# Assignment 2: SQL - Connected Components and PageRank

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```
CREATE PROCEDURE ConnectedComponent AS
BEGIN
  DECLARE @Current INT;
  DECLARE @CurrCompID INT = 1;
  DROP TABLE IF EXISTS CurrComp;
  CREATE TABLE CurrComp (NodeID INT PRIMARY KEY);
  DROP TABLE IF EXISTS NewPapers;
  CREATE TABLE NewPapers (ID INT);
  DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Components;
  CREATE TABLE Components(CompID INT, NodeID INT);
  DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Visited;
  CREATE TABLE Visited(NodeID INT PRIMARY KEY);
  -- Add unique papers into newpapers
  INSERT INTO NewPapers
  SELECT DISTINCT paperID AS ID FROM edges
  UNION
  SELECT DISTINCT citedPaperID AS ID FROM edges;
  -- Using cursor for bfs
  DECLARE node cursor CURSOR FOR SELECT ID FROM NewPapers;
  OPEN node_cursor;
  FETCH NEXT FROM node_cursor INTO @Current;
  -- LOOP TO IDENTIFY COMPONENTS
  WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
  BEGIN
    IF NOT EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM Visited WHERE NodeID = @Current)
    BEGIN
      TRUNCATE TABLE CurrComp;
      INSERT INTO CurrComp (NodeID) VALUES (@Current);
```

```
WHILE 1 = 1
      BEGIN
        INSERT INTO CurrComp (NodeID)
          SELECT e.paperID
          FROM edges e
          WHERE EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM CurrComp cc WHERE cc.NodeID =
e.citedPaperID)
            AND NOT EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM CurrComp cc WHERE cc.NodeID =
e.paperID)
          UNION
          SELECT e.citedPaperID
          FROM edges e
          WHERE EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM CurrComp cc WHERE cc.NodeID =
e.paperID)
            AND NOT EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM CurrComp cc WHERE cc.NodeID =
e.citedPaperID)
        );
        IF @@ROWCOUNT = 0 BREAK;
      END
      INSERT INTO Components (CompID, NodeID)
      SELECT @CurrCompID, NodeID FROM CurrComp;
      INSERT INTO Visited (NodeID)
      SELECT NodeID FROM CurrComp;
      SET @CurrCompID = @CurrCompID + 1;
    END
    FETCH NEXT FROM node cursor INTO @Current;
  END
  CLOSE node_cursor;
  DEALLOCATE node cursor;
  WITH complist AS (
    SELECT CompID, COUNT(*) AS numComp
    FROM Components
    GROUP BY CompID
    HAVING COUNT(*) > 4 AND COUNT(*) <= 10
  SELECT c.CompID, d.NodeID AS PaperID, n.paperTitle
```

FROM complist c
JOIN Components d ON d.CompID = c.CompID
JOIN nodes n ON n.paperID = d.NodeID
ORDER BY c.CompID ASC;
END:

# EXEC ConnectedComponent;

### Final Output:

2,9509135, Classical and Quantum Mechanics of Non-Abelian Chern-Simons Particles

2,304155, Exact String-like Solutions of the Gauged Nonlinear O(3) Model

2,9805010,On the Gauged Non-compact Spin System

2,9507015, Topological and Nontopological Solitons in a Gauged O(3) Sigma Model

2,9703185,N=2 Supersymmetric Gauged O(3) Sigma Model

2,9506015, Statistical Mechanics of Non-Abelian Chern-Simons Particles

2,9303080, Non-Abelian Chern-Simons Quantum Mechanics

2,9707150,Bogomolnyi Solitons and Hermitian Symmetric Spaces

16,9502105,FIELD THEORETICAL AND QUANTUM MECHANICAL DESCRIPTIONS OF COLLIDING AND

16,9703200, The Low Energy Limit of the Chern-Simons Theory Coupled to Fermions

16,9402020, Perturbative Bosonic End Anyon Spectra and Contact Interactions

16,7080, Relativistic scalar Aharonov-Bohm scattering

16,9703090, Perturbative Expansion in the Galilean Invariant Spin One-Half

16,9603185,The Aharonov-Bohm scattering: the role of the incident wave

16,9510085, Calculation of the Aharonov-Bohm wave function

16,9906170, Radiative Corrections to the Aharonov-Bohm Scattering

16,9411175, Aharonov-Bohm Scattering of a Localized Wave Packet: Analysis of the

16,9710025, On the Nonrelativistic Limit of the Scattering of Spin One-half

19,9212110, Three Dimensional Chern-Simons Theory as a Theory of Knots and Links III

19,9812105, Vassiliev Invariants in the Context of Chern-Simons Gauge Theory

19,9312215, Knot invariants from rational conformal field theories

19,9401095, Chirality of Knots 9 {42} and 10 {71} and Chern-Simons Theory

19,9607030, Vassiliev Invariants for Links from Chern-Simons Perturbation Theory

19,9807155, Combinatorial Formulae for Vassiliev Invariants from Chern-Simons Gauge

30,9706080, Moving Frames Hierarchy and BF Theory

30,9712255, Chiral solitons from dimensional reduction of Chern-Simons gauged

30,9709075, Chiral solitons from dimensional reduction of Chern-Simons gauged

30,9611185, A Nonrelativistic Chiral Soliton in One Dimension

30,9507110,Calogero-Sutherland model from excitations of Chern-Simons vortices

43,9904055, Finiteness following from underlying theory: a natural strategy

43,9906015,Two- and Three-particle States in a Nonrelativistic Four-fermion Model

43,9412050, Generalised Point Interactions for the Radial Schrodinger Equation via

43,5195,A differential equation approach for examining the subtraction schemes

43,3255, Dimensional Transmutation and Dimensional Regularization in Quantum

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43,9511010, The regulated four parameter one dimensional point interaction
43,9706070, Non-perturbative regularization and renormalization: simple examples
48,8110,Understanding Skyrmions using Rational Maps
48,12215, Solitonic fullerene structures in light atomic nuclei
48,9904160, Spherically Symmetric Solutions of the SU(N) Skyrme Models
48,206160,Skyrmed Monopoles
48,210310, Homotopy of Rational Maps and the Quantization of Skyrmions
63,9611150,Dimensional Renormalization in phi<sup>3</sup> theory: ladders and rainbows
63,9805025, A dilogarithmic 3-dimensional Ising tetrahedron
63,9612010, Weight Systems from Feynman Diagrams
63,9712140, Non-zeta knots in the renormalization of the Wess-Zumino model?
63,9807125, How useful can knot and number theory be for loop calculations?
141,9511210, Modular Invariance and the Odderon
141,9508025, Quasiclassical QCD Pomeron
141,9802100, Solution of the Odderon Problem
141,9611025, Direct solution of the hard pomeron problem for arbitrary conformal
141,9805135, New Results on the Odderon in QCD
-- Pagerank
CREATE PROCEDURE PageRank AS
BEGIN
  DECLARE @Numnode INT;
  DECLARE @Damp FLOAT = 0.85;
  DECLARE @Conv FLOAT = 0.01;
  DECLARE @Iter INT = 0;
  DECLARE @Delta FLOAT = 0;
  SELECT @Numnode = COUNT(DISTINCT PaperID) FROM nodes;
  -- Create Page Rank Table
  CREATE TABLE #Pagerank (
  PaperID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  RankValue FLOAT
  );
  INSERT INTO #Pagerank (PaperID, RankValue)
  SELECT DISTINCT PaperID, 1.0 / @Numnode as RankValue
  FROM nodes:
  -- Remove Sink Nodes
  CREATE TABLE #edges clean (
    PaperID INT,
    CitedID INT
  );
```

```
INSERT INTO #edges_clean (PaperID, CitedID)
  SELECT e.PaperID, e.CitedPaperID
  FROM edges e
  UNION ALL
  SELECT sn.sink paperid AS PAPERID, nd.paperid AS CITEDPAPERID
  FROM (
    SELECT DISTINCT e.citedPaperID AS sink paperid
    FROM edges e
    WHERE e.citedPaperID NOT IN (
      SELECT DISTINCT e1.paperID
      FROM edges e1
      JOIN edges e2 ON e2.citedPaperID = e1.paperID
    )
  ) sn
  JOIN nodes nd ON sn.sink_paperid != no.paperID;
  -- Create #num citations table
  CREATE TABLE #num_cite (
    PaperID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    CiteNum INT
  );
  INSERT INTO #num cite (PaperID, CiteNum)
  SELECT paperID, COUNT(*) as Num_of_Citations
  FROM #edges clean
  GROUP BY paperID;
  -- Declare Table Variables
DECLARE @iteration_Pagerank TABLE (
  PaperID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  PageRank FLOAT
-- Recursive CTE for iteration
WITH RecursivePagerank AS (
  SELECT
    p.PaperID,
    ((1 - @dampingFactor) / @n) + (@dampingFactor * SUM(pr.PageRank / c.Citations)) AS
NewPageRank
  FROM
    #Pagerank p
  JOIN
    #edges_updated e ON e.citedPaperID = p.PaperID
```

);

```
JOIN
    #Pagerank pr ON pr.PaperID = e.PaperID
  JOIN
    #num_citations c ON c.PaperID = e.PaperID
  GROUP BY
    p.PaperID
PagerankDiff AS (
  SELECT
    SUM(ABS(pr.PageRank - r.NewPageRank)) AS Difference
  FROM
    #Pagerank pr
  JOIN
    RecursivePagerank r ON pr.PaperID = r.PaperID
INSERT INTO @iteration_Pagerank (PaperID, PageRank)
SELECT
  r.PaperID,
  r.NewPageRank
FROM
  RecursivePagerank r
CROSS JOIN
  PagerankDiff pd
WHERE
  pd.Difference > @convergenceThreshold;
-- Update #Pagerank in a single statement
UPDATE pr
SET
  pr.PageRank = ipr.PageRank
FROM
  #Pagerank pr
JOIN
  @iteration_Pagerank ipr ON pr.PaperID = ipr.PaperID;
-- Check for convergence
IF (SELECT TOP 1 Difference FROM PagerankDiff) <= @convergenceThreshold
BEGIN
  -- Convergence reached
  SET @iteration = @maxIterations;
END
ELSE
BEGIN
  -- Continue the iteration
```

```
SET @iteration = @iteration + 1;
  -- Truncate instead of DELETE
  TRUNCATE TABLE @iteration Pagerank;
END
-- Calculate sum once for better performance
DECLARE @Sum FLOAT;
SELECT @Sum = SUM(PageRank) FROM #Pagerank;
-- Select Top 10 results
SELECT TOP 10
  pr.PaperID,
  pr.PageRank / @Sum AS PageRank,
  n.paperTitle
FROM
  #Pagerank pr
JOIN
  nodes n ON n.paperID = pr.PaperID
ORDER BY
  pr.PageRank DESC;
```

## end

### Answer:

9504090,0.014724248584604112,Massless Black Holes and Conifolds in String Theory 9510135,0.014446305360815112,Bound States Of Strings And p-Branes 9711200,0.013647582829266357,The Large N Limit of Superconformal Field Theories and Supergravity 9802150,0.009697907266117285,Anti De Sitter Space And Holography 208020,0.008629895477463104,Open strings and their symmetry groups 9602065,0.007716301077518256,D--branes and Spinning Black Holes 9305185,0.007549767481589173,Duality Symmetries of 4D Heterotic Strings 9611050,0.007129378771709418,TASI Lectures on D-Branes 9501030,0.0058154548234567,Strong/Weak Coupling Duality from the Dual String 9602135,0.005416172003172842,Entropy and Temperature of Black 3-Branes