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DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Medicine:
CREATE TABLE Medicine(
   Hospital_name VARCHAR(100),
      Location VARCHAR(100),
      Department VARCHAR(100),
   Doctor_count INT,
      Patient_count INT,
      Admission_Date DATE,
      Discharge_date DATE,
   Medical_Expenses NUMERIC(10, 2)
);
SELECT * FROM Medicine;
--QUESTIONS
--Total Number of Patients;
  SELECT SUM(Patient_count) FROM Medicine;
--Average Number of Doctors per Hospital
   SELECT hospital_name, AVG(doctor_count) AS avg_count_doctors FROM Medicine
  GROUP BY hospital_name ;
-- TOP 3 Departments with Highest numbers of patients;
  SELECT SUM(patient_count), Department FROM Medicine
  GROUP BY Department
  ORDER BY SUM(patient_count) DESC
  LIMIT 3:
--Hospital with Maximum medical expenses;
  SELECT hospital_name, SUM(medical_expenses) FROM Medicine
  GROUP BY hospital_name
  ORDER BY SUM(medical_expenses) DESC
   LIMIT 1;
--Daily Average Medical Expenses;
   SELECT
    hospital_name,
   AVG(medical_expenses / (discharge_date - admission_date )) AS
avg_expense_per_day
FROM medicine
GROUP BY hospital_name;
--Longest Hospital Stay;
     SELECT
    hospital_name, Location, (discharge_date - admission_date ) AS
avg_expense_per_day
    FROM medicine
     ORDER BY avg_expense_per_day DESC
       LIMIT 1;
-- Total patients treated per city;
     SELECT location, SUM(patient_count) AS Patient_Total FROM Medicine
     GROUP BY location
       ORDER BY Patient_total DESC;
 --Average length of stay per department
     SELECT AVG(discharge_date - admission_date), department FROM Medicine
       GROUP BY department;
--Identify the department with the lowest number of patients
    SELECT SUM(Patient_count), department FROM Medicine
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GROUP BY Department
ORDER BY SUM(Patient_count) ASC
LIMIT 1;

--Monthly Medical Expenses report
SELECT
EXTRACT(YEAR FROM Discharge_Date) AS Year,
EXTRACT(MONTH FROM Discharge_Date) AS Month,
SUM(Medical_Expenses) AS Total_Expenses
FROM Medicine
GROUP BY Year, Month
ORDER BY Year ASC, Month ASC;

SELECT * FROM Medicine;