

# AUP : Assignment - 3 [File Management]

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## Q1

Implement the program for the command: `./prog1 < foo.txt > bar.txt 2> bar1.txt`.

## Code

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3  #include <pwd.h>
4  #include <sys/types.h>
5  #include <sys/stat.h>
6  #include <unistd.h>
7  #include <fcntl.h>
8  #include <errno.h>
9  #include <dirent.h>
10
11  //argv 1 - foo.txt
12  // 2 - bar.txt
13  // 3 - bar1.txt
14
15  // ./prog1 < foo.txt > bar.txt 2>bar1.txt
16  //Meaning I understand
17  // take input from foo.txt to prog1
18  // redirect content of foo.txt to bar.txt
19  // if successfull content of foo.txt will get copied into bar.txt
20  // else error will be redirected to file bar1.txt as "2" represents "stderr"
21  int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
22      int fd1, fd2, fd3;
23      fd1 = open(argv[1], O_RDWR| O_CREAT, 0777);
24      fd2 = open(argv[2], O_RDWR | O_CREAT| O_APPEND, 0777);
25      fd3 = open(argv[3], O_RDWR | O_CREAT| O_APPEND, 0777);
26
27      //Take input from foo.txt into ./prog1 via STDIN
28      //dup2(fd1, 0);
29      close(0);
30      dup(fd1);
31      // close(fd1);
32
33      // fd1 = open(argv[1], O_RDWR| O_CREAT, 0777);
34      //Redirect content of foo.txt to bar.txt
35      if(dup2(fd2, fd1) == -1){
36          //redirect STDERR i.e. "2" to bar1.txt if above statement fails
37          dup2(fd3, 2);
38      }
39
40      close(fd1);
41      close(fd2);
42      close(fd3);
43
44      return 0;
45  }
46
```

## Q2

Create a directory with uid and gid as user1 and write permission to “others”. Create a new file in this directory by uid and gid as user2. Write a program which invokes functions: open, write, access and chmod on this file by user2. Print the uid and gid of the file and the directory. Also print all the time values of this file and the parent directory after each function call. Write details about your observation.

### Code

```
1
2  #include <stdio.h>
3  #include <stdlib.h>
4  #include <pwd.h>
5  #include <sys/types.h>
6  #include <sys/stat.h>
7  #include <unistd.h>
8  #include <fcntl.h>
9  #include <errno.h>
10 #include <dirent.h>
11 #include <string.h>
12
13 void time(struct stat buf, char* syscall){
14     printf("Time after %s syscall \n", syscall);
15     printf("a_time : %ld\t", buf.st_atime);
16     printf("c_time : %ld\t", buf.st_ctime);
17     printf("m_time : %ld\n", buf.st_mtime);
18 }
19
20 int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
21     int md;
22     //Create dir
23     md = mkdir(argv[1], 0777);
24
25     //Get path
26     char* PATH;
27     //char* PATH2;
28     long max;
29     max = pathconf("/", _PC_PATH_MAX);
30     PATH = (char*)malloc(max);
31     //PATH2 = (char*)malloc(max);
32     getcwd(PATH, max);
33     strcat(PATH, "/");
34     strcat(PATH, argv[1]);
35     if( chdir(PATH) == 0);
36     printf("PATH : %s\n", PATH);
37
38     //getcwd(PATH2, max);
39     //printf("After cat : %s\n",PATH2);
40
41
42     //now change ownership to user1 - chown
43     int set_u = atoi(argv[2]);
44     struct stat statv1;
45     if(stat(argv[1], &statv1) < 0)
46         perror("stat error");
47     chown(PATH, set_u, statv1.st_uid);
48
49
50     //now change mode o+w others write - chmod
51     if(chmod(PATH, S_IWOTH) < 0){
52         perror("chmod error");
53         exit(1);
54     }
55
56     //create a file inside that directory
57     int fd;
58     fd = mknod(argv[3], S_IFREG,0);
```

```

59     if(fd == 0)
60         printf("File created successfully\n");
61
62     //print uid & gid of file & dir
63     //argv[3] -> filename
64     struct stat buf;
65     if(stat(argv[3], &buf) < 0)
66         perror("stat error");
67
68     //change owner to user2
69     int setuf = atoi(argv[4]);
70     chown(PATH, setuf, buf.st_uid);
71
72     printf("File uid : %d\t File gid : %d\n", buf.st_uid, buf.st_gid);
73     printf("Dir uid : %d\t Dir gid : %d\n", statv1.st_uid, statv1.st_gid);
74
75     //open file/
76     fd = open(argv[3], O_RDWR | O_CREAT);
77     if(fd == -1)
78         perror("Open fail");
79     time(buf, "open");
80
81     //write into file
82     int size = write(fd, "Hello Aditi\n", strlen("Hello Aditi\n"));
83     time(buf, "write");
84
85     //access file
86     int acc = access(argv[3], F_OK);
87     if(acc == -1)
88         perror("Error:");
89     time(buf, "access");
90
91     //chmod file
92     char mode[] = "0777";
93     int i;
94     i = strtol(mode, 0, 8);
95     if(chmod (PATH, i) < 0)
96         perror("Error");
97
98     time(buf, "chmod");
99
100     return 0;
101 }

```

## Explanation

- Access time of file is updated when file is opened for reading the contents of file.
- Change time of file is updated when file is executing chown & chmod functionalities.
- Modification time is updated when file is opened for writing contents into the file.

## Output

```

hp@aditi:~/Desktop/BTech/AUP/LAB/prac$ ./a.out amd user1 test user2
PATH : /home/hp/Desktop/BTech/AUP/LAB/prac/amd
File uid : 1002 File gid : 1002
Dir uid : 1001 Dir gid : 1001
Time after open syscall
a_time : 1631514589 c_time : 1631514589 m_time : 1631514589
Time after write syscall
a_time : 1631514589 c_time : 1631514589 m_time : 1631514589
Time after access syscall
a_time : 1631514589 c_time : 1631514589 m_time : 1631514589
Error: Operation not permitted
Time after chmod syscall
a_time : 1631514589 c_time : 1631514589 m_time : 1631514589
hp@aditi:~/Desktop/BTech/AUP/LAB/prac$ cd amd
hp@aditi:~/Desktop/BTech/AUP/LAB/prac/amd$ ls -al | grep test
-rwxrwxrwx 1 user2 user2 12 Sep 13 12:00 test
hp@aditi:~/Desktop/BTech/AUP/LAB/prac/amd$ cat test
Hello Aditi
hp@aditi:~/Desktop/BTech/AUP/LAB/prac/amd$

```

Figure 1: Output

### Q3

Write a program that prints the owner, dev, rdev and file type of files. By inputting a directory, the program should read the directory and print the above information for all files in the directory.

### Code

```

1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3  #include <pwd.h>
4  #include <sys/types.h>
5  #include <sys/stat.h>
6  #include <unistd.h>
7  #include <fcntl.h>
8  #include <errno.h>
9  #include <dirent.h>
10
11 int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
12     int i;
13     struct stat buf;
14
15     struct dirent *direntp;
16     DIR *dirp;
17
18     dirp = opendir(argv[1]);
19
20     while((direntp = readdir(dirp)) != NULL){
21         printf("File : %s\t", direntp->d_name);
22
23         perror("stat error");
24     }
25
26     struct passwd *pw = getpwuid(buf.st_uid);
27     if(pw != 0)
28         printf("Owner = %s\t", pw->pw_name);
29
30     printf("dev = %ld\t", buf.st_dev);
31     printf("rdev = %ld\t", buf.st_rdev);

```

```

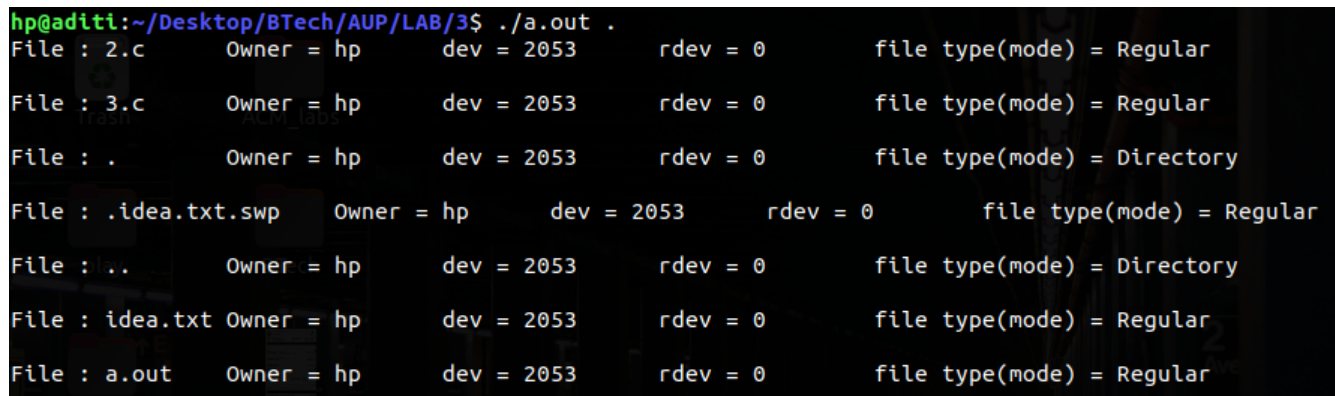
32
33 //Check all modes & add switch case
34 if ((buf.st_mode & S_IFMT) == S_IFREG) {
35     printf("file type(mode) = Regular\n\n");
36 }
37 if ((buf.st_mode & S_IFMT) == S_IFDIR) {
38     printf("file type(mode) = Directory\n\n");
39 }
40 if ((buf.st_mode & S_IFMT) == S_IFLNK) {
41     printf("file type(mode) = Symbolic Link\n\n");
42 }
43
44 }
45 closedir(dirp);
46 return 0;
47 }
48 }

```

## Explanation

- 1) owner name - To get owner name, need to access it from passwd file, using “getpwuid” by providing st\_uid from struct stat of respective file in the directory.
- 2) dev - field st\_dev from struct stat
- 3) rdev - field st\_rdev from struct stat
- 4) file type - with the help of field st\_mode, can identify file type.
- 5) To get above information for all files, basically need to traverse through all files including “.” & “..”.

## Output



```

hp@aditi:~/Desktop/BTech/AUP/LAB/3$ ./a.out .
File : 2.c      Owner = hp      dev = 2053      rdev = 0      file type(mode) = Regular
File : 3.c      Owner = hp      dev = 2053      rdev = 0      file type(mode) = Regular
File : .        Owner = hp      dev = 2053      rdev = 0      file type(mode) = Directory
File : .idea.txt.swp  Owner = hp      dev = 2053      rdev = 0      file type(mode) = Regular
File : ..       Owner = hp      dev = 2053      rdev = 0      file type(mode) = Directory
File : idea.txt  Owner = hp      dev = 2053      rdev = 0      file type(mode) = Regular
File : a.out     Owner = hp      dev = 2053      rdev = 0      file type(mode) = Regular

```

Figure 2: Output