

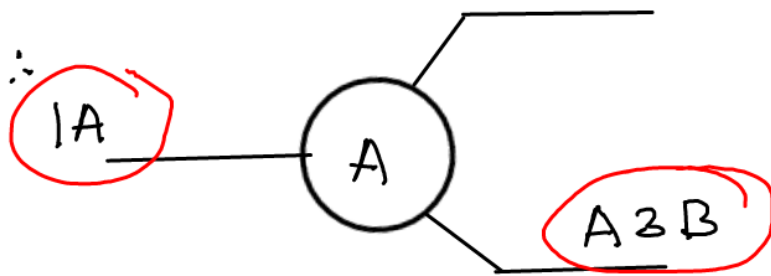
Demonstration for multiple processes.

Generic problem statement :- A mixture containing two components is poured to produce two streams. One of these streams is then mixed with a new stream containing the same 2 components, but in different proportion. This new mixture is then passed through another process. The output are two streams. One of these is the product.

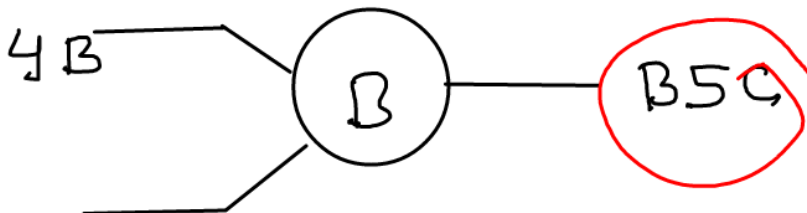
(Circled streams are those whose composition & the total amount are exactly known).

Solution (Assume steady state process).
Number of processes :- 3. Say, A (first)
& (mixing) and C (third).

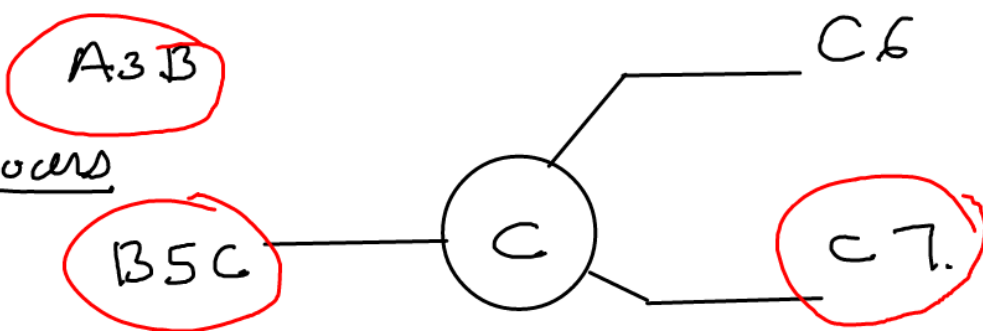
First process :-



Second process :-



Third process



The streams that are input & output for the entire system are. 1A, A2, 4B, C6, C7.

	1A	A2	A3B	4B	B3C	C6	C7
Total.	✓	X	✓	X	✓	X	✓
Component 1	✓	X	✓	X	✓	X	✓
Component 2	✓	X	✓	X	✓	X	✓

✓ \Rightarrow Known. X \Rightarrow Unknown.

NOTE \therefore In real solution, the table will be filled with values.

○ \Rightarrow The two unknowns can be expressed in terms of one variable.

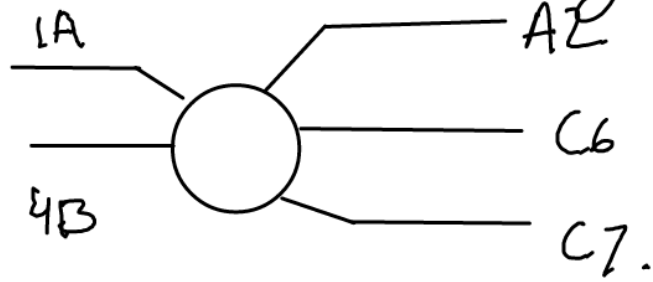
Total number of possible material balances \therefore
 $= 2 \times 4 = 8.$

Number of independent material balances
 $= 2 \times 3 = 6.$

Number of unknown variables = 6.
 \Rightarrow df for the overall system is 0 &.
 we can solve this problem.

'df' calculation for different processes:

Overall system (Only considering the inputs & outputs)



Independent equations = 2.

unknowns = 6

df = 4.

Process A : Equations = 2
Unknowns = 2
df = 0

Process B :- Equations = 2
Unknowns = 2
df = 0

Process C : Equations = 2.
Unknowns = 2
df = 0.

We should select the material balances of process A, B & C to perform calculations