

11/12/2020

## Lab 8 - Stack & Queue using Linked List

1BM19CS006

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void push();
void pop();
void display();
struct node {
    int data;
    struct node * next;
};
struct node * top = NULL;
```

```
int main()
{
```

```
    int choice;
```

```
    do {
```

```
        printf("\n1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Exit");
```

```
        printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &choice);
```

```
        switch(choice)
```

```
        {
            case 1: push();
                    break;
```

```
            case 2: pop pop();
                    break;
```

```
            case 3: display();
                    break;
```

```
            case 4: exit(0);
                    }
        }
```

```

} while (choice != 4);
return 0;
}

```

```

void push()
{

```

```

    int item;

```

```

    struct node *newnode;

```

```

    printf("Enter element\n");

```

```

    scanf("%d", &item);

```

```

    newnode = (struct node*) malloc(sizeof(struct node));

```

```

    newnode->data = item;

```

```

    newnode->next = NULL;

```

```

    if (top == NULL)

```

```

        top = newnode;

```

```

    else

```

```

        newnode->next = top;

```

```

        top = newnode;

```

```

    }

```

```

void pop()
{

```

```

    if (top == NULL)

```

```

        printf("Stack is empty\n");

```

```

    else

```

```

    { printf("Element removed is %d", top->data);

```

```

      top = top->next;

```

```

    }

```

```

}

```



IBM19CS006

```
void display()
```

```
{  
    struct node *temp;
```

```
    temp = top;
```

```
    if (top == NULL)
```

```
        printf("Stack is empty\n");
```

```
    while (temp != NULL)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("%d\t", temp->data);
```

```
        temp = temp->next;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```