

Example 2: map using get() method

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>
```

Map object in javascript

```
</title>
```

```
<style>
```

```
• results {
```

```
border: green 1px solid;
```

```
background-color: aliceblue;
```

```
text-align: left;
```

```
height: 300px;
```

```
width: 95%;
```

```
}
```

```
• result Text {
```

```
font-size: 20px;
```

```
font-style: normal;
```

```
color: blue;
```

```
}
```

```
</style>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<div class="results">
```

```
<h2>Map Object in javascript </h2>
```

```
<span> open console to see map </span>
```

```
<div class="result Text">
```

```
<p id="result 1"> </p>
```

```
<p id="result 2"> </p>
```

```
<p id="result 3"> </p>
```

```
</div>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">
```

```
let map = new Map([[10, 'TEN'], [20, 'TWENTY'],  
[30, 'THIRTY']]);
```

```
console.log(map);
```

```
document.getElementById("result 1").
```

```
document.getElementById("result 2")
```

```
document.getElementById("result 3")
```

```
</script>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```


Example 1: Initialise map using set() method

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>
Map object in Javascript
</title>
<style>
    .results {
        border: yellow 1px solid;
        background-color: aliceblue;
        text-align: left;
        height: 150px;
        width: 95%;
    }
    .resultText {
        font-size: 20px;
        font-style: normal;
        color: blue;
    }
</style>
</head>
<body>
<div class = "results" >
<h2> Map object in javascript </h2>
<span> open console to see your output </span>
<div class = "resultText" >
<p id = "result" > </p>
</div>
<script type = "text/javascript">
    let map = new Map();
    map.set(1, 'ONE');
    map.set(2, 'TWO');
    console.log(map);
</script>
</body>
</html>
```


Q.2. What is the use of a Map object in Javascript?
Explain with an Example.

The javascript map object is a type of collection that allows storing values based on key-value pair terminology.

- This kind of data structure is useful when we need to store the values as pairs.
- It allows using objects as well as primitive data types (string, symbol, etc) as a key or value while using it.

```
let map = new Map([iterable]);
```

set() : sets the value for a key in a Map

get() : Gets the values for a key in a Map

clear() : Removes all the elements from a map.

delete() : Removes a map elements specified by a key

has() : Returns true if a key exists in a map.

keys() : returns an iterator object with the keys in a map.

Example of confirm Box

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>
```

```
Pop-up Box type | confirm Box
```

```
</title>
```

```
<style>
```

```
h1 {
```

```
color: yellow;
```

```
}
```

```
</style>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<center>
```

```
<h1> Green world </h1>
```

```
<h3> confirm Box </h3>
```

```
<button onclick = "world confirm()">
```

```
click here for confirm Box
```

```
</button>
```

```
<p id = "world"> </p>
```

```
<!-- confirm box function -->
```

```
<script>
```

```
function world confirm () {
```

```
var x;
```

```
if (confirm("Press a button!") == true) {
```

```
x = "OK Pressed!";
```

```
}
```

```
else {
```

```
x = "cancel!";
```

```
}
```

```
document.getElementById("world").
```

```
innerHTML = x;
```

```
}
```

```
</script>
```

```
</center>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

Example of confirm Box

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>
```

Pop-up Box type | confirm Box

```
</title>
```

```
<style>
```

```
h1 {
```

color: yellow;

```
}
```

```
</style>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<center>
```

```
<h1> Green world </h1>
```

```
<h3> confirm Box </h3>
```

```
<button onclick = "world confirm()">
```

click here for confirm Box

```
</button>
```

```
<p id = "world"> </p>
```

```
<!-- confirm box function -->
```

```
<script>
```

```
function world confirm () {
```

```
var x;
```

```
if (confirm("Press a button!")) == true) {
```

```
x = "OK Pressed!";
```

```
}
```

```
else {
```

```
x = "cancel!";
```

```
}
```

```
document.getElementById("world").
```

```
innerHTML = x;
```

```
}
```

```
</script>
```

```
</center>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```


Example of Alert Box

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title> Pop-up Box type I Alert Box </title>
<style>
    h1 {
        color: Yellow;
    }
</style>
</head>
<body>
<center>
    <h1> Green World </h1>
    <h3> Alert Box </h3>
    <button on click = "WorldAlert()" >
        <Click> here for alert box
    </button>
</center>
<!-- Alert box function -->
<script>
    <function WorldAlert() {
        alert ("world is very beautiful");
    }
</script>
</center>
</body>
</html>

```


TASK-01

Q.1: what are the pop-up boxes available in javascript? Explain with an example.

There are three types of POP-up boxes available in javascript namely

- i) Alert Box
- ii) Confirm Box
- iii) Prompt Box

Alert Box:- It is used when a warning message is needed to be produced. When alert Box is displayed to the user, the user needs to press OK and proceed.

Syntax:

alert("your Alert here")

Prompt Box: It is a type of POP up box which is used to get the user input for further use.

Syntax:

prompt("Your Prompt here")

Confirm Box: It is a type of POP up box that is used to get authorisation or Permission from the user.

Syntax:

confirm("Your query here")