Instruction Set

Register Architecture

• **R0-R15**: General purpose registers (16 x 16-bit)

• PC: Program Counter

• STATUS: Status flags (validation result, zero flag)

• TBASE: Tally table base address register

Instruction Summary Table

Mnemonic	Opcode	Format	Description
ADD	0000	R-type	Add two registers
SUB	0001	R-type	Subtract two registers
AND	0010	R-type	Bitwise AND
OR	0011	R-type	Bitwise OR
XOR	0100	R-type	Bitwise XOR
NOT	0101	R-type	Bitwise NOT
LOAD	0110	I-type	Load from memory to register
STORE	0111	I-type	Store register to memory
LDI	1000	I-type	Load immediate value
NEWC	1001	R-type	Register candidate ID (initialize tally row)
NEWD	1010	R-type	Register district ID (initialize district column)
ADDT	1011	R-type	Add value votes to candID from distID, update total
OUTT	1100	R-type	Output total tally for candID to 7-segment display
FLIP	1101	R-type	Flip all bits in register (tag validation)
SWAP	1110	R-type	Swap bit segments between registers (tag validation)
SHIFT	1111	R-type	Rotate left shift register (tag validation)
BXOR	0001	R-type	XOR all blocks together (tag validation)
INSW	0010	I-type	Read from switches to register
OUTLED	0011	I-type	Output register to LEDs
OUT7SEG	0100	I-type	Output register to 7-segment display
CMP	0101	R-type	Compare two registers, set STATUS flags
JMР	0110	J-type	Unconditional jump

Mnemonic	Opcode	Format	Description
JEQ	0111	J-type	Jump if equal (STATUS.Z = 1)
JNE	1000	J-type	Jump if not equal
JVAL	1001	J-type	Jump if tag validation passed
NOP	1010	_	No operation (for hazard handling)
HALT	1011	_	Stop processor execution (halts pipeline)

Instruction Formats

R-Type

Used for arithmetic, logic, validation, tallying, and display.

[4-bit opcode][4-bit rd][4-bit rs1][4-bit rs2/imm4]

I-Type

Used for memory access and I/O operations.

[4-bit opcode][4-bit rd][8-bit immediate/address]

J-Type

Used for control flow.

[4-bit opcode][12-bit address]

Instruction Details

Basic ALU Operations

ADD rd, rs1, rs2

Opcode: 0000Format: R-type

• Description: Adds rs1 and rs2, stores result in rd. Sets zero flag if result is 0.

SUB rd, rs1, rs2

Opcode: 0001Format: R-type

• Description: Subtracts rs2 from rs1, stores result in rd. Sets zero flag if result is 0.

AND rd, rs1, rs2

Opcode: 0010Format: R-type

• Description: Performs bitwise AND of rs1 and rs2, stores result in rd.

OR rd, rs1, rs2

Opcode: 0011Format: R-type

• Description: Performs bitwise OR of rs1 and rs2, stores result in rd.

XOR rd, rs1, rs2

Opcode: 0100Format: R-type

• **Description**: Performs bitwise XOR of rs1 and rs2, stores result in rd.

NOT rd, rs1

Opcode: 0101Format: R-type

• **Description**: Performs bitwise NOT of rs1, stores result in rd.

CMP rs1, rs2

Opcode: 0101Format: R-type

• Description: Compares rs1 and rs2, sets STATUS flags (zero flag if equal).

Memory and Data Operations

LOAD rd, addr

Opcode: 0110Format: I-type

• **Description**: Loads data from memory address into register rd. Executed in MEM stage.

STORE rs, addr

Opcode: 0111Format: I-type

• **Description**: Stores register rs to memory address. Executed in MEM stage.

LDI rd, imm8

Opcode: 1000Format: I-type

• **Description**: Loads 8-bit immediate value into register rd.

Election-Specific Operations

NEWC rd, candID

Opcode: 1001Format: R-type

• Description: Initializes a new candidate's tally row. Stores table offset in rd. Executed in WB stage.

NEWD rd, distID

Opcode: 1010Format: R-type

• Description: Initializes district column for vote tracking. Stores offset in rd. Executed in WB.

ADDT distID, candID, value

Opcode: 1011Format: R-type

• Description: Adds value votes from distID to candID. Updates district entry and total tally in WB.

OUTT candID

Opcode: 1100Format: R-type

 Description: Reads and displays total vote tally for a candidate on 7-segment. Output happens in MEM.

Tag Validation Operations (for Member 3)

FLIP rd, rs

Opcode: 1101Format: R-type

• Description: Flips all bits in register rs, stores result in rd. Part of tag validation process.

SWAP rd, rs, pos, size

Opcode: 1110Format: R-type

• **Description**: Swaps bit segments within register. pos = starting position, size = segment size.

SHIFT rd, rs, amount

Opcode: 1111Format: R-type

• **Description**: Rotate-left-shifts register rs by amount bits, stores in rd.

BXOR rd, rs1, rs2

• Opcode: 0001

• Format: R-type

• Description: XORs all blocks together for final tag generation. Sets validation flag.

I/O Operations (for FPGA - Member 5)

INSW rd

Opcode: 0010Format: I-type

• Description: Reads 16-bit value from switches into register rd.

OUTLED rs

Opcode: 0011Format: I-type

• Description: Outputs register rs to LED array for debugging/status.

OUT7SEG rs

Opcode: 0100Format: I-type

• **Description**: Outputs register rs to 7-segment display for vote totals.

Control Flow Operations

JMP addr

Opcode: 0110Format: J-type

• **Description**: Unconditional jump to address. Updates PC in EX stage.

JEQ addr

Opcode: Ø111Format: J-type

Description: Jump to address if STATUS.Z flag is set (equal comparison result).

JNE addr

Opcode: 1000Format: J-type

• Description: Jump to address if STATUS.Z flag is clear (not equal).

JVAL addr

Opcode: 1001Format: J-type

• Description: Jump to address if tag validation flag is set (valid tag).

System Operations

NOP

• Opcode: 1010

Format: —

• **Description**: No operation. Used to resolve hazards or insert delays.

HALT

• Opcode: 1011

Format: —

• **Description**: Halts processor. Ends simulation or FPGA run.

Implementation Notes for Team Members

For Member 2 (Datapath Design):

- · ALU needs to support: ADD, SUB, AND, OR, XOR, NOT operations
- Register file: 16 registers, 16-bit wide
- Memory interface for LOAD/STORE operations
- Special registers: PC, STATUS, TBASE

For Member 3 (Tag Validation Logic):

- Implement FLIP, SWAP, SHIFT, BXOR as separate modules
- SWAP operation needs bit position and size parameters
- BXOR sets validation flag in STATUS register
- · Make operations configurable for different tag sizes

For Member 4 (Testing):

- Test cases should use basic ALU ops to build complex operations
- Create records with known tags using tag generation sequence
- · Test different record sizes by adjusting bit extraction masks

For Member 5 (FPGA):

- · INSW maps to 16 switches on FPGA board
- OUT7SEG drives 7-segment display
- OUTLED drives LED array
- Button inputs can be read via additional I/O instructions if needed