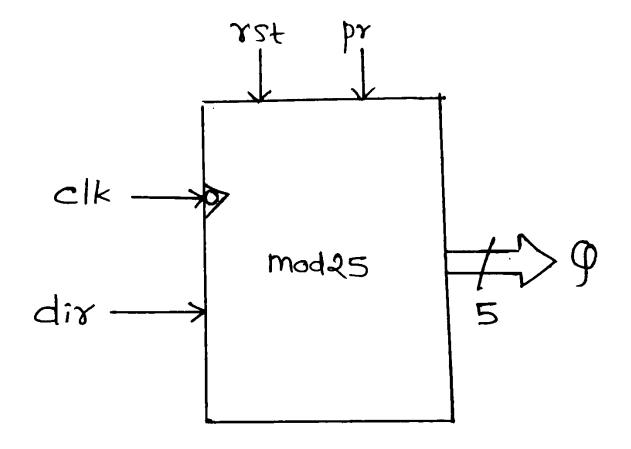
Class	:	
Batch	:	
Roll. No	:	
ABC ID	:	
Assignment No.	:	A.4
Assignment Name	:	MOD-N Counter (25 States ,Up-Down Counter with Async-Reset , Preset)
Date Of Performance	:	

BLOCK DIAGRAM



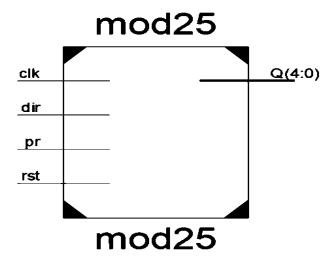
FUNCTION TABLE

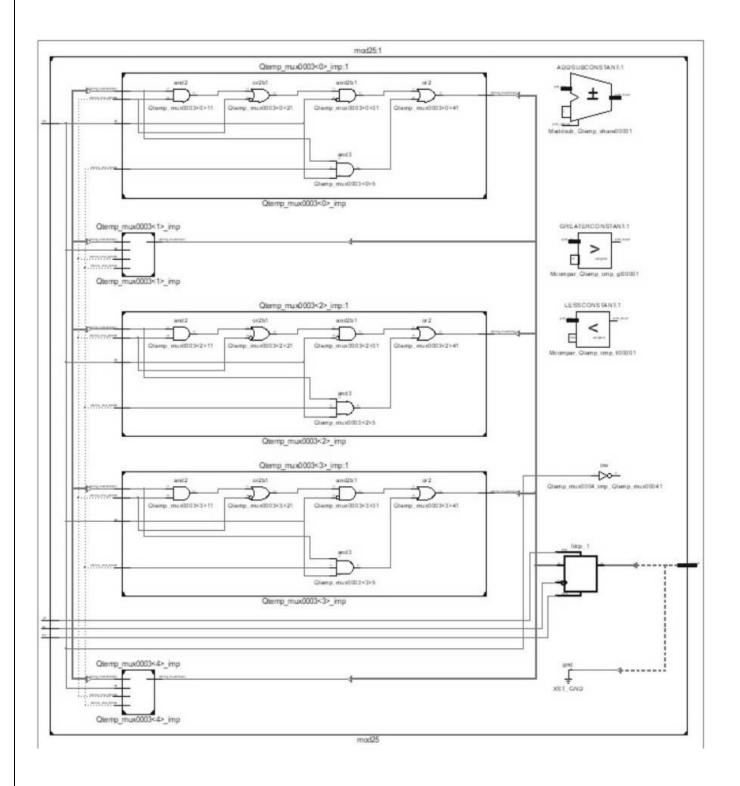
rst	pr	clk	dir	Q _{n+1} (Next State)	Operation
1	0	Х	Х	00000	Reset
0	1	X	Х	11111	Set
0	0	Ţ	1	Q _n + 1	$(0)_{10} \rightarrow (24)_{10}$
0	0	1	0	Q _n - 1	$(24)_{10} \rightarrow (0)_{10}$

MAIN VHDL MODEL (MVM)

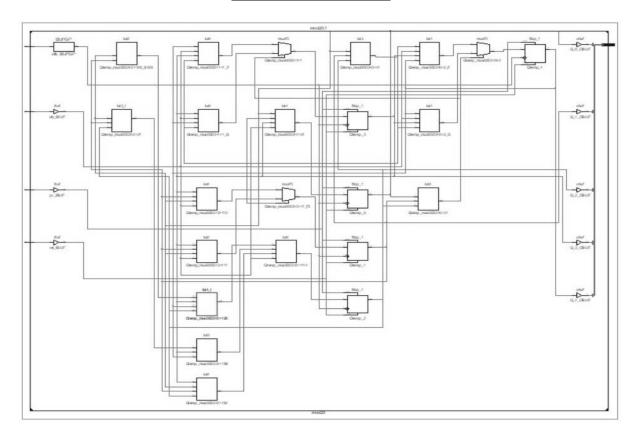
```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC 1164.ALL;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_UNSIGNED.ALL;
entity mod25 is
  Port ( rst : in STD_LOGIC;
                        pr : in STD_LOGIC;
     clk: in STD_LOGIC;
      dir: in STD_LOGIC;
      Q: out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (4 downto 0));
end mod25;
architecture mod25_arch of mod25 is
signal Qtemp: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (4 downto 0) := "00000";
begin
       process(rst,pr,clk,dir)
       begin
               if rst ='1' then
                       Qtemp <= (OTHERS =>'0');
               elsif pr='1' then
                       Qtemp <= (OTHERS =>'1');
               elsif falling_edge(clk) then
                       if dir = '1' then
                                       if Qtemp < 24 then
                                              Qtemp <= Qtemp + 1;
                                       else
                                              Qtemp <= "00000";
                                       end if;
                        else
                                       if Qtemp > 7 then
                                              Qtemp <= Qtemp - 1;
                                       else
                                              Qtemp <= "11111";
                                       end if;
                       end if;
               end if;
       end process;
       Q<=Qtemp;
end mod25_arch;
```

RTL SCHEMATIC:





TECHNOLOGY SCHEMATIC



SYNTHESIS REPORT

a) Device Utilization Summary:

* Final Report *

Final Results

RTL Top Level Output File Name : mod25.ngr Top Level Output File Name : mod25

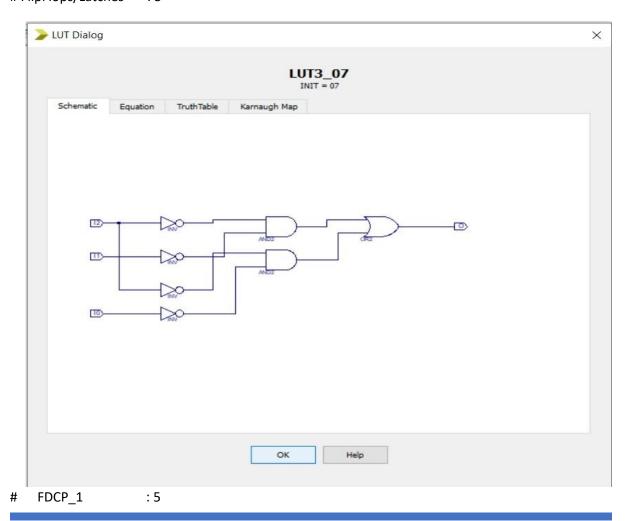
Output Format : NGC
Optimization Goal : Speed
Keep Hierarchy : No

Design Statistics

IOs : 9

Cell Usage:

BELS : 18 # LUT2 : 1 # LUT3 : 3 # LUT3_L : 1 # LUT4 : 9 : 1 # LUT4 L # MUXF5 : 3 # FlipFlops/Latches : 5



```
# Clock Buffers : 1

# BUFGP : 1

# IO Buffers : 8

# IBUF : 3

# OBUF : 5
```

Device utilization summary:

Selected Device : 3s250epq208-5

Number of Slices: 8 out of 2448 0% Number of Slice Flip Flops: 5 out of 4896 0% Number of 4 input LUTs: 15 out of 4896 0%

Number of IOs: 9

Number of bonded IOBs: 9 out of 158 5% Number of GCLKs: 1 out of 24 4%

b) TIMING REPORT:

NOTE: THESE TIMING NUMBERS ARE ONLY A SYNTHESIS ESTIMATE.

FOR ACCURATE TIMING INFORMATION PLEASE REFER TO THE TRACE REPORT
GENERATED AFTER PLACE-and-ROUTE.

Speed Grade: -5

Minimum period: 3.876ns (Maximum Frequency: 257.968MHz) Minimum input arrival time before clock: 3.059ns Maximum output required time after clock: 4.476ns Maximum combinational path delay: No path found

TESTBENCH VHDL MODEL (TVM)

```
LIBRARY ieee;
USE ieee.std_logic_1164.ALL;
ENTITY mod25_tb IS
END mod25_tb;

ARCHITECTURE behavior OF mod25_tb IS

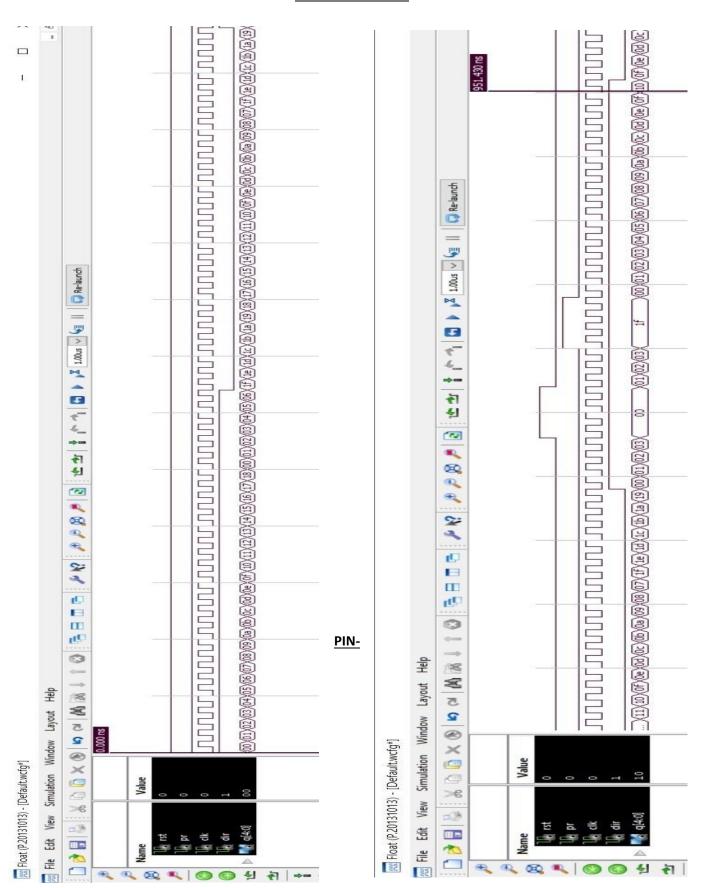
-- Component Declaration for the Unit Under Test (UUT)

COMPONENT mod25
PORT(
```

--Inputs

```
signal rst : std_logic := '0';
        signal pr : std_logic := '0';
 signal clk : std_logic := '0';
 signal dir : std_logic := '0';
        --Outputs
 signal Q : std_logic_vector(4 downto 0);
 -- Clock period definitions
 constant clk_period : time := 10 ns;
BEGIN
        -- Instantiate the Unit Under Test (UUT)
 uut: mod25 PORT MAP (
     rst => rst,
                          pr => pr,
     clk => clk,
     dir => dir,
     Q => Q
    );
 -- Clock process definitions
 clk_process :process
 begin
                clk <= '0';
                wait for clk_period/2;
                clk <= '1';
                wait for clk_period/2;
 end process;
 -- Stimulus process
        stim_proc_dir: process
 begin
                 dir <= not(dir);
                 wait for 320 ns;
         end process;
 stim_proc_rst: process
 begin
    wait for 680 ns;
                 rst <= '1';
                 wait for 40 ns;
                 rst <= '0';
                 wait;
         end process;
```

ISIM WAVEFORMS



LOCKING REPORT

PlanAhead Generated physical constraints

```
NET "Q[4]" LOC = P164;

NET "Q[3]" LOC = P162;

NET "Q[2]" LOC = P161;

NET "Q[1]" LOC = P160;

NET "Q[0]" LOC = P153;

NET "Clk" LOC = P132;

NET "dir" LOC = P202;

NET "pr" LOC = P204;

NET "rst" LOC = P194;
```

CONCLUSION

Thus, we have:

- 1) Modeled a MOD-25 UP-DOWN Counter using Behavioral Modeling Style.
- 2) Observed following Schematics: RTL & Technology Schematics generated Post-Synthesis.
- 3) Interpreted <u>Device Utilization Summary</u> in terms of <u>LUTs</u>, <u>SLICES</u>, <u>IOBs</u>, <u>Multiplexers</u> &D FFs used out of the available device resources.
- 4) Interpreted the <u>TIMING Report</u> in terms of Maximum combinational delay as indicative of the Maximum Operating Frequency.
- 5) Written a <u>TESTBENCH</u> to verify the functionality of FPGA-LCD Interfacing & verified the functionality asper the FUNCTION-TABLE, by observing ISIM Waveforms.
- 6) Used PlanAhead Editor for pin-locking.
- 7) <u>Prototyped</u> the FPGA <u>XC3S250EPQ208-5</u> to realize FPGA-LCD Interfacing & verified its operation by givingsuitable input combinations.