

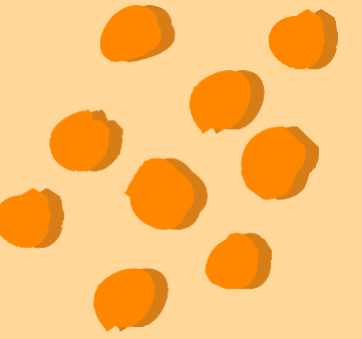
# **PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS USING MYSQL**

**A Data-driven Approach to Understand Pizza Sales Patterns**

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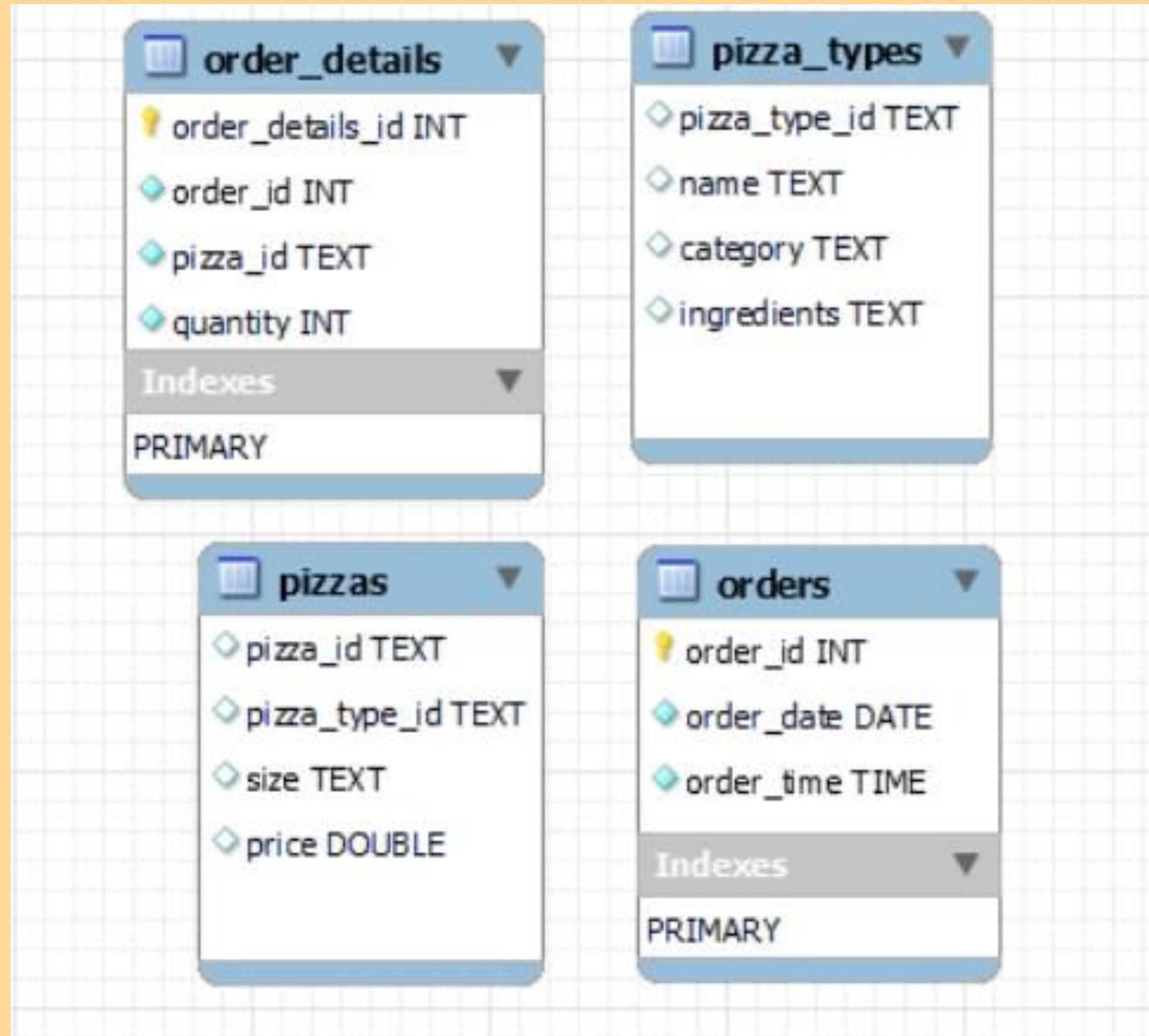
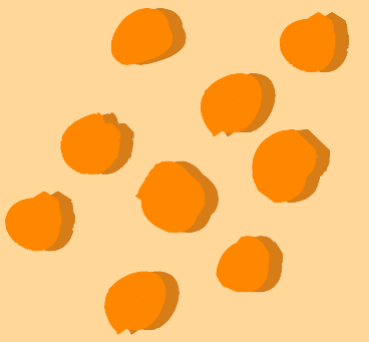


**HELLO LINKEDIN COMMUNITY!!!**

**I am excited to share My new project on Pizza Sales And Order  
Analysis using MySQL !!!**



# ER DIAGRAM





# 1. RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED



```
SELECT
```

```
  COUNT(order_id) as total_orders
```

```
FROM
```

```
orders AS total_orders;
```

Result Grid


	total_orders
▶	21350





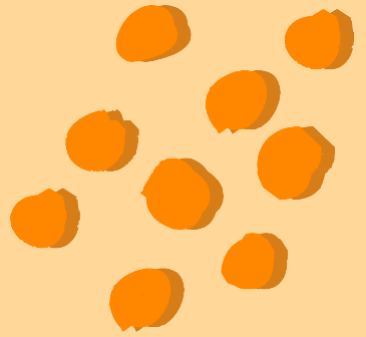
## 2.CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
          2) AS total_revenue  
FROM  
    order_details  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id;
```



Result Grid

	total_revenue
▶	817860.05



### 3.IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```



Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	price	
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95	





## 4.IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED

```
select pizzas.size, count(order_details.order_details_id) as order_count
from pizzas join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizzas.size
order by order_count desc limit 1;
```





Result Grid			Filter R
	size	order_count	
▶	L	18526	





## 5.IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED

```
select pizzas.size, count(order_details.order_details_id) as order_count
from pizzas join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizzas.size
order by order_count desc;
```



	size	order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28





## 6.LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES



```
select pizza_types.name , sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details on
order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.name
order by quantity desc limit 5;
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows:

	name	quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371





## 7. JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS total_quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY total_quantity DESC;
```

category	total_quantity
Classic	14888
Supreme	11987
Veggie	11649
Chicken	11050





# 8.DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY

```
SELECT
    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY hour
ORDER BY hour;
```

	hour	total_orders
▶	9	1
	10	8
	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455

	hour	total_orders
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399

	hour	total_orders
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28







## 9. JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS



```
select category, count(name) from pizza_types  
group by category;
```

	category	count(name)
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9



# 10.GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_pizzas_per_day  
FROM  
    (  
        SELECT  
            orders.order_date AS date,  
            SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity  
        FROM  
            order_details  
        JOIN orders ON order_details.order_id = orders.order_id  
        GROUP BY date) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid	
	avg_pizzas_per_day
▶	138

# 11.DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```


Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	revenue	
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	



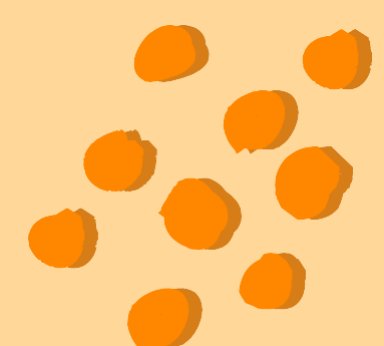
# 12.CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category as category,
    round((SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)/(SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
        2) AS total_revenue
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id))* 100,2) as contribution
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY category
ORDER BY contribution desc;
```



Result Grid     Filter R		
	category	contribution
▶	Classic	26.91
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96
	Veggie	23.68



## 13. ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.



```
select order_date, sum(revenue) over (order by order_date) as cumulative_rev
from
(SELECT
  orders.order_date,
  SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
  order_details
  JOIN
  orders ON order_details.order_id = orders.order_id
  JOIN
  pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY orders.order_date) as sales;
```







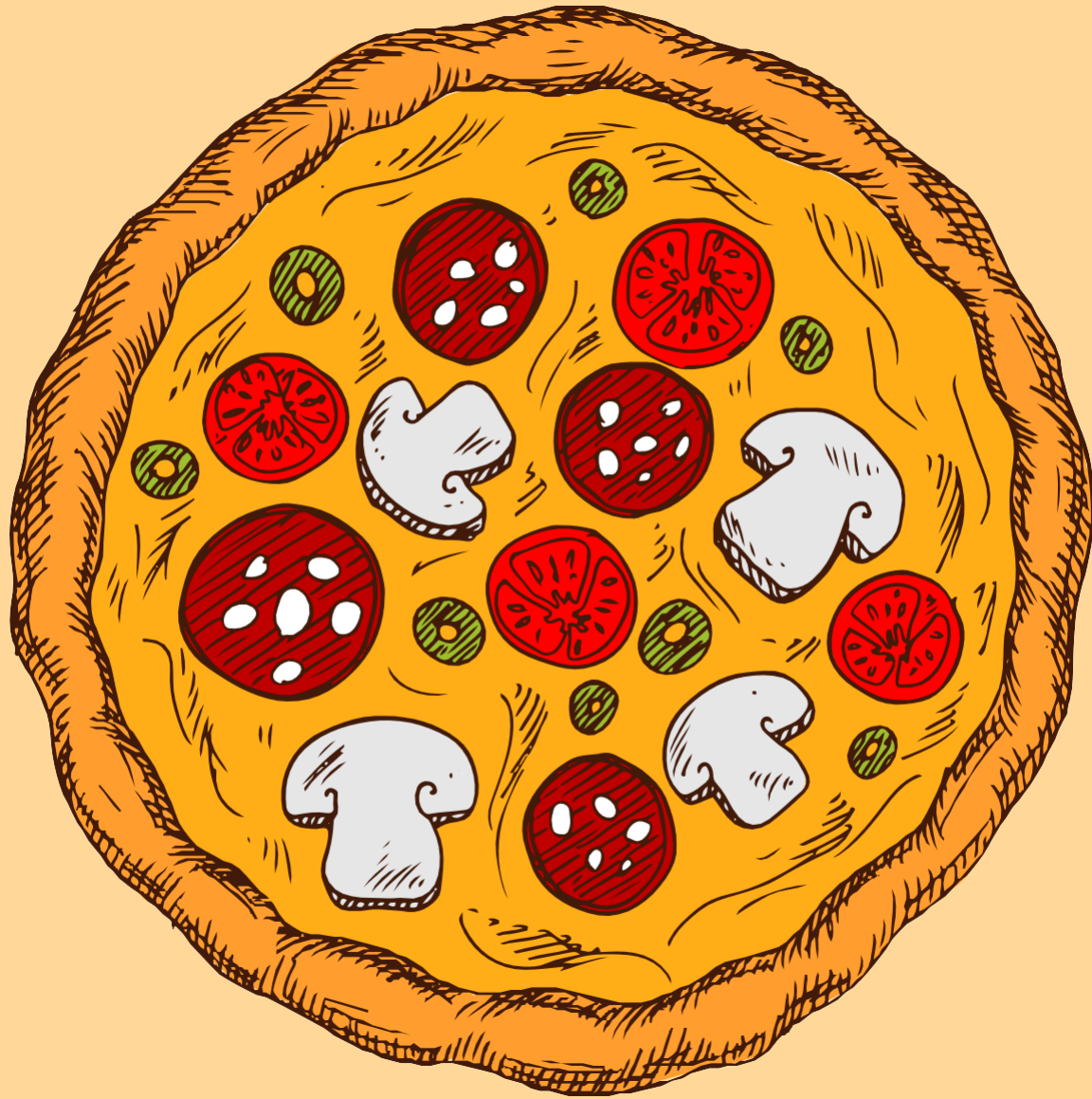
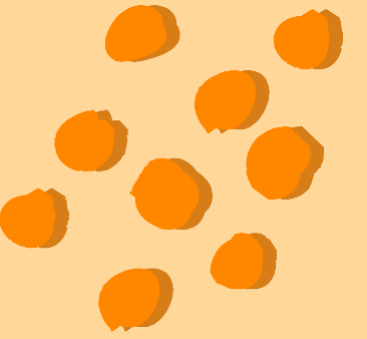


## 14.DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

```
select name, revenue from
(select category,name, revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types
join
pizzas on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join
order_details on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn<=3;
```







Hope you liked it!

**THANK  
YOU**

