

27/11/20 Lab 7 - Sort, Reverse, Concat. List

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

struct node {
    int data;
    struct node* next;
};

struct node* head = NULL;
struct node* head2 = NULL;
int c = 0;

void Insert() {
    struct node* newnode, *temp;
    int n;
    printf("Enter integer : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    newnode = (struct node*) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->data = n;
    if (head == NULL) {
        newnode->next = NULL;
        head = newnode;
        c++;
    } else {
        temp = head;
        while (temp->next != NULL) {
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        temp->next = newnode;
    }
}
```

`newnode -> next = NULL;`

`C++;`

`void Insert2() {`

`struct node *temp, *newnode;`

`int n, y;`

`printf ("Enter elements to create list: 2\n");`

`do {`

`printf ("Enter integer : \n");`

`scanf ("%d", &n);`

`newnode = (struct node *) malloc (sizeof (struct node));`

`newnode -> data = n;`

`if (head == NULL)`

`{ newnode -> next = NULL;`

`head = newnode;`

`C++;`

`}`

`else {`

`temp = head;`

`while (temp -> next != NULL)`

`{ temp = temp -> next;`

`temp -> next = newnode;`

`newnode -> next = NULL;`

`C++;`

`}`

`printf ("Press any number to continue creating list`

(2)

```

y=0 to terminate '\n');
scanf("%d", &y);
if(y!=0);
}

```

```

void Sort()
{
    int swap, i;
    struct node *ptr1, *lptr=NULL; // lptr = previous
    if(head==NULL)
        return;
    do {
        swap=0;
        ptr1=head;
        while(ptr1->next!=lptr) {
            if(ptr1->data > ptr1->next->data) {
                int temp=ptr1->data;
                ptr1->data=ptr1->next->data;
                ptr1->next->data=temp;
                swap=1;
            }
            ptr1=ptr1->next;
        }
        lptr=ptr1;
    } while(swap);
}

```

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(3)

```
void Reverse()
```

```
struct node * prev=NULL, *current=head; *next=NULL;
while (current != NULL)
```

```
    next = current->next;
```

```
    current->next = prev;
```

```
    prev = current;
```

```
    current = next;
```

```
}
```

```
head = prev;
```

```
}
```

```
void concat()
```

```
{ struct node *ptr;
```

```
if (head == NULL)
```

```
{ head = head2;
```

```
}
```

```
if (head2 != NULL)
```

```
{ head2 = head;
```

```
}
```

```
ptr = head;
```

```
while (ptr->next != NULL)
```

```
    ptr = ptr->next;
```

```
    ptr->next = head2;
```

```
}
```

```
void display()
```

```
{ struct node *ptr;
```

```
ptr = head;
```

```
int i=1;
```

```

if (ptr == NULL)
{
    printf ("List is empty \n");
}

else {
    while (ptr != NULL) {
        printf ("%d", ptr->data);
        i++;
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
}
}

void display2()
{
    struct node *ptr;
    ptr = head2;
    int i=1;

    if (ptr==NULL)
    {
        printf ("List is empty \n");
    }

    else {
        while(ptr!=NULL)
        {
            printf ("%d", ptr->data);
            printf ("\n");
            i++;
            ptr = ptr->next;
        }
    }
}

```

```
int main()
{
    int choice, pos;
    do {
        printf("1. Insert 2. Sort 3. Reverse 4.\n"
               "Concatenate 2 lists 5. Exit\n");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice) {
            case 1: Insert();
                      break;
            case 2: Sort();
                      display1(); break;
            case 3: Reverse();
                      display1(); break;
            case 4: Insert2();
                      concat();
                      display1(); break;
            case 5: exit(0);
                      break;
        }
    } while (choice != 5);
    return 0;
}
```