag write code to handle exception

   a) define a method RunTest() to get any string values(str) from the user and call the method Areletters(str).

   b) In Areletters(str) method check whether str contain only alphabets (a-z, A-Z), if not throw exception.

   c) Define a exception method Input Exception(str) to handle the exception thrown by the above method.

   ii. Within the body tag define a script tag to call Runtest() method define.

7. Write a jsp servlet program to implement the single text field calculator.
8. Write a jsp servlet program to demonstrate session handling using
   – url rewriting
   --hidden formfield
   --cookies
   --sessions

9. To create a php program to demonstrate the different predefined function
in array, Math, Data & Regular Expression.

Procedure:
> Create php file named as Regularexpression.php
> for demonstrating the method for handling various strings with regular expression Array.php
> for demonstrating the methods for handling the array values Math_function.php
> to demonstrate the predefined in math objects. Date_time.php to demonstrate the predefined function in date subjec

10. Write a program in PHP for a simple email processing with attachment using forms
11. Write a program for PHP for a login script ; create a login database and store username and password
12. Write a program in PHP to add, update and delete using student database
13. Create a DTD to describe a library. Library has one or more books, members and staffs.
   - Each book has BookID(Attribute), Title, one or more Authors, Publisher Year of Publication, ISBN and Price.
   - Each Member has MemeberID(Attribute), Name, Address, Phone number.
   - Each Staff has StaffID(Attribute), Name, Address, Phone number.
   - Each Author has AuthorID(Attribute), Name, Address, Phone number.
   - Each Publisher has PublisherID(Attribute), Name, Address, Phone number.
   - Use it in a XML document.

14. Create a DTD to describe a Computer. A computer has following details,
   - Type of computer (this is an attribute), Which can be Desktop PC, Laptop, Palm Top, Server, Minicomputer or mainframe)
   - A Monitor with Serial Number (Attribute), Make, Model, Year of manufacture, Size, Type (which is either colour or monochrome)
   - A keyboard with Serial Number (Attribute), Make, Model, Year of manufacture, No of keys, Type(which is either Standard or Enhanced or Multimedia)
   - A mouse with Serial Number (Attribute), Make, Model, Year of manufacture, No of buttons, Scroll wheel (which is yes or no), Type (Which is Ball or Optical)

- A Mother board with Serial Number (Attribute), Make, Model, Year of manufacture, No of USB ports, No of IDE slots, No of SATA hubs, No of PCI slots, Display Type(Which is VGA or HDMI), Number of Processor slots, Type of Processors supported (must be a list), Type of RAM supported (Which is either SD or DDR1 or DDR2 or RD), Maximum Capacity of RAM, Form Factor (which is either AT or Baby AT), On Board sound card (Which is yes or no)
- A Microprocessor with Serial Number (Attribute), Make, Model, Year of manufacture, speed (in GHz), No of Cores (Single, Dual, Quad)
- A power supply with Serial Number (Attribute), Make, Model, Year of manufacture, Type (AT, ATX), Wattage
- One or more hard disks, each Hard disk must have Serial Number (Attribute), Make, Model, Year of manufacture, capacity and type (Which is IDE or SATAI or SATAII, SCSI)
- One or more RAM SIMM, with Serial Number (Attribute), Make, Model, Year of manufacture, Type (which must be SD, DDRI, DDRII, RD), capacity, operating frequency.
  Use it in a XML document.

15. Create a Schema to describe a Computer. Use the previous question's details and show an instance XML document.

16. Create a Schema to describe a library. Library has one or more - books, members and staffs.
    - Each book has BookID(Attribute), Title, one or more Authors, Publisher Year of Publication, ISBN and Price.
    - Each Member has MemeberID(Attribute), Name, Address, Phone number.
    - Each Staff has StaffID(Attribute), Name, Address, Phone number.
    - Each Author has AuthorID(Attribute), Name, Address, Phone number.
    - Each Publisher has PublisherID(Attribute), Name, Address, Phone number.
      Use the above DTD in a sample XML document.

17. Create a DTD to describe a bank that has one or more customers, accounts or Employee.
    - Each Customer has a Customer ID, Name and address.
    - Each account has an account ID, BranchID, CustomerID, AccountType and Balance.
    - Each Employee has aEmpID, Name, Designation, DOJ, Salary and Address.
      Use this DTD in a XML file.

18. Create Schema describe a bank that has one or more customers, accounts or depositors. Use the previous questions details. Also show a sample instance XML document.

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B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)	0	0	2	4

15A05610   DATA WAREHOUSING & MINING LABORATORY

Course Objectives:
Learn how to build a data warehouse and query it (using open source tools like Pentaho Data Integration and Pentaho Business Analytics), Learn to perform data mining tasks using a data mining toolkit (such as open source WEKA), Understand the data sets and data preprocessing, Demonstrate the working of algorithms for data mining tasks such association rule mining, classification, clustering and regression, Exercise the data mining techniques with varied input values for different parameters.

Course Outcomes:
- Ability to build Data Warehouse and Explore WEKA
- Ability to perform data preprocessing tasks and Demonstrate performing association rule mining on data sets
- Ability to perform classification, clustering and regression on data sets
- Ability to design data mining algorithms

Data Warehousing

Experiments:
Build Data Warehouse and Explore WEKA

A.   Build a Data Warehouse/Data Mart (using open source tools like Pentaho Data Integration tool, Pentoaho Business Analytics; or other data warehouse tools like Microsoft-SSIS, Informatica, Business Objects, etc.).
   (i).   Identify source tables and populate sample data
   (ii).   Design multi-dimensional data models namely Star, snowflake and Fact constellation schemas for any one enterprise (ex. Banking, Insurance, Finance, Healthcare, Manufacturing, Automobile, etc.).
   (iii).   Write ETL scripts and implement using data warehouse tools
   (iv).   Perform various OLAP operations such slice, dice, roll up, drill up and pivot
   (v).   Explore visualization features of the tool for analysis like identifying trends etc.

B.　Explore WEKA Data Mining/Machine Learning Toolkit
(i).　Downloading and/or installation of WEKA data mining toolkit,
(ii).　Understand the features of WEKA toolkit such as Explorer, Knowledge Flow interface, Experimenter, command-line interface.
(iii).　Navigate the options available in the WEKA (ex. Select attributes panel, Preprocess panel, Classify panel, Cluster panel, Associate panel and Visualize panel)
(iv).　Study the arff file format
(v).　Explore the available data sets in WEKA.
(vi).　Load a data set (ex. Weather dataset, Iris dataset, etc.)
(vii).　Load each dataset and observe the following:
　　i.　List the attribute names and they types
　　ii.　Number of records in each dataset
　　iii.　Identify the class attribute (if any)
　　iv.　Plot Histogram
　　v.　Determine the number of records for each class.
　　vi.　Visualize the data in various dimensions

Perform data preprocessing tasks and Demonstrate performing association rule mining on data sets

A.　Explore various options available in Weka for preprocessing data and apply (like Discretization Filters, Resample filter, etc.) on each dataset
B.　Load each dataset into Weka and run Aprori algorithm with different support and confidence values. Study the rules generated.
C.　Apply different discretization filters on numerical attributes and run the Apriori association rule algorithm. Study the rules generated. Derive interesting insights and observe the effect of discretization in the rule generation process.

Demonstrate performing classification on data sets

A.　Load each dataset into Weka and run Id3, J48 classification algorithm. Study the classifier output. Compute entropy values, Kappa statistic.
B.　Extract if-then rules from the decision tree generated by the classifier, Observe the confusion matrix and derive Accuracy, F-measure, TPrate, FPrate, Precision and Recall values. Apply cross-validation strategy with various fold levels and compare the accuracy results.
C.　Load each dataset into Weka and perform Naïve-bayes classification and k-Nearest Neighbour classification. Interpret the results obtained.
D.　Plot RoC Curves

E. Compare classification results of ID3, J48, Naïve-Bayes and k-NN classifiers for each dataset, and deduce which classifier is performing best and poor for each dataset and justify.

Demonstrate performing clustering on data sets

A. Load each dataset into Weka and run simple k-means clustering algorithm with different values of k (number of desired clusters)**.** Study the clusters formed. Observe the sum of squared errors and centroids, and derive insights.
B. Explore other clustering techniques available in Weka.
C. Explore visualization features of Weka to visualize the clusters. Derive interesting insights and explain.

Demonstrate performing Regression on data sets

A. Load each dataset into Weka and build Linear Regression model. Study the clusters formed. Use Training set option. Interpret the regression model and derive patterns and conclusions from the regression results.
B. Use options cross-validation and percentage split and repeat running the Linear Regression Model. Observe the results and derive meaningful results.
C. Explore Simple linear regression technique that only looks at one variable

Resource Sites:
1. **http://www.pentaho.com/**
2. **http://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/**

Data Mining

Task 1: Credit Risk Assessment

Description:
The business of banks is making loans. Assessing the credit worthiness of an applicant is of crucial importance. You have to develop a system to help a loan officer decide whether the credit of a customer is good, or bad. A bank's business rules regarding loans must consider two opposing factors. On the one hand, a bank wants to make as many loans as possible. Interest on these loans is the banks profit source. On the other hand, a bank cannot afford to make too many bad loans. Too many bad loans could lead to the collapse of the bank. The bank's loan policy must involve a compromise: not too strict, and not too lenient.

To do the assignment, you first and foremost need is some knowledge about the world of credit. You can acquire such knowledge in a number of ways.

1. Knowledge Engineering. Find a loan officer who is willing to talk. Interview her and try to represent her knowledge in the form of production rules.
2. Books. Find some training manuals for loan officers or perhaps a suitable textbook on finance. Translate this knowledge from text form to production rule form.
3. Common sense. Imagine yourself as a loan officer and make up reasonable rules which can be used to judge the credit worthiness of a loan applicant.
4. Case histories. Find records of actual cases where competent loan officers correctly judged when, and when not to, approve a loan application.

The German Credit Data:

Actual historical credit data is not always easy to come by because of confidentiality rules. Here is one such dataset, consisting of 1000 actual cases collected in Germany. credit dataset (original) Excel spreadsheet version of the German credit data.
In spite of the fact that the data is German, you should probably make use of it for this assignment. (Unless you really can consult a real loan officer !)
A few notes on the German dataset

- DM stands for Deutsche Mark, the unit of currency, worth about 90 cents Canadian (but looks and acts like a quarter).
- Owns_telephone. German phone rates are much higher. So fewer people own telephones.
- Foreign_worker. There are millions of these in Germany (many from Turrkey). It is very hard to get German citizenship if you were not born of German parents.
- There are 20 attributes used in judging a loan applicant. The goal is to classify the applicant into one of two categories, good or bad.

Subtasks: (Turn in your answers to the following tasks)
1. List all the categorical (or nominal) attributes and the real-valued attributes separately.

2. What attributes do you think might be crucial in making the credit assessment ? Come up with some simple rules in plain English using your selected attributes.

3. One type of model that you can create is a Decision Tree - train a Decision Tree using the complete dataset as the training data. Report the model obtained after training.

4. Suppose you use your above model trained on the complete dataset, and classify credit good/bad for each of the examples in the dataset. What % of examples can you

classify correctly? (This is also called testing on the training set) Why do you think you cannot get 100 % training accuracy?

5. Is testing on the training set as you did above a good idea? Why or Why not ?

6. One approach for solving the problem encountered in the previous question is using cross-validation? Describe what is cross-validation briefly. Train a Decision Tree again using cross-validation and report your results. Does your accuracy increase/decrease? Why?

7. Check to see if the data shows a bias against "foreign workers" (attribute 20), or "personal-status" (attribute 9). One way to do this (perhaps rather simple minded) is to remove these attributes from the dataset and see if the decision tree created in those cases is significantly different from the full dataset case which you have already done. To remove an attribute you can use the preprocess tab in Weka's GUI Explorer. Did removing these attributes have any significant effect?

8. Another question might be, do you really need to input so many attributes to get good results? Maybe only a few would do. For example, you could try just having attributes 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 17 (and 21, the class attribute (naturally)). Try out some combinations. (You had removed two attributes in problem 7. Remember to reload the arff data file to get all the attributes initially before you start selecting the ones you want.)

9. Sometimes, the cost of rejecting an applicant who actually has a good credit (case 1) might be higher than accepting an applicant who has bad credit (case 2). Instead of counting the misclassifcations equally in both cases, give a higher cost to the first case (say cost 5) and lower cost to the second case. You can do this by using a cost matrix in Weka. Train your Decision Tree again and report the Decision Tree and cross-validation results. Are they significantly different from results obtained in problem 6 (using equal cost)?

10. Do you think it is a good idea to prefer simple decision trees instead of having long complex decision trees? How does the complexity of a Decision Tree relate to the bias of the model?

11. You can make your Decision Trees simpler by pruning the nodes. One approach is to use Reduced Error Pruning. Try reduced error pruning for training your Decision Trees using cross-validation (you can do this in Weka) and report the Decision Tree you obtain? Also, report your accuracy using the pruned model. Does your accuracy increase?

12.(Extra Credit): How can you convert a Decision Trees into "if-then-else rules". Make up your own small Decision Tree consisting of 2-3 levels and convert it into a set of rules. There also exist different classifiers that output the model in the form of rules - one such classifier in Weka is rules. PART, train this model and report the set of rules obtained. Sometimes just one attribute can be good enough in making the decision, yes, just one ! Can you predict what attribute that might be in this dataset ? OneR classifier uses a single attribute to make decisions (it chooses the attribute based on minimum error). Report the rule obtained by training a one R classifier. Rank the performance of j48, PART and oneR.

Task Resources:
- [Andrew Moore's Data Mining Tutorials](#) (See tutorials on Decision Trees and Cross Validation)
- [Decision Trees](#) (Source: Tan, MSU)
- [Tom Mitchell's book slides](#) (See slides on Concept Learning and Decision Trees)
- Weka resources:
  - [Introduction to Weka](#) (html version) (download [ppt](#) version)
  - [Download Weka](#)
  - [Weka Tutorial](#)
  - [ARFF format](#)
  - [Using Weka from command line](#)

Task 2: Hospital Management System
Data Warehouse consists Dimension Table and Fact Table.
REMEMBER The following
Dimension
The dimension object (Dimension):
_ Name
_ Attributes (Levels) , with one primary key
_ Hierarchies
One time dimension is must.
About Levels and Hierarchies

Dimension objects (dimension) consist of a set of levels and a set of hierarchies defined over those levels. The levels represent levels of aggregation. Hierarchies describe parent-child relationships among a set of levels.
For example, a typical calendar dimension could contain five levels. Two hierarchies can be defined on these levels:
H1: YearL > QuarterL > MonthL > WeekL > DayL
H2: YearL > WeekL > DayL

The hierarchies are described from parent to child, so that Year is the parent of Quarter, Quarter the parent of Month, and so forth.

About Unique Key Constraints

When you create a definition for a hierarchy, Warehouse Builder creates an identifier key for each level of the hierarchy and a unique key constraint on the lowest level (Base Level)

Design a Hospital Management system data warehouse (TARGET) consistig of Dimensions Patient, Medicine, Supplier, Time. Where measures are ' NO UNITS', UNIT PRICE.

Assume the Relational database (SOURCE) table schemas as follows

TIME (day, month, year),

PATIENT (patient_name, Age, Address, etc.,)

MEDICINE (Medicine_Brand_name, Drug_name, Supplier, no_units, Uinit_Price, etc.,)

SUPPLIER :(Supplier_name, Medicine_Brand_name, Address, etc.,)

If each Dimension has 6 levels, decide the levels and hierarchies, Assume the level names suitably.

Design the Hospital Management system data warehouse using all schemas. Give the example 4-D cube with assumption names.

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B. Tech III-II Sem. (CSE)	0	0	2	0

15A52602 ADVANCED ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMMUNICATION SKILLS (AELCS) LAB (Audit Course)

1. Introduction

With increased globalization and rapidly changing industry expectations, employers are looking for the wide cluster of skills to cater to the changing demand. The introduction of the Advanced Communication Skills Lab is considered essential at 3rd year level. At this stage, the students need to prepare themselves for their careers which may require them to listen to, read, speak and write in English both for their professional and interpersonal communication in the globalised context.

The proposed course should be a laboratory course to enable students to use 'good' English and perform the following:

- Gathering ideas and information and to organise ideas relevantly and coherently.
- Engaging in debates.
- Participating in group discussions.
- Facing interviews.
- Writing project/research reports/technical reports.
- Making oral presentations.
- Taking part in social and professional communication.

2 OBJECTIVES:

This Lab focuses on using multi-media instruction for language development to meet the following targets:

- To improve the students' fluency in English, through a well-developed vocabulary and enable them to listen to English spoken at normal conversational speed by educated English speakers and respond appropriately in different socio-cultural and professional contexts.
- Further, they would be required to communicate their ideas relevantly and coherently in writing.
- To prepare all the students for their placements.

3. SYLLABUS:

The following course content to conduct the activities is prescribed for the Advanced English Communication Skills (AECS) Lab:

UNIT-I: COMMUNICATION SKILLS
1. Reading Comprehension
2. Listening comprehension
3. Vocabulary Development
4. Common Errors

UNIT-II: WRITING SKILLS
1. Report writing
2. Resume Preparation
3. E-mail Writing

UNIT-III: PRESENTATION SKILLS
1. Oral presentation
2. Power point presentation
3. Poster presentation

UNIT-IV: GETTING READY FOR JOB
1. Debates
2. Group discussions
3. Job Interviews

UNIT-V: INTERPERSONAL SKILLS
1. Time Management
2. Problem Solving & Decision Making
3. Etiquettes

4. LEARNING OUTCOMES:
- Accomplishment of sound vocabulary and its proper use contextually
- Flair in Writing and felicity in written expression.
- Enhanced job prospects.
- Effective Speaking Abilities

5. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT:

   The Advanced English Communication Skills (AECS) Laboratory shall have the following infra-structural facilities to accommodate at least 60 students in the lab:

- Spacious room with appropriate acoustics.
- Round Tables with movable chairs
- Audio-visual aids
- LCD Projector
- Public Address system
- P – IV Processor, Hard Disk – 80 GB, RAM–512 MB Minimum, Speed – 2.8 GHZ
- T. V, a digital stereo & Camcorder
- Headphones of High quality

6. SUGGESTED SOFTWARE:

The software consisting of the prescribed topics elaborated above should be procured and G

1. **Walden Infotech: Advanced English Communication Skills Lab**
2. **K-VAN SOLUTIONS-Advanced English Language Communication Skills lab**
3. **DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skills Practice.**
4. **TOEFL & GRE**(KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)
5. **Train2success.com**

7. BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

1. **Objective English for Competitive Exams**, Hari Mohana Prasad, 4th edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
2. **Technical Communication** by Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, O U Press 3rd Edn. 2015.
3. **Essay Writing for Exams, Audrone Raskauskiene, Irena Ragaisience & Ramute Zemaitience,OUP, 2016**
4. **Soft Skills for Everyone,** Butterfield Jeff, Cengage Publications, 2011.
5. **Management Shapers Series** by Universities Press (India) Pvt Ltd., Himayatnagar, Hyderabad 2008.
6. **Campus to Corporate,** Gangadhar Joshi, Sage Publications, 2015
7. **Communicative English,**E Suresh Kumar & P.Sreehari, Orient Blackswan, 2009.
8. **English for Success in Competitive Exams,** Philip Sunil Solomon OUP, 2015

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B. Tech IV-I Sem. (CSE) | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 |

15A52601   MANAGEMENT SCIENCE

Course Objectives: The objective of the course is to equip the student the fundamental knowledge of management science and its application for effective management of human resource, materials and operation of an organization. It also aims to expose the students about the latest and contemporary developments in the field of management.

UNIT –I: Introduction to Management: Concept-Nature and Importance of Management, Functions-Evaluation of Scientific Management, Modern management-Motivation Theories-Leadership Styles-Decision Making Process-Designing Organization Structure-Principles and Types of Organization.

UNIT- II: Operations Management: Plant location and Layout, Methods of production, Work-Study-Statistical Quality Control through Control Charts, Objectives of Inventory Management, Need for Inventory Control-EOQ&ABC Analysis(Simple Problems)**Marketing Management:**
Meaning, Nature, Functions of Marketing, Marketing Mix, Channels of distribution-Advertisement and sales promotion-Marketing strategies-Product Life Cycle.

UNIT -III: Human Resource Management (HRM): Significant and Basic functions of HRM-Human Resource Planning(HRP), Job evaluation, Recruitment and Selection, Placement and Induction-Wage and Salary administration. Employee Training and development-Methods-Performance Appraisal-Employee Grievances-techniques of handling Grievances.

UNIT –IV: Strategic Management: Vision, Mission, Goals and Strategy- Corporate Planning Process-Environmental Scanning-SWOT analysis-Different Steps in Strateg Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation. **Project Management**: Network Analysis-PERT, CPM, Identifying Critical Path-Probability-Project Cost Analysis, Project Crashing (Simple Problems).

UNIT-V: Contemporary Management Practices: Basic concepts of MIS-Materials Requirement Planning(MRP),Just-In-Time(JIT)System, Total Quality Management(TQM)-Six Sigma and Capability Maturity Models(CMM) evies, Supply Chain Management, Enterprise Resource Planning(ERP),Performance Management, Business Process Outsourcing(BPO), Business Process Re-Engineering and Bench Marking, Balance Score Card.

Course Outcomes: This course enables the student to know the principles and applications of management knowledge and exposure to the latest developments in the field. This helps to take effective and efficient management decisions on physical and human resources of an organization. Beside the knowledge of Management Science facilitates for his/her personal and professional development.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A.R Aryasri: Management Science, TMH, 2013
2. Kumar /Rao/Chalill 'Introduction to Management Science' Cengage, Delhi, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A.K.Gupta "Engineering Management",S.CHAND, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Stoner, Freeman, Gilbert, Management, Pearson Education,New Delhi, 2012.
3. Kotler Philip & Keller Kevin Lane: Marketing Mangement , PHI,2013.
5. Koontz & Weihrich: Essentials of Management, 6/e, TMH, 2005.
6. Kanishka Bedi, Production and Operations Management, Oxford University Press, 2004.
7. Memoria & S.V.Gauker, Personnel Management, Himalaya, 25/e, 2005
8. Parnell: Strategic Management, Biztantra, 2003.
9. L.S.Srinath: PERT/CPM,Affiliated East-West Press, 2005.

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B. Tech IV-I Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05701   GRID AND CLOUD COMPUTING

Course Objectives:

The student should be made to:
- Understand how Grid computing helps in solving large scale scientific problems.
- Gain knowledge on the concept of virtualization that is fundamental to cloud computing. Learn how to program the grid and the cloud.
- Understand the security issues in the grid and the cloud environment.

Course Outcomes:

The student should be able to
- Apply the security models in the grid and the cloud environment.
- Use the grid and cloud tool kits.
- Apply the concept of virtualization.
- Apply grid computing techniques to solve large scale scientific problems

UNIT I   INTRODUCTION
Evolution of Distributed computing: Scalable computing over the Internet – Technologies for network based systems – clusters of cooperative computers - Grid computing Infrastructures – cloud computing - service oriented architecture – Introduction to Grid Architecture and standards – Elements of Grid – Overview of Grid Architecture.

UNIT II   GRID SERVICES
Introduction to Open Grid Services Architecture (OGSA) – Motivation – Functionality Requirements – Practical & Detailed view of OGSA/OGSI – Data intensive grid service models – OGSA services.

UNIT III   VIRTUALIZATION
Cloud deployment models: public, private, hybrid, community – Categories of cloud computing: Everything as a service: Infrastructure, platform, software - Pros and Cons of cloud computing – Implementation levels of virtualization – virtualization structure – virtualization of CPU, Memory and I/O devices – virtual clusters and Resource Management – Virtualization for data center automation.

UNIT IV   PROGRAMMING MODEL
Open source grid middleware packages – Globus Toolkit (GT4) Architecture ,
Configuration – Usage of Globus – Main components and Programming model -
Introduction to Hadoop Framework - Mapreduce, Input splitting, map and reduce
functions, specifying input and output parameters, configuring and running a job –
Design of Hadoop file system, HDFS concepts, command line and java interface,
dataflow of File read & File write.

UNIT V   SECURITY
Trust models for Grid security environment – Authentication and Authorization methods
– Grid security infrastructure – Cloud Infrastructure security: network, host and
application level – aspects of data security, provider data and its security, Identity and
access management architecture, IAM practices in the cloud, SaaS, PaaS, IaaS
availability in the cloud, Key privacy issues in the cloud.

TEXT BOOK:
1. Kai Hwang, Geoffery C. Fox and Jack J. Dongarra, "Distributed and Cloud Computing:
    Clusters, Grids, Clouds and the Future of Internet", First Edition, Morgan Kaufman
    Publisher, an Imprint of Elsevier, 2012.

REFERENCES:
1. Jason Venner, "Pro Hadoop- Build Scalable, Distributed Applications in the Cloud", A Press,
    2009
2. Tom White, "Hadoop The Definitive Guide", First Edition. O'Reilly, 2009.
3. Bart Jacob (Editor), "Introduction to Grid Computing", IBM Red Books, Vervante, 2005
4. Ian Foster, Carl Kesselman, "The Grid: Blueprint for a New Computing Infrastructure", 2nd
    Edition, Morgan Kaufmann.
5. Frederic Magoules and Jie Pan, "Introduction to Grid Computing" CRC Press, 2009.
6. Daniel Minoli, "A Networking Approach to Grid Computing", John Wiley Publication, 2005.
7. Barry Wilkinson, "Grid Computing: Techniques and Applications", Chapman and Hall, CRC,
    Taylor and Francis Group, 2010.

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B. Tech IV-I Sem. (CSE)	**3**	**1**	**0**	**3**

15A05702   INFORMATION SECURITY

Course Objectives:
- Extensive, thorough and significant understanding of the concepts, issues, principles and theories of computer network security
- Identifying the suitable points for applying security features for network traffic
- Understanding the various cryptographic algorithms and implementation of the same at software level
- Understanding the various attacks, security mechanisms and services

Course Outcomes:
- Protect the network from both internal and external attacks
- Design of new security approaches
- Ability to choose the appropriate security algorithm based on the requirements.

Unit-I

Computer Security concepts, The OSI Security Architecture, Security attacks, Security services and Security mechanisms, A model for Network Security

Classical encryption techniques- symmetric cipher model, substitution ciphers, transposition ciphers, Steganography.

Modern Block Ciphers: Block ciphers principles, Data encryption standard (DES), Strength of DES, linear and differential cryptanalysis, block cipher modes of operations, AES, RC4.

Unit-II

Introduction to Number theory – Integer Arithmetic, Modular Arithmetic, Matrices, Linear Congruence, Algebraic Structures, $GF(2^n)$ Fields, Primes, Primality Testing, Factorization, Chinese remainder Theorem, Quadratic Congruence, Exponentiation and Logarithm.

Public-key cryptography - Principles of public-key cryptography, RSA Algorithm, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, ELGamal cryptographic system, Elliptic Curve Arithmetic, Elliptic curve cryptography

Unit-III

Cryptographic Hash functions: Applications of Cryptographic Hash functions, Requirements and security, Hash functions based on Cipher Block Chaining, Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA)

Message Authentication Codes: Message authentication Requirements, Message authentication functions, Requirements for Message authentication codes, security of MACs, HMAC, MACs based on Block Ciphers, Authenticated Encryption
Digital Signatures-RSA with SHA & DSS

Unit-IV
Key Management and distribution: Symmetric key distribution using Symmetric Encryption, Symmetric key distribution using Asymmetric, Distribution of Public keys, X.509 Certificates, Public key Infrastructure.
User Authentication: Remote user Authentication Principles, Remote user Authentication using Symmetric Encryption, Kerberos, Remote user Authentication using Asymmetric Encryption, Federated Identity Management, Electronic mail security: Pretty Good Privacy (PGP), S/MIME.

Unit-V
Security at the Transport Layer(SSL and TLS) : SSL Architecture, Four Protocols, SSL Message Formats, Transport Layer Security, HTTPS, SSH
Security at the Network layer (IPSec): Two modes, Two Security Protocols, Security Association, Security Policy, Internet Key Exchange.
System Security: Description of the system, users, Trust and Trusted Systems, Buffer Overflow and Malicious Software, Malicious Programs, worms, viruses, Intrusion Detection System(IDS), Firewalls

Text books:
1. "Cryptography and Network Security", Behrouz A. Frouzan and Debdeep Mukhopadhyay, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2nd edition, 2013.
2. "Cryptography and Network Security: Principals and Practice", William Stallings, Pearson Education , Fifth Edition, 2013.

References:
1. "Network Security and Cryptography", Bernard Menezes , Cengage Learning.
2. "Cryptography and Security", C.K. Shymala, N. Harini and Dr. T.R. Padmanabhan, Wiley-India.
3. "Applied Cryptography, Bruce Schiener, 2nd edition, John Wiley & Sons.
4. "Cryptography and Network Security", Atul Kahate, TMH.
5. 'Introduction to Cryptography", Buchmann, Springer.
6. 'Number Theory in the Spirit of Ramanujan", Bruce C.Berndt, University Press
7. "Introduction to Analytic Number Theory", Tom M.Apostol, University Press

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B. Tech IV-I Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05703   MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

Course Objectives:
- To understand fundamentals of android operating systems.
- Illustrate the various components, layouts and views in creating android applications
- To understand fundamentals of android programming.

Course Outcomes:
- Create data sharing with different applications and sending and intercepting SMS.
- Develop applications using services and publishing android applications.
- To demonstrate their skills of using Android software development tools

Unit 1: Introduction to Android:
The Android 4.1 jelly Bean SDK, Understanding the Android Software Stack, installing the Android SDK, Creating Android Virtual Devices, Creating the First Android Project, Using the Text view Control, Using the Android Emulator, The Android Debug Bridge(ADB), Launching Android Applications on a Handset.

Unit 2: Basic Widgets:
Understanding the Role of Android Application Components, Understanding the Utility of Android API, Overview of the Android Project Files, Understanding Activities, Role of the Android Manifest File, Creating the User Interface, Commonly Used Layouts and Controls, Event Handling, Displaying Messages Through Toast, Creating and Starting an Activity, Using the Edit Text Control, Choosing Options with Checkbox, Choosing Mutually Exclusive Items Using Radio Buttons

Unit 3: Building Blocks for Android Application Design:
Introduction to Layouts, Linear Layout, Relative Layout, Absolute Layout, Using Image View, Frame Layout, Table Layout, Grid Layout, Adapting to Screen orientation.

Utilizing Resources and Media Resources, Creating Values Resources, Using Drawable Resources, Switching States with Toggle Buttons, Creating an Images Switcher Application, Scrolling Through Scroll View, playing Audio, Playing Video, Displaying Progress with Progress Bar, Using Assets.

Unit 4: Using Selection widgets and Debugging:

Using List View, Using the Spinner control, Using the GridView Control, Creating an Image Gallery Using the ViewPager Control, Using the Debugging Tool: Dalvik Debug Monitor Service(DDMS), Debugging Application, Using the Debug Perspective.

Displaying And Fetching Information Using Dialogs and Fragments: What Are Dialogs?, Selecting the Date and Time in One Application, Fragments, Creating Fragments with java Code, Creating Special Fragments

Unit 5: Building Menus and Storing Data:

Creating Interface Menus and Action Bars, Menus and Their Types, Creating Menus Through XML, Creating Menus Through Coding, Applying a Context Menu to a List View, Using the Action Bar, Replacing a Menu with the Action Bar, Creating a Tabbed Action Bar, Creating a Drop-Down List Action Bar

Using Databases:

Using the SQLiteOpenHelperclasss, Accessing Databases with the ADB, Creating a Data Entry Form,

Communicating with SMS and Emails:

Understanding Broadcast Receivers, Using the Notification System, Sending SMS Messages with Java Code, Receiving SMS Messages, Sending Email, Working With Telephony Manager.

Text Books

1. Android Programming by B.M Harwani, Pearson Education, 2013.

References Text Books:

1. Android application Development for Java Programmers, James C Sheusi, Cengage Learning
2. Android In Action by w.Frank Ableson, Robi Sen, Chris King, C. Enrique Ortiz., Dreamtech.
3. Professional Android 4 applications development, Reto Meier, Wiley India, 2012.
4. Beginning Android 4 applications development, Wei- Meng Lee, Wiley India,2013

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

	L	T	P	C
B. Tech IV-I Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05704   SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE
(CBCC-II)

Course Objectives:
- Introduction to the fundamentals of software architecture.
- Software architecture and quality requirements of a software system
- Fundamental principles and guidelines for software architecture design, architectural styles, patterns, and frameworks.
- Methods, techniques, and tools for describing software architecture and documenting design rationale.
- Software architecture design and evaluation processes.

Course Outcomes:
- The student will be able to:
- Design and motivate software architecture for large scale software systems
- Recognize major software architectural styles, design patterns, and frameworks
- Describe a software architecture using various documentation approaches and architectural
- description languages
- Generate architectural alternatives for a problem and select among them
- Use well-understood paradigms for designing new systems

UNIT I: ENVISIONING ARCHITECTURE
What is software Architecture-What is Software Architecture, Other Points of View, Architectural Patterns, Reference Models, and Reference Architectures, Importance of Software Architecture, Architectural Structures and views.
ENVISIONING ARCHITECTURE:
Architecture Business Cycle- Architectures influences, Software Processes and the Architecture Business Cycle, Making of "Good" Architecture.

UNIT II: DESIGNING THE ARCHITECTURE WITH STYLES
Designing the Architecture: Architecture in the Life Cycle, Designing the Architecture, Formatting the Team Structure, Creating a Skeletal System.
Architecture Styles: Architectural Styles, Pipes and Filters, Data Abstraction and Object-Oriented Organization, Event-Based, Implicit Invocation, Layered Systems, Repositories, Interpreters.2013-2014

UNIT III: CREATING AN ARCHITECTURE-I

Creating an Architecture: Understanding Quality Attributes – Functionality and Architecture, Architecture and Quality Attributes, System Quality Attributes, Quality Attribute. Scenarios in Practice, Other System Quality Attributes, Business Qualities, Architecture Qualities.

Achieving Qualities: Introducing Tactics, Availability Tactics, Modifiability Tactics, Performance Tactics, Security Tactics, Testability Tactics, Usability Tactics.

UNIT IV: CREATING AN ARCHITECTURE-II

Documenting Software Architectures: Use of Architectural Documentation, Views, Choosing the Relevant Views, Documenting a view, Documentation across Views. Reconstructing Software Architecture: Introduction, Information Extraction, Database Construction, View Fusion, and Reconstruction.

UNIT V: ANALYZING ARCHITECTURES

The ATAM: Participants in the ATAM, Outputs of The ATAM, Phases Of the ATAM. The CBAM: Decision-Making Context, The Basis for the CBAM, Implementing the CBAM. The World Wide Web:A Case study in Interoperability- Relationship to the Architecture Business Cycle, Requirements and Qualities, Architecture Solution, Achieving Quality Goals.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Software Architectures in Practice , Len Bass, Paul Clements, Rick Kazman, 2nd Edition, Pearson Publication.
2. Software Architecture , Mary Shaw and David Garlan, First Edition, PHI Publication, 1996.

REFERENCES BOOKS:

1. **Software Design: From Programming to Architecture**, Eric Braude**,** Wiley, 2004.
2. N. Domains of Concern in Software Architectures and Architecture Description Languages. Medvidovic and D. S. Rosenblum. USENIX.

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B. Tech IV-I Sem. (CSE)

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15A05705   COMPUTER GRAPHICS
(CBCC-II)

Course Objectives:
- To provide students with an understanding of the algorithms and theories that form the basis of computer graphics and modeling.
- To give students skills necessary in the production of 2D &3D models.

Course Outcomes:
- Acquire familiarity with the relevant mathematics of computer graphics.
- Be able to design basic graphics application programs, including animation
- Be able to design applications that display graphic images to given specifications

UNIT I

Introduction, Application areas of Computer Graphics, overview of graphics systems, video-display devices, raster-scan systems, random scan systems, graphics monitors and work stations and input devices

Output primitives: Points and lines, line drawing algorithms, mid-point circle and ellipse algorithms. Filled area primitives: Scan line polygon fill algorithm, boundary-fill and flood-fill algorithms.

UNIT II

2-D Geometrical transforms: Translation, scaling, rotation, reflection and shear transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, composite transforms, transformations between coordinate systems.

2-D Viewing :   The viewing pipeline, viewing coordinate reference frame, window to view-port coordinate transformation, viewing functions, Cohen-Sutherland and Cyrus-beck line clipping algorithms, Sutherland –Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm.

UNIT III

3-D Object representation: Polygon surfaces, quadric surfaces, spline representation, Hermite curve, Bezier curve and B-spline curves, Bezier and B-spline surfaces. Basic illumination models, polygon rendering methods.

UNIT IV

3-D Geometric transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, reflection and shear transformations, composite transformations, 3-D viewing: Viewing pipeline, viewing coordinates, view volume and general projection transforms and clipping.

UNIT V

Visible surface detection methods: Classification, back-face detection, depth-buffer, scan-line, depth sorting, BSP-tree methods, area sub-division and octree methods Computer animation: Design of animation sequence, general computer animation functions, raster animation, computer animation languages, key frame systems, motion specifications

TEXT BOOKS:
1. "Computer Graphics C version", Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker, Pearson education.
2. "Computer Graphics Principles & practice", second edition in C, Foley, VanDam, Feiner and Hughes, Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. "Computer Graphics Second edition", Zhigand xiang, Roy Plastock, Schaum's outlines, Tata Mc Graw hill edition.
2. "Procedural elements for Computer Graphics", David F Rogers, Tata Mc Graw hill, 2nd edition.
3. "Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics", Neuman and Sproul, TMH.
4. "Principles of Computer Graphics", Shalini, Govil-Pai, Springer.
5. "Computer Graphics", Steven Harrington, TMH.
6. Computer Graphics,F.S.Hill,S.M.Kelley,PHI.
7. Computer Graphics,P.Shirley,Steve Marschner&Others,Cengage Learning.
8. Computer Graphics & Animation,M.C.Trivedi,Jaico Publishing House.
9. An Integrated Introduction to Computer Graphics and Geometric Modelling,R.Goldman,CRC Press,Taylor&Francis Group.
10. Computer Graphics,Rajesh K.Maurya,Wiley India.

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3	**1**	**0**	**3**

B. Tech IV-I Sem. (CSE)

15A05706   MACHINE LEARNING
(CBCC-II)

Course Objectives:
- To understand the basic theory underlying machine learning.
- To be able to formulate machine learning problems corresponding to different applications.
- To understand a range of machine learning algorithms along with their strengths and weaknesses.
- To be able to apply machine learning algorithms to solve problems of moderate complexity.

Course Outcomes:
- Ability to understand what is learning and why it is essential to the design of intelligent machines.
- Ability to design and implement various machine learning algorithms in a wide range of real-world applications.
- Acquire knowledge deep learning and be able to implement deep learning models for language, vision, speech, decision making, and more

Unit I:
What is Machine Learning?, Examples of machine learning applications, supervised Learning: learning a class from examples, Vapnik- Chervonenkis dimension, probably approximately correct learning, noise, learning multiple classes, regression, model selection and generalization, dimensions of a supervised machine learning algorithm. Decision Tree Learning: Introduction, Decisions Tree representation, Appropriate problems for decision tree learning, the basic decision tree learning algorithm, Hypothesis space search in decision tree learning, Inductive bias in decision tree learning, issues in decision tree learning, Artificial Neural Networks: Introduction, Neural Network Representation – Problems – Perceptrons – Multilayer Networks and Back Propagation Algorithm, Remarks on the BACKPROPGRATION Algorithm, An illustrative Example: Face Recognition, Advanced Topics in Artificial Neural Networks.

Unit 2:
Evaluating Hypotheses: Motivation, Estimating hypothesis accuracy, basics of sampling theory, a general approach for deriving confidence intervals, differences in error of two hypothesis, comparing learning algorithms, Bayesian Learning: Introduction, Bayes Theorem, Bayes Theorem and Concept Learning, Maximum Likelihood and least squared error hypothesis, Maximum Likelihood hypothesis for predicting probabilities,

Minimum Description Length Principle, Bayes Optimal Classifier, Gibbs Algorithm , Naïve Bayes Classifier , Bayesian Belief Network, EM Algorithm

Unit 3:

Dimensionality Reduction: Introduction, Subset selection, principle component analysis, feature embedding, factor analysis, singular value decomposition and matrix factorization, multidimensional scaling, linear discriminant analysis, canonical correlation analysis, Isomap, Locally linear embedding, laplacian eigenmaps, Clustering: Introduction, Mixture densities, K- Means clustering, Expectations-Maximization algorithm, Mixture of latent variable models, supervised learning after clustering, spectral clustering, Hierarchal clustering, Choosing the number of clusters, Nonparametric Methods: Introduction, Non Parametric density estimation, generalization to multivariate data, nonparametric classification, condensed nearest neighbor, Distance based classification, outlier detection, Nonparametric regression: smoothing models, how to choose the smoothing parameter

Unit 4:

Linear Discrimination: Introduction, Generalizing the linear model, geometry of the linear discrimination, pair wise separation, parametric discrimination revisited, gradient descent, logistic discrimination, discrimination by regression, learning to rank, Multilayer Perceptrons: Introduction, the perceptron, training a perceptron, learning Boolean functions, multilayer perceptrons, MLP as a universal approximator, Back propagation algorithm, Training procedures, Tuning the network size, Bayesian view of learning, dimensionality reduction, learning time, deep learning

Unit 5:

Kernel Machines: Introduction, Optimal separating hyperplane, the non separable case: Soft Margin Hyperplane, v-SVM, kernel Trick, Vectorial kernels, defining kernels, multiple kernel learning, multicast kernel machines, kernel machines for regression, kernel machines for ranking, one-class kernel machines, large margin nearest neighbor classifier, kernel dimensionality reduction, Graphical models: Introduction, Canonical cases for conditional independence, generative models, d separation, belief propagation, undirected Graphs: Markov Random files, Learning the structure of a graphical model, influence diagrams.

Text Books:
1) Machine Learning by Tom M. Mitchell, Mc Graw Hill Education, Indian Edition, 2016.
2) Introduction to Machine learning, Ethem Alpaydin, PHI, 3rd Edition, 2014

References Books:
1) Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, Stephen Marsland, Taylor & Francis, CRC Press Book

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B. Tech IV-I Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05707   SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT
(CBCC-III)

Course Objectives:

The main goal of software development projects is to create a software system with a predetermined functionality and quality in a given time frame and with given costs. For achieving this goal, models are required for determining target values and for continuously controlling these values. This course focuses on principles, techniques, methods & tools for model-based management of software projects, assurance of product quality and process adherence (quality assurance), as well as experience-based creation & improvement of models (process management). The goals of the course can be characterized as follows:

- Understanding the specific roles within a software organization as related to project and process management
- Describe the principles, techniques, methods & tools for model-based management of software projects, assurance of product quality and process adherence (quality assurance), as well as experience-based creation & improvement of models (process management).
- Understanding the basic infrastructure competences (e.g., process modeling and measurement)
- Understanding the basic steps of project planning, project management, quality assurance, and process management and their relationships

Course Outcomes:
- Describe and determine the purpose and importance of project management from the perspectives of planning, tracking and completion of project.
- Compare and differentiate organization structures and project structures
- Implement a project to manage project schedule, expenses and resources with the application of suitable project management tools

UNIT I
Conventional Software Management: The waterfall model, conventional software Management performance. Evolution of Software Economics: Software Economics, pragmatic software cost estimation

UNIT II

Improving Software Economics: Reducing Software product size, improving software processes, improving team effectiveness, improving automation, Achieving required quality, peer inspections.

The old way and the new: The principles of conventional software engineering, principles of modern software management, transitioning to an iterative process

UNIT III

Life cycle phases: Engineering and production stages, inception, Elaboration, construction, transition phases.

Artifacts of the process: The artifact sets, Management artifacts, Engineering artifacts, programmatic artifacts. Model based software architectures: A Management perspective and technical perspective.

UNIT IV

Work Flows of the process: Software process workflows, Inter Trans workflows. Checkpoints of the Process: Major Mile Stones, Minor Milestones, Periodic status assessments. Iterative Process Planning: Work breakdown structures, planning guidelines, cost and schedule estimating, Interaction planning process, Pragmatic planning.

Project Organizations and Responsibilities: Line-of-Business Organizations, Project Organizations, evolution of Organizations.

Process Automation: Automation Building Blocks, The Project Environment

UNIT V

Project Control and Process instrumentation: The server care Metrics, Management indicators, quality indicators, life cycle expectations pragmatic Software Metrics, Metrics automation. Tailoring the Process: Process discriminates, Example.

Future Software Project Management: Modern Project Profiles Next generation Software economics, modern Process transitions.

Case Study: The Command Center Processing and Display System-Replacement (CCPDS-R)

Text Books:

1. Software Project Management, Walker Royce, Pearson Education.
2. Software Project Management, Bob Hughes & Mike Cotterell, fourth edition,Tata Mc-Graw Hill

Reference Books :

1. Applied Software Project Management, Andrew Stellman & Jennifer Greene, O"Reilly, 2006

2. Head First PMP, Jennifer Greene & Andrew Stellman, O"Reilly,2007

3. Software Engineering Project Managent, Richard H. Thayer & Edward Yourdon, second edition,Wiley India, 2004.

4. Agile Project Management, Jim Highsmith, Pearson education, 2004

5. The art of Project management, Scott Berkun, O"Reilly, 2005.

6. Software Project Management in Practice, Pankaj Jalote, Pearson Education,2002

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B. Tech IV-I Sem. (CSE)	**3**	**1**	**0**	**3**

15A05708   DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS
(CBCC-III)

Course Objectives:

The student should be made to:
- Understand the issues involved in studying process and resource management.
- Understand in detail the system level and support required for distributed system.
- Introduce the idea of peer to peer services and file system.
- Understand foundations of Distributed Systems.

Course Outcomes:
Student should be able to:
- Design process and resource management systems.
- Apply remote method invocation and objects.
- Apply network virtualization.
- Discuss trends in Distributed Systems.

UNIT I
INTRODUCTION
Examples of Distributed Systems – Trends in Distributed Systems – Focus on resource sharing – Challenges. Case study: World Wide Web.

UNIT II
COMMUNICATION IN DISTRIBUTED SYSTEM
System Model – Inter process Communication - the API for internet protocols – External data representation and Multicast communication. Network virtualization: Overlay networks. Case study: MPI Remote Method Invocation And Objects: Remote Invocation – Introduction - Request-reply protocols - Remote procedure call - Remote method invocation. Case study: Java RMI - Group communication - Publish-subscribe systems - Message queues - Shared memory approaches - Distributed objects - Case study: Enterprise Java Beans -from objects to components.

UNIT III
PEER TO PEER SERVICES AND FILE SYSTEM
Peer-to-peer Systems – Introduction - Napster and its legacy - Peer-to-peer – Middleware - Routing overlays. Overlay case studies: Pastry, Tapestry- Distributed File Systems –Introduction - File service architecture – Andrew File system. File System: Features-File model -File accessing models - File sharing semantics Naming: Identifiers, Addresses, Name Resolution – Name Space Implementation – Name Caches – LDAP.

UNIT IV
SYNCHRONIZATION AND REPLICATION

Introduction - Clocks, events and process states - Synchronizing physical clocks-Logical time and logical clocks - Global states – Coordination and Agreement – Introduction - Distributed mutual exclusion – Elections – Transactions and Concurrency Control– Transactions -Nested transactions – Locks – Optimistic concurrency control - Timestamp ordering – Atomic Commit protocols -Distributed deadlocks – Replication – Case study – Coda.

UNIT V
PROCESS & RESOURCE MANAGEMENT
Process Management: Process Migration: Features, Mechanism - Threads: Models, Issues, Implementation. Resource Management: Introduction- Features of Scheduling Algorithms –Task Assignment Approach – Load Balancing Approach – Load Sharing Approach.

TEXT BOOK:
1. George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore and Tim Kindberg, "Distributed Systems Concepts and Design", Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

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B. Tech IV-I Sem. (CSE)

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3	1	0	3

15A05709   REAL TIME SYSTEMS
(CBCC-III)

Course Objectives:
- Acquire skills necessary to design and develop embedded applications by means of real-time operating systems
- Understand embedded real-time operating systems

Course Outcomes:
- Characterize real-time systems and describe their functions
- Analyze, design and implement a real-time system
- Apply formal methods to the analysis and design of real-time systems
- Apply formal methods for scheduling real-time systems
- Characterize and describe reliability and fault tolerance issues and approaches.

Unit-1
Typical Real time Applications: Digital control, High-level control, Signal processing, other Real-time Applications.
Hard versus Soft Real-Time Systems: Jobs and processors, Release time, dead lines and Timing constraints, Hard and soft timing constraints, Hard Real time systems, Soft Real-time Systems.
A Reference Model of Real Time Systems: Processors and resources, Temporal parameters of Real time workload, periodic task model, precedence constraints and data dependency, Functional parameter, Resource Parameters of Jobs and Parameters of Resources, Scheduling Hierarchy.
Commonly used Approaches to real time Scheduling: Clock-Driven Approach, Weighted Round-Robin Approach, Priority driven Approach, Dynamic vs Static Systems, Effective release time and deadlines, Optimality of the EDF and LST algorithms, Nonoptimality of the EDF and LST algorithms, Challenges in validating timing constraints in priority driven System, Off line vs On line scheduling, summary.

Unit-2
Clock-Driven Scheduling: Notations and Assumptions, static, Timer-Driven scheduler, General Structure of the Cyclic Scheduler, Improving the average response time of Aperiodic Jobs, Scheduling sporadic Jobs, Practical considerations and generalizations, Algorithm for generating Static Schedules, Pros and cons of Clock-driven scheduling, summary.

Unit-3

Priority-Driven Scheduling of periodic Tasks : Static Assumption, Fixed-priority vs Dynamic-priority Algorithms, Maximum Schedulable Utilization, Optimality of the RM and DM Algorithms, A Schedulability test for Fixed-priority tasks with Short Response time, A Schedulability test for Fixed-priority tasks with arbitrary Response time, Sufficient Schedulability conditions for the RM and DM Algorithms, summary.

Unit-4

Scheduling Aperiodic and Sporadic Jobs in Priority Driven Systems: Assumptions and approaches, Diferrable servers, Sporadic Servers, Constant utilization, total bandwidth and weighted fair –Queueing servers, Slack stealing in Dead-line Driven System, Stack stealing in Fixed-priority systems, Scheduling of sporadic jobs, Real-time performance for jobs with soft timing constraints, A two-level scheme for Integrated scheduling.

Unit-5

Resources and Resource access control: Assumptions on Resources and their usage, Effects of Resource contention and resource access control, Non Preemptive critical section, Basic Priority inheritance protocol, Basic Priority ceiling protocol, Stack –based, Priority ceiling protocol, Use of priority ceiling protocol in Dynamic priority systems, pre-emption ceiling protocol, Controlling accesses to Multiple unit Resources, Controlling concurrent accesses to data objects.

Multiprocessor Scheduling, Resource access control, and Synchronization: Model of Multiprocessor and Distributed Systems, Task assignment, Multiprocessor Priority ceiling protocol, Elements of Scheduling Algorithms for End-to-End Periodic Tasks, Schedulability of Fixed-priority End-to-End periodic Tasks, End to End tasks in heterogeneous Systems, Predictability and validation of Dynamic Multiprocessor Systems, Summary.

Text Book:
1. "Real-Time Systems" by Jane W.S Liu, Pearson Edition, 2006.

Reference Text Book:
1. Real-Time Systems: Scheduling, Analysis, and Verification, Cheng, A. M. K.: Wiley, 2002.
2. Z.: Scheduling in Real-Time Systems, by Cottet, F., Delacroix, J., Kaiser, C., Mammeri John Wiley & Sons, 2002.
3. Real-Time Systems, C. M., Shin, K. G. McGraw-Hill, Krishna 1997.

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B. Tech IV-I Sem. (CSE)	0	0	4	2

15A05710   GRID AND CLOUD COMPUTING LABORATORY

Course Objectives:

- The student should be made to:
- Be familiar with developing web services/Applications in grid framework.
- Be exposed to tool kits for grid and cloud environment.
- Learn to use Hadoop
- Learn to run virtual machines of different configuration.

Course Outcomes:

The student should be able to
Design and Implement applications on the Cloud.
Design and implement applications on the Grid.
Use the grid and cloud tool kits.

GRID COMPUTING PROGRAMS USING GRIDSIM

1   Program to creates one Grid resource with three machines
2   *Program to to create one or more Grid users. A Grid user contains one or more Gridlets*
3   *Program to shows how two GridSim entities interact with each other ; main(ie example3) class creates Gridlets and sends them to the other GridSim entities, i.e. Test class*
4   Program shows how a grid user submits its Gridlets or tasks to one grid resource entity
5   Program to show how a grid user submits its Gridlets or task to many grid resource entities
6   Program to show how to create one or more grid users and submits its Gridlets or task to many grid resource entities
7   Program to creates one Grid resource with three machines

   Grid computing programs using Use Globus Toolkit or equivalent:

1   Develop a new Web Service for Calculator.
2   Develop new OGSA-compliant Web Service.
3   Using Apache Axis develop a Grid Service.
4   Develop applications using Java or C/C++ Grid APIs
5   Develop secured applications using basic security mechanisms available in Globus Toolkit.
6   Develop a Grid portal, where user can submit a job and get the result. Implement it with and without GRAM concept.

CLOUD COMPUTING
Programs on SaaS

1. Create an word document of your class time table and store locally and on the cloud with doc,and pdf format . (use **www.zoho.com** and *docs.google.com)*

2. Create a spread sheet which contains employee salary information and calculate gross and total sal using the formula
   DA=10% OF BASIC
   HRA=30% OF BASIC
   PF=10% OF BASIC IF BASIC<=3000
   12% OF BASIC IF BASIC>3000
   TAX=10% OF BASIC IF BASIC<=1500
   =11% OF BASIC IF BASIC>1500 AND BASIC<=2500
   =12% OF BASIC IF BASIC>2500
   (use **www.zoho.com** and *docs.google.com)*
   NET_SALARY=BASIC_SALARY+DA+HRA-PF-TAX

3. Prepare a ppt on cloud computing –introduction , models, services ,and architecture
   Ppt should contain explanations, images and at least 20 pages
   (use **www.zoho.com** and *docs.google.com)*

4. Create your resume in a neat format using google and zoho cloud

Programs on PaaS

1. Write a Google app engine program to generate n even numbers and deploy it
   to google cloud

2. Google app engine program multiply two matrices

3. Google app engine program to validate user ; create a database login(username, password) in mysql and deploy to cloud

4. Write a Google app engine program to display nth largest no from the given list
   of numbers and deploy it into google cloud

5. Google app engine program to validate the user
   Use mysql to store user info and deploy on to the cloud

6. Implement Prog 1-5 using Microsoft Azure

CASE STUDY- cloud computing

Sr. No.	Title of Experiment	Aim of the Experiment	Demonstration Equipments/ Components to be required	Type of Experiment/ Demonstration (Lab/Classroom)
1	Case Study of Amazon	To understand the services of Amazon elastic cloud.	Computers with Internet Connection	Experiment: Student perform practical under supervision of faculty and Lab technician.
2	Case Study of Azure	To understand the services of Microsoft azure.	Computers with Internet Connection	Experiment: Student perform practical under supervision of faculty and Lab technician.
3	Case Study of Hadoop	To understand the services of hadoop.	Computers with Internet Connection	Experiment: Student perform practical under supervision of faculty and Lab technician.
4	Case Study of Aneka	To understand the services of aneka elastic cloud.	Computers with Internet Connection	Experiment: Student perform practical under supervision of faculty and Lab technician.
5	Case Study of Google Apps	To understand the services of google apps engine.	Computers with Internet Connection	Experiment: Student perform practical under supervision of faculty and Lab technician.
6	Google apps business solution for data access and data upload	To understand the business solution application of Google apps.	Computers with Internet Connection	Experiment: Student perform practical under supervision of faculty and Lab technician.

| 7 | Control panel software manager Application of hypervisors | To understand the application of hypervisors. | Computers with Internet Connection | Experiment: Student perform practical under supervision of faculty and Lab technician. |

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15A05711   MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY

Course Objectives:
- To understand fundamentals of android operating systems.
- Illustrate the various components, layouts and views in creating android applications
- To understand fundamentals of android programming.

Course Outcomes:
- Create data sharing with different applications and sending and intercepting SMS.
- Develop applications using services and publishing android applications.
- To demonstrate their skills of using Android software development tools

1. Setting Up the Development Environment
    1.1 Download/Install the SDK
For in-depth instructions, visit Android Installation Documentation. Otherwise perform the following steps.

- Go to http://developer.android.com/sdk/index.html.
- Unpack to a convenient location - Remember the full path to this location, we will refer to it as <android_sdk_dir> for the rest of the lab.
  - *<android_sdk_dir> would then be /home/<username>/android_dir.*
- Add the path to the <android_sdk_dir>/tools directory to your system PATH
  - Windows:
  1. Right-click My Computer.
  2. Click Properties.
  3. Click Advanced tab.
  4. Click Environment Variables button.
  5. Double Click Path under System Variables.
  6. Add ; <android_sdk_dir>/tools;<android_sdk_dir>/platform-tools to the end of the Variable Values text field.
- Navigate to your <android_sdk_dir>/tools directory and type android. Add the appropriate components. See step 4 in http://developer.android.com/sdk/installing.html.
- Test your installation by running adb from the command line. If you did everything right, you should get a long list of help instructions.

1.2 Download/Install the Eclipse Plugin

- It is recommended that you use Eclipse 3.4 or later
  - o Lab Machines - Fedora Eclipse based on 3.4.2
    The version of Eclipse used by the lab machines is missing a vital component and requires adding an additional Eclipse plugin in order to use the Android plugin:
    1. Click the menu Help -> Software Updates.
    2. Click the tab Available Software -> Add Site button.
    3. Enter http:// download.eclipse.org/releases/ganymede into the Location field.
    4. Click OK button.
    5. Enter WST Common UI into the search/text box at the top of the window (give it a second, it tries to search as you type and its kind of slow).
    6. Click the checkbox next to WST Common UI.
    7. Click the Install button.
    8. Click the Next button.
    9. Accept the terms, click Finish.
    10. Restart Eclipse.
    11. Follow the steps in the next bullet 3.4 Ganymede.

  - o Eclipse 3.4 Ganymede:
    1. Click the menu Help -> Software Updates.
    2. Click Available Software tab -> Add Site button.
    3. Enter https://dl-ssl.google.com/andriod/eclipse into the "Location" field.
    4. Click OK button.
    5. Click the checkbox next to Developer Tools.
    6. Click the Install button.
    7. Click the Next button.
    8. Accept the terms, click Finish.
    9. Restart Eclipse.
  - o Eclipse 3.5 Galileo:
    1. Click Help -> Install New Software .
    2. Click Add... button.
    3. Enter a name for the site into the Name field.
    4. Enter htpps://dl-ssl/google.com/android/eclipse/ into the Location field.
    5. Click OK button.
    6. Click the checkbox next to Developer Tools.
    7. Click the Next button.
    8. Accept the terms, click Finish.
    9. Restart Eclipse.

- Point Eclipse to <android_sdk_dir>:
  1. Click the menu Window -> Preferences.
  2. Click Android from the Hierarchy view on the left hand side.
  3. Enter <android_sdk_dir> into the SDK Location field.
  4. Click the Apply button.
  5. Click the OK button.

1.3 Download/Install the SDK Platform Components

At the time of writing this lab there are are eight different versions of the Android Platform available, ranging from 1.1 to 2.2. It is best practice to develop for the oldest platform available that still provides the functionality you need. This way you can be assured that your application will be supported by as many devices as possible. However, you will still want to download newer versions of the platforms so that you can test your applications against these as well. Due to the size of each platform component you will only be required to download and develop on one platform for the whole class. We will target the highest platform that the G1 phones support, Android 1.6 (API 4). Before we can begin developing we must download and install this platform:

- Select the menu Window -> "Android SDK and AVD Manager", or click on the black phone shaped icon in the toolbar.
- Select Available Packages on the left hand side.
- Expand the Google Android site in the "Site, Packages, and Archives" Tree.
- Check the following items:
  - SDK Plaform Android 1.6, API 4 Revision 3
  - Google APIs by Google Inc., Android API 4, Revision 2
  - *NOTE: Those of you developing on Lab Machines should follow these instructions:* http://sites.google.com/site/androidhowto/how-to-1/set-up-the-sdk-on-lab-machines-linux.
- Click Install Selected.
- Accept the Terms for all packages and click Install Accepted.

We're now ready to develop our application.

2. Create "Hello World" Application

      2.1 Create a new Android Project

      2.2 Run "Hello World" on the Emulator

      2.3 On a Physical Device

      2.4 Greeting the User

3. Create Application by Using Widgets

      3.1 Creating the Application by using the Activity class

          (i)   onCreate()

          (ii)   onStart()

          (iii)   onResume()

(iv)　onPause()
(v)　onStop()
(vi)　onDestroy()
(vii)　onRestart()
3.2 Creating the Application by using Text Edit control.
3.3 Creating the Application Choosing Options
　(i) CheckBox
　(ii) RadioButton
　(iii) RadioGroup
　(iv) Spinner
4. Create Application by Using Building Blocks for Android Application Design
　4.1 Design the Application by using
　　(i) Linear Layout
　　(ii) Relative Layout
　　(iii) Absolute Layout
　4.2 Create the Application to play the Audio and Video clips.
5. Create Application by Using Building Menus and Storing Data
　5.1 Design the Application for Menus and Action Bar
　　5.2 Design the application to display the Drop-Down List Action Bar

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	L	T	P	C
B. Tech IV-II Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05801   DATA ANALYTICS
(MOOCS-II)

Course Objectives:
- To introduce the terminology, technology and its applications
- To introduce the concept of Analytics for Business
- To introduce the tools, technologies & programming languages which is used in day to day analytics cycle

Course Outcomes:
- Ability to work with different data types.
- Ability to solve various problems related to businesses.
- Ability to effectively utilize the time and involve in collaborative tasks.

Unit I
Introduction to Analytics and R programming (NOS 2101)
Introduction to R, RStudio (GUI): R Windows Environment, introduction to various data types, Numeric, Character, date, data frame, array, matrix etc., Reading Datasets, Working with different file types .txt,.csv etc. Outliers, Combining Datasets, R Functions and loops. Summary Statistics - Summarizing data with R, Probability, Expected, Random, Bivariate Random variables, Probability distribution. Central Limit Theorem etc.

Unit II
SQL using R & Correlation and Regression Analysis (NOS 2101)
Introduction to NoSQL, Connecting R to NoSQL databases. Excel and R integration with R connector. Regression Analysis, Assumptions of OLS Regression, Regression Modelling. Correlation, ANOVA, Forecasting, Heteroscedasticity, Autocorrelation, Introduction to Multiple Regression etc.

Unit III
Understand the Verticals - Engineering, Financial and others (NOS 2101)
Understanding systems viz. Engineering Design, Manufacturing, Smart Utilities, Production lines, Automotive, Technology etc. Understanding Business problems related to various businesses

Unit IV
Manage your work to meet requirements (NOS 9001)
Understanding Learning objectives, Introduction to work & meeting requirements, Time Management, Work management & prioritization, Quality & Standards Adherence,

Unit V
Work effectively with Colleagues (NOS 9002)

Introduction to work effectively, Team Work, Professionalism, Effective Communication skills, etc. NOS * National Occupational Standards

Text Books:
1. Student's Handbook for Associate Analytics.
2. Introduction to Scientific Programming and Simulation Using R, Owen Jones, Robert Maillardet and Andrew Robinson, Second Edition, CRC Press, 2014
3. A First Course in Statistical Programming with R, Braun W. J., Murdoch D. J.. — Cambridge University Press, 2007
4. Data Manipulation with R, Jaynal Abedin and Kishor Kumar Das, Second Edition, Packt publishing, BIRMINGHAM – MUMBAI.
5. Beginning R The Statistical Programming language- Mark Gardener, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 2012

Reference Books:
1. Introduction to Probability and Statistics Using R, ISBN: 978-0-557-24979-4, is a textbook written for an undergraduate course in probability and statistics.
2. An Introduction to R, by Venables and Smith and the R Development Core Team. This may be downloaded for free from the R Project website (http://www.r-project.org/, see Manuals). There are plenty of other free references available from the R Project website.
3. Time Series Analysis and Mining with R, Yanchang Zhao
4. Graphics for Statistics and Data Analysis with R – Kevin J. Keen, CRC Press, 2010
5. Data Analysis and Graphics Using R, Third Edition, John Maindonald, W. John Braun, Cambridge University Press, 2010
6. Exploratory Data Analysis with R – Roger D. Peng, Leanpub publications, 2015
7. Introduction to Probability and Statistics Using R, G. jay Kerns, First Edition, 2011
8. The Art of Data Science- A Guide for anyone Who Works with Data – Roger D. Peng and Elizabeth Matsui, Leanpub Publications, 2014
9. Montgomery, Douglas C., and George C. Runger, Applied statistics and probability for engineers. John Wiley & Sons, 2010.The Basic Concepts of Time Series Analysis. http://anson.ucdavis.edu/~azari/sta137/AuNotes.pdf

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15A05802   MOBILE COMPUTING
(MOOCS-II)

Course Objectives:
- Understand mobile ad hoc networks, design and implementation issues, and available solutions.
- Acquire knowledge of sensor networks and their characteristics.

Course Outcomes:
- Students able to use mobile computing more effectively
- Students gain understanding of the current topics in MANETs and WSNs, both from an industry and research point of views.
- Acquire skills to design and implement a basic mobile ad hoc or wireless sensor network via simulations.

UNIT-I:
Wireless LANS and PANS: Introduction, Fundamentals of WLANS, IEEE 802.11 Standards, HIPERLAN Standard, Bluetooth, Home RF.
Wireless Internet:
Wireless Internet, Mobile IP, TCP in Wireless Domain, WAP, Optimizing Web over Wireless.

UNIT-II:
AD HOC Wireless Networks: Introduction, Issues in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, AD Hoc Wireless Internet.
MAC Protocols for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks: Introduction, Issues in Designing a MAC protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Design goals of a MAC Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classifications of MAC Protocols, Contention - Based Protocols, Contention - Based Protocols with reservation Mechanisms, Contention – Based MAC Protocols with Scheduling Mechanisms, MAC Protocols that use Directional Antennas, Other MAC Protocols.

UNIT -III:
Routing Protocols: Introduction, Issues in Designing a Routing Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classification of Routing Protocols, Table –Driven Routing Protocols, On – Demand
Routing Protocols, Hybrid Routing Protocols, Routing Protocols with Efficient Flooding Mechanisms, Hierarchical Routing Protocols, Power – Aware Routing Protocols.

R15

Transport Layer and Security Protocols: Introduction, Issues in Designing a Transport Layer Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Design Goals of a Transport Layer Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classification of Transport Layer Solutions, TCP Over Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Other Transport Layer Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Security in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Network Security Requirements, Issues and Challenges in Security Provisioning, Network Security Attacks, Key Management, Secure Routing in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks.

UNIT –IV:
Quality of Service: Introduction, Issues and Challenges in Providing QoS in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classification of QoS Solutions, MAC Layer Solutions, Network Layer Solutions, QoS Frameworks for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks.
Energy Management: Introduction, Need for Energy Management in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classification of Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Battery Management Schemes, Transmission Power Management Schemes, System Power Management Schemes.

UNIT –V:
Wireless Sensor Networks: Introduction, Sensor Network Architecture, Data Dissemination, Data Gathering, MAC Protocols for Sensor Networks, Location Discovery, Quality of a Sensor Network, Evolving Standards, Other Issues.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Ad Hoc Wireless Networks: Architectures and Protocols - C. Siva Ram Murthy and B.S.Manoj, PHI, 2004.
2. Wireless Ad- hoc and Sensor Networks: Protocols, Performance and Control - Jagannathan Sarangapani, CRC Press

REFERENCE BOOKS:
1. Ad hoc Mobile Wireless Networks – Subir Kumar sarkar, T G Basvaraju, C Puttamadappa, Auerbach Publications,2012.
2. Wireless Sensor Networks - C. S. Raghavendra, Krishna M. Sivalingam, 2004, Springer.
3. Ad- Hoc Mobile Wireless Networks: Protocols & Systems, C.K. Toh , Pearson Education.

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	L	**T**	**P**	**C**
B. Tech IV-II Sem. (CSE)	**3**	**1**	**0**	**3**

15A05803   INNOVATIONS AND IT MANAGEMENT
(MOOCS-II)

Course Objectives:
- Understand the rule of information technology in businesses, in state or central government departments and in remote parts of India.
- Understand the future of information systems and the manner in which they are shaping the world around us.
- Understand the Ethical and Social issues concerning information systems.

Course Outcomes:
- Ability to do Business over the Internet.
- Ability to solve Business problems by applying analytics.
- Ability to use ICT to participate in Democratic process.

Unit-1:
Organisations and Information Systems: Modern organization, Information systems in organisations, The role of Internet, , Managing in the Internet Era, Managing Information Systems in Organisations, Challenges for the Manager. **Concepts of MIS:** Data and information, Information as a Resource, Information in Organisational Functions, Types of Information Technology, Types of Information Systems, Decision Making with MIS, Communication in Organisations. **Information systems and Management Strategy:** The Competitive environment of Business, Using IT for Competing, Information goods, Information systems and competitive Strategy.

Unit- 2:E-Commerce technology, HTML and E-mail, Business over the Internet, E-Business, E-Governance. **Managing Information Systems:** Challenges of managing the IT Function, Vendor Management, The role of CIO, Ethical Issues, and Social Issues.

Unit- 3: Infrastructure of IT: What is IT Infrastructure, IT infrastructure Decisions, Infrastructure components, networks, solutions, cloud computing, Virtualization, Enterprise systems, IT Outsourcing, Networks in organisation and what has to be managed. **Information systems security and control:** Threats to the organization, Technologies for handling security, managing security.

Unit- 4: Analysis of Business Process, Business Process Integration, Motivation for Enterprise systems (ES), Supply chain management systems, Customer Relationship

Management systems, Challenges for ES implementations, International Information systems, Decision support systems (DSS), Components of DSS, Analytical and Business Intelligence, Knowledge Management.

Unit-5: ICT Development, Types of ICT interventions, Examples, E-Governance concepts, E-Government, E-Participation, Social Dynamics of the internet, Services of the Internet, Technology of the Internet, Social Issues, Social networks in the Enterprise, concept of open source software, open source licences, open source in business and Government, open Data Standards and the open community.

Text book:
1. "MIS: Managing information Systems and in Business, Government and Society" Rahul De, Wiley publications.

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B. Tech IV-II Sem. (CSE)	**3**	**1**	**0**	**3**

15A05804   BUILDING LARGE SCALE SOFTWARE SYSTEMS
(MOOCS-III)

Course Objectives:
- To introduce the architecture of large c programs.
- To introduce the concept Case study for design of large C programs using Linux kernel.
- To introduce the tools, technologies & programming languages.

Course Outcomes:
- Student able to understand coupling and cohesion
- Student able to design large c and c++ programs using Linux kernel
- Student able to understand how to design Linux kernel
- Ability to solve various problems related to Object Oriented Software using patterns

Unit I: Architecture of Large C Programs : Coupling and Cohesion concepts , types of cohesion functional, sequential, procedural, temporal, logical and coincidental; types of coupling – data,stamp, control, common, content coupling.

Unit II: Designing Large C programs having good cohesion and coupling; C modules-notion of separate compilation; Case study for design of large C programs using linux kernel.

Unit III: Tools for building large programs – version control using git and building large programs using make – bug tracking systems – bugzilla.

Unit IV: Building Large C++ programs – Architecture of Large C ++ programs – Coupling and Cohesion of C++ programs, Metrics for measuring the quality of C++ programs, Chidamber and Krammer. Metric suite- MOOD metrics – improving the design of C++ programs; Case study of redesigning Linux kernel into Minimalistic Object Oriented Linux (MOOL).

Unit V: Pattern Oriented Software Architecture: Building object oriented programs using design patterns identification of design patterns in source code- refactoring existing programs into design pattern based programs- case studies of building software with design patterns.

Text Books:

1. D. Janakiram, "Building Large Scale Software Systems", McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
2. John Lakos , "Large-Scale C++ Software Design", Addison Wesley, 1996.

References:

1. Scott W. Ambler, Barbara Hanscome, "Process Patterns: Building Large-Scale Systems Using Object Technology", 1st Edition, Camebridge University Press, 1998.
2. Peter van der Linden, "Expert C Programming: Deep C Secrets 1st Edition", Prentice Hall.
3 . Andrei Alexandrescu, "Modern C++ Design: Generic Programming and Design Patterns Applied", 1st Edition, Addison Wesley, 2011.

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B. Tech IV-II Sem. (CSE)	**3**	**1**	**0**	**3**

15A05805   ENABLING TECHNOLOGIES FOR DATA SCIENCE & ANALYTICS: IoT

Course objectives:

- Students will be explored to the interconnection and integration of the physical world and the cyber space. They are also able to design & develop IoT Devices.

Course Outcomes:

- Able to understand the application areas of IoT
- Able to realize the revolution of Internet in Mobile Devices, Cloud & Sensor Networks
- Able to understand building blocks of Internet of Things and characteristics.

UNIT I: Introduction to Internet of Things
Introduction, Physical Design of IoT, Logical Design of IoT, IoT Enabling Technologies**.**
Domain Specific IoTs
Introduction, Home Automation, cities, Environment, Retail, Agriculture, Industry, Health & Lifestyle.

UNIT II:
 IoT and M2M
Introduction, M2M, Difference between IoT and M2M, SDN and NFV for IoT.
IoT System Management with NETCONF-YANG
 Need for IoT Systems Management, Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), Network Operator requirements, NETCONF, YANG, IoT System Management with NETCONF-YANG.

UNIT III: Developing Internet of Things
Introduction, IoT Design Methodology, Case Study on IoT System for Weather Monitoring.
Case Studies Illustrating IoT Design:
Introduction, Home Automation, Cities, Environment, Agriculture, Productivity Applications.

UNIT IV
Advanced Topics:
Introduction, Apache Hadoop, Using Hadoop Map Reduce for Batch Data Analysis.

IEEE 802.15.4:
The IEEE 802 committee family of protocols, The physical layer, The Media Access
control layer, Uses of 802.15.4, The Future of 802.15.4: 802.15.4e and 802.15.4g.

UNIT V:
ZigBee:
Development of the standard, ZigBee Architecture, Association, The ZigBee network
layer, The ZigBee APS Layer, The ZigBee Devices Object (ZDO) and the ZigBee
Device Profile (ZDP), Zigbee Security, The ZigBee Cluster Library (ZCL), ZigBee
Applications profiles, The ZigBee Gateway Specifications for network devices.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Internet of Things a Hands-on Approach by Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti.
University Press.
2. The Internet of Things key applications and protocols by Oliver Hersent, David
Boswarthick and Omar elloumi, Wiley Student Edition.

REFFERENCE BOOOKS:
1. Internet of Things: Architecture, Design Principles and Applications by Raj Kamal
MCGraw Hill Edition.

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B. Tech IV-II Sem. (CSE)	3	1	0	3

15A05806   CYBER SECURITY
(MOOCS-III)

Course Objectives:
- Appraise the current structure of cyber security roles across the DoD enterprise, including the roles and responsibilities of the relevant organizations.
- Evaluate the trends and patterns that will determine the future state of cyber security

Course Out comes:
- Analyze threats and risks within context of the cyber security architecture
- Appraise cyber security incidents to apply appropriate response
- Evaluate decision making outcomes of cyber security scenarios

Unit-I

Cyber crime: Mobile and Wireless devices-Trend mobility-authentication service security-Attacks on mobile phones-mobile phone security Implications for organizations-Organizational measurement for Handling mobile-Security policies and measures in mobile computing era. Cases.

Unit-II

Tools and methods used in cyber crime-Proxy servers and Anonymizers-PhishingPassword cracking-Key loggers and Spy wares-Virus and worms-Trojan Horse and Backdoors-Steganography-SQL Injection-Buffer overflow-Attacks on wireless network. Cases.

Unit-III

Understanding computer forensic-Historical background of cyber forensicForensic analysis of e-mail-Digital forensic life cycle-Network forensic-Setting up a computer forensic Laboratory-Relevance of the OSI 7 Layer model to computer Forensic-Computer forensic from compliance perspectives. Cases.

Unit-IV

Forensic of Hand –Held Devices-Understanding cell phone working characteristics-Hand-Held devices and digital forensic- Toolkits for Hand-Held device-Forensic of i-pod and digital music devices-Techno legal Challenges with evidence from hand-held Devices. Cases.

Unit-V
Cyber Security –Organizational implications-cost of cybercrimes and IPR issues Web threats for organizations: the evils and Perils-Social media marketing Security and privacy Implications-Protecting people privacy in the organizations Forensic best practices for organizations. Cases.

Text book:
1. Nina Godbole & Sunit Belapure "Cyber Security", Wiley India, 2012.

REFERENCES:
1. Harish Chander, "cyber laws & IT protection", PHI learning pvt.ltd, 2012.
2. Dhiren R Patel, "Information security theory & practice",PHI learning pvt ltd,2010.
3. MS.M.K.Geetha & Ms.Swapne Raman"Cyber Crimes and Fraud Management, "MACMILLAN,2012. Pankaj Agarwal : Information Security& Cyber Laws (Acme Learning), Excel, 2013.
4. Vivek Sood, Cyber Law Simplified, TMH, 2012.