GE23131-Programming Using C-2024



Status Finished
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Question **1**Correct
Marked out of 3.00

F Flag question

Write a program to input a name (as a single character) and marks of three tests as m1, m2, a marks have been given in integer format.

Now, you need to calculate the average of the given marks and print it along with the name $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$

All the test marks are in integers and hence calculate the average in integer as well. That is, y_{α} only and neglect the decimal part.

Input format:

Line 1 : Name(Single character)

Line 2: Marks scored in the 3 tests separated by single space.

Output format:

First line of output prints the name of the student. Second line of the output prints the average mark.

Constraints

Marks for each student lie in the range 0 to 100 (both inclusive)

Sample Input 1 :

Α

3 4 6

Sample Output 1:

Α

4

Sample Input 2 :

Τ

738

Sample Output 2:

Τ

6

REC-CIS

```
char ch;
char ch;
int a,b,c,d;
scanf("%c",&ch);
scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
d=(a+b+c)/3;
printf("%c\n%d",ch,d);
return 0;
}
```

Input	Expected	Got
A	A	A
3 4 6	4	4
T	T	T
7 3 8	6	6
R	R	R
0 100 99	66	66

Passed all tests!

Question ${f 2}$

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

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Some C data types, their format specifiers, and their most common bit widths are as follows:

- · Int ("%d"): 32 Bit integer
- · Long ("%ld"): 64 bit integer
- · Char ("%c"): Character type
- · Float ("%f"): 32 bit real value
- · Double ("%lf"): 64 bit real value

Reading

To read a data type, use the following syntax:

scanf("`format_specifier`", &val)

For example, to read a character followed by a double:

char ch;

double d;

scanf("%c %lf", &ch, &d);

For the moment, we can ignore the spacing between format specifiers.

Printing

To print a data type, use the following syntax:

printf("`format_specifier`", val)

For example, to print a *character* followed by a *double*:

char ch = 'd';

double d = 234.432;

printf("%c %lf", ch, d);

Note: You can also use *cin* and *cout* instead of *scanf* and *printf*; however, if you are taking a n lines, it is faster to use *scanf* and *printf*.

Input Format

REC-CIS

Print each element on a new line in the same order it was received as input. Note that the flo decimal places and the double to 9 decimal places.

Sample Input

3 12345678912345 a 334.23 14049.30493

Sample Output

3

12345678912345

а

334.230

14049.304930000

Explanation

Print int 3,

followed by long 12345678912345,

followed by char a,

followed by float 334.23,

followed by double 14049.30493.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include <stdio.h>
    int main(){
3
        int a;
4
        long b;
5
        char c;
        float d;
6
        double e;
8
        scanf("%d %ld %c %f %lf",&a,&b,&c,&d,&e);
        printf("%d\n%ld\n%c\n%.3f\n%.91f",a,b,c,d,e);
9
10
        return 0;
11 }
```

Input	Expected	Got
3 12345678912345 a 334.23 14049.30493	3 12345678912345 a 334.230 14049.304930000	3 12345678912345 a 334.230 14049.304930000

Passed all tests!

Question **3**Correct
Marked out of 7.00

F Flag question

Write a program to print the ASCII value and the two adjacent characters of the given characters

Input

Ε

Output

REC-CIS



Passed all tests!