

1. Consider the following data: (X, Y) : (1, 5), (2, 5), (3, 5).
 - (a) X and Y relation is not known
 - (b) X and Y are independent
 - (c) X and Y are **not independent**
 - (d) X and Y are linearly correlated
2. Box plot is a
 - (a) **Five data summary**
 - (b) Four data summary
 - (c) Three data summary
 - (d) Visualization showing the distribution of data
3. A list has 6 numbers. Five of the deviations from the average are 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. The sixth deviation from the average is
 - (a) 15
 - (b) **-15**
 - (c) 0
 - (d) -3
4. In the first test of Statistics for Data Science course for 3rd semester students, Prof A finds that the class average is, shockingly, 48 on 50. Suspecting mass copying, he subtracts 10 marks from each of the students. The average of the new scores is
 - (a) The same as the old average
 - (b) New Average = Old Average +10
 - (c) New Average = Old Average -5
 - (d) **New Average = Old Average -10**
5. The sum of deviations from the average is always
 - (a) > 0
 - (b) < 0
 - (c) **$= 0$**
 - (d) Dependent on the data
6. Which of the following about variance is **FALSE**?
 - (a) Variance is always greater than or equal to 0
 - (b) **Variance can be negative**

- (c) Variance is measured in square units of the data
- (d) Variance is zero only if all the data values are the same.

7. Identify the data set with very least variance
- (a) The age of students in Kendriya Vidyalaya cross the country
 - (b) The age of people who visit Phoenix Market City Mall
 - (c) The age of undergraduate students studying in RVCE
 - (d) The age of professors working in RVCE

8. A boxplot is given below.

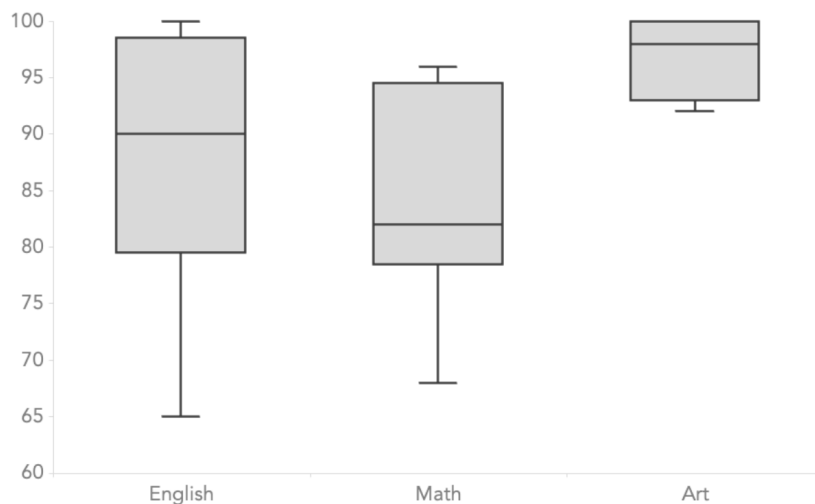


Figure: Question Number 8.

Which of the following cannot be inferred from the boxplot above.

- (a) The median scores in each subject
 - (b) The score range in each subject
 - (c) The number of students scoring highest marks in each subject
 - (d) The distribution of marks in each subject
9. Which of the following quantities is the **LEAST** affected by outliers?
- (a) Mean
 - (b) Variance
 - (c) Mean absolute deviation
 - (d) Median
10. Two events A and B are independent if and only if
- (a) $P(A \cap B) = P(A)P(B)$
 - (b) $P(A \cap B) < P(A)P(B)$
 - (c) $P(A \cap B) > P(A)P(B)$
 - (d) $P(A \cap B) = 1$

