AUP : Assignment - 9 [Multithreading]

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$\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{1}$

Write a program to take input from user for number of files to be scanned and word to be searched. Write a multi threaded program to search the files and return pattern if found.

Code

```
#include <sys/types.h>
    #include <unistd.h>
    #include <fcntl.h>
    #include <pthread.h>
    #include <errno.h>
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #include <string.h>
    #include <ctype.h>
10
11
    #define BUF_SIZE 1024
12
    typedef struct {
13
             int fp;
14
             int offset;
15
             int chars_read;
16
             char buf[BUF_SIZE];
17
    }read_buf;
18
19
    void get_read_buf(read_buf *b, int fp) {
20
^{21}
             b\rightarrow fp = fp;
             b->offset = 0;
             b \rightarrow chars_{read} = -1;
23
    }
24
25
    void destroy_read_buf(read_buf *b) {
26
             close(b->fp);
27
             b->offset = b->fp = 0;
28
             b \rightarrow chars_{read} = -1;
29
    }
30
31
    int getchar_buffered(read_buf *b) {
32
             if (b->chars_read < 0 || b->offset == b->chars_read) {
33
                      if ((b->chars_read = read(b->fp, b->buf, BUF_SIZE)) == -1) {
                               perror("read");
35
                               exit(errno);
36
                      }
37
38
                      if (!b->chars_read) {
39
                               // this is the end of file
40
                               return EOF;
41
                      }
42
43
                      // assert: buffer has nonzero number of bytes
44
                      b->offset = 0;
45
             }
46
```

```
47
             return b->buf[++(b->offset)];
48
    }
49
50
     typedef struct {
51
             char *filepath;
52
             char *word;
53
             int count;
54
     }search_params;
55
57
     #define MAX_WORD 512
58
     #define IN 101
59
     #define OUT 102
60
     void *search_word(void *arg) {
61
62
             search_params *sp;
63
             sp = (search_params *)arg;
64
             int c;
65
             int fp;
66
             read_buf rb;
67
68
             int lineno = 1;
69
70
             int state = OUT;
71
             char word[MAX_WORD + 1];
72
             int wordlen = 0;
73
74
             if ((fp = open(sp->filepath, O_RDONLY)) == -1) {
75
                      perror("open");
76
                      exit(errno);
77
             }
78
79
             get_read_buf(&rb, fp);
80
81
             while ((c = getchar_buffered(&rb)) != EOF) {
82
                      if (c == '\n') {
                               lineno++;
84
                      }
85
86
                      if (state == OUT) {
87
                               if (isalpha(c) || c == '_') {
88
                                        state = IN;
89
                                        wordlen = 0;
91
                                        word[wordlen++] = c;
                               }
92
93
                      else if (state == IN) {
94
                               if (!(isalpha(c) || (c == '_'))) {
95
                                   word[wordlen] = '\0';
97
                                   state = OUT;
                                   wordlen = 0;
98
                                   // printf("%s\n", word);
99
                                   if (strcmp(word, sp->word) == 0) {
100
101
                                            // word found
                                            printf("%s: Found word '%s' in line %d\n",
102
103
                                                 sp->filepath, sp->word, lineno);
                                            ++sp->count;
104
                                       }
105
                               }
106
                               else {
107
                                   word[wordlen++] = c;
108
                               }
109
                      }
110
                      else {
111
                           fprintf(stderr, "Invalid State\n");
112
                           exit(1);
113
```

```
}
114
             }
115
116
             destroy_read_buf(&rb);
117
118
             // pthread_exit(NULL);
119
             return &(sp->count);
120
    }
121
122
     int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
123
124
              // search word file1 file2 ...
125
             if (argc < 3) {
126
                      fprintf(stderr, "usage: ./search <word> <file1> [<file2> ... <file-n>]\n");
127
                      return EINVAL;
128
             }
129
130
             int i; int n_files = (argc - 2); pthread_t *threads; search_params *parameters;
131
132
             if ((threads = (pthread_t *)malloc(sizeof(pthread_t) * n_files)) == NULL) {
133
                      fprintf(stderr, "malloc failed\n");
134
                      return 1;
135
             }
136
137
             if ((parameters = (search_params *)malloc(sizeof(search_params) * n_files)) == NULL) {
138
                      fprintf(stderr, "malloc failed\n");
139
                      return 1;
140
             }
141
142
             for (i = 0; i < n_files; i++) {</pre>
143
144
                  // add file path to parameters
145
                  if ((parameters[i].filepath = (char *)malloc(sizeof(char) * (strlen(argv[2]) + 1))) == NULL) {
146
                           fprintf(stderr, "malloc failed\n");
147
                          return 1:
148
149
                  strcpy(parameters[i].filepath, argv[2 + i]);
151
                  // add search pattern to parameters
152
                  if ((parameters[i].word = (char *)malloc(sizeof(char) * (strlen(argv[1]) + 1))) == NULL) {
153
                           fprintf(stderr, "malloc failed\n");
154
155
                          return 1;
156
                  strcpy(parameters[i].word, argv[1]);
157
158
                  // initialize count to 0
159
                  parameters[i].count = 0;
160
161
                  // dispatch thread for searching file
162
                  pthread_create(&threads[i],
163
                                  NULL,
164
                                  search_word,
165
                                  (void *)&parameters[i]);
166
             }
167
168
169
             int total_count = 0;
170
             for (i = 0; i < n_files; i++) {
171
                      if (pthread_join(threads[i], NULL)) {
172
                               fprintf(stderr, "Unable to join thread\n");
173
174
175
                      free(parameters[i].word);
                      free(parameters[i].filepath);
176
                      total_count += parameters[i].count;
178
             }
179
180
```

```
printf("Found %d occurences of '%s' during search\n", total_count, argv[1]);

return 0;

184 }
```

Explanation

Search for word pthread_t & pthread in C source files

Note: grep -n option is used to verify line numbers and matching pattern lines

Output

```
.c:19:pthread_t threads[N_THREADS];
hp@adtt:~/Desktop/BTech/AUP/LAB/9$ ./1 pthread_t 1.c 2.c 3.c
1.c: Found word 'pthread_t' in line 130
1.c: Found word 'pthread_t' in line 132
1.c: Found word 'pthread_t' in line 132
2.c: Found word 'pthread_t' in line 27
2.c: Found word 'pthread_t' in line 27
2.c: Found word 'pthread_t' in line 27
3.c: Found word 'pthread_t' in line 18
Found 7 occurences of 'pthread_t' during search
hp@aditi:~/Desktop/BTech/AUP/LAB/9$ grep -n pthread 1.c 2.c 3.c
 .c:4:#include <pthread.h>
                              pthread_exit(NULL); */
                           int i; int n_files = (argc - 2); pthread_t *threads; search_params *parameters;
if ((threads = (pthread_t *)malloc(sizeof(pthread_t) * n_files)) == NULL) {
                                    .c:5:#include <pthread.h>
                 .c:6:#include <pthread.h>
1.c: Found word 'pthread' in line 42.c: Found word 'pthread' in line 53.c: Found word 'pthread' in line 5
Found 3 occurences of 'pthread' during search
```

Figure 1: Output

Write a program to find number of CPUs, create that many threads and attach those threads to CPUs

Code

```
#define _GNU_SOURCE
    #include <sched.h>
2
    #include <sys/sysinfo.h>
    #include <unistd.h>
    #include <pthread.h>
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <errno.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
9
    void *busy_void(void *arg) {
10
            int count = 100000;
11
            while (count--);
12
            return NULL;
13
14
    }
15
    int main(void) {
16
17
            int n;
18
19
             if ((n = sysconf(_SC_NPROCESSORS_CONF)) == -1) {
20
                     perror("sysconf");
21
                     return errno;
22
            }
23
24
            printf("Number of CPUs: %d\n", n);
25
26
27
            pthread_t *threads = (pthread_t *)malloc(sizeof(pthread_t) * n);
            cpu_set_t *cpus = (cpu_set_t *)malloc(sizeof(cpu_set_t) * n);
28
29
            int i:
30
            for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
31
32
                     CPU_ZERO(&cpus[i]);
                     CPU_SET(i, &cpus[i]);
33
            }
34
35
            for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
36
                     if (pthread_create(&threads[i],
37
                                 NULL.
38
39
                                     busy_void,
40
                                 NULL) == -1) {
41
                              fprintf(stderr, "Unable to create thread\n");
                     }
42
            }
43
44
             /* DANGER: non-POSIX code */
45
            for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
46
                     if (pthread_setaffinity_np(threads[i],
47
                                      sizeof(cpu_set_t),
48
                                         \&cpus[i]) == -1) {
49
                              fprintf(stderr, "Unable to set affinity\n");
50
                              return 1;
51
                     }
52
            }
53
54
            for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
55
                     if (pthread_getaffinity_np(threads[i],
56
                                      sizeof(cpu_set_t),
57
                                      \&cpus[i]) == -1) {
                              fprintf(stderr, "Unable to get affinity\n");
59
                              return 2;
60
                     }
61
```

```
printf("Thread %d is ", i);
62
                      if (!CPU_ISSET(i, &cpus[i])) {
63
                               printf("not ");
64
                      printf("attached to CPU %d\n", i);
66
67
                      if (pthread_join(threads[i], NULL) == -1) {
68
                               fprintf(stderr, \ "Unable \ to \ join \ with \ thread \ \%lu\n", \ threads[i]);
69
                      }
70
             }
72
             return 0;
73
74
75
```

Explanation

Code verifies that threads are running on CPUs which they are attached to.

Output



Figure 2: Output

$\mathbf{Q3}$

Write a short program that creates 5 threads which print a thread "id" that is passed to thread function by pointer.

Code

```
#define _GNU_SOURCE
    #include <sched.h>
 2
    #include <sys/sysinfo.h>
 3
    #include <unistd.h>
    #include <pthread.h>
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <errno.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
 8
 9
10
    void *busy_void(void *arg) {
11
            printf("This is thread %d\n", *((int *)arg));
12
            return NULL;
13
14
    }
15
    #define N_THREADS 5
16
    static int thread_ids[N_THREADS];
17
    pthread_t threads[N_THREADS];
    int main(void) {
19
20
            int n, i;
21
22
            n = N_THREADS;
23
24
            for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
25
                     thread_ids[i] = i;
26
27
                     if (pthread_create(&threads[i],
                                 NULL,
28
                                 busy_void,
29
                                 &thread_ids[i]) == -1) {
30
                              fprintf(stderr, "Unable to create thread\n");
31
                     }
33
            for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
34
                     if (pthread_join(threads[i], NULL) == -1) {
35
                              fprintf(stderr, "Unable to join with thread %lu\n", threads[i]);
36
37
            }
38
39
40
41
            return 0;
42
    }
43
```

Explanation

Each thread prints it's "thread id". The pointer to the ID was passed to the thread.

Output

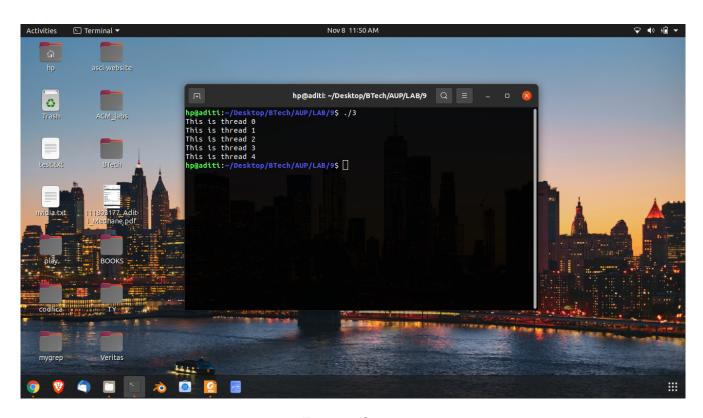


Figure 3: Output